Investigations of 2D material metal contact using Density Functional Theory

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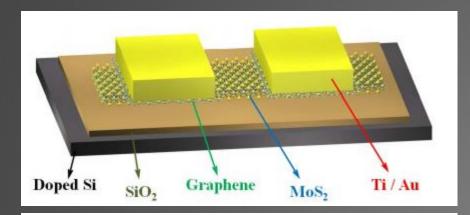
Research Supervisor

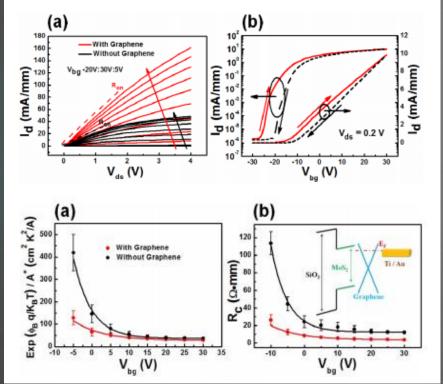
Dr. Santanu Mahapatra

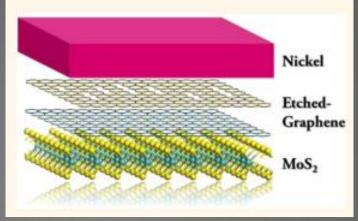
SBH MODIFICATION USING GRAPHENE INSERTED MoS₂METAL CONTACT

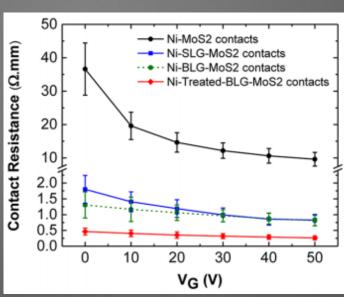
- Experimental reports
- Interface geometry
- Computational challenges
- SBH evaluation
- Orbital hybridization
- Work Function calculation
- Fermi level pinning

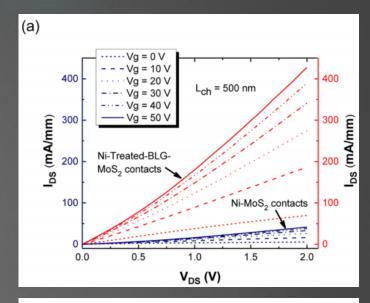
EXPERIMENTAL REPORTS

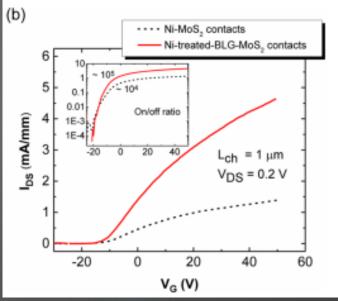






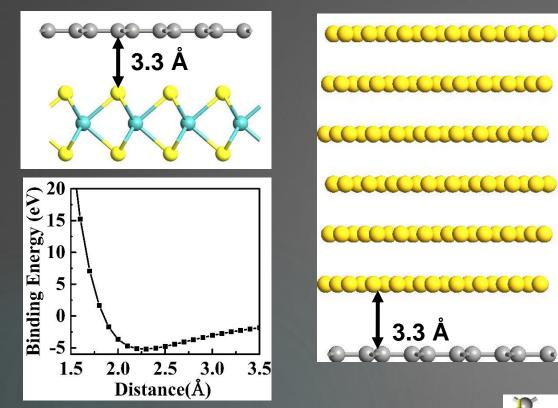


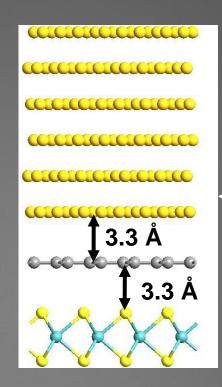


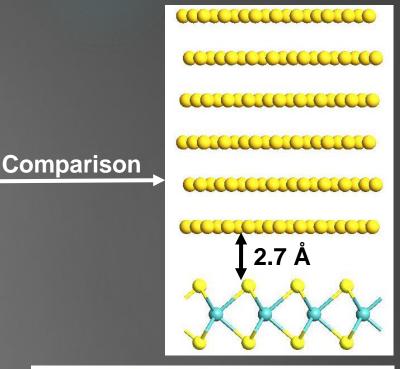


Ref. Du et. al IEEE EDL, VOL. 35, NO. 5, MAY 2014 Ref. Leong et.al ACS Nano, 2015, 9 (1), pp 869–877

