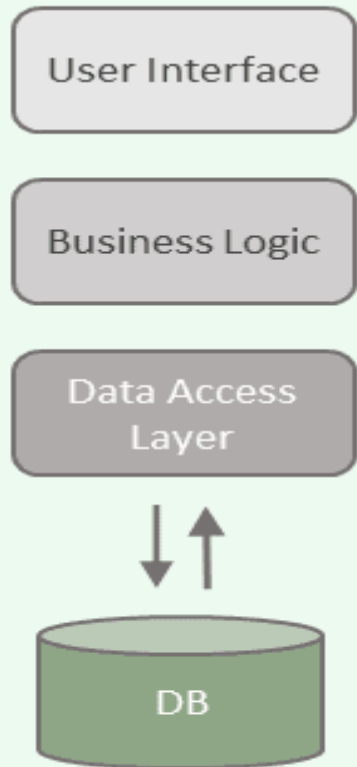
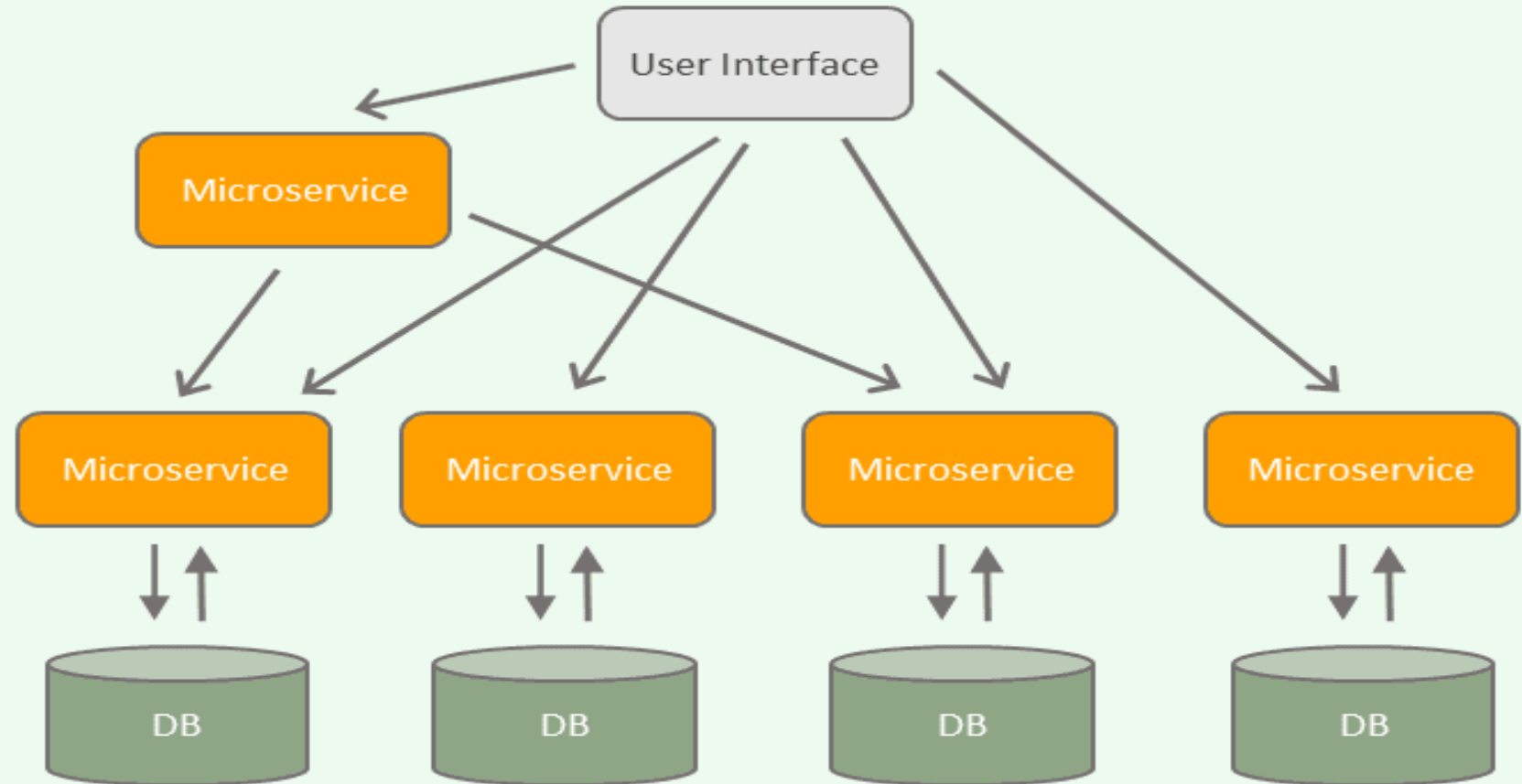


MONOLITHIC ARCHITECTURE



MICROSERVICES ARCHITECTURE



Container Orchestration

Containers Limitation?

High Availability?

Overlay Network?

Versioning of Application – Rollout, Rollback?

