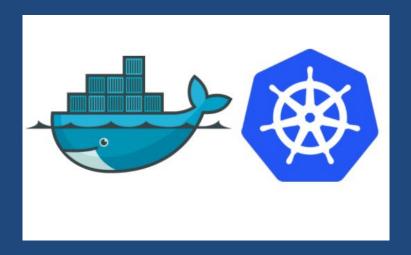
# **Docker Introduction**



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#### Docker

Docker is a platform for developers and sysadmins to develop, deploy, and run applications with containers. The use of Linux containers to deploy applications is called containerization. Containers are not new, but their use for easily deploying

applications is.



#### **Docker**

Containerization is increasingly popular because containers are:

- Flexible: Even the most complex applications can be containerized.
- Lightweight: Containers leverage and share the host kernel.
- Interchangeable: You can deploy updates and upgrades on-the-fly.
- Portable: You can build locally, deploy to the cloud, and run anywhere.
- Scalable: You can increase and automatically distribute container replicas.
- Stackable: You can stack services vertically and on-the-fly.



## **Images and Containers**

A container is launched by running an image. An image is an executable package that includes everything needed to run an application--the code, a runtime, libraries, environment variables, and configuration files.

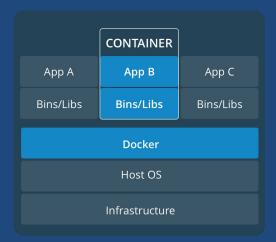
A container is a runtime instance of an image..what the image becomes in memory when executed (that is, an image with state, or a user process). You can see a list of your running containers with the command, docker ps, just as you would in Linux.



#### **Containers and VMs**

A **container** runs *natively* on Linux and shares the kernel of the host machine with other containers. It runs a discrete process, taking no more memory than any other executable, making it lightweight.

By contrast, a **virtual machine** (VM) runs a full-blown "guest" operating system with *virtual* access to host resources through a hypervisor. In general, VMs provide an environment with more resources than most applications need.





## **Docker Installation**

## https://docs.docker.com/install/

```
    linuxbabe@yakkety: ~

linuxbabe@yakkety:~$ sudo apt install docker.io
[sudo] password for linuxbabe:
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following additional packages will be installed:
  bridge-utils cgroupfs-mount containerd git git-man liberror-perl runc
  ubuntu-fan
Suggested packages:
  aufs-tools btrfs-tools debootstrap docker-doc rinse zfs-fuse | zfsutils
  qit-daemon-run | qit-daemon-sysvinit qit-doc qit-el qit-email qit-qui qitk
  gitweb git-arch git-cvs git-mediawiki git-svn
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  bridge-utils cgroupfs-mount containerd docker.io git git-man liberror-perl
  runc ubuntu-fan
O upgraded, 9 newly installed, O to remove and 59 not upgraded.
Need to get 23.3 MB of archives.
After this operation, 147 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
```

Docker works on MacOS, Windows and all Linux flavors



### **Docker Installation/Configuration**

The docker daemon always runs as the root user, and since Docker version 0.5.2, the docker daemon binds to a Unix socket instead of a TCP port. By default that Unix socket is owned by the user root, and so, by default, you can access it with sudo.

However we will tweak it so we do not always need to use sudo to run docker commands.

