

movie_recommendation_system

November 20, 2023

```
[90]: !pip install surprise
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: surprise in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (0.1)
Requirement already satisfied: scikit-surprise in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from surprise) (1.1.3)
Requirement already satisfied: joblib>=1.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-surprise->surprise) (1.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-surprise->surprise) (1.23.5)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=1.3.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from scikit-surprise->surprise) (1.11.3)
```

```
[155]: # All the Required Libraries
# These Libraries deals with Data Preprocessing
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import random
import seaborn as sns
# These Libraries deal with model importation training and Prediction
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import linear_kernel
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics.pairwise import cosine_similarity
from surprise import Reader, Dataset, SVD
from surprise.model_selection import cross_validate
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from surprise import accuracy
from surprise import KNNBasic
from surprise.model_selection import KFold
```

```
[92]: # Loading all the sub datasets to be used
sub_set1 = pd.read_csv('/content/tmdb_5000_credits.csv')
sub_set2 = pd.read_csv('/content/tmdb_5000_movies.csv')
sub_set3 = pd.read_csv('/content/ratings_small.csv')
```

Viewing The Initial Rows of the Sub Datasets

```
[93]: # Viewing the Initial 5 rows of the Movie credits
sub_set1.head()
```

```
[93]:  movie_id          title \
0      19995          Avatar
1       285  Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End
2     206647          Spectre
3      49026    The Dark Knight Rises
4      49529      John Carter

          cast \
0 [{"cast_id": 242, "character": "Jake Sully", "...
1 [{"cast_id": 4, "character": "Captain Jack Spa...
2 [{"cast_id": 1, "character": "James Bond", "cr...
3 [{"cast_id": 2, "character": "Bruce Wayne / Ba...
4 [{"cast_id": 5, "character": "John Carter", "c...

          crew
0 [{"credit_id": "52fe48009251416c750aca23", "de...
1 [{"credit_id": "52fe4232c3a36847f800b579", "de...
2 [{"credit_id": "54805967c3a36829b5002c41", "de...
3 [{"credit_id": "52fe4781c3a36847f81398c3", "de...
4 [{"credit_id": "52fe479ac3a36847f813eaa3", "de...
```

```
[94]: # Viewing the Initial 5 rows of the Movie dataset
sub_set2.head()
```

```
[94]:  budget          genres \
0  237000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...
1  300000000 [{"id": 12, "name": "Adventure"}, {"id": 14, "...
2  245000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...
3  250000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 80, "nam...
4  260000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...

          homepage      id \
0      http://www.avatarmovie.com/  19995
1  http://disney.go.com/disneypictures/pirates/  285
2  http://www.sonypictures.com/movies/spectre/  206647
3      http://www.thedarkknighttrises.com/  49026
4      http://movies.disney.com/john-carter  49529

          keywords original_language \
0 [{"id": 1463, "name": "culture clash"}, {"id":...      en
1 [{"id": 270, "name": "ocean"}, {"id": 726, "na...      en
2 [{"id": 470, "name": "spy"}, {"id": 818, "name...      en
3 [{"id": 849, "name": "dc comics"}, {"id": 853,...      en
4 [{"id": 818, "name": "based on novel"}, {"id":...      en
```

```

                                original_title \
0                               Avatar
1  Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End
2                               Spectre
3                               The Dark Knight Rises
4                               John Carter

                                overview popularity \
0  In the 22nd century, a paraplegic Marine is di... 150.437577
1  Captain Barbossa, long believed to be dead, ha... 139.082615
2  A cryptic message from Bond's past sends him o... 107.376788
3  Following the death of District Attorney Harve... 112.312950
4  John Carter is a war-weary, former military ca... 43.926995

                                production_companies \
0  [{"name": "Ingenious Film Partners", "id": 289...
1  [{"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}, {"nam...
2  [{"name": "Columbia Pictures", "id": 5}, {"nam...
3  [{"name": "Legendary Pictures", "id": 923}, {"nam...
4  [{"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}]

                                production_countries release_date revenue \
0  [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o... 2009-12-10 2787965087
1  [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o... 2007-05-19 961000000
2  [{"iso_3166_1": "GB", "name": "United Kingdom"... 2015-10-26 880674609
3  [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o... 2012-07-16 1084939099
4  [{"iso_3166_1": "US", "name": "United States o... 2012-03-07 284139100

runtime                                spoken_languages status \
0  162.0 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso... Released
1  169.0 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released
2  148.0 [{"iso_639_1": "fr", "name": "Fran\u00e7ais"},... Released
3  165.0 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released
4  132.0 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released

                                tagline \
0                               Enter the World of Pandora.
1  At the end of the world, the adventure begins.
2                               A Plan No One Escapes
3                               The Legend Ends
4                               Lost in our world, found in another.

                                title vote_average vote_count
0                               Avatar          7.2        11800
1  Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End      6.9         4500
2                               Spectre          6.3         4466