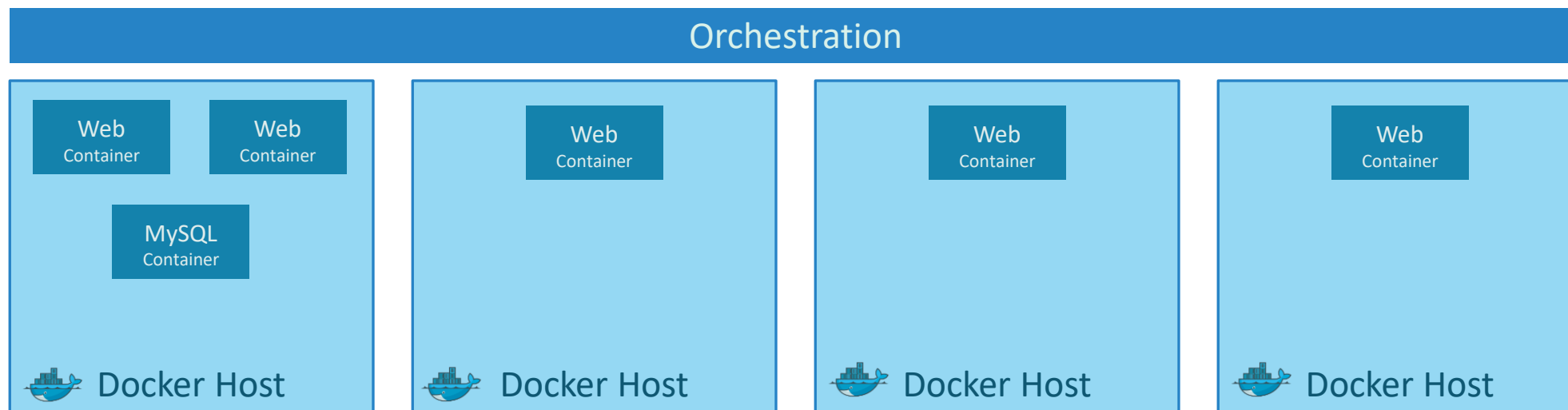
Scaling?

Autoscaling?

Monitoring?

Dependency between containers?

Container orchestration



Orchestration Technologies



Docker Swarm



kubernetes



MESOS

What is Kubernetes?

The Kubernetes project was started by Google in 2014.

Kubernetes builds upon a decade and a half of experience that Google has with running production workloads at scale.

Kubernetes can run on a range of platforms, from your laptop, to VMs on a cloud provider, to rack of bare metal servers.

Kubernetes is an open-source platform for automating deployment, scaling, and operations of application containers across clusters of hosts, providing container-centric infrastructure.

portable: with all public, private, hybrid, community cloud

self-healing: auto-placement, auto-restart, auto-replication, auto-scaling

Why Kubernetes

Kubernetes can schedule and run application containers on clusters of physical or virtual machines.

host-centric infrastructure to a **container-centric** infrastructure.

Orchestrator

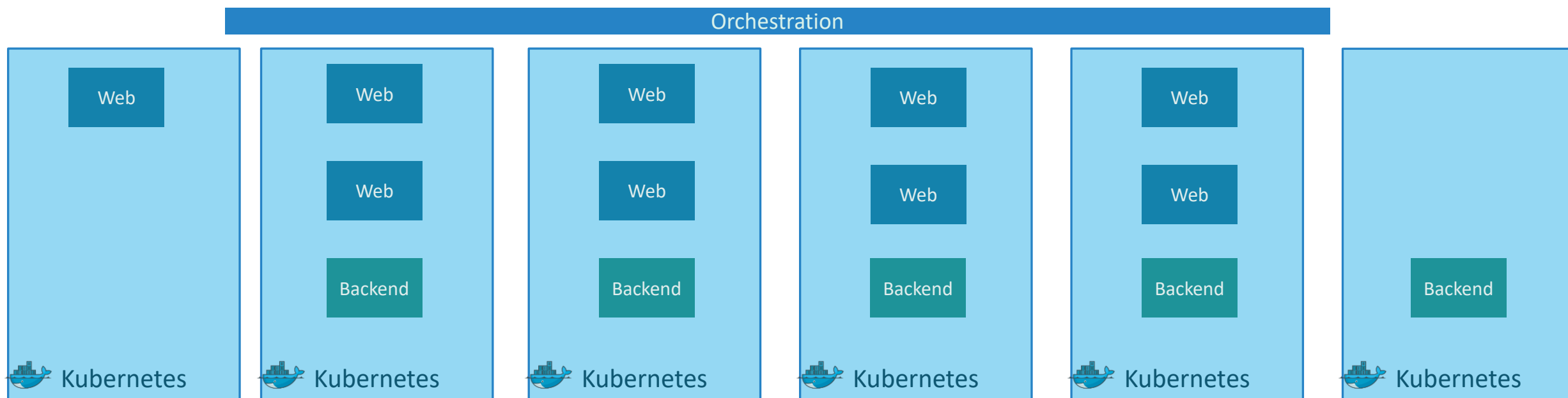
Load balancing

Auto Scaling

Application Health checks

Rolling updates

Kubernetes Advantage



And that is **kubernetes**..

Setup

Raman



Minikube



Kubeadm



Google Cloud Platform



Amazon Web Services

play-with-k8s.com

Setup Kubernetes

Setup - kubeadm

Kubernetes Cluster

A Kubernetes cluster consists of two types of resources:

Master: Which coordinates with the cluster

The Master is responsible for managing the cluster. The master coordinates all activities in your cluster, such as scheduling applications, maintaining applications' desired state, scaling applications, and rolling out new updates.

