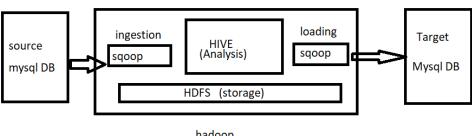
## **Hive HealthCare Analytics**

## **Project Architecture:**

Hive Project Architecture



hadoop

## Importing 13 tables from source database

sqoop import-all-tables --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/healthcare --username root --password cloudera --hive-import --m 1

```
ging initialized using configuration in file:/etc/hive/conf.dist/hive-log4j.properties
WING: Hive CLI is deprecated and migration to Beeline is recommended.
```

## **Analysing tables using Hive:**

Step1: Creating hive external table to store analysis output

Step2: inserting Analysis result into hive external tables

Step3: creating table in source database

Step5: exporting the table data from hive external table to table in target Database

Step6: Checking the exported table in target database

#### **Problem statement1:**

The Healthcare department wants a report about the inventory of pharmacies.

Generate a report on their behalf that shows how many units of medicine each pharmacy has in their inventory, the total maximum retail price of those medicines, and the total price of all the medicines after discount.

Note: discount field in keep signifies the percentage of discount on the maximum price.

create external table ph\_inv(pharmacyid int,variety\_of\_medicines int,total\_units int,total\_value float) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';

```
insert into table ph_inv
  select D.pharmacyid ,count(D.medicineid) as variety_of_medicines,
  sum(D.quantity) as total_units,
  sum(D.totalval) as total value
  from
    (select
    ph.pharmacyid,
    keep.medicineid,
    quantity,
    maxprice,
    discount,
    (quantity*maxprice)*(1-0.01*discount) as totalval from pharmacy ph left outer join keep on
ph.pharmacyid=keep.pharmacyid join medicine on medicine.medicineid=keep.medicineid) D
  group by D.pharmacyid
  order by total_value desc;
---in mysgldb
  create table pharmacy_inventory(pharmacyid int,variety_of_medicines int,total_units int,total_value float);
sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table
pharmacy inventory --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/ph inv --input-fields-terminated-by ','
```

```
new or create arternal table gharmacy_inventory(pharmacyid int,variety_of_medicines int,total_value float)

**Stored as TRATELE;

**OK

**Time tables: 0.166 second

**Description

**Stored as TRATELE;

**Stored as Tratel
```

8718	468	2329374	2.10052e+09
9645	356	1846092	6.93084e+08
5904 j	405	2102600	1.91128e+09
8173	393	1912433	1.75643e+09
4221	415	2096473	1.7325e+09
4137	412	2085908	1.57049e+09
3469	480	2513572	1.56899e+09
5058	441	2212786	1.54314e+09
8760	458	2204933	1.53572e+09
7472	460	2437237	1.48834e+09

## **Problem statement 2:**

The healthcare department suspects that some pharmacies prescribe more medicines than others

in a single prescription, for them, generate a report that finds for each pharmacy the maximum,

minimum and average number of medicines prescribed in their prescriptions.

create external table med\_prescri(pharmacyid int,avg\_of\_max\_quantity float,avg\_of\_min\_quantity float,avg\_of\_avg\_quantity float)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';

insert into table med\_prescri select D.pharmacyid,

```
avg(D.max_quantity) as avg_of_max_quantity,
  avg(D.min_quantity) as avg_of_min_quantity,
  avg(D.avg_quantity) as avg_of_avg_quantity
  from
    (select p.prescriptionid,p.pharmacyid,
    max(c.quantity) as max_quantity,
    min(c.quantity) as min_quantity,
    avg(c.quantity) as avg_quantity
    from prescription p inner join contain c on p.prescriptionid=c.prescriptionid
    group by p.pharmacyid,p.prescriptionid
    order by p.pharmacyid) D
  group by D.pharmacyid
  order by avg_of_avg_quantity;
--in mysqldb
  create table med_prescri(pharmacyid int,avg_of_max_quantity
float,avg_of_min_quantity float,avg_of_avg_quantity float);
```

sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table med\_prescri --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/med\_prescri --input-fields-terminated-by ','

```
New Insert into table and present

select Openacyid,

selection to get Interest Openacyid,

selection to get
```

```
acyid int,avg_of_max_quantity float,avg_of_min_quantity float,avg_of_avg_quantity float);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
 ysql> select * from med_prescri limit 20;
  pharmacyid | avg_of_max_quantity | avg_of_min_quantity | avg_of_avg_quantity
                                                   4.15217
                            15.2545
        6611
                                                    4.12727
                                                                           9.63561
        6305
                            14.4423
                                                   5.01923
                                                                           9.69226
        1386
                            15.2923
                                                   4.64615
                                                                           9.70522
                                                    3.9375
                             15.375
                            15.8276
        2593
                                                   3.93103
                            14.9153
                            15.1642
15.5455
        7887
                                                    4.8209
        8173
                                                   3.89091
        1724
1332
                            15.6056
                                                    4.25352
                                                                           9.81417
                            14.8182
        6863
                            15.1304
                                                    4.69565
                                                                           9.89385
                                                    4.39706
                            15.9242
                                                    4.30303
                                                                           9.93935
        7448
                            16.0128
20 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

## **Problem Statement3:**

A company needs to set up 3 new pharmacies, they have come up with an idea that the pharmacy can be set up in cities where the pharmacy-to-prescription ratio is the lowest and the number of prescriptions should exceed 100.

Assist the company to identify those cities where the pharmacy can be set up.

```
create external table city_pharmacy(city string,prescription_cnt int,pharmacy_cnt int,prescr_pharmacy_ratio float)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';

insert into table city_pharmacy
select a.city,
count(pr.prescriptionid) as pres_cnt,
count(distinct p.pharmacyid) as pharmacy_cnt,
count(pr.prescriptionid)/count(distinct p.pharmacyid) as prescr_pharmacy_ratio
from address a left outer join pharmacy p on a.addressid=p.addressid
inner join prescription pr on p.pharmacyid=pr.pharmacyid
group by a.city
having pres_cnt>100
order by prescr_pharmacy_ratio desc;
```

#### --in mysqldb

create table city\_pharmacy(city varchar(20),prescription\_cnt int,pharmacy\_cnt int,prescr\_pharmacy\_ratio float);

sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table city\_pharmacy --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/city\_pharmacy --input-fields-terminated-by ','

```
Name of Country (Professional) as person,

count(off), prescriptions(d) as plannacy cot.

count(off), prescriptions(d) as plannacy cot.

country (Statistic p, phannacy) as person,

country (Statistic p, phannacy) as phannacy cot.

country (Statistic p, phannacy) as phannacy cot.

country (Statistic p, phannacy) as person,

country (Statistic p, phannacy) as phannacy cot.

country (Statistic p, phannacy) as country (Statistic p, phannacy) as phannacy cot.

country (Statistic p, phannacy) as country (Statistic p, phannacy)
```

ysql> select * from  city	+	+	prescr_pharmacy_ratio	
Worcester	146	2	73	
Nashville	718	11	65.2727	
Panama City Beach	143	2	71.5	
Glen Burnie	140	2	70	
Goodlettsville	136	2	68	
Anchorage	396	6	66	
Pooler	131	2	65.5	
Crownsville	131	2	65.5	
Montgomery	584	9	64.8889	
Fayetteville	970	15	64.6667	
Manchester	772	12	64.3333	
Washington	1222	19	64.3158	
Farmington	128	2	64	
Glendale	1023	16	63.9375	
Annapolis	127	2	63.5	
5 rows in set (0.01	sec)		<b>,</b>	

## **Problem Statement 4:**

"HealthDirect" pharmacy finds it difficult to deal with the product type of medicine being displayed in numerical form, they want the product type in words. Also, they want to filter the medicines based on tax criteria. Display only the medicines of product categories 1, 2, and 3 for medicines that come under tax category I and medicines of product categories 4, 5, and 6 for medicines that come under tax category II.