```

3	The Dark Knight Rises	7.6	9106
4	John Carter	6.1	2124

```
[95]: # Viewing the Initial 5 rows of the Movie credits using a Reader Object
reader = Reader()
sub_set3.head()
```

```
[95]:   userId  movieId  rating  timestamp
0      1      31      2.5  1260759144
1      1     1029      3.0  1260759179
2      1     1061      3.0  1260759182
3      1     1129      2.0  1260759185
4      1     1172      4.0  1260759205
```

Exploratory Data Analysis

```
[96]: # Renaming the Columns of credits dataset inorder to merge it with Movie
      ↳ using common column id
sub_set1.columns = ['id','tile','cast','crew']
sub_set2= sub_set2.merge(sub_set1,on='id')
```

```
[97]: # viewing the improved movies dataset
sub_set2.head()
```

```
[97]:   budget  genres \
0  237000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...
1  300000000 [{"id": 12, "name": "Adventure"}, {"id": 14, "...
2  245000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...
3  250000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 80, "nam...
4  260000000 [{"id": 28, "name": "Action"}, {"id": 12, "nam...

      homepage  id \
0  http://www.avatarmovie.com/  19995
1  http://disney.go.com/disneypictures/pirates/  285
2  http://www.sonypictures.com/movies/spectre/  206647
3  http://www.thedarkknighttrises.com/  49026
4  http://movies.disney.com/john-carter  49529

      keywords original_language \
0  [{"id": 1463, "name": "culture clash"}, {"id":...  en
1  [{"id": 270, "name": "ocean"}, {"id": 726, "na...  en
2  [{"id": 470, "name": "spy"}, {"id": 818, "name...  en
3  [{"id": 849, "name": "dc comics"}, {"id": 853,...  en
4  [{"id": 818, "name": "based on novel"}, {"id":...  en

      original_title \
0  Avatar
```

```

1 Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End
2 Spectre
3 The Dark Knight Rises
4 John Carter

```

```

                                overview popularity \
0 In the 22nd century, a paraplegic Marine is di... 150.437577
1 Captain Barbossa, long believed to be dead, ha... 139.082615
2 A cryptic message from Bond's past sends him o... 107.376788
3 Following the death of District Attorney Harve... 112.312950
4 John Carter is a war-weary, former military ca... 43.926995

```

```

                                production_companies ... runtime \
0 [{"name": "Ingenious Film Partners", "id": 289... ... 162.0
1 [{"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}, {"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}] ... 169.0
2 [{"name": "Columbia Pictures", "id": 5}, {"name": "Columbia Pictures", "id": 5}] ... 148.0
3 [{"name": "Legendary Pictures", "id": 923}, {"name": "Legendary Pictures", "id": 923}] ... 165.0
4 [{"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}, {"name": "Walt Disney Pictures", "id": 2}] ... 132.0

```

```

                                spoken_languages status \
0 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released
1 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released
2 [{"iso_639_1": "fr", "name": "Fran\u00e7ais"}, {"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released
3 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released
4 [{"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}, {"iso_639_1": "en", "name": "English"}] Released

```

```

                                tagline \
0 Enter the World of Pandora.
1 At the end of the world, the adventure begins.
2 A Plan No One Escapes
3 The Legend Ends
4 Lost in our world, found in another.

```

```

                                title vote_average vote_count \
0 Avatar 7.2 11800
1 Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End 6.9 4500
2 Spectre 6.3 4466
3 The Dark Knight Rises 7.6 9106
4 John Carter 6.1 2124

```

```

                                title \
0 Avatar
1 Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End
2 Spectre
3 The Dark Knight Rises
4 John Carter

```

```

                                cast \
0 [{"cast_id": 242, "character": "Jake Sully", "...
1 [{"cast_id": 4, "character": "Captain Jack Spa...
2 [{"cast_id": 1, "character": "James Bond", "cr...
3 [{"cast_id": 2, "character": "Bruce Wayne / Ba...
4 [{"cast_id": 5, "character": "John Carter", "c...

```

```

                                crew
0 [{"credit_id": "52fe48009251416c750aca23", "de...
1 [{"credit_id": "52fe4232c3a36847f800b579", "de...
2 [{"credit_id": "54805967c3a36829b5002c41", "de...
3 [{"credit_id": "52fe4781c3a36847f81398c3", "de...
4 [{"credit_id": "52fe479ac3a36847f813eaa3", "de...

