TITLE: SQLASSESMENT

**AUTHOR: RAMAPRABA J** 

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## **QUERIES – I**

1) Find out the SELLING COST AVERAGE for the packages developed in PASCAL?

SELECT AVG(scost) AS average\_selling\_cost FROM Software WHERE dev\_in = 'pascal';

2) Display the names and ages of all programmers.

SELECT name, TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, dob, CURDATE()) AS age FROM programmer;

3) Display the names and ages of all the programmers who have undergone training in DCS course.

SELECT name AS programmer\_name,TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, dob, CURDATE()) AS age FROM Programmer WHERE name IN (SELECT name FROM Studies WHERE course = 'DCS');

4) What is the highest numbers of copies sold by a package?

SELECT MAX(sold) AS highest\_copies\_sold FROM Software;

5) Display the names and date of birth of all the programmer born in JANUARY.

SELECT DOB, NAME FROM PROGRAMMER WHERE EXTRACT(month from dob) LIKE 'JAN';

6) Display lowest course fee.

SELECT MIN(ccost) AS lowest\_course\_fee FROM Studies;

7) How many programmer has done PGDCA course.

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS pgdca\_programmers FROM Studies WHERE course = 'pgdca';

8) How much revenue has been earned through sales of packages in C.

SELECT SUM(scost \* sold) AS revenue FROM Software WHERE dev\_in = 'C';

9) Display the details of software developed by Ramesh?

SELECT \* FROM Software WHERE name = 'Ramesh';

10) How many programmers studied at SABHARI.

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS sabhari\_programmers FROM Studies WHERE splace = 'sabhari';

11) Display the details of PACKAGES whose sales crossed the 20000 mark.

SELECT \* FROM Software WHERE sold > 20000;

12) Find out the number of copies which should be sold in order to recover the development cost of each package.

SELECT name, CEIL(dcost / scost) AS copies\_to\_recover\_cost FROM Software;

13) What is the price of the costliest software developed in BASIC?

SELECT MAX(scost) AS costliest\_software\_price FROM Software WHERE dev\_in = 'basic';

14) Display the details of packages for which development cost has been recovered.

SELECT \* FROM Software WHERE sold >= dcost / scost;

15) How many packages were developed in dbase?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS dbase\_packages\_count FROM Software WHERE dev\_in ='dbase';

16) How many programmers studies at paragathi?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS paragathi\_programmers FROM Studies WHERE splace = 'paragathi';

## 17) How many programmers paid 5000 to 10000 for their course?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS programmers\_paid\_between\_5000\_and\_10000 FROM Studies WHERE ccost BETWEEN 5000 AND 10000;

## 18) What is the average course fee?

SELECT AVG(ccost) AS average\_course\_fee FROM Studies;

## 19) Display the details of programmers knowing c?

SELECT p.\* FROM Programmer p JOIN Studies s ON p.name = s.name WHERE s.course = 'C':

## 20) How many programmers know either Cobol or Pascal?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS cobol\_or\_pascal\_programmers FROM Programmer WHERE prof1 = 'cobol' OR prof2 = 'cobol' OR prof1 = 'pascal' OR prof2 = 'pascal';

## 21) How many programmers don't know Pascal & C?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS programmers\_not\_knowing\_pascal\_and\_c FROM Programmer WHERE prof1 NOT IN ('pascal', 'c') AND prof2 NOT IN ('pascal', 'c');

## 22) How old is the oldest male programmers?

SELECT MAX(TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, dob, CURDATE())) AS oldest\_male\_age FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male';

## 23) What is the average age of female programmers?

SELECT AVG(TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, dob, CURDATE())) AS average\_age FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female';

## 24) Calculate the experience in years for each programmers and display along with the names in descending order?

SELECT name AS programmer\_name, TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, doj, CURDATE()) AS experience\_in\_years FROM Programmer ORDER BY experience\_in\_years DESC;

#### 25) Who are the programmers who celebrate their birthday during the current month?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE EXTRACT (MONTH FROM dob) = EXTRACT (MONTH FROM SYSDATE);

## 26) How many female programmers are there?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS female\_programmers\_count FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female';

## 27) What are the languages known by the male programmers?

SELECT prof1,prof2 from Programmer WHERE sex='m';

## 28) What is the Average salary?

SELECT AVG(salary) AS average salary FROM Programmer;