```
Write a SQL query to solve this problem.

ProductType numerical form and ProductType in words are given by

1 - Generic,

2 - Patent,

3 - Reference,

4 - Similar,

5 - New,

6 - Specific,

7 - Biological,

8 - Dinamized
```

3 random rows and the column names of the Medicine table are given for reference. Medicine (medicineID, companyName, productName, description, substanceName, productType, taxCriteria, hospitalExclusive, governmentDiscount, taxImunity, maxPrice)

create external table HD\_pharmacy(medicineID int,companyName string,productName string,description string,substanceName string,Product\_Type string,taxCriteria string,hospitalExclusive string,governmentDiscount string,taxImunity string,maxPrice float)

```
float)
  ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
  LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';
  insert into table HD_pharmacy
  select
m.medicineID,m.companyName,m.productName,m.description,m.substanceName,
  case m.productType
    when 1 then "Genereic"
    when 2 then "Patent"
    when 3 then "Reference"
    when 4 then "Similar"
    when 5 then "New"
    when 6 then "Specific"
    when 7 then "Biological"
    when 8 then "Dinamized"
  end as Product Type,
  m.taxCriteria,m.hospitalExclusive,m.governmentDiscount,m.taxImunity,m.maxPrice
  pharmacy ph inner join keep k on ph.pharmacyid=k.pharmacyid
  inner join medicine m on k.medicineid=m.medicineid
  where ph.pharmacyName="HealthDirect" and
  ((m.productType in (1,2,3) and m.taxCriteria="I") or (m.productType in (4,5,6) and
m.taxCriteria="II"))
  ORDER BY m.taxCriteria:
```

## --in mysqldb

create table HD\_pharmacy(medicineID int,companyName varchar(100),productName varchar(100),description varchar(100),substanceName varchar(100),Product\_Type varchar(30),taxCriteria varchar(10),hospitalExclusive varchar(10),governmentDiscount varchar(10),taxImunity varchar(10),maxPrice float);

sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table HD\_pharmacy --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/hd\_pharmacy --input-fields-terminated-by ','

```
Payable Create table to DistrinacyToodLiceDist, CompanyAsser extchar(100), productHume varchar(100), description varchar(100), substanceDistrict varchar(100), hospitalExclusive varchar(100), description varchar(100), product Type varchar(100), taxCriteria varchar(100), hospitalExclusive varchar(100), description varchar(100), product Type varchar(100), taxCriteria varchar(100), hospitalExclusive varchar(100), description varchar(100), product Type varchar(100), taxCriteria varchar(100), hospitalExclusive varchar(100), description varchar(100), product Type varchar(100), taxCriteria varchar(100), hospitalExclusive varchar(100), description varchar(100), product Type varchar(100), product
```

## **Problem Statement 5:**

Sarah, from the healthcare department, has noticed many people do not claim insurance for

their treatment. She has requested a state-wise report of the percentage of treatments that

took place without claiming insurance. Assist Sarah by creating a report as per her requirement.

create external table statewise\_unclaimed(state string,total\_treatments\_notClaimed int,total\_treatments int,unClaimed\_percentage float)

# ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';

insert into table statewise\_unclaimed select a.state, count(t.treatmentid)-count(t.claimid) as total\_treatments\_notClaimed, count(t.treatmentid) as total\_treatments, ((count(t.treatmentid)-count(t.claimid))/count(t.treatmentid))\*100 as unClaimed\_percentage from address a left outer join person p on a.addressid=p.addressid inner join treatment t on p.personid = t.patientid group by a.state;

## --in mysqldb

create table statewise\_unclaimed(state varchar(20),total\_treatments\_notClaimed int,total\_treatments int,unClaimed\_percentage float);

sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table statewise\_unclaimed --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/statewise\_unclaimed --input-fields-terminated-by ','