```

[5 rows x 23 columns]

1.Data Visualization and Checking The Central Tendancy

```

[98]: #check the Mean and 90th percentile of the Movie dataset
Mean= sub_set2['vote_average'].mean()
print(Mean)
per= sub_set2['vote_count'].quantile(0.9)
print(per)

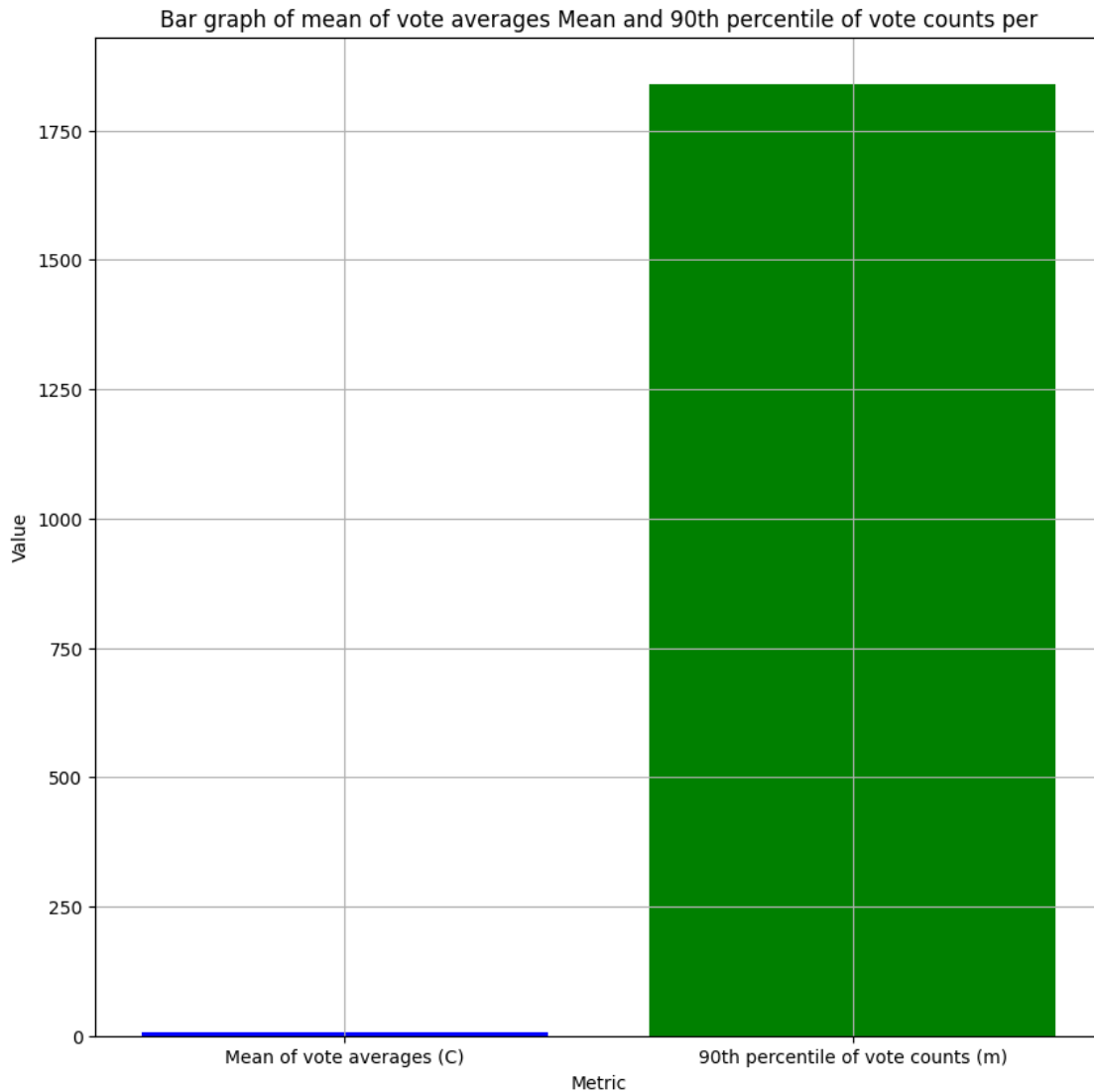
```

