

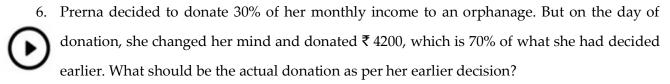
Percentages

Model 1: Basic Percentage

- 1. Sameer spends 20% of his monthly salary on house-rent, 25% on food, 10% on transportation, 15% on education of his children and 18% on household expenses. He saves the remaining amount of ₹ 4800. What is his monthly salary?
 - 1) ₹ 40000
- 2) ₹ 28000
- 3) ₹ 32000
- 4) ₹ 36000
- 5) None of these
- 2. Ishan spent ₹ 35,645 on buying a bike, ₹ 24,355 on buying a television, and the remaining 20% of the total amount he had as cash with him. What was the total amount?
 - ₹ 60,000
- 2) ₹ 72,000
- 3) ₹ 75,000
- 4) ₹ 80,000
- 5) None of these
- 3. Sujatha invests 7% i.e. ₹ 2170, of her monthly salary in mutual funds. Later she invests 18% of her monthly salary in recurring deposits. Also she invests 6% of her salary on NSC's. What is the total annual income invested by Sujata?
 - 1) ₹ 125320
- 2) ₹ 113520
- 3) ₹ 135120
- 4) ₹ 115320
- 5)None of these
- 4. Sonali invests 15% of her monthly salary in insurance policies. She spends 55% of her monthly salary in shopping and on household expenses. She saves the remaining amount of ₹ 12750. What is Sonali's monthly income?
 - 1) ₹ 42,500
- 2) ₹ 38,800
- 3) ₹ 40,000
- 4) ₹ 35,500
- 5) None of these
- 5. Gaurav spends 40% of the amount he received from father on hostel expenses, 20% on books and stationery and 50% of the remaining on transport. He saves ₹ 450 which is half the remaining amount after spending on hostel expenses, books and stationery and transport. How much money did he get from his father?
 - 1) ₹ 3000
- 2) ₹ 6000
- 3) ₹ 4500
- 4) ₹ 5000
- 5) None of these



Model 2: Percentage of Percentage



1) ₹ 8000

2) ₹ 5000

3) ₹ 6,000

- 4) Cannot be determined
- 5) None of these
- 7. Praveen decided to donate 15% of his salary to a charity. On the day of donation he changed his mind and donated ₹ 1,896, which was 80% of what he had decided earlier. How much is Praveen's salary?
 - 1) ₹ 18,500

2) ₹ 10,250

3) ₹ 15,800

- 4) Cannot be determined
- 5) None of these
- 8. The price of a car is ₹ 5, 00,000. It was insured to 90% of its price. The car got completely damaged in an accident and the insurance company paid 80% of the insured amount. That is the difference between the price of the car and the amount of insurance received?
 - 1) ₹ 1, 40,000
- 2) ₹ 40,000
- 3) ₹ 70,000
- 4) ₹ 80,000
- 5) None of these
- 9. The price of a car is ₹ 325000. It was insured to 85% of its price. The car was damaged completely in an accident and the insurance company paid 90% of the insurance. What was the difference between the price of the car and the amount received?
 - 1) ₹ 32500
- 2) ₹ 48750
- 3) ₹ 76375
- 4) ₹ 81250
- 5) None of these
- 10. 15% of 45% of a number is 105.3. What is 24% of that number?
 - 1) 385.5
- 2) 374.4
- 3) 390
- 4) 375
- 5) None of these
- 11. 20% of 65% of a number is 130. What is 54% of that number?
 - 1) 250
- 2) 540
- 3) 260
- 4) 275
- 5) None of these



Model 3: Election Problem



12. In an election between two candidates, the winner secured 58% of the total votes cast and wins by a majority of 2400 votes. How many votes did the loser get?

- 1) 6300
- 2) 7200
- 3) 3700
- 4) 4400
- 5) None of these

13. In an election between two candidates, one gets 72% of the total votes. If the total votes are 8200, by how many votes did the winner win the election?

- 1) 1835
- 2) 1722
- 3) 3608
- 4) 4428
- 5) None of these

14. In a college election between two students, 10% of the votes cast are invalid. The winner gets 70% of the valid votes and defeats the loser by 1800 votes. How many votes were totally cast?

- 1) 1800
- 2) 7200
- 3) 5000
- 4) 3600
- 5) None of these

15. In a college election fought between two candidates, one candidate got 55% of the total valid votes. 15% of the votes were invalid. If the total votes were 15,200, what is the number of valid votes the other candidate got?