```
Inversion table statewise unclaimed

> select a.state,

> count(I.treatment(d) count(I.claimid) as total_treatments_not(laimed,

> count(I.treatment(d)) as total_treatments_not(laimed,

> promp by state;

> interpoint treatment on p.person(d = I.patientid

| qroup by state;

| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = I.patientid
| qroup by state;

| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = I.patientid
| qroup by state;

| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = I.patientid
| qroup by state;

| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = I.patientid
| qroup by state;

| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = I.patientid
| qroup by state;

| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = I.patientid
| qroup by state;

| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = I.patientid
| qroup by state;

| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = I.patientid
| qroup by state;

| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = I.patientid
| safers_not(d) = not p.person(d) = not p.person(d)
```

14

## **Problem Statement6:**

In the Inventory of a pharmacy 'Spot Rx' the quantity of medicine is considered 'HIGH QUANTITY'

when the quantity exceeds 7500

and 'LOW QUANTITY' when the quantity falls short of 1000. The discount is considered "HIGH"

if the discount rate on a product is 30% or higher, and the discount is considered "NONE"

when the discount rate on a product is 0%.

'Spot Rx' needs to find all the Low quantity products with high discounts and all the high-quantity

products with no discount so they can adjust the discount rate according to the demand. Write a query for the pharmacy listing all the necessary details relevant to the given requirement.

Hint: Inventory is reflected in the Keep table.

```
create external table medicine_status(medicineid int,quantity int,qty_status string,discount_status string)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';

insert into table medicine_status
select k.medicineid ,k.quantity,
    case
    when k.quantity>7500 then "HIGH QUANTITY"
    when k.quantity<1000 then "LOW QUANTITY"
    else "OK"
```

```
end as qty_status,

case

when k.discount>30 then "HIGH"

when k.discount=0 then "NONE"

else "NORMAL"

end as discount_status

from keep k inner join pharmacy ph on k.pharmacyid=ph.pharmacyid

where ph.`pharmacyName`="Spot Rx"

and ( (k.quantity<1000 and k.discount>30) or (k.quantity>7500 and k.discount=0) );

--in mysqldb

create table medicine_status(medicineid int,quantity int,qty_status

varchar(50),discount_status varchar(50));
```

sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table medicine\_status --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/medicine\_status --input-fields-terminated-by ','

```
select Medicineid A. Guernity-1900 then 'INDM QUANTITY'

- see
- see & quantity-1900 then 'INDM QUANTITY'

- when & discount-19 then 'INDM'
- when & discount-19 t
```

```
ysql> create table medicine_status(medicineid int,quantity int,qty_status varchar(50),discount_status varchar(50));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
mysql> select * from medicine status;
   medicineid | quantity | qty status
                                                                 | discount status |
                              9611 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
8327 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
8094 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
8939 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
7618 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
8575 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
8924 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
8474 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
8512 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
7790 | HIGH QUANTITY | NONE
           43387 |
           43598
           50031
           50220
           53209
              807
             2791
             5529
             9192
             9530
                               7790 | HIGH QUANTITY
7853 | HIGH QUANTITY
           15999
                                                                     NONE
           35997
                                                                     NONE
                               9185 | HIGH QUANTITY
9939 | HIGH QUANTITY
           36453
                                                                     NONE
            37372
                                                                     NONE
           39816
                               7664 | HIGH QUANTITY
                                                                     NONE
                               7560 | HIGH QUANTITY
7504 | HIGH QUANTITY
            41404
                                                                     NONE
           17172
                                                                     NONE
                               7756 | HIGH QUANTITY
8821 | HIGH QUANTITY
           19571
                                                                     NONE
           25319
                                                                     NONE
                               7835 | HIGH QUANTITY
9810 | HIGH QUANTITY
9495 | HIGH QUANTITY
           26749
                                                                     NONE
           31111
                                                                     NONE
22 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

## problem statement7:

The total quantity of medicine in a prescription is the sum of the quantity of all the medicines in the prescription.