## 29) How many people draw 2000 to 4000?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS people\_within\_salary\_range FROM Programmer WHERE salary BETWEEN 2000 AND 4000;

## 30) Display the details of those who don't know Clipper, Cobol or Pascal?

SELECT \* FROM Programmer WHERE prof1 NOT IN ('clipper', 'cobol', 'pascal') AND prof2 NOT IN ('clipper', 'cobol', 'pascal');

## 31) How many Female programmers knowing C are above 24 years of age?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS female\_programmers\_above\_24 FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female' AND TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, dob, CURDATE()) > 24 AND ('C' IN (prof1, prof2));

## 32) Who are the programmers who will be celebrating their Birthday within a week?

SELECT \* FROM programmer WHERE DAY(dob) BETWEEN DAY(CURDATE())
AND DAY(CURDATE() + INTERVAL 7 DAY) AND MONTH(dob) = MONTH(CURDATE());

## 33) Display the details of those with less than a year's experience?

SELECT name, sex, dob, doj FROM Programmer WHERE TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, doj, CURDATE()) < 1;

34) Display the details of those who will be completing 2 years of service this year?

SELECT \* FROM Programmer WHERE EXTRACT(YEAR FROM CURDATE()) - EXTRACT(YEAR FROM doj) = 2;

35) Calculate the amount to be recovered for those packages whose development cost has not been recovered?

SELECT SUM(scost - dcost) AS amount\_to\_be\_recovered FROM Software WHERE scost > dcost;

36) List the packages which have not been sold so far?

SELECT \* FROM Software WHERE sold = 0;

37) Find out the cost of the software developed by Mary?

SELECT scost FROM Software WHERE name = 'Mary';

38) Display the institute's names from the studies table without duplicates?

SELECT DISTINCT splace FROM Studies;

39) How many different courses are mentioned in the studies table?

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT course) AS unique\_courses\_count FROM Studies;

40) Display the names of the programmers whose names contain 2 occurrences of the letter A?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE name LIKE '% A% A%';

41) Display the names of programmers whose names contain unto 5 characters?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE LENGTH(name) <= 5;

42) How many female programmers knowing COBOL have more than 2 years experience?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS female\_programmers\_cobol\_experience FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female' AND TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, doj, CURDATE()) > 2 AND ('COBOL' IN (prof1, prof2));

43) What is the length of the shortest name in the programmer table?

SELECT MIN(LENGTH(name)) AS shortest name length FROM Programmer;

44) What is the average development cost of a package developed in COBOL?

SELECT AVG(dcost) AS average\_development\_cost FROM Software WHERE dev\_in = 'cobol';

45) Display the name, sex, dob (DD/MM/YY format), doj for all the programmers without using conversion function?

SELECT name, sex, DATE\_FORMAT(dob, '%d/%m/%y') AS dob, DATE\_FORMAT(doj, '%d/%m/%y') AS doj FROM Programmer;

46) Who are the programmers who were born on the last day of the month?

SELECT name from programmer WHERE(LAST\_day(dob)=DAY(dob));

47) What is the amount paid in salaries of the male programmers who do not know Cobol?

SELECT SUM(salary) AS total\_salary\_paid FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male' AND (prof1 != 'cobol' AND prof2 != 'cobol');

48) Display the title, scost, dcost and difference between scost and dcost in descending order of difference?

SELECT title,scost, dcost, scost - dcost AS cost\_difference FROM Software ORDER BY cost\_difference DESC;

49) Display the name, dob, doj of those month of birth and month of joining are same?

SELECT name, dob, doj FROM Programmer WHERE EXTRACT(MONTH FROM dob) = EXTRACT(MONTH FROM doj);

50) Display the names of the packages whose names contain more than 1 word?