INTERFACE GEOMETRY (1 of 2)

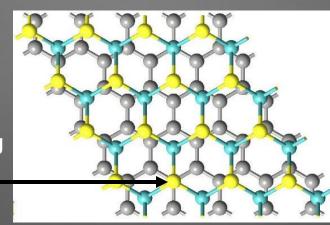


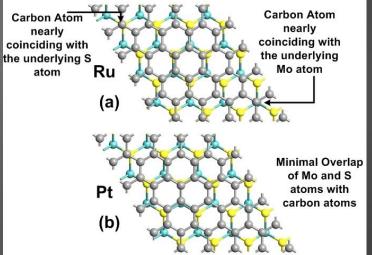




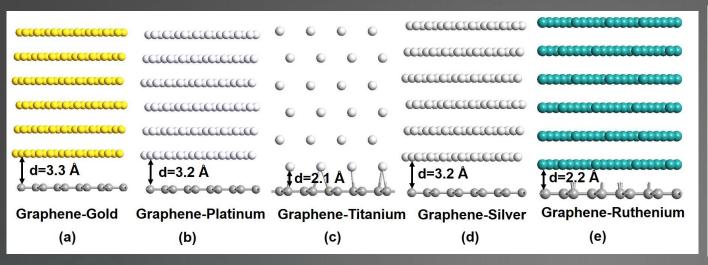
Binding Energy= Total Energy (A+B) - Total Energy (A) - Total Energy (B)

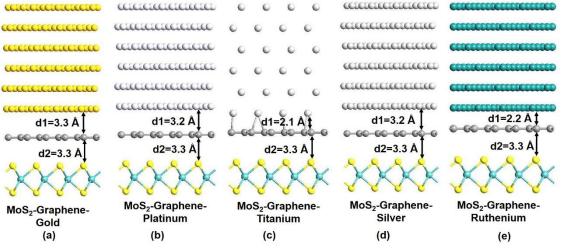
C atom coinciding with S atom (TS)





INTERFACE GEOMETRY (2 of 2)





System	MoS ₂ -	G-Au	G-Pt	G-Ti	G-Ag	G-Ru				MoS ₂ - Ag						
Strain(%)	1.8	1.8	1.2	2.8	1.5	0.5	0.38	0.38	1.1	0.26	1.3	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
d(Å)	3.3	3.3	3.2	2.1	3.2	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.2	2.5				d1=3.3 d2=2.1		
BE(eV)	-1.86	-2.5	-3	-19	-2.15	-5	-5.9	-9.55	-17.5	-6.5	-14.8	-4.5	-5.16	-23.81	-4.3	-12.43

COMPUTATIONAL CHALLENGES

- Interface Relaxation
- Fritz-Haber-Institute (FHI)

versus

Hartwingster-Goedecker-Hutter (HGH) - Gold

Single Zeta 5d 6s

Double Zeta 5d 6s 5d 6s

Single Zeta Polarized 5d 6s 7p

Double Zeta Polarized 5d 6s 5d 6s 7p

Double Zeta Double Polarized 5d 6s 5d 6s 7p 7

Machine specifications

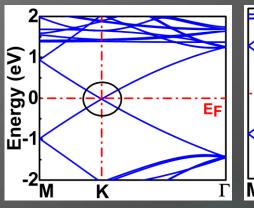
Machine 1 Machine 2

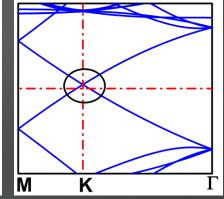
Number of CPUS's 24 Number of CPUS's 20

Memory 256 GB Memory 386 GB

- Palladium Tier 8 4s 4p 4d 5s 5s 5p 4d 4f 5p 5s 4d 4d
- * MoS₂-Graphene-Gold 228148.05 s (2d15h22m28.05s)
- MoS₂-Graphene-Ruthenium 304372.35 s (3d12h32m52.35s)