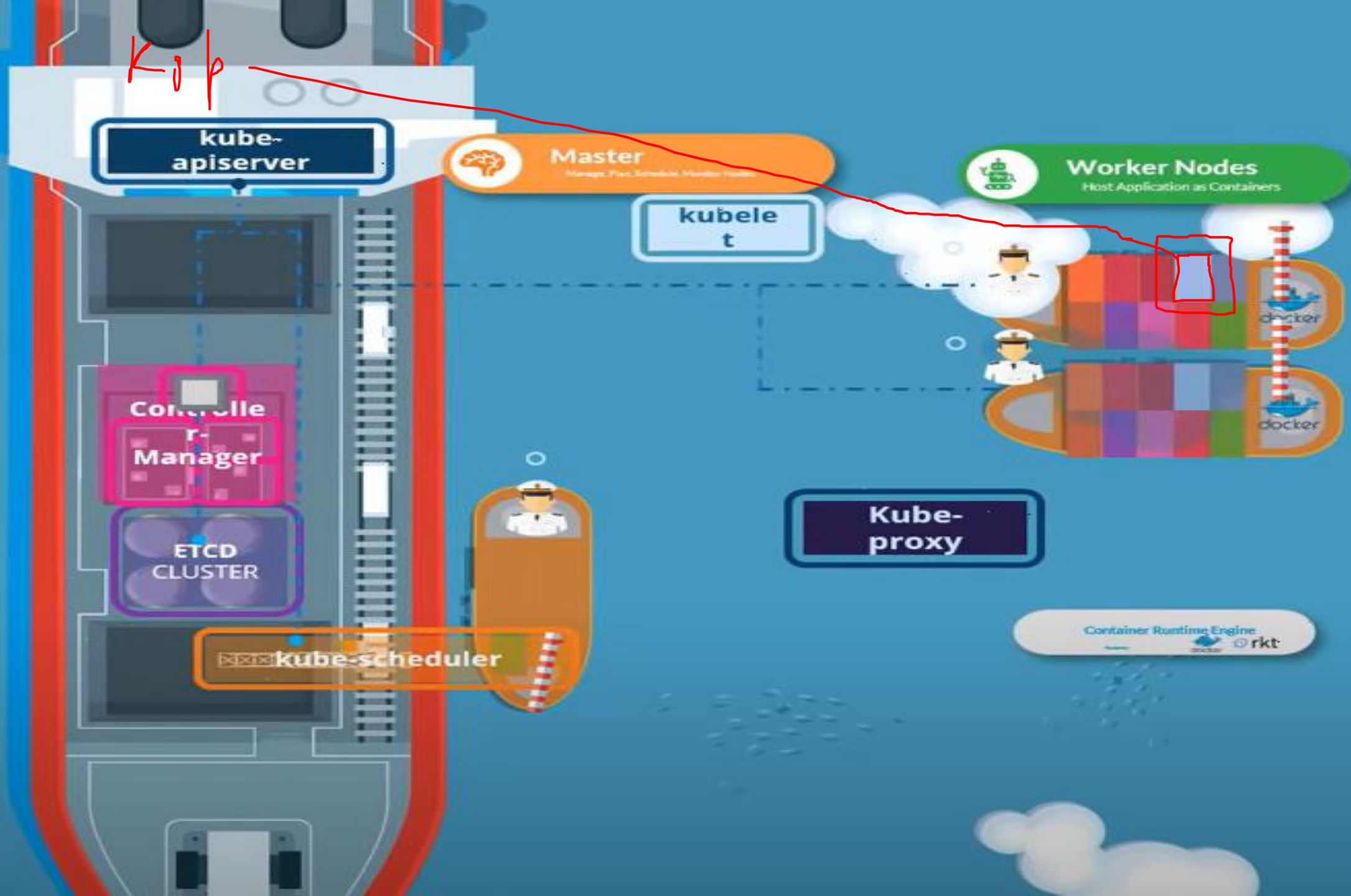
Nodes: Are the workers that run application

A node is a VM or a physical computer that serves as a worker machine in a Kubernetes cluster.

