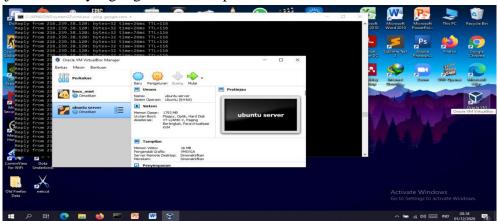
Nama :Ramadhana Noor Salassa Wandya

NIM :09011282025083

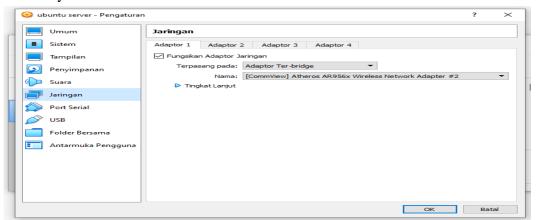
Kelas :SK1A

1. Langkah pertama yang harus dilakukan adalah install ubuntu server di virtual box Jawaban:

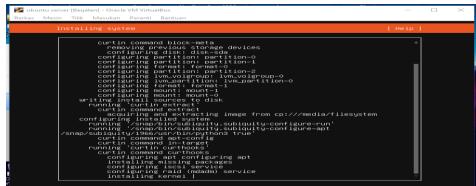
 Klik Icon New pada Virtual Box lalu konfigurasikan pengaturan untuk menginstal ubuntu server seperti ukuran virtual ram, virtual harddisk, dan jumlah core yang digunakan oleh processor



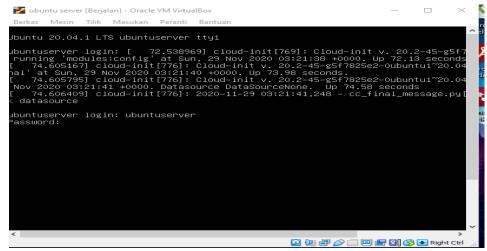
 Setelah selesai melakukan setting, lalu kita akan melakukan setting pada network. Pada adapter 1 gunakan Adapter Bridge dan pada adapter 2 gunakan host only



- Lalu jalankan virtual box anda. Pada saat pemilihan live disc, pilih file ubuntu server yang berekstensi .iso.
- Setelah itu tunggu instalasi hingga selesai. Pada saat ditengah instalasi, anda akan diminta untuk mengisi username, server username dan password yang akan digunakan untuk login ke ubuntu server anda



2. Setelah instalasi selesai, lalu login dengan akun yang telah anda buat dengan menggunakan username dan password yang telah anda daftarkan sebelumnya.



3. Setelah itu cek ip anda dengan mengetik command : ifconfig. Disitu anda akan menemukan ip yang anda gunakan

```
ubuntuserver login: ubuntuserver
Password:

**Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com

**Management: https://lendscape.canonical.com

**Management: https://lubuntu.com/advantage

System information disabled due to load higher than 1.0

88 updates can be installed immediately.

**O of these updates are security updates.

To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Last login: Tue Dec 1 10:53:23 UTC 2020 from 192.168.100.174 on pts/0

ubuntuserver@ubuntuserver:~** ifconfig
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP_BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500

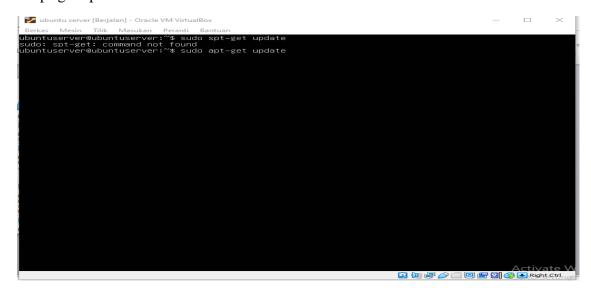
inet 192.168.100.174 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.100.255

inet 192.168.100.174 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.100.255

inet 192.168.100.174 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.100.255

inet 192.168.170.00 by the sea of the sea
```