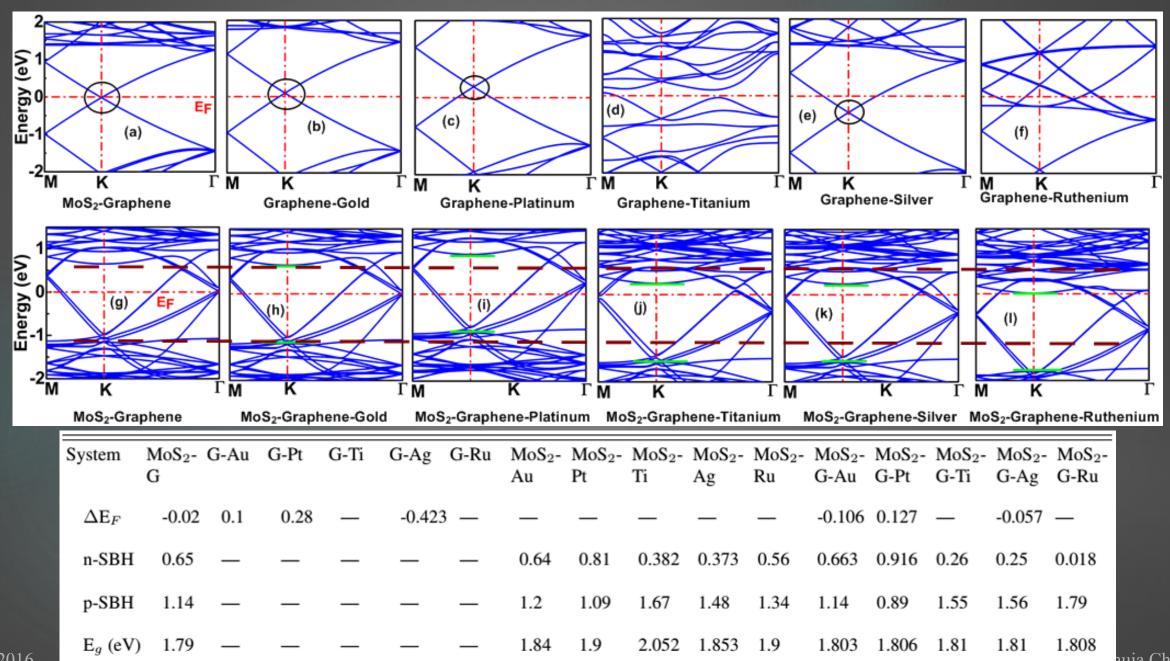
Tier 0 5d 6s
Tier 1 5d 6s 6p
Tier 2 5d 6s 6p 6s
Tier 3 5d 6s 6p 6s 6d
Tier 4 5d 6s 6p 6s 6d 6s
Tier 5 5d 6s 6p 6s 6d 6s 6d
Tier 6 5d 6s 6p 6s 6d 6s 6d 5f
Tier 7 5d 6s 6p 6s 6d 6s 6d 5f 6p
Tier 8 5d 6s 6p 6s 6d 6s 6d 5f 6p