Select the prescriptions for which the total quantity of medicine exceeds the avg of the total quantity of medicines for all the prescriptions.

```
create external table prescri_medcount(prescriptionid int,tot_qty int)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';

insert into table prescri_medcount
select prescriptionid,tot_qty from
    (select pr.prescriptionid,sum(c.quantity) as tot_qty,
    avg(sum(c.quantity)) over() as avg_qty
    from
    pharmacy ph inner join Prescription pr on ph.pharmacyid=pr.pharmacyid
    inner join contain c on c.prescriptionid=pr.prescriptionid
    group by pr.prescriptionid) D
    where tot_qty > avg_qty;

--in mysqldb:
    create table prescri_medcount(prescriptionid int,tot_qty int);
```

sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table prescri\_medcount --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/prescri\_medcount --input-fields-terminated-by ','

```
D223-09.19 SQ129595 Earl Of Local task: Time Taken: 2.100 sec.

Execution completed successfully

Sec. Office Control of Control Contr
```

```
mysql> select * from prescri medcount limit 10;
  prescriptionid | tot qty |
    -1092143142 | 60 |
-1092481849 | 51 |
                     49
    -1094009152
    -1096925398
                      55
    -1097448268
                      62
    -1098589041 |
                      48
    -1102633192
                      46
    -1102731773
                      95
    -1103309421 |
                      77
    -1103590598 | 83 |
10 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

#### **Problem Statement8:**

The State of Alabama (AL) is trying to manage its healthcare resources more efficiently. For each city in their state, they need to identify the disease for which the maximum number of patients have gone for treatment. Assist the state for this purpose.

Note: The state of Alabama is represented as AL in Address Table.

	4abla		
address	lable	partition	

```
CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS address_part (addressid int,address1 string,city string,zip int)

COMMENT 'Address_partition'

PARTITIONED BY (state string)

ROW FORMAT DELIMITED

FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','

LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';
```

insert into address\_part partition(state) select addressid ,address1 ,city,zip,state from address:

```
hive CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS address_part (addressid int,address1 string,city string,zip int)

> COMMENT 'Address_partition'
> PARTITIONED BY (State string)
> ROW FORNAT DELINITED
> FIELDS TERMINATED BY '\n';

OK
Time taken: 0.192 seconds
hive set hive.exec.dynamic.partition=true;
hive set hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode=nonstrict;
hive insert into address_part partition(state) select addressid_address1_city,zip,state from address;
0uery ID = Cloudera_20230314043131_23d378eb-2b07-4700-b4b2-0beaf907c657
Total_jobs = 3
Launching_Job i out of 3
Number of reduce tasks is set to 0 since there's no reduce operator
Starting_Job = job_1678786880207_0007, Tracking_URL = http://guickstart.cloudera:8008/proxy/application_1678786880207_0007/
Kill Command = /usr/lib/hadoop/bin/hadoop_job -kill_job_1678786880207_0007
Hadoop_job information for Stage-1: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 0
2023-03-14_04:31:145.29_Stage-1 map = 00%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 1.9 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 1 seconds 900 msec
Ended_Job = job_1678786880207_0007
Stage-4 is selected by condition resolver.
Stage-3 is filtered out by condition resolver.
Stage-3 is filtered out by condition resolver.
Moving_data_to: hdfs://quickstart.cloudera:8020/user/hive/warehouse/address_part/.hive-staging_hive_2023-03-14_04-31-36_131_8507631839507569658-1/-ext-10000
```

\_\_\_\_\_

```
create external table AL_treatcount(city string, disease id int, treat_cnt int) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';
```

```
insert into table AL_treatcount select city,diseaseid,treat_cnt from
```

```
(select a.city,t.diseaseid,count( t.treatmentid) as treat_cnt,
dense_rank() over(partition by a.city order by count( t.treatmentid) desc) as drnk
from treatment t inner join person p on t.patientid=p.personid
inner join address_part a on p.addressid=a.addressid
where a.state="AL"
group by a.city,t.diseaseid
order by a.city asc ) D
```