sudo groupadd docker

sudo gpasswd -a \$USER docker

sudo service docker start

#### **Docker Basics**

#### Try the following...

docker --version

docker info

docker ps

docker run hello-world

docker images

```
ubuntu@k8s1:/home/vagrant ×
                             ramak@ramak-acer: /home/...
                                                         ramak@ramak-acer: /home/... ×
                                                                                     ramak@ramak-acer: /home/...
ubuntu@k8s1:/home/vagrant$ docker --version
Docker version 1.11.2, build b9f10c9
ubuntu@k8s1:/home/vagrantS docker ps
CONTAINER ID
                    IMAGE
                                                  COMMAND
                                                                            CREATED
                                                                                                STATUS
PORTS
                    NAMES
f0f1450a2704
                    77019aa0531a
                                                  "/usr/local/bin/kube-"
                                                                           14 hours ago
                                                                                                Up 14 hours
                    k8s kube-proxy kube-proxy-gbtgg kube-system 98296b97-4aa5-11e8-b79a-02c521467dcc 0
f65b4d2d4172
                    k8s.gcr.io/pause-amd64:3.1
                                                   "/pause"
                                                                            14 hours ago
                                                                                                Up 14 hours
                    k8s POD kube-proxy-abtgg kube-system 98296b97-4aa5-11e8-b79a-02c521467dcc 0
                                                  "etcd --trusted-ca-fi"
                                                                                                Up 14 hours
302e1f28450d
                    52920ad46f5b
                                                                           14 hours ago
                    k8s etcd etcd-k8s1 kube-system f3769f4ee90e0d170cd34830a46291d8 0
                                                  "kube-controller-mana"
                                                                                                Up 14 hours
3fa45e065c40
                    f3fcd0775c4e
                                                                            14 hours ago
                    k8s kube-controller-manager kube-controller-manager-k8s1 kube-system e796045d1dd83d91f728bfc5d
9334a67 0
50e0dcb5d145
                    0dcb3dea0db1
                                                  "kube-scheduler --kub"
                                                                           14 hours ago
                                                                                                Up 14 hours
                    k8s kube-scheduler kube-scheduler-k8s1 kube-system 4dc560b7def1dd78e4d22f5f99131899 0
dd1d39c78d81
                    e774f647e259
                                                  "kube-apiserver --all"
                                                                           15 hours ago
                                                                                                Up 15 hours
                    k8s kube-apiserver kube-apiserver-k8s1 kube-system a20111e08cd6508cbecf6945365f08e7 0
98ee9e12e019
                    k8s.gcr.io/pause-amd64:3.1
                                                  "/pause"
                                                                            15 hours ago
                                                                                                Up 15 hours
                    k8s POD etcd-k8s1 kube-system f3769f4ee90e0d170cd34830a46291d8 0
59629436dc4a
                    k8s.gcr.io/pause-amd64:3.1
                                                   "/pause"
                                                                           15 hours ago
                                                                                                Up 15 hours
                    k8s POD kube-scheduler-k8s1 kube-svstem 4dc560b7def1dd78e4d22f5f99131899 0
9810705eeeb9
                    k8s.gcr.io/pause-amd64:3.1
                                                  "/pause"
                                                                           15 hours ago
                                                                                                Up 15 hours
                    k8s POD kube-apiserver-k8s1 kube-system a20111e08cd6508cbecf6945365f08e7 0
FRACCERACZEA
                                                                                                Iln 15 hours
                                                                            15 hours and
```

#### **Docker Basics**

#### Let us try something more...run the following

```
docker search redis # what and where is it searching?
docker run -d redis # what is it doing ?
```

docker ps # what is it doing?

docker stats # what do you get?

docker inspect # what do you get?

docker logs # what do you get?



#### **Docker Hands-on-exercises**

Goto this URL <a href="https://www.katacoda.com/courses/docker">https://www.katacoda.com/courses/docker</a>

Sign up or Sign in.

Run the commands that saw in the previous side.

#### **Docker Hands-on-exercises**

1)Let us deploy and run redis database image.

Stop the container using docker stop <containerID>

Delete the docker container using docker rm < ContainerID>

Delete the docker image using docker rmi <imageID>

Access the directory and check the file system . This is where Docker stores all the config information /var/lib/docker

### Docker: Install a webserver on a container

**Create the required Files** 

docker build -t webserver-image:v1 . docker images docker run -d -p 8880:8880 webserver-image:v1



#### **Dockerfile**

https://docs.docker.com/get-started/#test-docker-installation

Dockerfile defines what goes on in the environment inside your container like Packages to install, download, configure and run.

#### Dockerfile example

 The following is the dockerfile for opensshserver

FROM centos:centos6
MAINTAINER cawamata

RUN yum update –y RUN yum install –y openssh-server

PLIN asha 'reatitast' | shassaid

RUN echo 'root:test' | chpasswd

RUN sed -i '/pam\_loginuid\u00e4.so/s/required/optional/' /etc/pam.d/sshd

RUN /sbin/service sshd start

**EXPOSE 22** 

CMD /usr/sbin/sshd -D