SELECT title FROM Software WHERE INSTR(title, '') > 0;

## **QUERIES - II**

1) Display THE NUMBER OF packages developed in EACH language.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, COUNT(\*) AS package\_count FROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in;

## 2) Display THE NUMBER OF packages developed by EACH person.

SELECT name, COUNT(\*) AS package\_count FROM Software GROUP BY name;

## 3) Display THE NUMBER OF male and female programmer.

SELECT sex, COUNT(\*) AS programmer\_count FROM Programmer GROUP BY sex;

## 4) Display THE COSTLIEST packages and HIGEST selling developed in EACH language.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, MAX(scost) AS CostPack, MAX(sold) AS Highselling\_software GROUP BY dev\_in

## 5) Display THE NUMBER OF people BORN in EACH YEAR.

SELECT YEAR(dob) AS birth\_year, COUNT(\*) AS num\_people\_born FROM Programmer GROUP BY YEAR(dob) ORDER BY birth\_year;

## 6) Display THE NUMBER OF people JOINED in EACH YEAR.

SELECT YEAR(doj) AS joined\_year, COUNT(\*) AS num\_people\_born FROM Programmer GROUP BY YEAR(dob) ORDER BY joined\_year;

## 7) Display THE NUMBER OF people BORN in EACH MONTH.

SELECT MONTH(dob) AS birth\_month, COUNT(\*) AS num\_people\_born FROM Programmer GROUP BY MONTH(dob) ORDER BY birth\_month;

## 8) Display THE NUMBER OF people JOINED in EACH MONTH.

SELECT MONTH(doj) AS join\_month, COUNT(\*) AS num\_people\_joined FROM Programmer GROUP BY MONTH(doj) ORDER BY join\_month;

## 9) Display the language wise COUNTS of prof1.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, prof1, COUNT(\*) AS prof1\_count FROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in, prof1;

## 10) Display the language wise COUNTS of prof2.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, prof2, COUNT(\*) AS prof2\_count FROM Software GROUP BY dev in, prof2;

## 11) Display THE NUMBER OF people in EACH salary group

SELECT salary, COUNT(name) AS people FROM programmer GROUP BY salary

12) Display THE NUMBER OF people who studied in EACH institute.

SELECT splace, COUNT(name) AS Institute FROM programmer GROUP BY splace

13) Display THE NUMBER OF people who studied in EACH course.

SELECT course, COUNT(name) AS people FROM programmer GROUP BY course

14) Display the TOTAL development COST of the packages developed in EACH language.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, SUM(dcost) AS total\_development\_cost FROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in;

15) Display the selling cost of the package developed in EACH language.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, SUM(scost) AS total\_selling\_cost FROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in;

16) Display the cost of the package developed by EACH programmer.

SELECT name, SUM(scost) AS total\_package\_cost FROM Software GROUP BY name;

17) Display the sales values of the package developed in EACH programmer.

SELECT name, SUM(scost\*sold) AS Sales\_value FROM Software GROUP BY name;

18) Display the NUMBER of packages developed by EACH programmer.

SELECT name, COUNT(\*) AS package\_count FROM Software GROUP BY name;

19) Display the sales COST of packages developed by EACH programmer language wise.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, name, SUM(scost \* sold) AS total\_sales\_cost FROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in, name;

20) Display EACH programmers name, costliest package and cheapest packages developed by Him/Her

SELECT name AS programmer\_name, MAX(scost) AS costliest\_package\_cost, MIN(scost) AS cheapest\_package\_cost FROM Software GROUP BY name;

21) Display EACH language name with AVERAGE development cost, AVERAGE cost, selling cost and AVERAGE price per copy.

SELECT dev\_in AS language\_name,AVG(dcost) AS average\_development\_cost, AVG(scost) AS average\_cost, AVG(scost + dcost) AS avg\_selling\_cost,AVG((scost + dcost) / sold) AS avg\_price\_per\_copyFROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in;

22) Display EACH institute name with NUMBER of courses, AVERAGE cost per course.

SELECT splace AS institute\_name, COUNT(course) AS number\_of\_courses, AVG(ccost) AS average\_cost\_per\_course FROM Studies GROUP BY splace;

23) Display EACH institute name with NUMBER of students.

SELECT splace AS institute\_name, COUNT(name) AS number\_of\_students FROM Studies GROUP BY splace;

24) Display names of male and female programmers.

SELECT name, sex FROM Programmer;

25) Display the programmer's name and their packages.

SELECT p.name AS programmer\_name, s.name AS package\_name FROM Programmer p JOIN Software s ON p.name = s.name;

26) Display the NUMBER of packages in EACH language.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, COUNT(title) AS package\_count FROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in; output

27) Display the NUMBER of packages in EACH language for which development cost is less than 1000.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, COUNT(title) AS package\_count FROM Software WHERE dcost < 1000 GROUP BY dev\_in;

28) Display the AVERAGE difference BETWEEN scost and dcost for EACH language.

