

Typestate Analysis for Android Applications Ashish Mishra, Y. N. Srikant, Aditya Kanade

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1. Android Control Flow

- Complex control flow structure.
- Asynchronous calls and call backs using IPC binder, called Intent.
- Asynchronous calls from System Services.
- Component life cycles and event handler call backs, to optimize resource usage and user experience.

2. Typestate

Quoting Storm and Yemini-.

"type- determines the set of operations ever permitted on an object, the typestate determines a subset of these operations permitted in a particular context"

• Example, *Iterators* over a Collection object, *next* permitted only if *hasnext* is true.

5. Our Approach

- A precise and correct modelling of Android Asynchronous control flow, call backs and Component life cycles.
- Generating AICFG, an asynchronous Inter-procedural Control Flow Graph for the application.
- A flow insensitive whole app, alias analysis to soundly track state changes.
- •A flow and context sensitive whole app, Typestate analysis, using graph reachability based inter-procedural analysis.

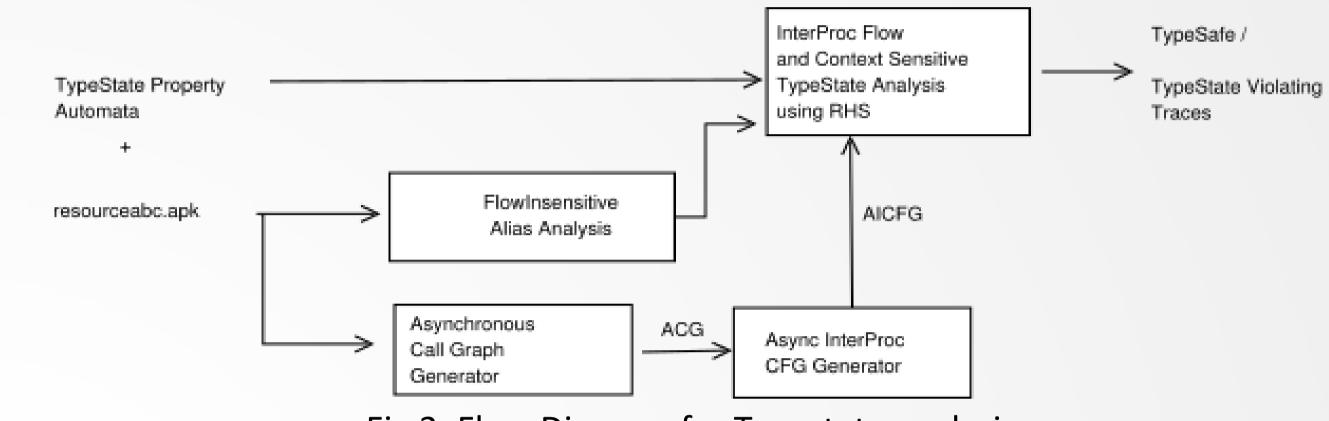


Fig 3. Flow Diagram for Typestate analysis

3. Motivation

Android resources and other APIs have complex usage protocols.

Violations are difficult to trace and hard to debug.

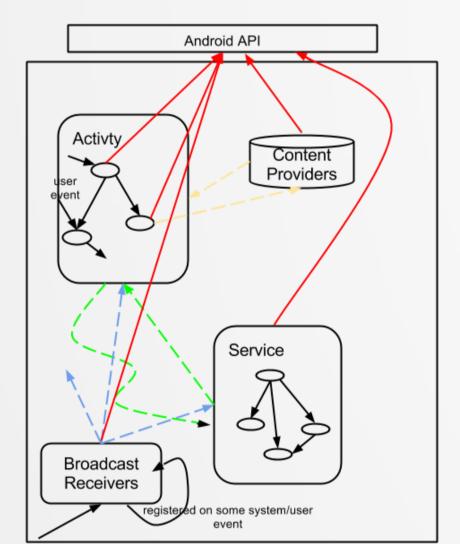


Fig 1. ICC in an Android app

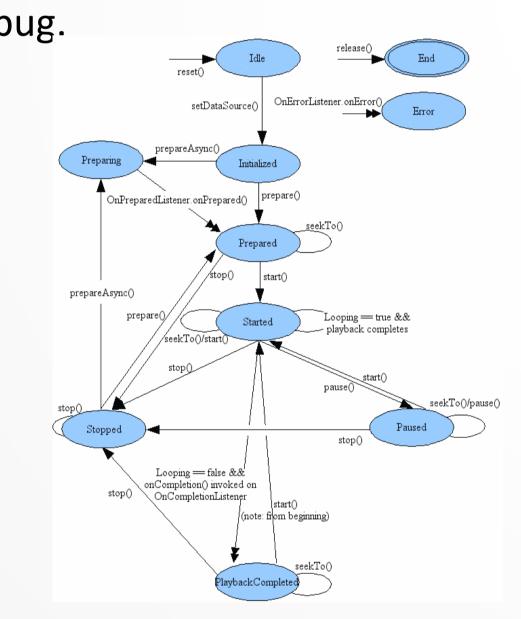


Fig 2. Protocol for Android MediaPlayer API source- https://developer.android.com

 Hard to statically analyze, due to complexity at two levels control flow and typestate protocols.