- 1) 7106
- 2) 6840
- 3) 8360
- 4) 5814
- 5) None of these

Model 4: Election Problem

16. In an examination, Ramesh scored 30% less than Suresh and Mahesh scored 20% less than Suresh. Ramesh's score is what per cent of Mahesh's score?



1) 80%

- 2) 70%
- 3) 40%
- 4) 87.5%
- 5) None of these

17. 65 is what % of 50?

- 1) 250
- 2) 240
- 3) 160
- 4) 130
- 5) None of these

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Model 5: A Is What Percent More/Less than B

18. If A's salary is 25% more than B's salary, then by what per cent is B's salary less than A's salary?



1) 25%

2) 20%

3) 16.66%

4) Cannot be determined

5)None of these

19. If Arjun's salary is 20% more than that of Bheem, then how much percent is Bheem's salary less than that of Arjun?

1) 16.66%

2) 20%

3) 40%

4) 10%

5) None of these

20. The sale of Company N is 40% less than that of Company T. Then by what per cent is the sale of company T more than that of N?



1) 66%

2) 20%

3) 40%

4) 10%

5) None of these

21. If A's salary is 25% less than B's salary, then B's salary is what % more than A's salary?

1) Cannot be determined

2) 21

3) 33.33

4) 25

5) 20

Model 6: Percentage Change

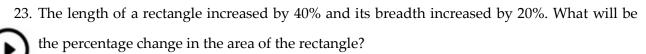
22. The profit made by a company in the present year is ₹ 15, 00,000. Two years ago, the profit made by the same company was ₹ 24, 00,000. What is the percentage change in the profit made by the company?

1) 66.66% inc

2) 66.66% dec 3) 37.5% inc 4) 37.5% dec 5) None of these



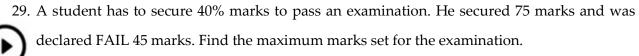
Model 7: Effective Percentage Change



- 1) 50% inc
- 2)10% inc
- 3) 44% inc
- 4) 68% inc
- 5) None of these
- 24. The population of a town was 48600. It increased by 25% in the first year and decreased by 8% in the second year. What will be the population of the town at the end of two years?
 - 1) 65610
- 2) 55580
- 3) 60750
- 4) 64850
- 5) None of these
- 25. The revenue of a shop in the month of March was ₹ 40,000. In the month of April, the shopkeeper announced a discount of 20% and hence his sales went up by 20%. What will be the revenue in the month of April?
 - 1) ₹ 40,000
- 2) ₹ 50,000
- 3) ₹ 38,400
- 4) ₹ 64,800
- 5) None of these
- 26. When the cost of petroleum increases by 40%, a man reduces his annual consumption by 20%. Find the percentage change in his annual expenditure on petroleum.
 - 1) 20%
- 2) 16%
- 3) 12%
- 4) 40%
- 5) None of these
- 27. The price of sugar increased by 25%. What should be the percentage decrease in the consumption of sugar by a family, such that their expenditure on sugar remains the same?
 - 1) 20%
- 2) 16%
- 3) 12%
- 4) 40%
- 5) None of these
- 28. If the cost of coriander sold is increased by 33.33%. What should be the % decrease in consumption to keep expenditure same?
 - 1) 29%
- 2) 25%
- 3) 30%
- 4) 25%
- 5) None of these



Model 8: Miscellaneous



- 1) 600
- 2) 200
- 3) 100
- 4) 300
- 5) None of these
- 30. In an examination, the cut off mark is 40% and a student is declared to be failed by 4 marks when he scored 38%. What is the maximum score a student can get in this exam?
 - 1) 100
- 2) 300
- 3) 400
- 4) 200
- 5) None of these
- 31. A student has to secure 30% marks to get through. If he gets 40 marks and fails by 20 marks, find the maximum marks set for the examination.
 - 1) 600
- 2) 200
- 3) 100
- 4) 300
- 5) None of these
- 32. 75% of a number when added to 75 becomes the number itself. The number is:



- 1) 150
- 2) 200
- 3) 225
- 4) 300
- 5) None of these
- 33. Difference between 54% of a number and 63% of the same number is 72. What is 80% of that number?
 - 1) 720
- 2) 600
- 3) 640
- 4) 900
- 5) None of these
- 34. If 25% of a number is subtracted from a second number, the second number reduces to its five sixth. What is the ratio of the first number to the second number?
 - 1) 1:3