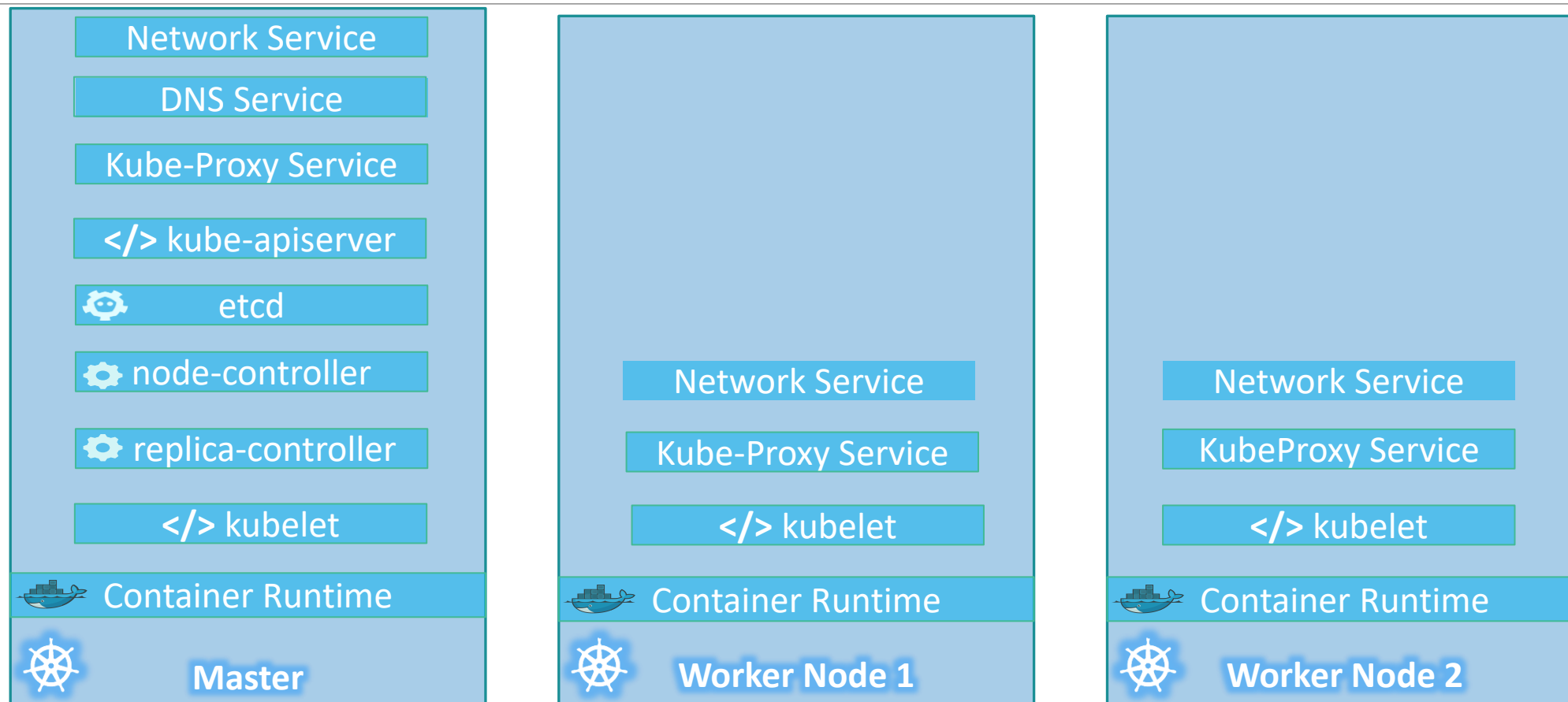
Masters manage the cluster and the nodes are used to host the running applications.

The nodes communicate with the master using the Kubernetes API, which the master exposes.