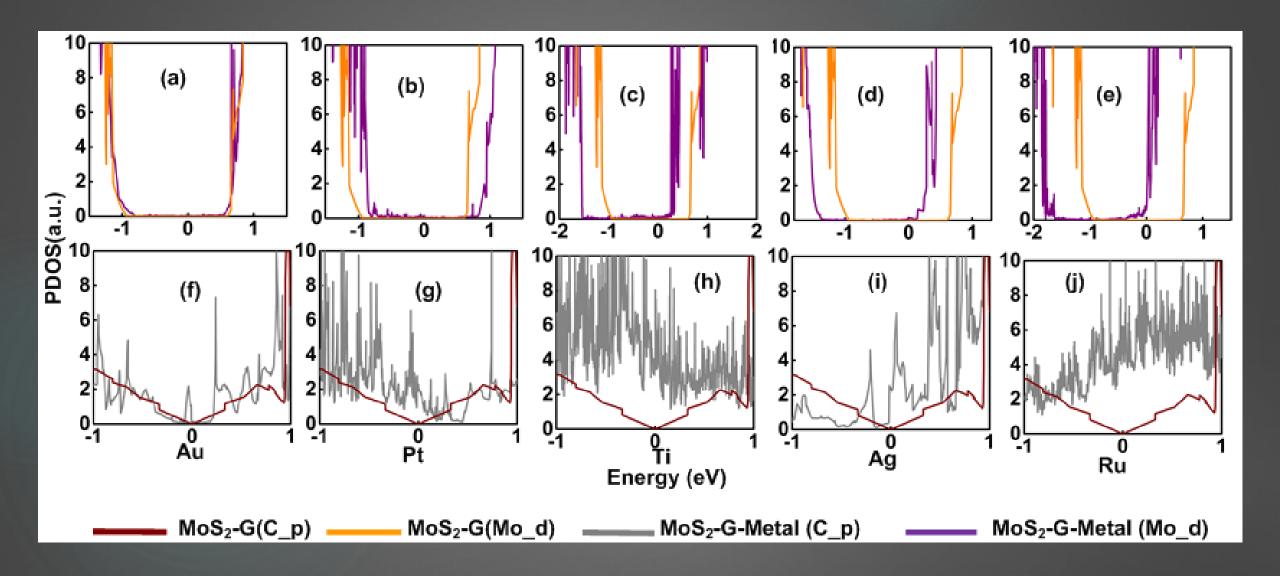


4/28/2016

SBH EVALUATION



ORBITAL HYBRIDIZATION



CHARGE REDISTRIBUTION

$$\Delta \rho = \rho_{MoS_2 + graphene + metal} - \rho_{MoS_2} - \rho_{graphene} - \rho_{metal}$$

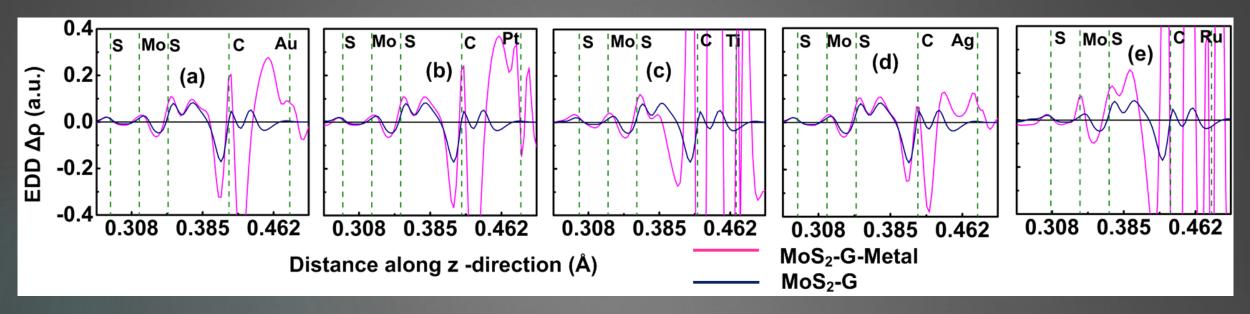
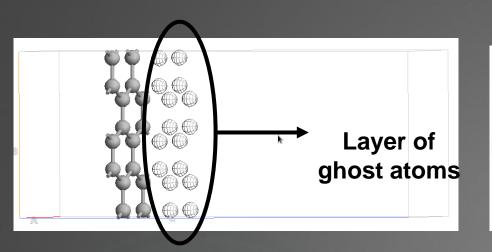
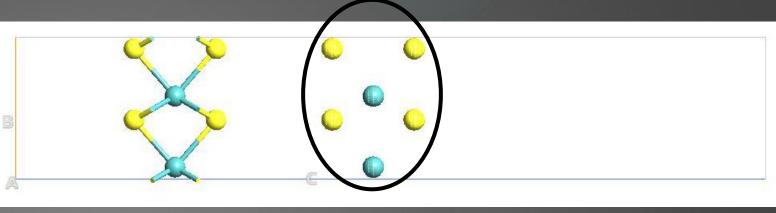