2) 2:3

3) 3:2

4) Data inadequate

5) None of these



35.	75% of a number is equal to four-fifths of another number. What is the ratio between the										
	first number and	rst number and the second number?									
	1) 5:3	2) 15:16	3) 3:5	4) 16:15	5) None of these						
36.	Two-fifth of one-t	third of three-s	eventh of a nu	mber is 15. Wha	at is 40% of that number?						
	1) 72	2) 84	3) 136	4) 140	5) None of these						
37.	In a test consisti	ng of 300 qu	estions, Deepi	ka answered 4	10% of the first 100 questions						
(correctly. What p	orrectly. What per cent of the remaining 200 questions does she need to answer correctly									
_	for her grade on t	he entire exam	to be 50%?								
	1) 75%		2) 559	%	3) 60%						
	4) Cannot be dete	rmined	5) No	ne of these							
38.	In a class of 50	students and	5 teachers, e	ach student go	ot sweets that are 12% of the						
	total number of students and each teacher got sweets that are 20% of the total number of										
	students. How many sweets were there?										
	1) 345	2) 365	3) 330	4) 350	5) None of these						
39.	The income of A	is 150% of the	income of B ar	nd the income o	f C is 120% of the income of A.						
	9. The income of A is 150% of the income of B and the income of C is 120% of the income of A. If the total income of A, B and C together is ₹ 86,000, what is C's income?										
	1) ₹ 30,000	2) ₹ 32,000	3) ₹ 20,000	4) ₹ 36,000	5) None of these						
40.	The price of suga	ar falls by 12%	%. How many	quintals can b	e bought for the same money						
	which was suffici	•	·	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						
	1) 54	2) 50	3) 38	4) 48	5) None of these						

Answers

1 - 1	2 - 3	3 - 4	4 - 1	5 - 3	6 - 3	7 - 3	8 - 1	9 - 3	10 - 2
11 - 2	12 - 1	13 - 3	14 - 3	15 - 4	16 - 4	17 - 4	18 - 2	19 - 1	20 - 1
21 - 3	22 - 4	23 - 4	24 - 5	25 - 3	26 - 3	27 - 1	28 - 4	29 - 4	30 - 4
31 - 2	32 - 4	33 - 3	34 - 2	35 - 4	36 - 5	37 - 2	38 - 4	39 - 4	40 - 2

Additional Examples (English Only)

- 1. One side of a square is increased by 30%. To maintain the same area, the other side will have to be decreased by
- - a) $23\frac{1}{13}\%$ b) $76\frac{12}{13}\%$ c) 30%
- d) 15%
- 2. If the radius of a circle is increased by 50%, its area is increased by
- a) 125%
- b) 100%
- c) 75%
- d) 50%
- 3. The value of a machine depreciates every year by 10%. If its present value is ₹ 50,000 then the value of the machine after 2 years is
- - a) ₹ 40,050
- b) ₹ 45,000
- c) ₹ 40,005
- d) ₹ 40,500
- 4. When the price of sugar decreases by 10%, a man could buy 1 kg more for ₹ 270. Then the original price of sugar per kg is
- a) ₹ 25
- b) ₹ 30
- c) ₹ 27
- d) ₹ 32



5. A reduction of 20% in the price of an apple enables a man to buy 10 apples more for ₹ 54.

The reduced price of apple per dozen is

- a) ₹ 4.32
- b) ₹ 12.96
- c) ₹ 10.80
- d) ₹ 14.40

6. If 30% of A is added to 40% of B, the answer is 80% of B. What percentage of A is B?



- a) 30%
- b) 40%
- c) 70%
- d) 75%

7. If 90% of A = 30% of B and B = 2x% of A, then the value of x is



- a) 450
- b) 400
- c) 300
- d) 150

8. The cost of an apple is twice that of a banana and the cost of a banana is 25% less than that of a guava. If the cost of each type of fruit increases by 10%, then the percentage increases in cost of 4 bananas, 2 apples and 3 guavas is

- a) 10%
- b) 12%
- c) 16%
- d) 18%

9. Arvind purchased a wrist watch with 30% discount on the labeled price. He sold it with 40% profit on the price he brought. What was his percent loss on the labeled price?