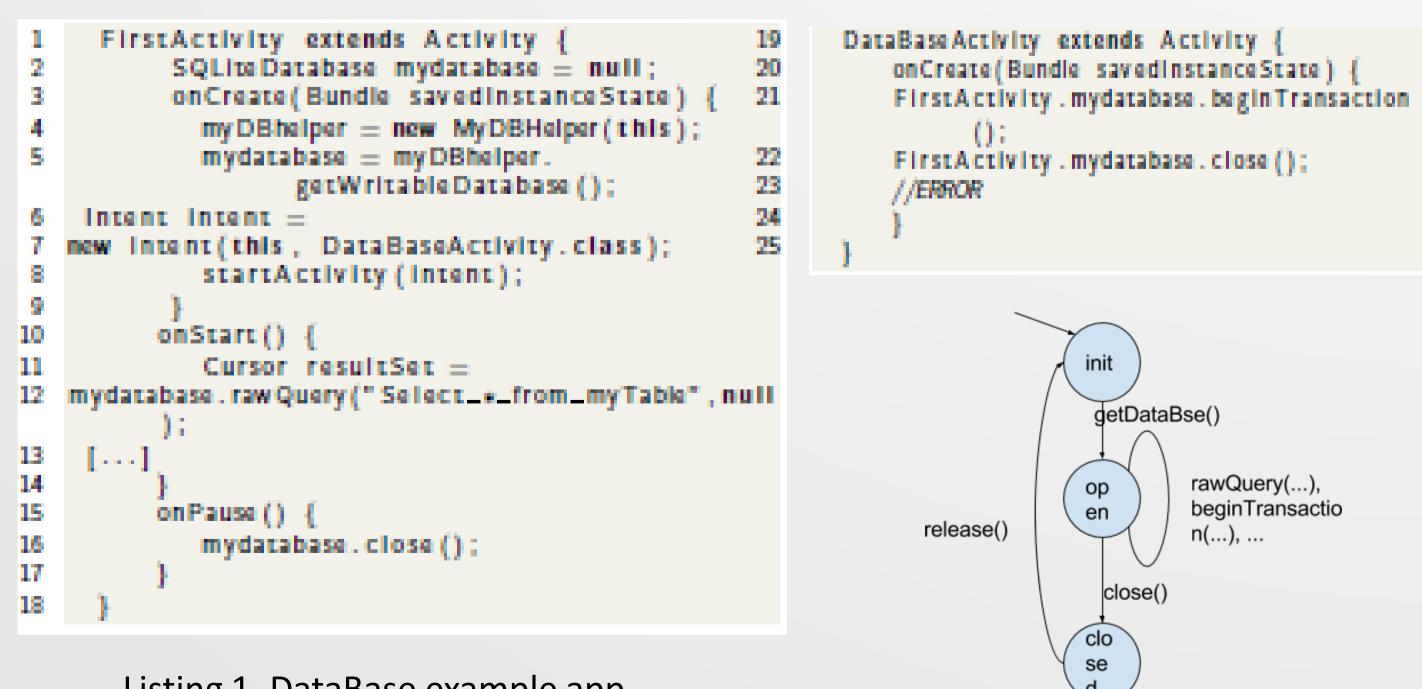
6. Results

- First Typestate analysis over Android apps.
- Added 10 new test benchmark apps to DroidBench android static analysis suite.
- Analyzed typestate properties of important resources like Camera, File, MediaPlayer etc.
- Analyzed Some real world Android applications and found typestate violations in them.
- Compared against a typeState analysis over Control flow model used by other works(IccTA, AmanDroid), giving lesser FPs, and increasing the TPs.

AppName		Model Based Analysts				lccTA based Analysis			
	Actual Viola- tions	Violations found	TP	FN	FP	violations found	TP	FN	FP
Camra API	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
MediaPlayer API	2	2	2	0	0	1	0	2	1
SQLite API	3	4	3	0	1	1	0	3	1
DataBases	2	2	2	0	0	1	0	2	1
Files	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
SocketsFiles	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
Streams	2	2	2	0	0	1	1	1	0

Table 1. Typestate analysis results on test apps

4. A Database App



Listing 1. DataBase example app

• Precise and correct modelling of asynchronous calls and life cycle call-backs required.

7. Conclusion

- Gave a first precise and correct model for the Asynchronous control flow, life cycles and ICC in Android apps.
- Performed the first, sound Typestate analysis over android apps and compared the results against the control flow semantics used by other Android static analysis works.
- One limitation occurs due to the use of RHS for the analysis, which does not scale for big programs, increasing scalability is one future direction we aim at.

8. References

[1] L. Li, et. al. IccTA: Detecting Inter-Component Privacy Leaks in Android Apps. In Proceedings of the 37th International Conference on Software Engineering (ICSE 2015), 2015.

[2] F. Wei et. al. Amandroid: A precise and general inter-component data flow analysis framework for security vetting of android apps. In Proceedings of the 2014 ACM SIGSAC Conference on Computer and Communications Security, CCS '14, pages 1329–1341.

[3] Thomas Reps, et. al. 1995. Precise interprocedural dataflow analysis via graph reachability. In Proceedings of the 22nd ACM SIGPLAN-SIGACT symposium on Principles of programming languages (POPL '95).