6.092171559442016
1838.40000000000015

```

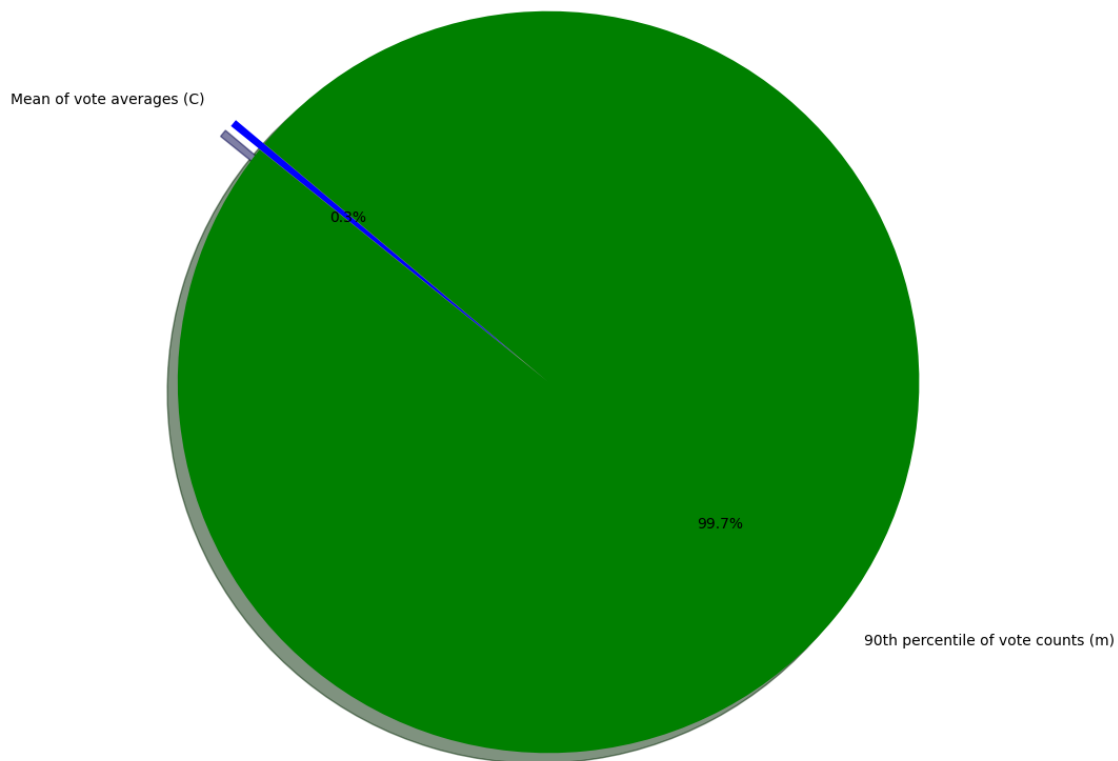
[99]: # Creating a bar graph
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
plt.bar(['Mean of vote averages (C)', '90th percentile of vote counts (m)'],
        [Mean, per], color=['b', 'g'])
plt.xlabel('Metric')
plt.ylabel('Value')
plt.title('Bar graph of mean of vote averages Mean and 90th percentile of vote_
        counts per')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

