Introduction

Development and using Azure services

Developing applications

<u>Develop Azure Compute Solutions - Containers.</u> <u>Functions and Web Apps</u>



As a developer we need to develop the application.





Local machine

.NET, PHP, Java, Python

Desktop, Console, Web Application

Deployment of the application







Users

Application

Your application needs to be deployed onto some sort of compute infrastructure.

Develop Azure compute solutions - Azure Virtual Machines

What are we going to do

ASP.NET Core 8

PHP





We will look at simple applications.

We will deploy these applications onto Virtual Machines.

We will use Visual Studio Code as our development tool.

What goes into deploying a virtual machine

What is the Azure Virtual Machine service

Generally what does a company need in order to host an application and make it available to users.

Buy physical servers

Buy storage

Setup a network



All of this costs money, there is an initial investment that the company needs to undertake.

Large companies will normally setup data centers.

These centers contain a number of servers, storage devices, racks, cooling devices etc.

All of this is an investment from the company.

The first service we are going to look into is the Azure Virtual Machine service.



This is a compute service that allows you to host virtual machines on the Azure cloud network.

What is involved in the deployment of a virtual machine.





What is the size of virtual machine - number of vCPU's, RAM

What is the number and size of the disks you want allocated for the virtual machine.

What is the underlying operating system - Ubuntu, Windows Server.



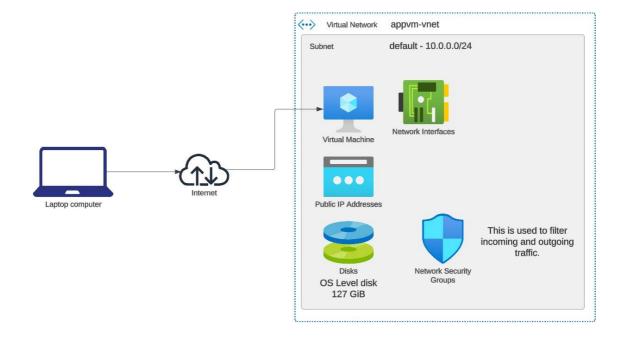
The network details for the virtual machine.



A network allows devices to communicate with each other.



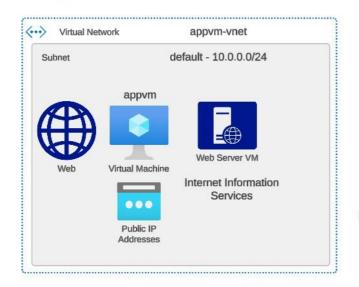
Lab - Connecting to the Virtual Machine



Develop Azure compute solutions - Azure Web Apps

Introduction onto Azure Web Apps

We understand the concept wherein we can host web applications on Azure virtual machines





Azure Web App Service











Here the patching of the framework and the operating system is managed by the service.



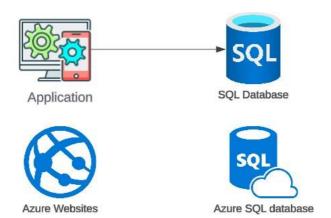
Physical server

You also get other features such as High Availability.

If you have a web application that fits the framework and you don't want to manage the virtual machines, then you can opt for the Azure Web App service.

But if you need to host a custom application that needs to be installed, then you would probably need to use the Azure virtual machine service.

What does it mean to upgrade our App Service Plan



When we create an Azure Web App, we also need to have an App Service Plan in place.

The App Service Plan decides on the features and hardware specifications available to the Azure Web App.

