

## Server Setup & Deployment (Manual Setup)

### 1. Provision a Linux server (Ubuntu 22.04 or similar) on any cloud provider (AWS, GCP, DigitalOcean, or a local VM).

- a. Go to AWS EC2 Dashboard - Launch Instance
- b. Choose Ubuntu 22.04 LTS
- c. Select Instance Type: t2.micro (Free Tier)
- d. Create or Select a Key Pair (for SSH access)
- e. Configure Security Group:
  - i. Allow SSH (22) only from your IP
  - ii. Allow HTTP (80) and HTTPS (443) for all
- f. Launch the instance and copy the Public IP
- g. Connect to EC2 via SSH:
  - i. `ssh -i my-sample-key.pem ubuntu@your-ec2-public-ip`

### 2. Manually install and configure NGINX to serve a basic HTML page (index.html).

- a. `sudo yum update -y`
- b. `sudo yum install nginx`
- c. `sudo systemctl enable nginx --now`
- d. `echo "<h1>Welcome</h1>" | sudo tee /var/www/html/index.html`
  - i. Test in Browser - Open `http://your-ec2-public-ip`

### 3. Use Cert-bot to install an SSL certificate and configure auto-renewal.

- a. `sudo apt install certbot python3-certbot-nginx`
- b. `sudo certbot --nginx -d mysampledomain.com -d www.mysampledomain.com`
- c. `sudo certbot renew --dry-run`
  - i. Verify SSL in Browser: Open `https://mysampledomain.com`

### 4. Harden the server security:

- a. Configure firewall rules to allow only SSH (port 22) and HTTP/HTTPS (ports 80, 443).
  - i. Go to AWS EC2 Dashboard -> Security Groups -> Create Security Group
  - ii. Set inbound rules to allow only necessary traffic,

SSH	TCP	22	Your IP only (e.g., 203.0.113.1/32)
HTTP	TCP	80	0.0.0.0/0
HTTPS	TCP	443	0.0.0.0/0
  - iii. Attach the Security Group to your EC2 instance.

### 5. Disable root login and password-based SSH access.

- a. `sudo vim /etc/ssh/sshd_config`
  - i. `PermitRootLogin no`
  - ii. `PasswordAuthentication no`
- b. `sudo systemctl restart sshd`

### 6. Document all commands used and any troubleshooting steps taken.

- a. `sudo systemctl status nginx`
- b. `sudo systemctl restart nginx (if req)`
- c. `sudo certbot certificates`
- d. `sudo certbot renew`
- e. `sudo ufw status`