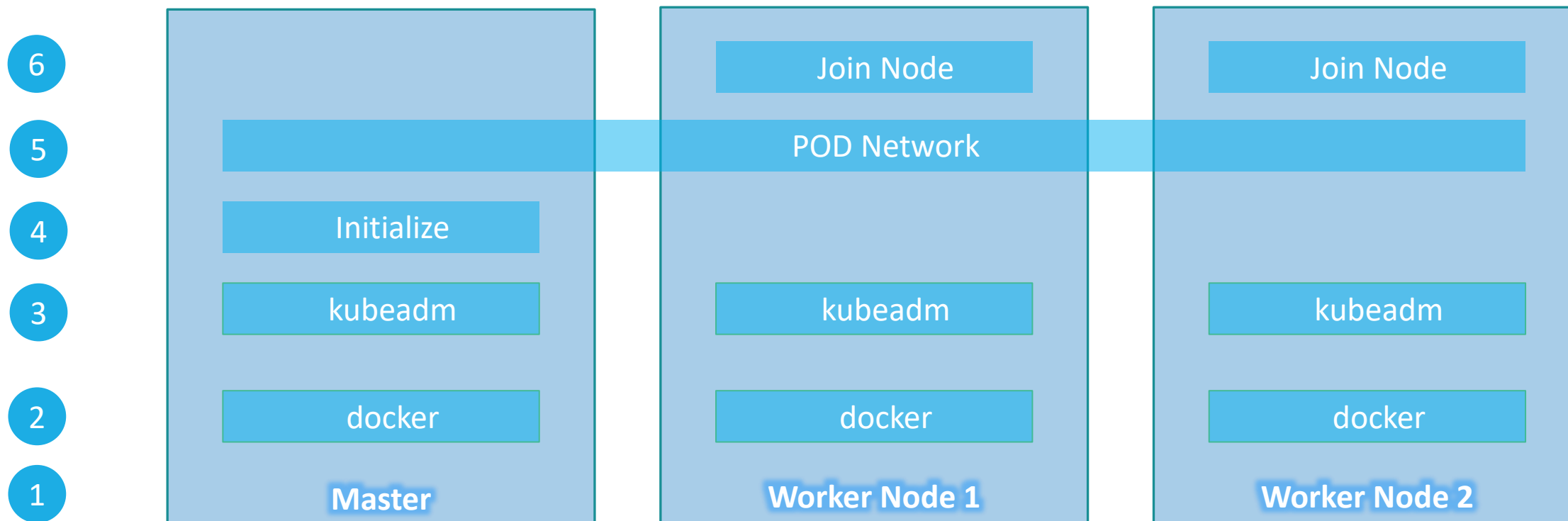
K8p



kubeadm



Steps



POD

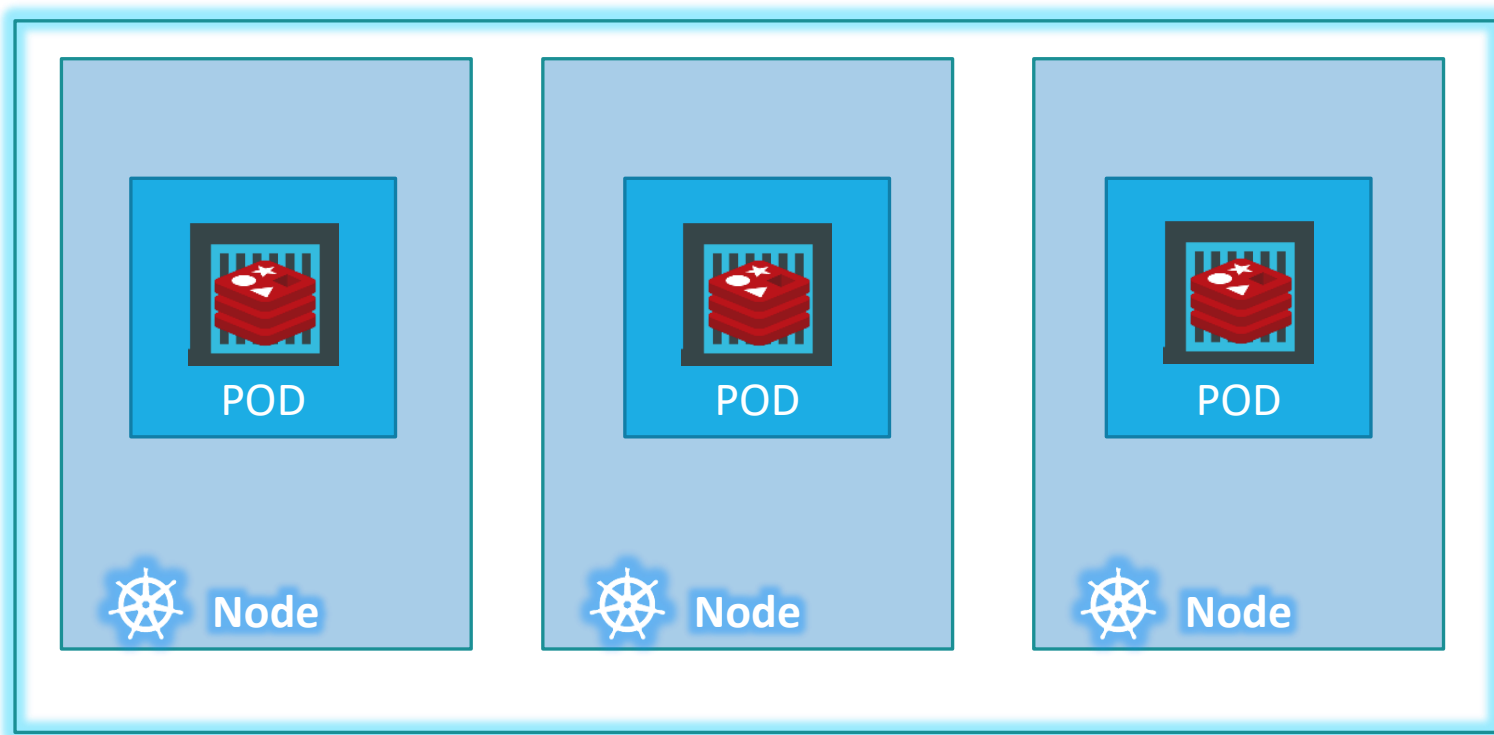
Raman

Assumptions

