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Practical 1

remainder(4, 2);

(%03) 0

Expressing relations as ordered pairs and creating relations.

```
1
       kill(all);
(%00) done
       A:setify(makelist(i, i, 1, 3));
       B:setify(makelist(i, i, 1, 3));
(\%01) {1,2,3}
(\%02) {1,2,3}
       R:cartesian product(A, B);
(%o3) {[1,1],[1,2],[1,3],[2,1],[2,2],[2,3],[3,1],[3,2],
       [3,3]}
       A1:makelist(i, i, 1, 3);
       B1:makelist(i, i, 1, 3);
(\%04) [1,2,3]
(\%05) [1,2,3]
       R1:cartesian product list(A1, B1);
(%06) [[1,1],[1,2],[1,3],[2,1],[2,2],[2,3],[3,1],[3,2],[
       3,3]]
 2
Figure 1: ex 4: Rosen
        Let A be the set \{1, 2, 3, 4\}. Which ordered pairs are in the relation R = \{(a, b) \mid a \text{ divides } b\}?
       kill(all);
(%00) done
       A:makelist(k, k, 1, 4);
(%o1) [1,2,3,4]
       length(A);
(\%02) 4
```

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```
remainder(5, 2);
(\%04) 1
       A2:cartesian_product list(A, A);
(%05) [[1,1],[1,2],[1,3],[1,4],[2,1],[2,2],[2,3],[2,4],[
       3,1],[3,2],[3,3],[3,4],[4,1],[4,2],[4,3],[4,4]]
       R:[];
(%o6) []
       for i:1 thru length(A2) do(
          t:A2[i],
          if(remainder(t[1], t[2])=0) then R:cons(t, R)
       );
(%o7) done
       R;
(%08) [[4,4],[4,2],[4,1],[3,3],[3,1],[2,2],[2,1],[1,1]]
 3
Figure 2:
        Let A be the set \{1, 2, 3, 4\}. Which ordered pairs are in the relation R = \{(a, b) \mid a \text{ divides } b\}?
       kill(all);
(%00) done
       findRelation(A):=block(
          [A2:cartesian product list(A, A), R:[]],
          for i:1 thru length(A2) do(
          t:A2[i],
          if(remainder(t[2], t[1])=0) then R:cons(t, R)
          ),
          R
       );
(%o1) findRelation (A):= block ([A2: cartesian_product_list (A,A),
       R:[]], for i thru length (A2) do
       (t:A2_i, if remainder(t_2, t_1) = 0 then R: cons(t,R)),R)
       findRelation([1, 2]);
(%o2) [[2,2],[1,2],[1,1]]
```

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```
findRelation([1, 2, 3]);
(%o3) [[3,3],[2,2],[1,3],[1,2],[1,1]]
      findRelation([1, 2, 3, 4]);
(%o4) [[4,4],[3,3],[2,4],[2,2],[1,4],[1,3],[1,2],[1,1]]
 4
      Let A be the set {1, 2, 3, 4}.
      Which ordered pairs are in the relation R = \{(a, b) \mid b \text{ divides a}\}?
      kill(all);
(%00) done
      findRelation(A):=block(
         [A2:cartesian product list(A, A), R:[]],
         for i:1 thru length(A2) do(
         t:A2[i],
         if(remainder(t[1], t[2])=0) then R:cons(t, R)
         ),
         R
       );
(\%01) findRelation(A):= block([A2: cartesian product list(A,A),
      R:[]], for i thru length (A2) do
      (t:A2_i, if remainder(t_1, t_2) = 0 then R: cons(t,R)),R)
      findRelation([1, 2]);
(%o2) [[2,2],[2,1],[1,1]]
      findRelation([1, 2, 3]);
(%o3) [[3,3],[3,1],[2,2],[2,1],[1,1]]
      findRelation([1, 2, 3, 4]);
(%o4) [[4,4],[4,2],[4,1],[3,3],[3,1],[2,2],[2,1],[1,1]]
```

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Figure 3: ex 5: Rosen

5.1

5.2

(%00) done

```
Consider these relations on the set of integers:
             R_1 = \{(a, b) \mid a \le b\},\
             R_2 = \{(a, b) \mid a > b\},\
             R_3 = \{(a, b) \mid a = b \text{ or } a = -b\},\
             R_4 = \{(a, b) \mid a = b\},\
             R_5 = \{(a, b) \mid a = b + 1\},\
             R_6 = \{(a, b) \mid a + b \le 3\}.
       kill(all);
(%00) done
       findRelation(A):=block(
          [A2:cartesian product list(A, A), R:[]],
          for i:1 thru length(A2) do(
          t:A2[i],
          if(is(t[1] \le t[2]) = true) then R:cons(t, R)
          ),
          R
       );
(%o1) findRelation(A):= block([A2:cartesian_product_list(A,A),
       R:[]], for i thru length (A2) do
       (t:A2_i, \text{ if is } (t_1 \le t_2) = true \text{ then } R: cons(t,R)),R)
       findRelation([1, 2]);
(%o2) [[2,2],[1,2],[1,1]]
       findRelation([1, 2, 3]);
(%o3) [[3,3],[2,3],[2,2],[1,3],[1,2],[1,1]]
       findRelation([1, 2, 3, 4]);
(%o4) [[4,4],[3,4],[3,3],[2,4],[2,3],[2,2],[1,4],[1,3],[
       1,2],[1,1]]
       kill(all);
```