```
where drnk=1 order by treat_cnt desc;
```

## --in mysqldb:

create table AL\_treatcount(city varchar(50), disease id int, treat\_cnt int);

sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table AL\_treatcount --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/al\_treatcount --input-fields-terminated-by ','

```
Total cumulative CPU time: 2 seconds 780 msec
Ended Job = job_1678869251323 0010
Launching Job 3 out of 4
Number of reduce tasks determined at compile time: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
   set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
   set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1678869251323_0011, Tracking URL = http://quickstart.cloudera:808
Kill Command = /usr/lib/hadoop/bin/hadoop job -kill job_1678869251323_0011
Hadoop job information for Stage-5: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2023-03-15 02:38:18,935 Stage-5 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2023-03-15 02:38:26,507 Stage-5 map = 100%, reduce = 0%, Cumulative CPU 1.01 sec
2023-03-15 02:38:34,012 Stage-5 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 2.14 sec
MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 2 seconds 140 msec
Ended Job = job_1678869251323_0011
Launching Job 4 out of 4
Number of reduce tasks determined at semails time.
 Starting Job = job_1678869251323_0011, Tracking URL = http://quickstart.cloudera:8088/proxy/application_1678869251323_0011/
Number of reduce tasks determined at compile time: 1
In order to change the average load for a reducer (in bytes):
   set hive.exec.reducers.bytes.per.reducer=<number>
In order to limit the maximum number of reducers:
    set hive.exec.reducers.max=<number>
In order to set a constant number of reducers:
set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
Starting Job = job_1678869251323_0012, Tracking URL = http://quickstart.cloudera:8088/proxy/application_1678869251323_0012/
Kill Command = /usr/lib/haddoop/bin/haddoop job -kill job_1678869251323_0012
Haddoop job information for Stage-6: number of mappers: 1; number of reducers: 1
2023-03-15 02:38:43,306 Stage-6 map = 0%, reduce = 0%
2023-03-15 02:38:51,231 Stage-6 map = 100%, reduce = 0% Cumulative CPU 0.89 sec
2023-03-15 02:38:58,766 Stage-6 map = 100%, reduce = 100%, Cumulative CPU 2.56 sec
   set mapreduce.job.reduces=<number>
 MapReduce Total cumulative CPU time: 2 seconds 560 msec
Ended Job = job_1678869251323_0012
 Loading data to table default.al_treatcount
Table default.al_treatcount stats: [numFiles=1, numRows=9, totalSize=217, rawDataSize=208]
 MapReduce Jobs Launched:
Stage-Stage-3: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 3.41 sec
Stage-Stage-4: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.78 sec
Stage-Stage-5: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.14 sec
Stage-Stage-6: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.56 sec
Stage-Stage-6: Map: 1 Reduce: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.56 sec

HDFS Read: 424258 HDFS Write: 1758 SUCCESS
HDFS Read: 424258 HDFS Write: 438 SUCCESS
HDFS Read: 4589 HDFS Write: 438 SUCCESS
HDFS Read: 5694 HDFS Write: 295 SUCCESS
 Total MapReduce CPU Time Spent: 10 seconds 890 msec
Time taken: 111.261 seconds
```

```
mysql> create table AL treatcount(city varchar(50),diseaseid int,treat cnt int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from AL treatcount;
 city | diseaseid | treat_cnt |
| Indian Springs Village | 10 | 1 |
| Montgomery | 22 | 28 |
 Montgomery
                               11 |
                                          28
 Montevallo
                               36 I
                                            2
                             19
 Indian Springs Village |
                                            1
 Indian Springs Village |
                                1 |
                                            1
                              27 |
 Indian Springs Village |
Indian Springs Village |
                               32 |
                                            1
 Indian Springs Village | 36 |
                                            1 |
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
```

#### **Problem Statement9:**

The healthcare department wants a pharmacy report on the percentage of hospital-exclusive

medicine prescribed in the year 2022.

Assist the healthcare department to view for each pharmacy, the pharmacy id, pharmacy name, total quantity of medicine prescribed in 2022, total quantity of hospital-exclusive medicine prescribed by the pharmacy in 2022, and the percentage of hospital-exclusive medicine to the total medicine prescribed in 2022.

Order the result in descending order of the percentage found.