Web App. Hardware view
 Feature view Showing 23 App Service pricing plans Cost per hour Cost per month ACU/vCPU vCPU Memory (GB) (instance) (instance) Dev/Test (For less demanding workloads) 60 minutes/day... 9.49 USD Shared D1 240 minutes/da... N/A 0.013 USD 1.75 10 0.075 USD 54.75 USD 10 Basic B2 100 3.5 0.15 USD 109.50 USD 0.30 USD 219.00 USD Production (For most production workloads) 1.75 Standard S1 100 0.10 USD 73.00 USD Premium v3 P0V3 195* 250 0.209 USD 152.205 USD Premium v3 P1V3 0.328 USD 239.44 USD 250 195



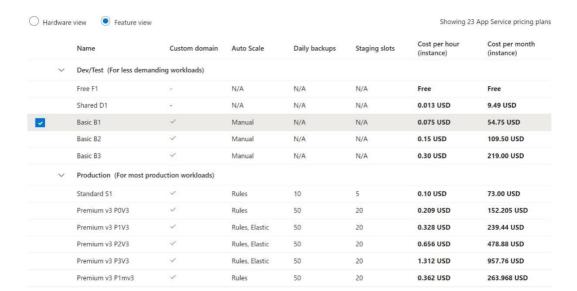
Application



In the end the Azure Web App needs to be hosted on some sort of compute infrastructure which has CPU and Memory.



The underlying machine will be based on a desired operating system and it will have the underlying web server configured.



LAB: Deploying a webapp on azure

AutoScaling for your Azure Web App



With the Basic App Service Plan or higher, you have dedicated machines that can be used to host your web apps.



Application







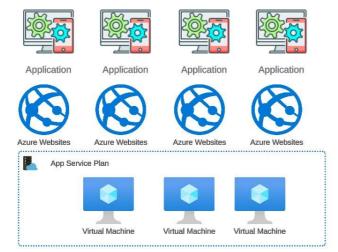




Virtual Machine

Virtual Machine

For the Basic App Service Plan, you can have a maximum of 3 machines running your Azure Web Apps.



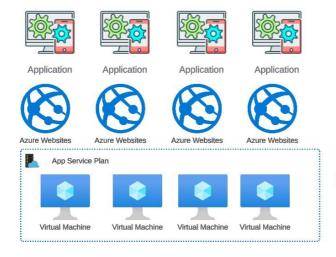
You can define multiple Azure Web Apps that can share the same App Service Plan.

With the Basic App Service Plan, you can manually scale out and scale in the number of machines running as part of your infrastructure - Remember costing of the machines are important.

With the Standard App service plan and higher, you can also configure autoscaling based on rules.

With the Premium App service plan and higher you can configure automatic scaling.

Example - Standard App Service Plan



Here we can have a maximum of 10 machines running as part of our infrastructure.

But instead of manually scaling out or scaling in, we can set rules to autoscale based on conditions.

For example, if the CPU threshold goes beyond 70%, then scale our infrastructure out by one machine. If the CPU threshold goes down, then scale down by one machine.

LAB: AUTOSCALING

Deployment Slots



We have deployed our application





Application v1

Now before we actually deploy the newer version of the application, we would ideally first want to test the application. At one phase, with a set of business users.

We now have a newer version of the application.



Application v1



- 1. Create a new Azure Web App
- 2. Deploy the newer application
- 3. Test the application
- 4. Publish the application after successful testing to the primary **Azure Web App**

In Azure Web Apps, we can make use of deployment slots.



This feature is available with the Standard, Premium and Isolated App Service Plan.



Staging - Web Slots

Create a new slot and publish the newer version of the application to the slot.



Application



Application v1

Each slot is a live web application with its own host name.











Application v1

Application

Then at any point in time, you can swap the slots. So that the newer version of the application runs as part of the production slot.

This helps in first testing of the application in the staging slot and then swapping the slots at any point in time.

It also helps in recovery from failure.
If the swap succeeds, but the newer version of the application is not working, you can easily swap back at any point in time.

LAB: DEPLOYMENT SLOTS

Publishing code from a git-based repository





Normally you will have a set of developers working on an application.

During the lifecycle of the application, you can have many changes to the application itself.

For this we need to be able to maintain different versions of our application.

For this we can make use of Git which is a popular version-control software.