- 4. Setelah itu login ssh dengan format : ssh username@ip
- 5. Setelah melakukan login ssh, cek update yang ada di ubuntu dengan command : sudo apt-get update



6. Setelah itu install apache2 dengan command: sudo apt-get install apache2. Lalu tunggu prosesnya hingga selesai

```
Berkas Mesin Tilk Masukan Peranti Bantuan
Jbuntuserver@bubuntuserver: $ sudo apt-get install apache2
Reading package lists... Done
Reading package lists... Done
Reading dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
Read to get 1,865 Reading state information in the following Reading Information in the following Read to get 1,865 Reading something in the installed:
Read to get 1,865 Reading in the installed in the provided to get 1,865 Reading in the installed in the install
```

7. Lalu kita akan menginstall app MariaDB sebagiai SQLnya. Caranya dengan command : sudo apt install mariadb-server mariadb-client –y. Dan tunggu prosesnya hingga selesai.

8. Lalu kita start mariaDB dengan command: sudo systemctl start mariadb. Dan kita cek status mariaDB dengan command: sudosystemctl status mariadb.

9. Lalu kita install mysql dengan command : sudo mysql\_secure\_installation. Dan tunggu prosesnya hingga selesai

```
ubuntuserver@ubuntuserver:~$ sudo mysql_secure_installation

NOTE: RUNNING ALL PARTS OF THIS SCRIPT IS RECOMMENDED FOR ALL MariaDB

SERVERS IN PRODUCTION USE! PLEASE READ EACH STEP CAREFULLY!

In order to log into MariaDB to secure it, we'll need the current

Dassword for the root user. If you've just installed MariaDB, and

you haven't set the root password yet, the password will be blank,

so you should just press enter here.

Enter current password for root (enter for none):

OK, successfully used password, moving on...

Setting the root password ensures that nobody can log into the MariaDB

root user without the proper authorisation.

Set root password? [Y/n] y

New password:

Re-enter new password: _

A
```

10. Lalu kita install php dengan command: sudo apt install php –y

```
ubuntuserver@ubuntuserver:~$ sudo apt install php −y
Reading package lists.. Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
php is already the newest version (2:7.4+75).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 81 not upgraded.
ubuntuserver@ubuntuserver:~$
```

11. Setelah itu kita install app wget yang berfungsi untuk mendownload aplikasi wordpress dengan command: sudo apt install wget –y.

12. Lalu kita download aplikasi wordpress dengan command : wget <a href="https://wordpress.org/latest.zip">https://wordpress.org/latest.zip</a>. Tunggu prosesnya hingga selesai

- 13. Lalu kita cek apakah wordpress yang kita download sudah ada dengan command: ls
- 14. Karena file wordpress yang kita download dalam ekstensi .zip, maka kita butuh aplikasi unzip. Cara menginstallnya adalah dengan command: sudo apt install unzip y

```
ubuntuserver@ubuntuserver:~$ sudo apt install wget -y
Reading package lists.. Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information.. Done
Wget is already the newest version (1.20.3-lubuntu1).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 81 not upgraded.
ubuntuserver@ubuntuserver:~$ wget https://wordpress.org/latest.zip
--2020-12-01 12:09:121- https://wordpress.org/latest.zip
Resolving wordpress.org (wordpress.org)... 198.143.164.252
Connecting to wordpress.org (wordpress.org)] pg. 143.164.252
Connecting to wordpress.org (wordpress.org)] pg. 143.164.252
Connecting to wordpress.org (wordpress.org)]
Resolving wordpress.org (wordpress.org)] pg. 143.164.252
Connecting to wordpress.org (wordpress.org)] pg. 152KB/s eta 67s c pg. 12.08M pg. 152KB/s eta 67s c pg. 152KB/s e
```

## 15. File wordpress

- Di bagian ini, kita akan mengkonfigurasikan file wordpress dengan cara : cd wordpress/
  - Pertama jalankan command: sudo cp -r \* /var/www/html
  - Setelah itu jalankan command : cd /var/www/html
  - Ketiga jalankan command sudo rm –rf index.html