```
-----partition & buckets on treatment------
create table if not exists treatment_part_buckt
(
treatmentid int,
date string,
patientid int,
diseaseid int,
claimid int
)
partitioned by (year string)
clustered by (treatmentid) into 3 buckets
row format delimited
```

```
fields terminated by ','
stored as textfile;

insert into treatment_part_bkt
partition(year)
select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid,year(date) as year from treatment;
```

insert into treatment\_part\_buckt partition(year) select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid,year(date) as year from treatment;

```
)
partitioned by (year string)
clustered by (treatmentid) into 3 buckets
row format delimited
fields terminated by ','
stored as textfile
ime taken: 0.106 seconds

ive> insert into treatment_part_buckt

> partition(year)

> select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid, year(date) as year from treatment;

ALLED: ParseException line 3:71 character ' not supported here
ive> insert into treatment part buckt partition(year) select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid, year(date) as year from treatment;

ALLED: ParseException line 1:120 character ' not supported here
ive> insert into treatment part buckt partition(year) select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid,year(date) as year from treatment;

ALLED: ParseException line 1:119 character ' not supported here
ive> insert into treatment part buckt partition(year) select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid,year(date) as year from treatment;

ALLED: ParseException line 1:119 character ' not supported here
ive> insert into treatment_part_bkt
> partition(year)
> select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid, year(date) as year from treatment;

ALLED: ParseException line 3:70 character ' not supported here
ive> insert into treatment_part_bkt
> partition(year)
> select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid,year(date) as year from treatment;

ALLED: ParseException line 3:70 character ' not supported here
ive> insert into treatment_part_bkt
> partition(year)
> select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid,year(date) as year from treatment;

ALLED: ParseException line 3:70 character ' not supported here
ive> insert into treatment part_bkt
> partition(year)
> select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid,year(date) as year from treatment;

ALLED: ParseException line 3:70 character ' not supported here
ive> insert into treatment part_bkt
partition(year)
> select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid,year(date) as year from treatment;

ALLED: ParseException line 3:70 character ' not supported here
ive> insert into treatment part_bkt
partition(year)
> select treatmentid,date,patientid,diseaseid,claimid,year(date) as year from treatment;
                                          Insert into treatments and compared to the content of the content 
                                                   nsert into treatment part Buckt partition;pear) select creatment part partition;pear) select creatment part partition;pear) select creatment part partition;pear) select partition;pear pa
                                                                                                                         Map: 1 Cumulative CPU: 2.9 sec HDFS Read: 413900 HDFS Write: 401873 SUCCESS
te CPU Time Spent: 2 seconds 900 msec
```

create external table hex\_medstatus(pharmacyname string,total\_quantity\_2022 int,HEX\_quantity\_2022 int,HEX\_medicine\_percent float)

## ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';

```
with cte as
  (select ph.pharmacyname,
  sum(c.quantity) as total quantity 2022,
  sum(if(m.hospitalExclusive="S",c.quantity,0)) as HEX_quantity_2022
  from
  pharmacy ph inner join prescription pr on ph.pharmacyid=pr.pharmacyid
  inner join treatment_part_buckt t on t.treatmentid=pr.treatmentid
  inner join contain c on c.prescriptionid=pr.prescriptionid
  inner join medicine m on m.medicineid=c.medicineid
  where year(t.date)=2022
  group by ph.pharmacyname
  order by ph.pharmacyname)
insert into table hex_medstatus
select pharmacyname,total_quantity_2022,HEX_quantity_2022,
(HEX_quantity_2022*100)/total_quantity_2022 as HEX_medicine_percent
from cte
order by HEX_medicine_percent desc;
```

## --in mysqldb

create table hex\_medstatus(pharmacyname varchar(50),total\_quantity\_2022 int,HEX\_quantity\_2022 int,HEX\_medicine\_percent float);

sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table hex\_medstatus --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/hex\_medstatus --input-fields-terminated-by ','