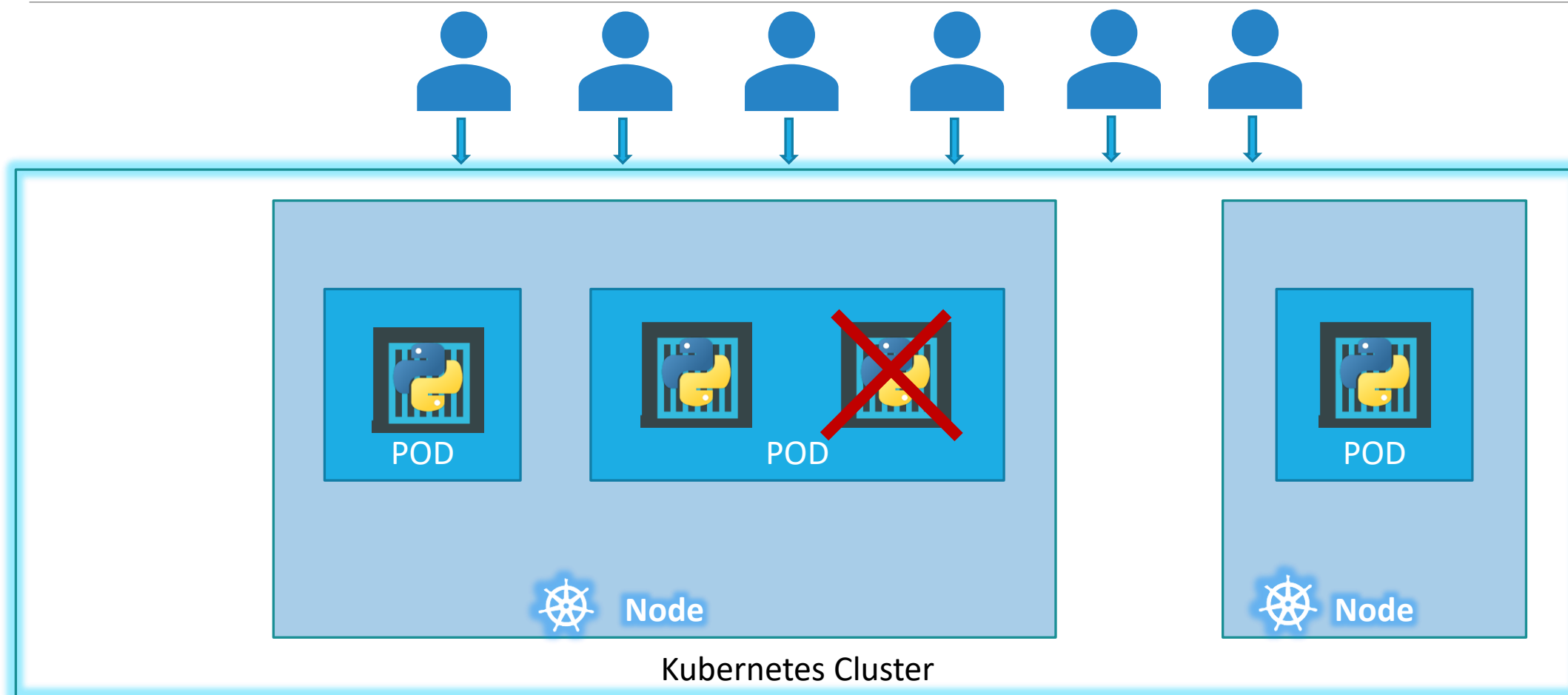
Docker Image

Kubernetes Cluster

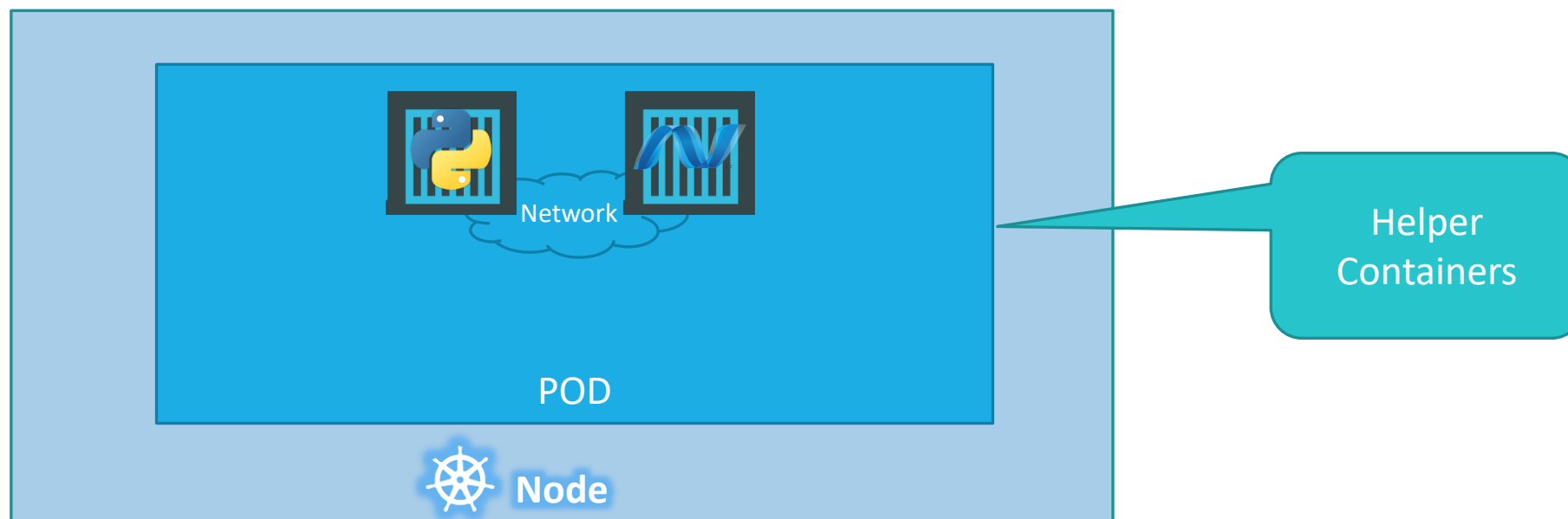
POD



POD



Multi-Container PODs



PODs Again!