- a) 4
- b) 8
- c) 2
- d) 6

10. The value of x, when 5% of $\sqrt{2x}$ is 0.01 will be

- a) 0.02
- b) 0.01
- c) 0.05
- d) 0.03

11. A man invested $\frac{1}{3}$ of his capital at 7%, $\frac{1}{4}$ at 8% and the remainder at 10%. If his annual income is ₹ 561, then capital is

- a) ₹ 5400
- b) ₹ 6000
- c) ₹ 6600
- d) ₹ 7200



- 12. Given A is 50% larger than C and B is 25% large than C, then A is what per cent larger than B?
 - a) 25%
- b) 50%
- c) 75%
- d) 20%
- 13. The number of seats in an auditorium is increased by 25%. The price of a ticket is also increased by 12%. Then the increase in revenue collection will be_
 - a) 40%
- b) 35%
- c) 45%
- d) 48%
- 14. A box has 100 blue balls, 50 red balls, 50 black balls. 25% of blue balls and 50% of red balls are taken away. % of black balls at present is
 - a) 50%
- b) 25%
- c) $33\frac{1}{3}\%$
- d) 40%
- 15. In a school, 10% of number of girls is equal to $\frac{1 \text{th}}{20}$ of the number of boys. Ratio between the number of boys to number of girls is
 - a) 1:2
- b) 2:1
- c) 1:4
- d) 4:1
- 16. Price of a commodity has increased by 60%. By what per cent must a consumer reduce the consumption of the commodity so as not to increase the expenditure?
 - a) 37
- b) 37.5
- c) 40.5
- d) 60
- 17. If the price of sugar is raised by 25%, find by how much per cent a householder must reduce his consumption of sugar so as not to increase his expenditure?
 - a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 18
- d) 25
- 18. If 90% of A = 30% of B and B = x% of A, then the value of x is
 - a) 800
- b) 300
- c) 700
- d) 400



19.	A reduction of 20	reduction of 20% in the price of sugar enables me to purchase 5 kg more for ₹ 600. Find e price of sugar per kg before reduction of price.									
	the price of sugar	per kg before 1	reduction of pr	ice.							
	a) ₹ 24	b)₹30	c) ₹ 32	d)₹36							
20.	The price of a con	mmodity rises	from ₹ 6 per k	g to ₹ 7.50 per kg. If the expenditure cannot							
	increase, the percentage of reduction in consumption is										
	a) 15	b) 20	c) 25	d) 30							
21.	First and second	numbers are le	ess than a third	d number by 30% and 37% respectively. The							
	second number is	less than the fi	irst by	rice. d) ₹ 36 kg to ₹ 7.50 per kg. If the expenditure cannot mption is d) 30 rd number by 30% and 37% respectively. The d) 10% 20%, its sale increased by 80%. What was the % decrease % increase ewife wants the expenses on sugar to remain by							
	a) 7%	b) 4%	c) 3%	d) 10%							
22.	When the price o										
	-										
	the effect on the sale? b) 44% decrease b) 44% decrease										
		b) 44% decrease d) 75% increase									
	c) 66 % increase		u) 75 /	o nicrease							
23.	The price of sugar goes up by 20%. If a housewife wants the expenses on sugar to remain										
	the same, she should reduce the consumption by										
	a) $15\frac{1}{5}\%$	b) $16\frac{2}{3}\%$	c) 20%	d) 25%							
24.	In a factory 60% of	of the workers	are above 30 v	rears and of these 75% are males and the rest							
	•		,								
	the factory is			eve de gente, mie vennt innine er er wernere in							
	a) 3000	b) 2000	c) 1800	d) 1500							
25	If A's income is El	0% loss than th	at of R's then	R's income is what nor cent more than that of							
۷۵.	A?	o /o iess man tn	at of b s, then	b's income is what per cent more than that or							
	a) 125	b) 100	c) 75	d) 50							



26. 1.14 expressed as a per cent of 1.9 is

- a) 6%
- b) 10%
- c) 60%
- d) 90%

27. If 60% of A = $\frac{3}{4}$ of B, then A : B is

- a) 9:20
- b) 20:9
- c) 4:5
- d) 5:4

28. Two successive price increases of 10% and 10% of an article are equivalent to a single price increase of

- a) 19%
- b) 20%
- c) 21%
- d) 22%

Answers

1 – a	2 - a	3 - d	4 - b	5 - b	6 - d	7 - d	8 - a	9 - c	10 - a
11 - с	12 - d	13 - a	14 - с	15 - b	16 - b	17 - b	18 - b	19 - b	20 - b
21 - d	22 - a	23 - b	24 – a	25 - b	26 - с	27 - d	28 - с		