We can also maintain the versions in an online repository on the Internet via the use of GitHub.



LAB: PUBLISHING FROM GITHUB REPO using Deploymnt centre

Develop Azure compute solutions - Azure Functions What are Azure Function Apps

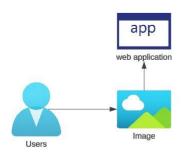


This is a serverless solution where the infrastructure is managed for you.

Here the underlying compute is managed for you.

What's the purpose of using Azure Functions?

There are different use cases, let's look at a use case.





An application is hosted on an Azure Web App. The application allows users to upload images.

The application is responsible for processing the image and storing the image.





The code base would have different modules for different functionality.







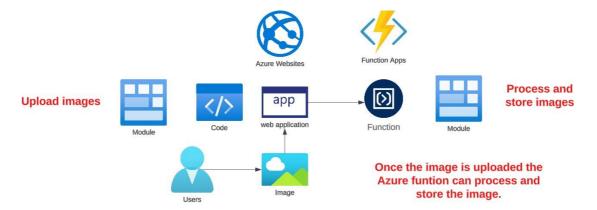
Upload images

Process and store images

The module for processing and storing the images can be in the same code base as the application.

But maybe this code module needs to be reused by other applications.

We can therefore look towards hosting that code module in Azure Functions.

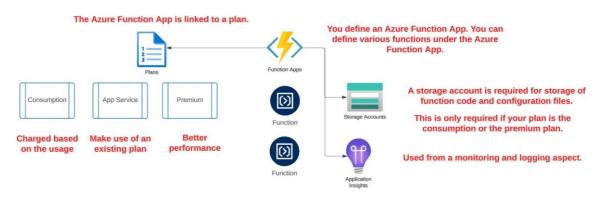


Some of the core advantages

Other applications can invoke the same Azure Function. Its now like a shared service.

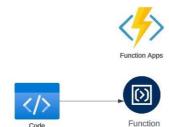
We can update and maintain the code base for Processing and storing images seperately.

Our web application can make full use of the capacity of the Azure App Service Plan just for the web application needs.



The Functions have support for languages - C#, Java, JavaScript, Python, PowerShell.

Lab - Creating a function in the portal



When you define a function, you specify a trigger for the function. How would the function get invoked.

Initially we will select an HTTP trigger.





Here our function is based on an HTTP trigger. With the HTTP protocol a request is sent onto a destination and a response is sent back.

When sending an HTTP request, there is a method associated with the request. This helps to establish what is the type of request that is being sent across.

GET Method - This is used to request data.

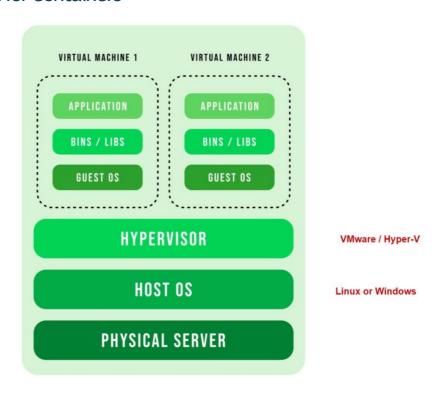
With the GET request you can pass in query string parameters.

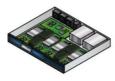
POST Method - This is used to send data to create or update a resource.

Here you can pass data in the body of the request.

Develop Azure compute solutions - Containers

What is the need for containers

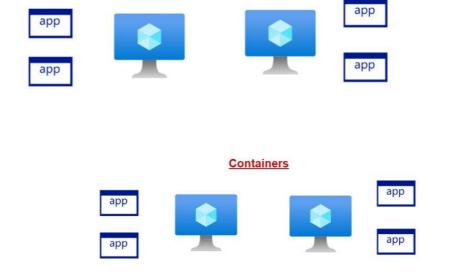




VIRTUAL MACHINE
ARCHITECTURE

Each virtual machine can make use of resources such as CPU/Memory from the underlying physical server.

