prac3c.wxmx 1 / 4

## **Practical 3c**

Finding the following for a given partially ordered set

- i. Covering relations.
- ii. Minimal and maximal elements.

Greatest and Least elements

## 1 Greatest Element

```
kill(all);
(%00) done
      gElement(A, R):=block(
         [s, f:0, t:0],
         for j:1 thru length(A) do(
            s:0,
            for i:1 thru length(A) do(
              if(member([A[i], A[j]], R)) then(s:s+1)
            ),
           if(s=length(A)) then(t:j, return(t))
         if(t=0) then(return("no greatest element")) else(return(concat(A[t], " is the greatest
      );
(\%01) gElement(A,R):=block([s,f:0,t:0], for j thru length(A)
       do (s:0, for i thru length (A) do if member ([A_i, A_i], R) then s
      :s+1, if s=length(A) then (t:j, return(t))), if t=0 then
      return (no greatest element) else
      return (concat (A_t, is the greatest element)))
 1.1
      A:[2, 3, 4, 6, 8];
(%o2) [2,3,4,6,8]
      R:[[8,8],[6,6],[4,8],[4,4],[3,6],[3,3],[2,8],[2,6],[2,4],[2,2]];
(%o3) [[8,8],[6,6],[4,8],[4,4],[3,6],[3,3],[2,8],[2,6],[
      2,4],[2,2]]
      gElement(A, R);
(%04) no greatest element
```

prac3c.wxmx 2 / 4

```
B2:[2, 4, 8, 16];
(%o5) [2,4,8,16]
      C2:[[16,16],[8,16],[8,8],[4,16],[4,8],[4,4],[2,16],[2,8],[2,4],[2,2]];
(%06) [[16,16],[8,16],[8,8],[4,16],[4,8],[4,4],[2,16],[
      2,8],[2,4],[2,2]]
      gElement(B2, C2);
(%07) 16 is the greatest element
 1.3
      A:[2,4,5,10,12,20,25];
(%08) [2,4,5,10,12,20,25]
      R:[[25,25],[20,20],[12,12],[10,20],[10,10],[5,25],[5,20],[5,10],[5,5],
        [4,20],[4,12],[4,4],[2,20],[2,12],[2,10],[2,4],[2,2]];
(%09) [[25,25],[20,20],[12,12],[10,20],[10,10],[5,25],[
      5,20],[5,10],[5,5],[4,20],[4,12],[4,4],[2,20],[2,12],[2
      ,10],[2,4],[2,2]]
      gElement(A, R);
(%o10) no greatest element
 2
      Least Element
      kill(all);
(%00) done
```

prac3c.wxmx 3 / 4

```
sElement(A, R):=block(
         [s, f:0, t:0],
         for i:1 thru length(A) do(
            s:0,
            for j:1 thru length(A) do(
              if(member([A[i], A[j]], R)) then(s:s+1)
            if(s=length(A)) then(t:i, return(t))
         if(t=0) then(return("no least element")) else(return(concat(A[t], " is the least element"))
      );
(%01) sElement (A,R):= block ([s,f:0,t:0], for i thru length (A)
       do (s:0, \text{for } j \text{ thru length}(A)) do if member ([A_i, A_i], R) then s
       :s+1, if s=length(A) then (t:i, return(t))), if t=0 then
       return (no least element) else
      return (concat (A_t, is the least element)))
 2.1
      A:[2, 3, 4, 6, 8];
(%o2) [2,3,4,6,8]
      R:[[8,8],[6,6],[4,8],[4,4],[3,6],[3,3],[2,8],[2,6],[2,4],[2,2]];
(%o3) [[8,8],[6,6],[4,8],[4,4],[3,6],[3,3],[2,8],[2,6],[
      2,41,[2,2]]
      sElement(A, R);
(%04) no least element
 2.2
      B2:[2, 4, 8, 16];
(%o5) [2,4,8,16]
       C2:[[16,16],[8,16],[8,8],[4,16],[4,8],[4,4],[2,16],[2,8],[2,4],[2,2]];
(%06) [[16,16],[8,16],[8,8],[4,16],[4,8],[4,4],[2,16],[
      2,8],[2,4],[2,2]]
      sElement(B2, C2);
(%07) 2 is the least element
```

prac3c.wxmx 4 / 4

- $\rightarrow$  A:[2,4,5,10,12,20,25];
- (%08) **[**2,4,5,10,12,20,25**]**

→ R:[[25,25],[20,20],[12,12],[10,20],[10,10],[5,25],[5,20],[5,10],[5,5], [4,20],[4,12],[4,4],[2,20],[2,12],[2,10],[2,4],[2,2]];

- (%09) [[25,25],[20,20],[12,12],[10,20],[10,10],[5,25],[ 5,20],[5,10],[5,5],[4,20],[4,12],[4,4],[2,20],[2,12],[2 ,10],[2,4],[2,2]]
- → sElement(A, R);

(%o10) no least element