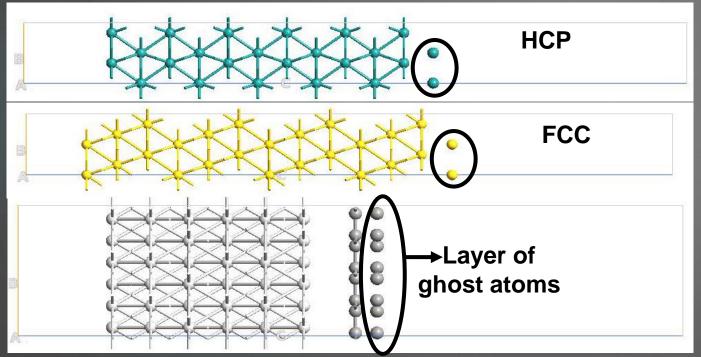
TABLE II: Area calculated between the interfacial sulfur atom of MoS₂ and carbon atom of graphene for various MoS₂-graphene-metal interface.

System	Area Under EDD between C and S atoms
MoS ₂ -G	1.7×10^{-7}
MoS2-G-Au	-1.04×10^{-7}
MoS2-G-Ag	3.42×10^{-7}
MoS2-G-Ti	5.62×10^{-6}
MoS2-G-Pt	$-3x10^{-7}$
MoS ₂ -G-Ru	8.1×10^{-6}

WORK FUNCTION CALCULATION

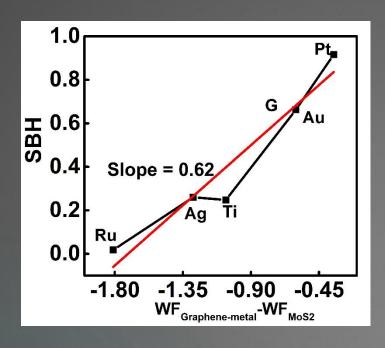


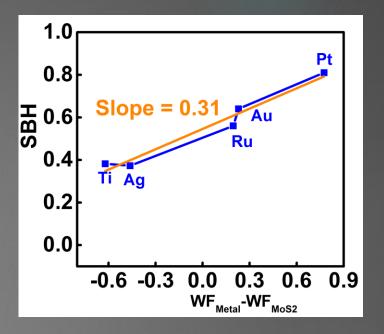


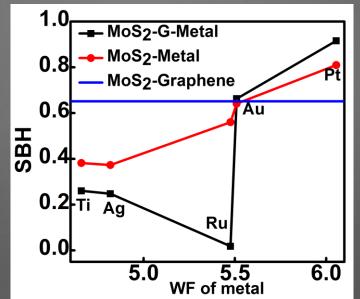


Metal	Calculated	Reported
Titanium	4.6589	4.56
Silver	4.81793	4.74
Ruthenium	5.47582	5.14
Gold	5.50947	5.54
Platinum	6.05502	6.13

FERMI LEVEL PINNING







CONCLUSION

- We address the reduction n-SBH by inserting graphene layer between MoS₂ and metal contact for five different metals (Au, Ti, Ag, Pt and Ru).
- A decrease in SBH is not consistent among various metals, rather an increase in SBH is observed in case of Au and Pt.
- ❖ Unlike MoS₂-metal interface, the projected dispersion of MoS₂ remains preserved in any MoS₂-graphene-metal system with shift in the bands on the energy axis.
- ❖ A proper choice of metal (e.g., Ru) may exhibit Ohmic nature in a graphene inserted MoS₂-metal contact.
- These understandings would provide a direction in developing high performance transistors involving hetero atomic layers as contact electrodes.

QUESTIONS??