Note: I am avoiding networking and load balancing details to keep explanation simple.

kubectl

```
kubectl run nginx --image nginx
```

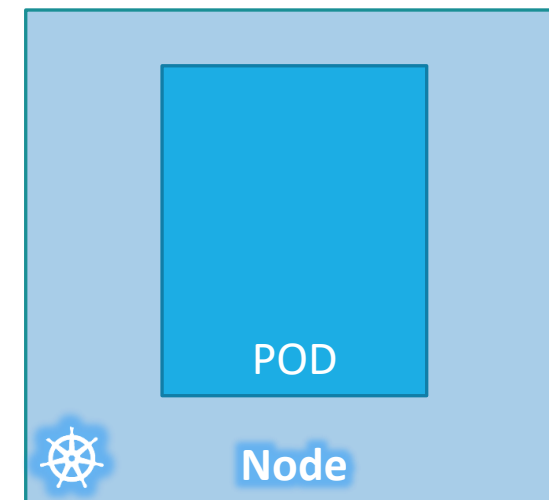
```
kubectl get pods
```

```
C:\Kubernetes>kubectl get pods
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
nginx-8586cf59-whssr	0/1	ContainerCreating	0	3s

```
C:\Kubernetes>kubectl get pods
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
nginx-8586cf59-whssr	1/1	Running	0	8s



YAML

Introduction

POD

With YAML

YAML in Kubernetes

pod-definition.yml

```
apiVersion: v1 String
kind: Pod String
```

```
metadata:
  name: myapp-pod
  labels:
    app: myapp
```



```
spec:
  containers: List/Array
  - name: nginx-container
    image: nginx
```

1st Item in List

```
kubectl create -f pod-definition.yml
```

Kind	Version
POD	v1
Service	v1
ReplicaSet	apps/v1
Deployment	apps/v1

Commands

```
> kubectl get pods
```

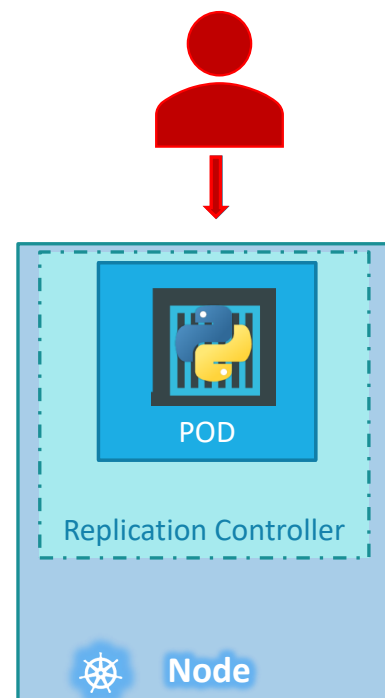
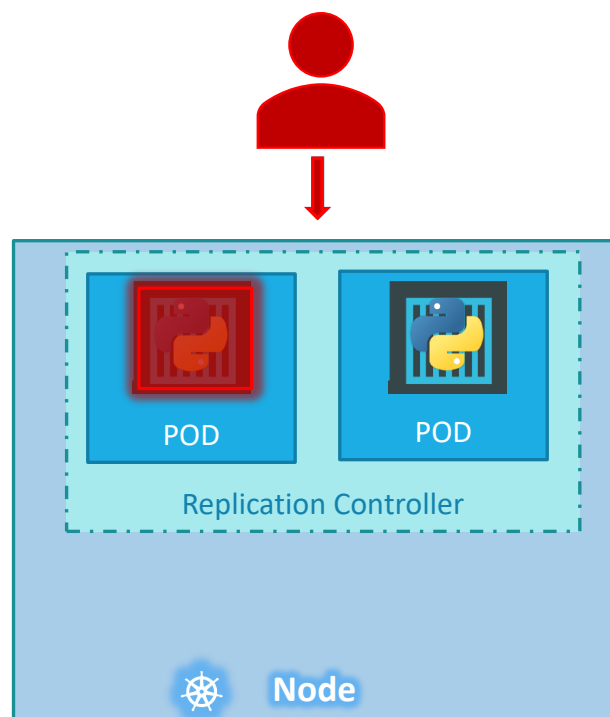
NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
myapp-pod	1/1	Running	0	20s

```
> kubectl describe pod myapp-pod
```