SELECT dev\_in AS language, AVG(scost - dcost) AS average\_cost\_difference FROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in;

29) Display the TOTAL scost, dcsot and amount TOBE recovered for EACH programmer for whose dcost HAS NOT YET BEEN recovered.

SELECT name AS programmer\_name, SUM(scost) AS total\_selling\_cost, SUM(dcost) AS total\_development\_cost, SUM(scost) - SUM(dcost) AS amount\_to\_be\_recovered FROM Software GROUP BY name HAVING SUM(scost) > SUM(dcost);

30) Display highest, lowest and average salaries for THOSE earning MORE than 2000.

SELECT MAX(salary) AS highest\_salary, MIN(salary) AS lowest\_salary, AVG(salary) AS average\_salary FROM Programmer WHERE salary > 2000;

## **QUERIES - III**

1) Who is the highest paid C programmer?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE prof1 = 'C' or prof2='C' ORDER BY salary DESC LIMIT 1;

2) Who is the highest paid female cobol programmer?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female' AND prof1 = 'COBOL' ORDER BY salary DESC LIMIT 1;

3) Display the name of the HIGEST paid programmer for EACH language (prof1)

SELECT prof1 AS language, name AS highest\_paid\_programmer FROM Programmer WHERE (prof1, salary) IN (SELECT prof1, MAX(salary) FROM Programmer GROUP BY prof1);

4) Who is the LEAST experienced programmer?

SELECT name FROM Programmer ORDER BY doj LIMIT 1;

5) Who is the MOST experienced programmer?

SELECT name FROM Programmer ORDER BY doj DESC LIMIT 1;

## 6) Which language is known by ONLY ONE programmer?

SELECT language FROM (SELECT prof1 AS language FROM Programmer UNION ALL SELECT prof2 AS language FROM Programmer) AS languageknow\_by\_onlyone\_programmer GROUP BY language HAVING COUNT(\*) = 1;

## 7) Who is the YONGEST programmer knowing DBASE?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE prof1 = 'DBASE' OR prof2 = 'DBASE' ORDER BY dob ASC LIMIT 1;

## 8) Which institute has MOST NUMBER of students?

SELECT splace AS institute\_name, COUNT(name) AS student\_count FROM Studies GROUP BY splace ORDER BY student\_count DESC LIMIT 1;

## 9) Who is the above programmer?

SELECT name AS programmer\_name FROM Programmer WHERE splace = (SELECT splace FROM Studies GROUP BY splace ORDER BY COUNT(\*) DESC LIMIT 1);

## 10) Which female programmer earns MORE than 3000/- but DOES NOT know C, C++, Oracle or Dbase?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female' AND salary > 3000 AND prof1 NOT IN ('C', 'C++', 'Oracle', 'Dbase') OR prof2 NOT IN ('C', 'C++', 'Oracle', 'Dbase');

## 11) Which is the COSTLIEST course?

SELECT course, MAX(ccost) AS costliest\_course FROM Studies;

## 12) Which course has been done by MOST of the students?

SELECT course, COUNT(name) AS student\_count FROM Studies GROUP BY course ORDER BY student\_count DESC LIMIT 1;

## 13) Display name of the institute and course Which has below AVERAGE course fee?

SELECT splace AS institute\_name, course FROM Studies WHERE ccost < (SELECT AVG(ccost) FROM Studies);

#### 14) Which institute conducts COSTLIEST course?

SELECT splace AS institute\_name, MAX( ccost) AS costliest\_course FROM Studies GROUP BY splace LIMIT 1;

## 15) Which course has below AVERAGE number of students?

SELECT course FROM Studies GROUP BY course HAVING COUNT(name) < (SELECT AVG(student\_count) FROM (SELECT COUNT(name) AS student\_count FROM Studies GROUP BY course) AS avg\_counts);

#### 16) Which institute conducts the above course?

SELECT splace AS institute\_name, course FROM Studies WHERE course IN (SELECT course FROM Studies GROUP BY course HAVING COUNT(name) < (SELECT AVG(student\_count) FROM (SELECT COUNT(name) AS student\_count FROM Studies GROUP BY course) AS avg\_counts));