```



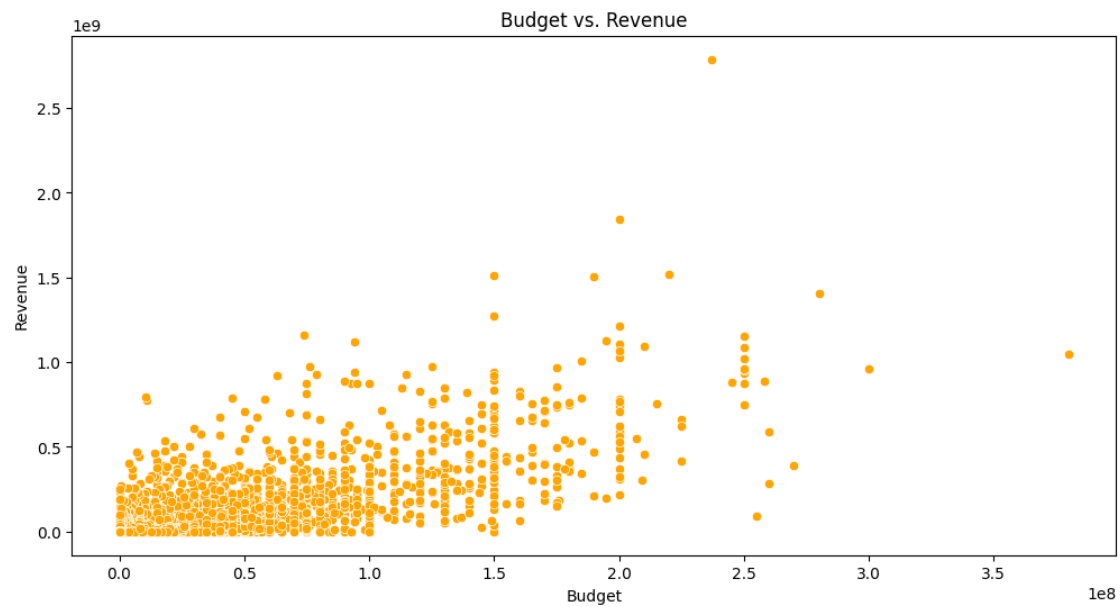
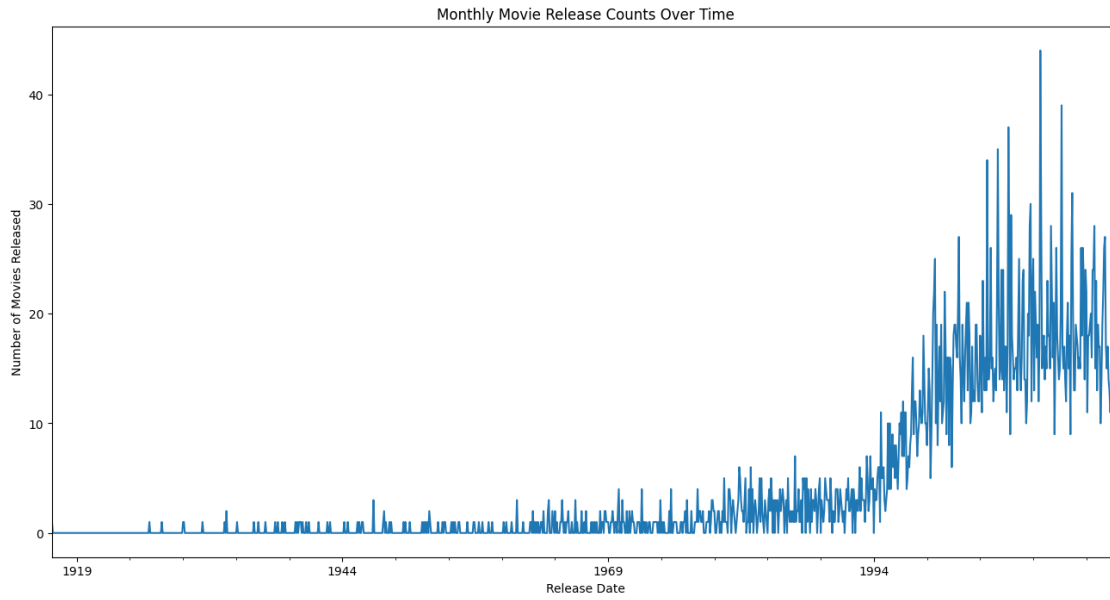
```
[100]: # Create a pie chart
labels = ['Mean of vote averages (C)', '90th percentile of vote counts (m)']
sizes = [Mean, per]
colors = ['b', 'g']
explode = (0.1, 0)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10))
plt.pie(sizes, explode=explode, labels=labels, colors=colors, autopct='%1.
    ↪1f%%', shadow=True, startangle=140)
plt.title('Pie chart of mean of vote averages (Mean) and 90th percentile of
    ↪vote counts (Per)')
plt.axis('equal')
plt.show()
```

Pie chart of mean of vote averages (Mean) and 90th percentile of vote counts (Per)



```
[167]: # Release Date Analysis
sub_set2['release_date'] = pd.to_datetime(sub_set2['release_date'])
monthly_movie_counts = sub_set2.resample('M', on='release_date').size()
plt.figure(figsize=(16, 8))
monthly_movie_counts.plot()
plt.title('Monthly Movie Release Counts Over Time')
plt.xlabel('Release Date')
plt.ylabel('Number of Movies Released')
plt.show()

# Budget and Revenue Analysis
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x='budget', y='revenue', data=sub_set2, color='orange')
plt.title('Budget vs. Revenue')
plt.xlabel('Budget')
plt.ylabel('Revenue')
plt.show()
```

2. Demographic Filtering

```
[101]: # getting the shape of sub movie dataset that is greater than or equal Mean
q_movies = sub_set2.copy().loc[sub_set2['vote_count'] >= Mean]
q_movies.shape
```

```
[101]: (4492, 23)
```

```
[102]: # Defining a function for weighted rating based on IMDB formula
```

```
def weighted_rating(x, m=per, C=Mean):  
    v = x['vote_count']  
    R = x['vote_average']  
    # Calculation based on the IMDB formula  
    return (v/(v+m) * R) + (m/(m+v) * C)
```

```
[103]: # Define a new feature 'score' and calculate its value with `weighted_rating()`  
q_movies['score'] = q_movies.apply(weighted_rating, axis=1)
```

```
[104]: #Sort movies based on score calculated above  
q_movies = q_movies.sort_values('score', ascending=False)  
  
#Print the top 15 movies  
q_movies[['title', 'vote_count', 'vote_average', 'score']].head(10)
```

```
[104]:
```