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```
findRelation(A):=block(
          [A2:cartesian product list(A, A), R:[]],
          for i:1 thru length(A2) do(
          t:A2[i],
          if(is(t[1] > t[2]) = true) then R:cons(t, R)
          ),
          R
       );
(\%o1) findRelation(A):= block([A2: cartesian product list(A,A),
       R:[]], for i thru length (A2) do
       (t:A2_i, \text{if is}(t_1 > t_2) = true \text{ then } R: cons(t,R)),R)
       findRelation([1, 2]);
(%o2) [[2,1]]
       findRelation([1, 2, 3]);
(%o3) [[3,2],[3,1],[2,1]]
       findRelation([1, 2, 3, 4]);
(%o4) [[4,3],[4,2],[4,1],[3,2],[3,1],[2,1]]
 5.3
       kill(all);
(%00) done
       findRelation(A):=block(
          [A2:cartesian product list(A, A), R:[]],
          for i:1 thru length(A2) do(
          t:A2[i],
          if(is((t[1] = t[2]) \text{ or } (t[1] = -t[2])) = true) \text{ then } R:cons(t, R)
          ),
          R
       );
(%o1) findRelation(A):= block([A2:cartesian_product_list(A,A),
       R:[]], for i thru length (A2) do
       (t:A2_i, \text{ if is } (t_1=t_2 \lor t_1=-t_2)=true \text{ then } R: cons(t,R)),R)
       findRelation([1, 2]);
(%o2) [[2,2],[1,1]]
       findRelation([1, 2, 3]);
(%o3) [[3,3],[2,2],[1,1]]
```

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```
findRelation([1, 2, 3, 4]);
(%o4) [[4,4],[3,3],[2,2],[1,1]]
 5.4
       kill(all);
(%00) done
       findRelation(A):=block(
         [A2:cartesian product list(A, A), R:[]],
         for i:1 thru length(A2) do(
         t:A2[i],
         if(is(t[1] = t[2]) = true) then R:cons(t, R)
         R
       );
(\%o1) findRelation(A):= block([A2: cartesian product list(A,A),
       R:[]], for i thru length (A2) do
       (t:A2_i, if is(t_1=t_2)=true then R:cons(t,R)),R)
      findRelation([1, 2]);
(%o2) [[2,2],[1,1]]
      findRelation([1, 2, 3]);
(%o3) [[3,3],[2,2],[1,1]]
       findRelation([1, 2, 3, 4]);
(%o4) [[4,4],[3,3],[2,2],[1,1]]
 5.5
       kill(all);
(%00) done
```

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```
findRelation(A):=block(
         [A2:cartesian product list(A, A), R:[]],
         for i:1 thru length(A2) do(
         t:A2[i],
         if(is(t[1] = t[2] + 1) = true) then R:cons(t, R)
         ),
         R
       );
(\%o1) findRelation(A):= block([A2: cartesian product list(A,A),
       R:[]], for i thru length (A2) do
       (t:A2_i, if is(t_1=t_2+1)=true then R:cons(t,R)),R)
       findRelation([1, 2]);
(%o2) [[2,1]]
       findRelation([1, 2, 3]);
(%o3) [[3,2],[2,1]]
       findRelation([1, 2, 3, 4]);
(%o4) [[4,3],[3,2],[2,1]]
 5.6
       kill(all);
(%00) done
       findRelation(A):=block(
         [A2:cartesian product_list(A, A), R:[]],
         for i:1 thru length(A2) do(
         t:A2[i],
         if(is(t[1] + t[2] \le 3) = true) then R:cons(t, R)
         ),
         R
       );
(\%o1) findRelation(A):= block([A2: cartesian product list(A,A),
       R:[]], for i thru length (A2) do
       (t:A2_i, \text{if is}(t_1+t_2 \le 3) = true \text{ then } R: cons(t,R)),R)
       findRelation([1, 2]);
(%o2) [[2,1],[1,2],[1,1]]
       findRelation([1, 2, 3]);
(%o3) [[2,1],[1,2],[1,1]]
```

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→ findRelation([1, 2, 3, 4]);
(%04) [[2,1],[1,2],[1,1]]