Each virtual machine is isolated from each other.



Having virtual machines was a big breakthrough

Companies could host multiple virtual machines on a physical server and make use of the server.

But then there were issues when it came to deploying applications.







Developers develop the application on their machines



When the application is deployed to a virtual machine it does not work as intended.

This could be because of differences in machine software configuration, libraries not present etc.



You have 2 applications on the same machine.

One application update requires a library/component to be installed.

This causes the other application to stop working.

Welcome to containers

This is a unit of software that packages up all the code and dependencies that are required for the application to run.

CONTAINER

ARCHITECTURE

The underlying container will have a light-weight operating system, the application, libraries etc.

Each container runs in isolation

Configuration

Libraries

Ubuntu 20.04 Operating System



Ubuntu 22.04



Ubuntu 22.04

Running a simple container

Running a simple container



Host a web server on a Linux-based machine

We can install the Apache web server and then host our application.



Apache web server

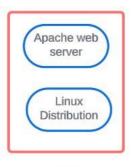












Apache web server within a container





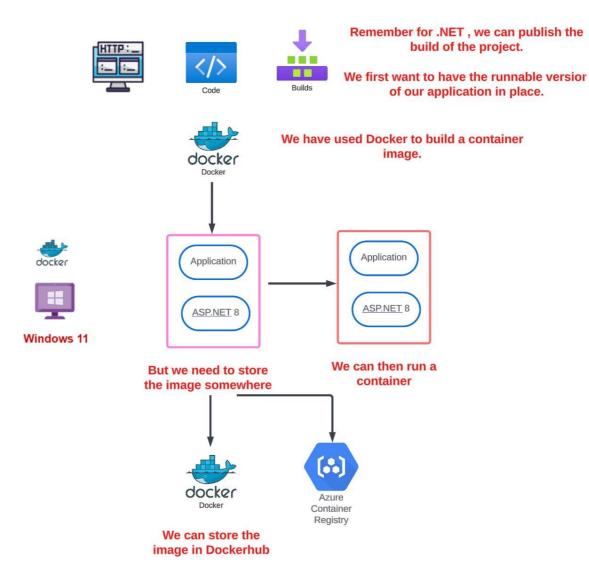
Windows 11

Containerizing an application

We will then create a file known as a Dockerfile and place it in the folder that has our runnable code.

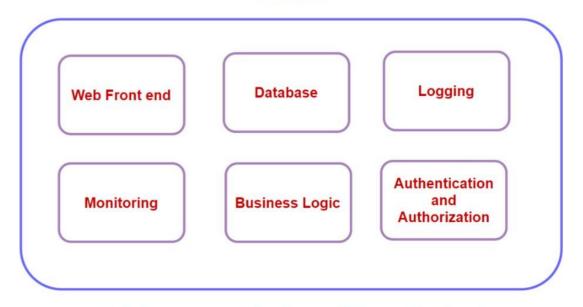
Docker can use the Dockerfile instructions to build a Docker image.

The need for a registry



What is Azure Kubernetes

Applications can be built around multiple containers.



And when a company develops multiple container-based applications, things can become complicated.

Companies can then look towards using Orchestration tools.



A popular tool when it comes to containerorchestration is Kubernetes.

It's an open source platform that is used for managing your containerized workloads and services.

Features provided

- 1. It can restart containers if they fail
- 2. You can load balance traffic across your containers.
- 3. You can dictate the state of the services that need to run.
 - 4. You can mount different storage systems when it comes to persistence of data.
 - 5. You can scale up your services whenever required.

Develop Azure compute solutions - Other tools

What are ARM templates



Test Environment

We need to rebuild the Test environment everytime a new testing cycle starts.

We want to have a repeatable and reliable way to build the resources everytime.



We can build an ARM (Azure Resource Manager) template that has the resources defined.

We then submit the template to Azure and the resources will be deployed accordingly.

This is also known as Infrastructure as code.