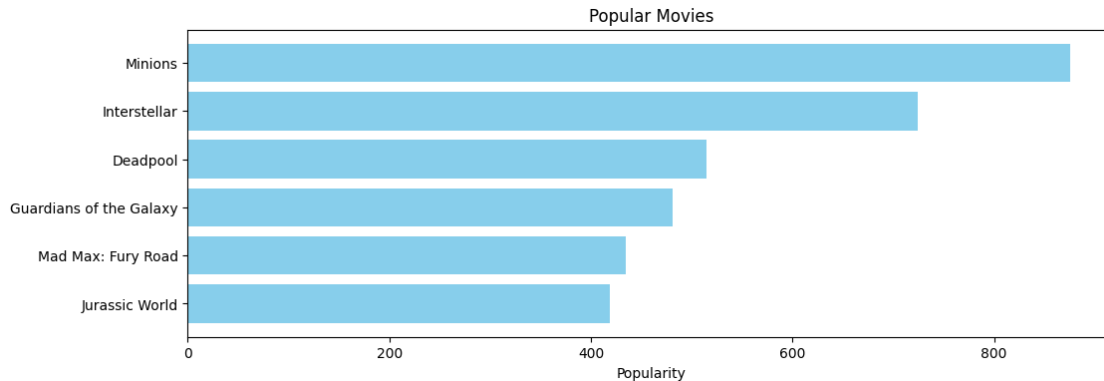
	title	vote_count	vote_average	\
1881	The Shawshank Redemption	8205	8.5	
662	Fight Club	9413	8.3	
65	The Dark Knight	12002	8.2	
3232	Pulp Fiction	8428	8.3	
96	Inception	13752	8.1	
3337	The Godfather	5893	8.4	
95	Interstellar	10867	8.1	
809	Forrest Gump	7927	8.2	
329	The Lord of the Rings: The Return of the King	8064	8.1	
1990	The Empire Strikes Back	5879	8.2	

	score
1881	8.059258
662	7.939256
65	7.920020
3232	7.904645
96	7.863239
3337	7.851236
95	7.809479
809	7.803188
329	7.727243
1990	7.697884

```
[105]: # Creating a horizontal bar plot to visualize popular movies  
pop= sub_set2.sort_values('popularity', ascending=False)  
plt.figure(figsize=(12,4))  
  
plt.barh(pop['title'].head(6),pop['popularity'].head(6), align='center',  
          color='skyblue')  
plt.gca().invert_yaxis()
```

```
plt.xlabel("Popularity")
plt.title("Popular Movies")
```

```
[105]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Popular Movies')
```



Content Based Filtering

A recommendation method called content-based filtering makes recommendations to a consumer based on the qualities of products they have previously liked. Content-based filtering algorithms examine attributes that users have found enjoyable in movies, including storyline keywords, actors, directors, and genre, in order to spot trends and preferences when it comes to movie suggestion. The algorithm suggests comparable films that the viewer would probably like based on these trends.

The content-based filtering algorithm, for example, will give recommendations for more comedic films precedence if the user has a history of watching and rating comedies well. This is because the system recognizes the user's apparent liking for humor and lighter amusement.

In addition, the algorithm will recommend movies with actors or directors that the user has indicated they enjoy watching.

Personalized movie suggestions and individualised tastes may be achieved with the use of content-based filtering. The technology can efficiently direct users toward films that match their interests by examining user preferences and seeing trends in their previous selections.

```
[106]: # Display the overview of the first few movies
sub_set2['overview'].head()
```

```
[106]: 0    In the 22nd century, a paraplegic Marine is di...
      1    Captain Barbossa, long believed to be dead, ha...
      2    A cryptic message from Bond's past sends him o...
      3    Following the death of District Attorney Harve...
      4    John Carter is a war-weary, former military ca...
      Name: overview, dtype: object
```

```
[107]: # Text Vectorization
tfidf = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words = 'english')

sub_set2['overview'] = sub_set2['overview'].fillna('')

tfidf_matrix = tfidf.fit_transform(sub_set2['overview'])

tfidf_matrix.shape
```

```
[107]: (4803, 20978)
```

Text Vectorization

In machine learning, text vectorization is the process of converting text input into numerical vectors. This is significant since machine learning techniques can only handle numerical data. These two broad categories of text vectorization techniques are:

Techniques that rely on counts: These techniques simply count how many times each word appears in a document. Two techniques that may be applied for this are TF-IDF and Bag-of-words (BoW).