## 17) Display names of the course WHOSE fees are within 1000(+ or -) of the AVERAGE fee.

SELECT course FROM Studies GROUP BY course HAVING ABS(AVG(ccost) - ccost) <= 1000;

## 18) Which package has the HIGEST development cost?

SELECT title AS package\_name, dcost AS development\_cost FROM Software ORDER BY dcost DESC LIMIT 1;

#### 19) Which package has the LOWEST selling cost?

SELECT title AS package\_name, dcost AS development\_cost FROM Software ORDER BY dcost ASC LIMIT 1;

#### 20) Who developed the package, which has sold the LEAST number of copies?

SELECT name AS developer\_name FROM Programmer WHERE name IN (SELECT dev in FROM Software ORDER BY sold LIMIT 1);

## 21) Who developed the package, which has sold the LEAST number of copies?

SELECT dev\_in AS language\_used FROM Software WHERE sold = (SELECT MAX(sold) FROM Software);

## 22) How many copies of the package that has the LEAST DIFFRENCE between development and selling cost were sold?

SELECT sold FROM Software WHERE ABS(scost - dcost) = (SELECT MIN(ABS(scost - dcost))FROM Software);

## 23) Which is the COSTLIEAST package developed in PASCAL?

SELECT title AS package\_name, scost AS software\_cost FROM Software WHERE dev\_in = 'PASCAL' ORDER BY scost DESC LIMIT 1;

## 24) Which language was used to develop the MOST NUMBER of package?

SELECT dev\_in AS language\_used, COUNT(\*) AS package\_count FROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in ORDER BY package\_count DESC LIMIT 1;

## 25) Which programmer has developed the HIGEST NUMBER of package?

SELECT dev\_in AS programmer\_name, COUNT(\*) AS package\_count FROM Software GROUP BY dev\_in ORDER BY package\_count DESC LIMIT 1;

## 26) Who is the author of the COSTLIEST package?

SELECT name AS programmer\_name FROM Programmer WHERE name IN (SELECT dev\_in FROM Software ORDER BY scost DESC LIMIT 1);

# 27) Display names of packages WHICH have been sold LESS THAN the AVERAGE number of copies?

SELECT title AS package\_name FROM Software WHERE sold < (SELECT AVG(sold) FROM Software);

# 28) Who are the female programmers earning MORE than the HIGEST paid male programmers?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female' AND salary > (SELECT MAX(salary) FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male');

## 29) Which language has been stated as prof1 by MOST of the programmers?

SELECT prof1 AS language, COUNT(\*) AS count FROM Programmer GROUP BY prof1 ORDER BY count DESC LIMIT 1;

## 30) Who are the authors of packages, WHICH have recovered MORE THAN double the development cost?

SELECT name AS author FROM Programmer WHERE name IN (SELECT dev\_in FROM Software WHERE scost > 2 \* dcost);

## 31) Display programmer names and CHEAPEST package developed by them in EACH language?

SELECT name, title FROM Software WHERE dcost IN (SELECT MIN(dcost) FROM SoftwareGROUP BY dev\_in)

## 32) Who is the YOUNGEST male programmer born in 1965?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male' AND dob = (SELECT MIN(dob) FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male' AND YEAR(dob) = 1965);

# 33) Display language used by EACH programmer to develop the HIGEST selling and LOWEST selling package.

SELECT name,dev\_in FROM Software WHERE sold IN (SELECT MAX(sold) FROM Software GROUP BY name) UNION SELECT name,dev\_in FROM Software WHERE sold IN (SELECT MIN(sold) FROM Software GROUP BY name;

## 34) Who is the OLDEST female programmer WHO joined in 1992

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female' AND YEAR(doj) = 1992 ORDER BY dob ASC LIMIT 1;

## 35) In WHICH year where the MOST NUMBER of programmer born?

SELECT YEAR(dob) AS birth\_year, COUNT(\*) AS num\_programmers\_born FROM Programmer GROUP BY YEAR(dob) ORDER BY COUNT(\*) DESC LIMIT 1;

## 36) In WHICH month did MOST NUMBRER of programmer join?

SELECT MONTH(doj) AS join\_month, COUNT(\*) AS num\_programmers\_joined FROM Programmer GROUP BY MONTH(doj) ORDER BY COUNT(\*) DESC LIMIT 1;

## 37) In WHICH language are MOST of the programmer's proficient?

SELECT prof1 AS language, COUNT(\*) AS num\_programmers FROM Programmer GROUP BY prof1 ORDER BY COUNT(\*) DESC LIMIT 1;

38) Who are the male programmers earning BELOW the AVERAGE salary of female programmers?

