Practice Exercises

Review Questions

1.	Name some of the methods of jQuery used to provide effects?
2.	Which jQuery method is used to hide selected elements?
3.	Which jQuery method is used to switch between adding/removing one or more classes (for CSS) from selected elements?
4.	The hide() function hides an element by setting display inline style attribute of that element to "none". (True / False)
5.	The show() method can show a hidden element. (True / False)
6.	The functionality of toggle() method is
7.	Thefunction slides down a hidden HTML element, so it becomes visible.
8.	Thefunction shows an HTML element if it is hidden, or hides it if visible.
9.	<pre>fadeToggle() and slideToggle() are having the same functionality.</pre> (True / False)
10.	Which function enables you to fade an HTML element partially in or out, making it transparent?
11.	SlideToggle attaches two functions, what are they?
12.	FadeToggle attaches two functions, what are they?
13.	Possible values of the speed parameter of fadeToggle() function are
14.	Speed is an optional parameter in fadeToggle() function?. (Yes / No)

Exercises

• Write the expected output, or compiler errors if any, for each of the following programs in the box provided below each program.

- Then execute the programs and check your answers.
- Then answer the questions given below.

program 1

```
<script>
       $ (document).ready(function() {
           $(''#jbtnShow'').click(function() {
                $(''#jShow'').show(''slow'');
            });
           $(''#jbtnHide'').click(function() {
                $(''#jShow'').hide();
            });
       });
  </script>
10
  <div id = ''jShow'' class = ''demoBlock'' style = ''display:none;''>
11
       This is the hiddent text </div>
12
       <input type = ''button'' value = ''Show Text''</pre>
13
       id = ''ibtnShow'' />
14
       <input type = ''button'' value = ''Hide Text''</pre>
       id = "jbtnHide" /> |
16
       <input type = ''button'' value = 'Show Fast''</pre>
17
       id = ''jbtnShowFast'' />
18
       <input type = ''button'' value = ''Hide Normal''</pre>
19
       id = ''jbtnHideNormal'' />
  </div>
```

Q1: What will be the output for the above code snippet?

Q2: When will show() and hide() functions get's invoked?

Q3: What happens if line 4 is changed to \$(''#jShow'').show(''fast'');?

Q4: What happens if value ''normal'' is passed to hide() function at line 7?

Program 2

```
$(''#jbtnHCount'').click(function() {
           $(''#jShow'').hide(3000);
       $(''#jbtnTog'').click(function() {
           $(''#jShow'').toggle(''slow'');
       });
10
  </script>
11
  <body>
12
      <input type = ''button'' value = ''Show'' id = ''jbtnSCount'' />
      <input type = ''button'' value = ''Hide'' id = ''jbtnHCount'' />
14
      <input type = ''button'' value = ''Click'' id = ''jbtnTog'' />
15
  </body>
```

Q1: When will toggle() function get's invoked?

Q2: What will be the output for the above code snippet?

Q3: What does show(3000) and hide(3000) will do in the above code snippet?

Q4: What happens if parameter value of toggle() function is changed to 3000 at line 9?

Program 3

Q1: Write HTML declaration for the above code snippet?

- Q2: When will slideDown() and slideUp() be executed?
- Q3: What happens if the value ''normal'' is passed to slideDown() function at line 4?
- Q4: What happens if the value ''fast'' is passed to slideUp() function at line 7?

Program 4

```
$ $("#jbtnSlideToggle").click(function() {
$ $("#jdivWelcome").slideToggle();
});
```

- Q1: What does slideToggle() will do in the above code snippet?
- Q2: What does \$(''#jbtnSlideToggle'') wil select?
- Q3: What does \$(''#jdivWelcome'') wil select?
- Q4: Will slideToggle() have the same functionalities of both slideDown() and slideUp()?
- Q5: What happens if the value ''fast '' is passed to slideToggle() at line 2?

Program 5

```
\langle \text{script} \rangle
       $(document).ready(function() {
            $(''#btnFadeIn'').click(function() {
                $(''#jDivFade'').fadeIn();
            });
            $(''#btnFadeOut'').click(function() {
                $(''#jDivFade'').fadeOut();
            });
            $(''#btnFadeLimited'').click(function() {
                $(''#jDivFade'').fadeTo(''slow'', 0.40);
10
            });
11
       });
12
   </script>
```

Q1: Write HTML declaration for the above jQuery code?

Q2: What does fadeIn() and fadeOut() will do in above code snippet?

Q3: What is the type of second paraemter in fadeTo() function at line 10?

Program 6

```
script src = "jquery 1.11.1.js" ></script >
  <script>
      $ (document).ready(function() {
          $(''# flip'').click(function(event) {
              $(''#para1'').css(''color'', ''green'');
              $(''#para1'').css(''font weight'', ''bold'');
              $(''# panel'').fadeToggle(2000);
          });
      });
  </script>
10
  <body>
11
      The only thing that interferes with
      my learning is my education.
13
      <span style = ''color : red''>''Albert Einstien''/span>
14
      <div id = ''panel''>Click to slideDown</div>
15
      <button id = ''flip''>Slide Effect</button>
16
  </body>
```

Q1: What will be the output for the above code snippet?

Q2: What does \$(''#para1'') wil select?

Q3: What does \$(''#panel'') wil select?

Q4: Will fadeToggle() have the same functionalities of both fadeIn() and fadeOut()?

Q5: What happens if the value ''fast '' is passed to fadeToggle() at line 7?

Q6: What is the difference between slideToggle() and fadeToggle()?

Additional Exercises

1. Write code, so that user can click the button (the h2 tag in this case) and the instructions will fade in/fade out of view in half a second.

- 2. Write jQuery code, When someone clicks on a selector, you want a (currently invisible) DIV with an ID of submenu to appear. Clicking the selector again hides the submenu.
- 3. When someone mouses over the h1 tag, you want a (currently invisible) div with an ID of submenu to appear. Moving the mouse off the h1 tag hides the submenu again. Write the code with anonymous functions.
- 4. Fade the tag below on to the screen over the course of three seconds.