Word embedding techniques include: Rather than focusing only on word counts, these approaches aim to capture the meaning of words and their relationships with one another. There are two ways to accomplish this: Word2Vec and GloVe.

Machine learning applications such as sentiment analysis, topic modeling, and natural language processing (NLP) rely on it.

```
[108]: # Import TfidfVectorizer for text vectorization
cosine_sim = linear_kernel(tfidf_matrix, tfidf_matrix)
```

```
[109]: #Construct a reverse map of indices and movie titles
indices = pd.Series(sub_set2.index, index = sub_set2['title']).drop_duplicates()
```

```
[110]: # Function that takes in movie title as input and outputs most similar movies

def get_recommendations(title, cosine_sim = cosine_sim):

    idx = indices[title]

    sim_scores = list(enumerate(cosine_sim[idx]))

    sim_scores = sorted(sim_scores, key = lambda x:x[1], reverse=True)

    sim_scores = sim_scores[1:11]

    movie_indices = [i[0] for i in sim_scores]

    return sub_set2['title'].iloc[movie_indices]
```

```
[111]: # Getting Recommendation
get_recommendations('Stolen')
```

```
[111]: 1868          Cradle 2 the Grave
3905          Family Plot
3882          Feast
2400          The Prince
781          Inkheart
956    Resident Evil: Apocalypse
2843          Philomena
3606          No Escape
1577          Without a Paddle
4513          Benji
Name: title, dtype: object
```

```
[112]: get_recommendations('Plastic')
```

```
[112]: 2923          St. Trinian's
4268    Lock, Stock and Two Smoking Barrels
2027          I Am Sam
16          The Avengers
2212          Triple 9
1339          Blue Streak
4124          This Thing of Ours
39          TRON: Legacy
4391          The Perfect Host
3705          Moms' Night Out
Name: title, dtype: object
```

Credits, Genres and Keywords Based Recommender

```
[113]: # Parse the stringified features into their corresponding python objects
from ast import literal_eval

features = ['cast', 'crew', 'keywords', 'genres']
for feature in features:
    sub_set2[feature] = sub_set2[feature].apply(literal_eval)
```

```
[114]: # Define functions to extract directors from features
def get_director(x):
    for i in x:
        if i['job'] == 'Director':
            return i['name']
    return np.nan
```

```
[115]: # Define functions to get list of names from features
```

```
def get_list(x):
    if isinstance(x, list):
        names = [i['name'] for i in x]

        if len(names) > 3:
            names = names[:3]
        return names

    return []
```

```
[116]: sub_set2['director'] = sub_set2['crew'].apply(get_director)

features = ['cast', 'keywords', 'genres']
for feature in features:
    sub_set2[feature] = sub_set2[feature].apply(get_list)
```

```
[117]: # Print the new features of the first 3 films
sub_set2[['title', 'cast', 'director', 'keywords', 'genres']].head(3)
```

```
[117]:
```

	title \	cast	director \	keywords	genres
0	Avatar				
1	Pirates of the Caribbean: At World's End				
2	Spectre				
0	[Sam Worthington, Zoe Saldana, Sigourney Weaver]	James Cameron			
1	[Johnny Depp, Orlando Bloom, Keira Knightley]	Gore Verbinski			
2	[Daniel Craig, Christoph Waltz, Léa Seydoux]	Sam Mendes			
0	[culture clash, future, space war]	[Action, Adventure, Fantasy]			
1	[ocean, drug abuse, exotic island]	[Adventure, Fantasy, Action]			
2	[spy, based on novel, secret agent]	[Action, Adventure, Crime]			

```
[118]: # Function to convert all strings to lower case and strip names of spaces
def clean_data(x):
    if isinstance(x, list):
        return [str.lower(i.replace(" ", "")) for i in x]

    else:

        if isinstance(x, str):
            return str.lower(x.replace(" ", ""))
        else:
            return ''
```

```
[119]: # Apply clean_data function to your features.
features = ['cast', 'keywords', 'director', 'genres']

for feature in features:
    sub_set2[feature] = sub_set2[feature].apply(clean_data)

[120]: def create_soup(x):
        return ' '.join(x['keywords']) + ' ' + ' '.join(x['cast']) + ' ' +
        x['director'] + ' ' + ' '.join(x['genres'])
    sub_set2['soup'] = sub_set2.apply(create_soup, axis=1)

[121]: # Import CountVectorizer and create the count matrix
count = CountVectorizer(stop_words='english')
count_matrix = count.fit_transform(sub_set2['soup'])

[122]: # Compute the Cosine Similarity matrix based on the count_matrix
cosine_sim2 = cosine_similarity(count_matrix, count_matrix)

[123]: # Reset index of our main DataFrame and construct reverse mapping as before
sub_set2 = sub_set2.reset_index()
indices = pd.Series(sub_set2.index, index=sub_set2['title'])

[124]: # Prediction Corner
Movie=input("Enter Movie Name to get Other Recommendations:")
get_recommendations(Movie, cosine_sim2)
```