SELECT name AS programmer\_name, sex, salary FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male' AND salary < (SELECT AVG(salary) FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female');

## **QUERIES – IV**

1) Who is the highest paid C programmer?

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE prof1 = 'C' or prof='C' ORDER BY salary DESC LIMIT 1;

2) Display the details of software developed by male programmers earning MORE than 3000

SELECT \* FROM Software WHERE dev\_in IN (SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male' AND salary > 3000);

3) Display details of packages developed in PASCAL by female programmers.

SELECT \* FROM Software WHERE dev\_in IN (SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female') AND dev\_in IN (SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE prof1 = 'PASCAL' OR prof2 = 'PASCAL');

4) Display the details of the programmer WHO joined BEFORE 1990.

SELECT \* FROM Programmer WHERE YEAR(doj) < 1990;

5) Display details of software developed in C by female programmers of PRAGATHI

SELECT s.\* FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name WHERE p.sex = 'female' AND (p.prof1 = 'C' OR p.prof2 = 'C') AND p.splace = 'PRAGATHI';

6) Display NUMBER of packages NUMBER of copies sold and sales value of EACH programmer Institute-wise.

SELECT s.splace AS institute\_name, p.name AS programmer\_name, COUNT(s.title) AS num\_packages, SUM(s.sold) AS total\_copies\_sold, SUM(s.sold \* s.scost) AS total\_sales\_value FROM Programmer p LEFT JOIN

Studies st ON p.name = st.name LEFT JOIN Software s ON p.name = s.dev\_in GROUP BY s.splace, p.name;

7) Display details of software developed in DBASE by male programmers WHO belong to the institute on which MOST NUMBER OF programmer's studies.

SELECT s.\* FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name JOIN (SELECT splace, COUNT(\*) AS num\_programmers FROM Studies GROUP BY splace ORDER BY num\_programmers DESC LIMIT 1) AS most\_programmers ON p.splace = most\_programmers.splace WHERE s.dev\_in = p.name AND s.dev\_in IN (SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male') AND s.dev\_in IN (SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE name = p.name AND p.prof1 = 'DBASE');

8) Display the details of the software that was developed by male programmers born BEFORE 1965 and female programmers born AFTER 1975.

SELECT \* FROM Software WHERE dev\_in IN (SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male' AND YEAR(dob) < 1965) AND dev\_in IN (SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'female' AND YEAR(dob) > 1975);

9) Display the details of the software that was developed in the language that is NOT the programmer's first proficiency.

SELECT \* FROM Software WHERE dev\_in IN (SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE prof1 <> dev\_in AND (prof2 IS NULL OR prof2 <> dev\_in));

10) Display details of software that was developed in the language which is NEITHER first NOR second proficiency of the programmer.

SELECT s.\* FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name WHERE s.dev\_in NOT IN (p.prof1, p.prof2);

11) Display details of software developed by male students of SABHARI

SELECT s.\* FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name JOIN Studies st ON p.name = st.name WHERE p.sex = 'male' AND st.splace = 'SABHARI';

12) Display the names of programmers WHO HAVE NOT developed any package.

SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE name NOT IN (SELECT dev\_in FROM Software);

## 13) What is the total cost of the software developed by the programmers by APPLE?

SELECT SUM(scost) AS total\_cost FROM Software WHERE dev\_in IN ( SELECT name FROM Programmer WHERE splace = 'APPLE');

## 14) Who are the programmers WHO JOINED in the same day?

SELECT a.name,a.doj FROM Programmer a,programmer b WHERE a.doj=b.doj and a.name <> b.name:

## 15) Who are the programmers WHO HAVE THE SAME PROF2?

SELECT unique(a.name),a.prof2 FROM Programmer a,programmer b where a.prof2=b.prof2 and a.name <> b.name;

#### 16) Display the total sales values of software, institutes-wise.

SELECT st.splace AS institute\_name, SUM(s.sold \* s.scost) AS total\_sales\_value FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name JOIN Studies st ON p.name = st.name GROUP BY st.splace;