16. Instal php my sql dengan cara : sudo apt install php-mysql php-cgi php-cli php-gd –y dan tunggu prosesnya hingga selesai.

```
ubuntuserver@ubuntuserver:/var/www/html$ sudo apt install php-mysql php-cgi php-cli php-gd -y
ReadIng package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
ReadIng state information... Done
PeadIng state information... Done
PeadIng state information... Done
PeadIng state information... Done
PeadIng state information... Done
Php-color of the package of the peace of the peac
```

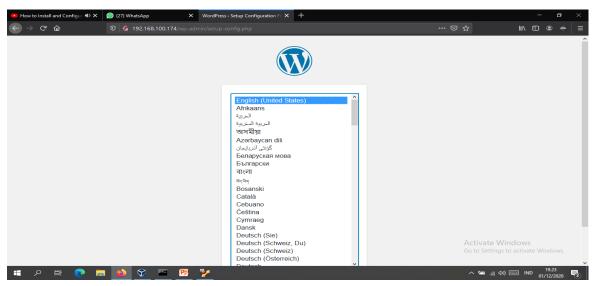
17. Lalu kita restart apache dengan cara : sudo systemctl restart apache2

```
ubuntuserver@ubuntuserver:/var/www/html$ sudo systemctl restart apache2
```

18. Jalankan command: sudo chown –R www-data:www-data/var/www/

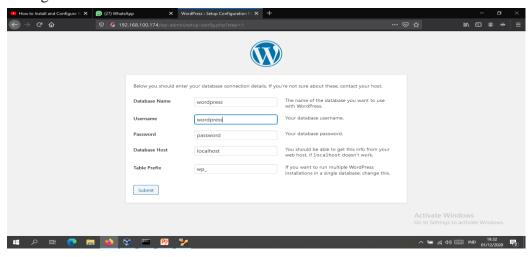
```
permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/views/stats.php': Operation not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/views/connect-jp.php': Operation
not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/views/notice.php': Operation
not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/views/start.php': Operation
not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/views/config.php': Operation
not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/views/predefined.php': Operation
not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/views/setup.php': Operation
not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/views/title.php': Operation
not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/views': Operation not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/LICENSE.txt': Operation not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/akismet/LICENSE.txt': Operation not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/index.php': Operation not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-load.php': Operation not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-content/plugins/index.php': Operation not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-load.php': Operation not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-load.php': Operation not permitted
chown: changing ownership of '/var/www/html/wp-choment/plu
```

19. Lalu buka web browser anda dan masukkan ip anda. Cara mengecek ip dengan command : ifconfig

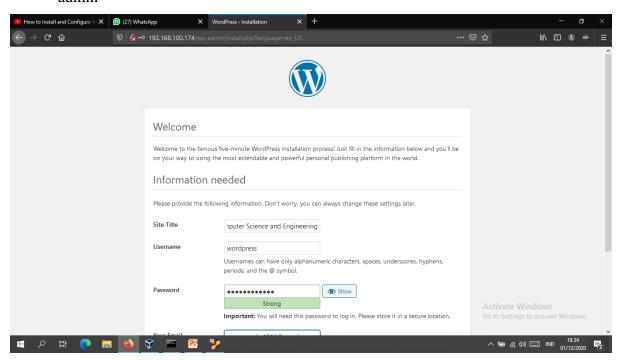


- 20. Apabila sudah muncul wordpress di web browser anda, artinya server anda sudah online dan anda hanya tinggal mengkonfigurasikan database anda dengan menggunakan mariaDB
- 21. Jalankan mariaDB dengan command: sudo mysql –u root –p.
- 22. Dan konfigurasikan mariaDB anda untuk mendapatkan access ke wordpress

23. Register wordpress anda dengan username dan password yang telah anda konfigurasikan.



24. Setelah konfigurasi, login ke wordpress anda untuk mendapatkan access sebagai admin



25. Wordpress anda siap untuk digunakan!