Enter Movie Name to get Other Recommendations:Plastic

```
[124]: 4247      Me You and Five Bucks
4401      The Helix... Loaded
4638      Amidst the Devil's Wings
1978      Ready to Rumble
2140      Paint Your Wagon
2485      The Cookout
2650      All The Queen's Men
248       Mr. & Mrs. Smith
685       Blades of Glory
807       The Pacifier
Name: title, dtype: object
```

Collaborative Filtering

```
[125]: data = Dataset.load_from_df(sub_set3[['userId', 'movieId', 'rating']], reader)

[126]: svd = SVD()
cross_validate(svd, data, measures=['RMSE', 'MAE'])
```

```
[126]: {'test_rmse': array([0.90207838, 0.89354729, 0.89633033, 0.88626533,
0.90044671]),
'test_mae': array([0.69349095, 0.68779844, 0.69117969, 0.68448903,
0.69213631]),
'fit_time': (1.295379877090454,
1.2796998023986816,
1.2026240825653076,
1.2782962322235107,
1.3215982913970947),
'test_time': (0.12032556533813477,
0.14565587043762207,
0.29384827613830566,
0.10508418083190918,
0.14219141006469727)}
```

```
[127]: trainset = data.build_full_trainset()
svd.fit(trainset)
```

```
[127]: <surprise.prediction_algorithms.matrix_factorization.SVD at 0x7d6040a7cfa0>
```

```
[182]: sub_set3[sub_set3['userId']==2]
```

```
[182]:
```

	userId	movieId	rating	timestamp
20	2	10	4.0	835355493
21	2	17	5.0	835355681
22	2	39	5.0	835355604
23	2	47	4.0	835355552
24	2	50	4.0	835355586
..
91	2	592	5.0	835355395
92	2	593	3.0	835355511
93	2	616	3.0	835355932
94	2	661	4.0	835356141
95	2	720	4.0	835355978

```
[76 rows x 4 columns]
```

```
[142]: svd.predict(1, 302, 3)
```

```
[142]: Prediction(uid=1, iid=302, r_ui=3, est=2.8412843890172788,
details={'was_impossible': False})
```

```
[189]: from surprise import Dataset
from surprise.model_selection import train_test_split

# Here we load the dataset
reader = Reader()
```



```

data = Dataset.load_from_df(sub_set3[['userId', 'movieId', 'rating']], reader)

# Split the data into training and testing sets
trainset, testset = train_test_split(data, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

```

```

[191]: # Performing A/B Test
# Comparing SVD vs KNNBasic
a1 = svd
a2 = KNNBasic()

# Function for A/B Test
def ab_test(algorithm1, algorithm2, trainset, testset):
    random.seed(42) # Set seed for reproducibility

    # Training SVD on the trainset
    a1.fit(trainset)

    # Training KNN on the trainset
    a2.fit(trainset)

    # Evaluating both algorithms
    predict1 = a1.test(testset)
    predict2 = a2.test(testset)

    # Comparing both using RMSE and MAE
    rmse1 = accuracy.rmse(predict1)
    rmse2 = accuracy.rmse(predict2)
    mae1 = accuracy.mae(predict1)
    mae2 = accuracy.mae(predict2)

    # Print the results
    print(f'RMSE for SVD: {rmse1}')
    print(f'RMSE for KNNBasic: {rmse2}')
    print(f'MAE for SVD: {mae1}')
    print(f'MAE for KNNBasic: {mae2}')

    return rmse1, rmse2, mae1, mae2

# Running A/B test
rmse_svd, rmse_knn, mae_svd, mae_knn = ab_test(a1, a2, trainset, testset)

# Compare the results and print which is better
if rmse_svd < rmse_knn:
    print('SVD is better in RMSE.')
else:
    print('KNNBasic is better in RMSE.')

```

```
if mae_svd < mae_knn:
    print('SVD is better in MAE.')
else:
    print('KNNBasic is better in MAE.')
```

```
Computing the msd similarity matrix...
Done computing similarity matrix.
RMSE: 0.9007
RMSE: 0.9663
MAE: 0.6946
MAE: 0.7452
RMSE for SVD: 0.9007034672888036
RMSE for KNNBasic: 0.9662515187787728
MAE for SVD: 0.694575896676799
MAE for KNNBasic: 0.7451601861211438
SVD is better in RMSE.
SVD is better in MAE.
```