#### 17) In which institutes did the person who developed the COSTLIEST package study?

SELECT st.splace AS institute\_name FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name JOIN Studies st ON p.name = st.name WHERE s.scost = (SELECT MAX(scost) FROM Software);

## 18) Which language listed in prof1 and prof2 HAS NOT BEEN used to develop any package?

SELECT DISTINCT language FROM (SELECT prof1 AS language FROM Programmer UNION SELECT prof2 AS language FROM Programmer) AS languages WHERE language NOT IN (SELECT dev\_in FROM Software);

## 19) How much does the person WHO developed the HIGHEST selling package earn and WHAT course did he/she undergo?

SELECT p.name AS programmer\_name, p.salary AS programmer\_salary, st.course AS course\_name FROM Programmer p JOIN Software s ON p.name = s.dev\_in JOIN Studies st ON p.name = st.name WHERE s.sold = (SELECT MAX(sold) FROM Software);

## 20) How many months will it take for each programmer to recover the cost of the course underwent?

SELECT p.name AS programmer\_name, st.course AS course\_name, st.ccost AS course\_cost, p.salary AS monthly\_salary, ROUND(st.ccost / p.salary, 2) AS months\_to\_recover FROM Programmer p JOIN Studies st ON p.name = st.name;

# 21) Which is the COSTLIEST package developed by a person with under 3 year's expenences?

SELECT s.title AS package\_name, MAX(s.scost) AS package\_cost FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name WHERE TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, p.doj, CURDATE()) < 3 ORDER BY s.scost DESC LIMIT 1:

## 22) What is the AVERAGE salary for those WHOSE software's sales value is more than 50,000?

SELECT AVG(p.salary) AS average\_salary FROM Programmer p JOIN Software s ON p.name = s.dev\_in WHERE s.sold \* s.scost > 50000;

## 23) How many packages were developed by the students WHO studied in the institute that Charge the LOWEST course fee?

SELECT COUNT(s.title) AS num\_packages FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name JOIN Studies st ON p.name = st.name WHERE st.splace = (SELECT splace FROM Studies GROUP BY splace ORDER BY ccost ASC LIMIT 1);

# 24) How many packages were developed by the person WHO developed the CHEAPEST package? Where did he\she study?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS num\_packages, st.splace AS institute\_name FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name JOIN Studies st ON p.name = st.name WHERE s.scost = ( SELECT MIN(scost) FROM Software) GROUP BY st.splace;

# 25) How many packages were developed by female programmers earning MORE than the HIGHEST paid male programmer?

SELECT COUNT(s.title) AS num\_packages FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name WHERE p.sex = 'female' AND p.salary > (SELECT MAX(salary) FROM Programmer WHERE sex = 'male');

## 26) How many packages were developed by the MOST experienced programmers from BDPS?

SELECT COUNT(\*) AS num\_packages FROM Software s JOIN Programmer p ON s.dev\_in = p.name WHERE TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, p.doj, CURDATE()) = (SELECT MAX(TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, p1.doj, CURDATE())) FROM Programmer p1 WHERE p1.splace = 'BDPS');

## 27) List the programmers (from software table) and institutes they studied, including those WHO DIDN'T develop any package.

SELECT p.name AS programmer\_name, IFNULL(st.splace, 'No Institute') AS institute\_name FROM Programmer p LEFT JOIN Studies st ON p.name = st.name ORDER BY programmer\_name;

# 28) List each profit with the number of programmers having that prof1 and the number of packages developed in that prof1.

SELECT p.prof1 AS proficiency, COUNT(DISTINCT p.name) AS num\_programmers, COUNT(s.title) AS num\_packages FROM Programmer p LEFT JOIN Software s ON p.prof1 = s.dev\_in GROUP BY p.prof1;

## 29) List programmer names (from programmer table) and number of packages EACH developed.

SELECT p.name AS programmer\_name, COUNT(s.title) AS num\_packages\_developed FROM Programmer p LEFT JOIN Software s ON p.name = s.dev\_in GROUP BY p.name ORDER BY programmer\_name;

## 30) List all the details of programmers who have done a course at S.S.I.L.

SELECT p.\*, s.splace AS institute\_name,s.course AS course\_name,s.ccost AS course\_cost FROM Programmer p JOIN Studies s ON p.name = s.name WHERE s.splace = 'S.S.I.L';