```
| Select Bullarmacymane, | Similiary | Select Bullarmacymane, | Select Bullarmacymane
```

ysql> create table nex_medstatus(pn uerv OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)	narmacyname varchar(50),	total_quantity_2022,	int,HEX_quantity_20
uery ok, o rows affected (0.01 sec)			
<pre>/sql&gt; select * from hex_medstatus;</pre>			
			<b>+</b>
pharmacyname	total_quantity_2022		HEX_medicine_percent
Northwest Medication Management	1185		
Wellcare	360	45	
Union Center Pharmacy	683	84	
Wellwise	712	87	
Right Drugs	1065	130	
Smart Pharmacy	584	71	12.1575
Pharmacy Partners	571	69	12.0841
Pharma Street	675	80	11.8519
DFW Wellness	719	85	11.822
Pill Pack	687	81	11.7904
Family Drug Mart	745	87	11.6779
First Hill Pharmacy	706	82	11.6147
Simple Meds	750	87	11.6
Southwest Pharmacy	867	100	11.534
Spot Rx	797	91	11.4178
Good Neighbor Pharmacy	694	78	11.2392
Below Drug	883	99	11.2118
Family Fare	655	73	11.145
Concord Pharmacy	1195	133	11.1297
Lifechek	649	72	11.094
Welltrack	1075	119	11.0698
Acculife Drug Stores	662	73	11.0272
Pharma Best	564	62	10.9929
Ally Scripts	428	47	10.9813
Pearl River Pharmacy	529	57	10.775
MedImpact	481	51	10.6029
Goodness	1142	121	10.5954

### **Problem Statement10:**

Jhonny, from the finance department of Arizona(AZ), has requested a report that lists the total quantity of medicine each pharmacy in his state has prescribed that falls under Tax criteria I for treatments that took place in 2021. Assist Jhonny in generating the report.

create external table az\_treatments(pharmacyname string,total\_qty int)
ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ','
LINES TERMINATED BY '\n';

insert into table az\_treatments select ph.pharmacyname,sum(c.quantity) as total\_quantity from

address a inner join pharmacy ph on a.addressid=ph.addressid inner join prescription pr on ph.pharmacyid=pr.pharmacyid inner join treatment\_part\_buckt t on pr.treatmentid=t.treatmentid left outer join contain c on c.prescriptionid=pr.prescriptionid inner join medicine m on m.medicineid=c.medicineid where a.state="AZ" and m.taxcriteria="I" and year(t.date)=2021 group by ph.pharmacyname order by total\_quantity desc;

## --in mysqldb:

create table az\_treatments(pharmacyname varchar(50),total\_qty int);

sqoop export --connect jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/results --username root --password cloudera --table az\_treatments --export-dir /user/hive/warehouse/az\_treatments --input-fields-terminated-by ','

mysql> select * from az	
pharmacyname	total_qty 
Outpatient Pharmacy	567
Wellman?s Pharmacy	567
HealthDirect	535
IDL Drug Stores	524
Kerr Drug	460
University Pharmacy	448
Lyfe Pharmacy	412
Pocketpills	411
Caremark	369
Heallergy	290
Newday Drug Store	211
MedSavvy	179
Cashway Pharmacy	123
Be Well	364
Reliable Rexall	358
Louis And Clark Drug	348
Express Scripts	329
17 rows in set (0.00 sec	-)
17 1003 111 300 (0.00 300	- /
mysal >	