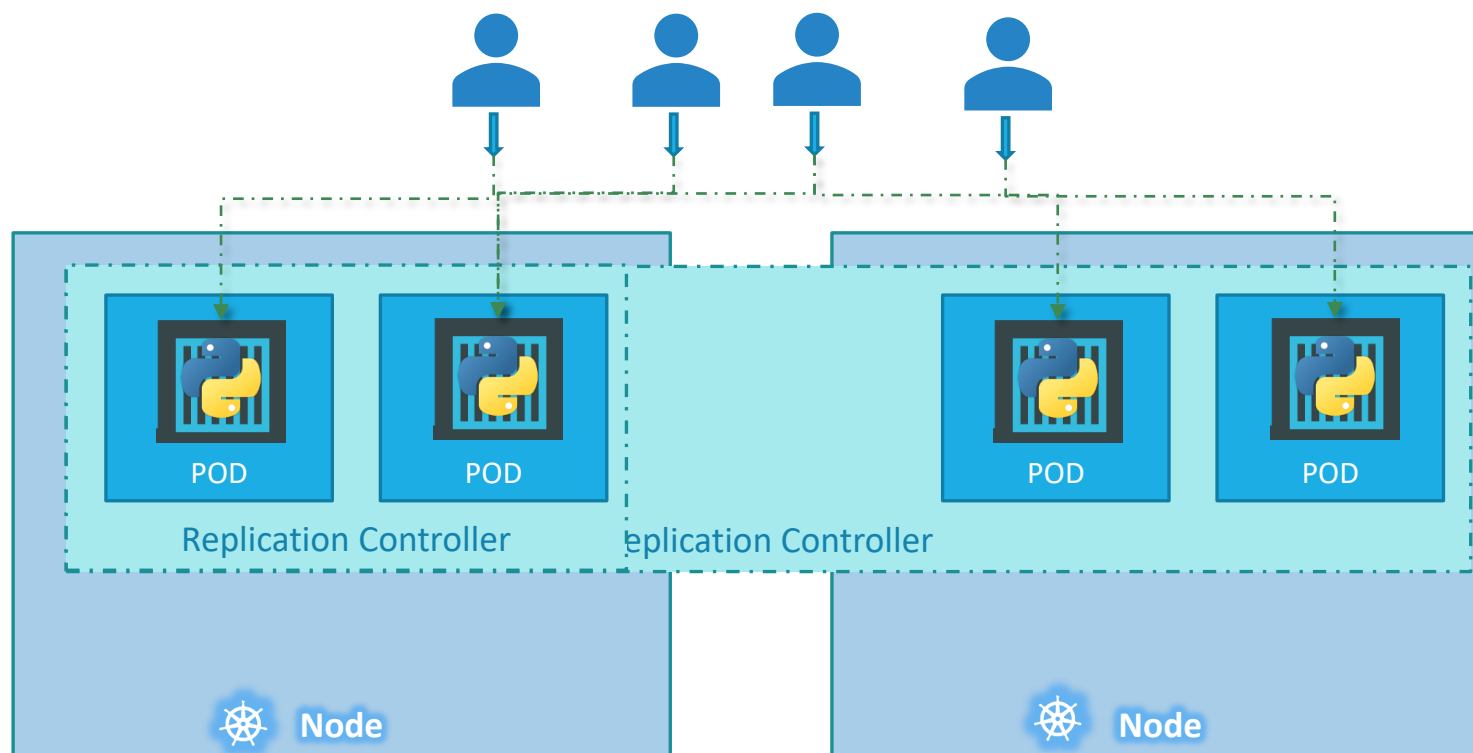
```
Name:          myapp-pod
Namespace:     default
Node:          minikube/192.168.99.100
Start Time:    Sat, 03 Mar 2018 14:26:14 +0800
Labels:        app=myapp
               name=myapp-pod
Annotations:   <none>
Status:        Running
IP:            10.244.0.24
Containers:
  nginx:
    Container ID:  docker://830bb56c8c42a86b4bb70e9c1488fae1bc38663e4918b6c2f5a783e7688b8c9d
    Image:         nginx
    Image ID:      docker-pullable://nginx@sha256:4771d09578c7c6a65299e110b3ee1c0a2592f5ea2618d23e4ffe7a4cab1ce5de
    Port:          <none>
    State:         Running
      Started:     Sat, 03 Mar 2018 14:26:21 +0800
    Ready:         True
    Restart Count: 0
    Environment:   <none>
    Mounts:
      /var/run/secrets/kubernetes.io/serviceaccount from default-token-x95w7 (ro)
Conditions:
  Type             Status
  Initialized       True
  Ready            True
  PodScheduled     True
Events:
  Type    Reason            Age   From                  Message
  ----    -
  Normal  Scheduled         34s   default-scheduler    Successfully assigned myapp-pod to minikube
  Normal  SuccessfulMountVolume 33s   kubelet, minikube    MountVolume.SetUp succeeded for volume "default-token-x95w7"
  Normal  Pulling           33s   kubelet, minikube    pulling image "nginx"
  Normal  Pulled            27s   kubelet, minikube    Successfully pulled image "nginx"
  Normal  Created           27s   kubelet, minikube    Created container
  Normal  Started           27s   kubelet, minikube    Started container
```

Replication Controller

High Availability



Load Balancing & Scaling



Replication Controller

Replica Set



rc-definition.yml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: ReplicationController
metadata:
  name: myapp-rc
  labels:
    app: myapp
    type: front-end
spec:
  template:
    POD
    POD
    POD
  replicas: 3
```

pod-definition.yml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: myapp-pod
  labels:
    app: myapp
    type: front-end
spec:
  containers:
    - name: nginx-container
      image: nginx
```

```
> kubectl create -f rc-definition.yml
```

```
replicationcontroller "myapp-rc" created
```

```
> kubectl get replicationcontroller
```

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE
myapp-rc	3	3	3	19s

```
> kubectl get pods
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
myapp-rc-4lwk9	1/1	Running	0	20s
myapp-rc-mc2mf	1/1	Running	0	20s
myapp-rc-px9pz	1/1	Running	0	20s



replicaset-definition.yml

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: ReplicaSet
metadata:
  name: myapp-repl
  labels:
    app: myapp
    type: front-end
spec:
  template:
    POD
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      type: front-end
```

error: unable to recognize "replicaset-definition.yml": no matches for /, Kind=ReplicaSet

pod-definition.yml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
labels:
  app: myapp
  type: front-end
spec:
  containers:
    - name: nginx-container
      image: nginx
```

```
> kubectl create -f replicaset-definition.yml
```

```
replicaset "myapp-replicaset" created
```

```
> kubectl get replicaset
```

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE
myapp-replicaset	3	3	3	19s

```
> kubectl get pods
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
myapp-replicaset-9ddl9	1/1	Running	0	45s
myapp-replicaset-9jtpx	1/1	Running	0	45s
myapp-replicaset-hq84m	1/1	Running	0	45s

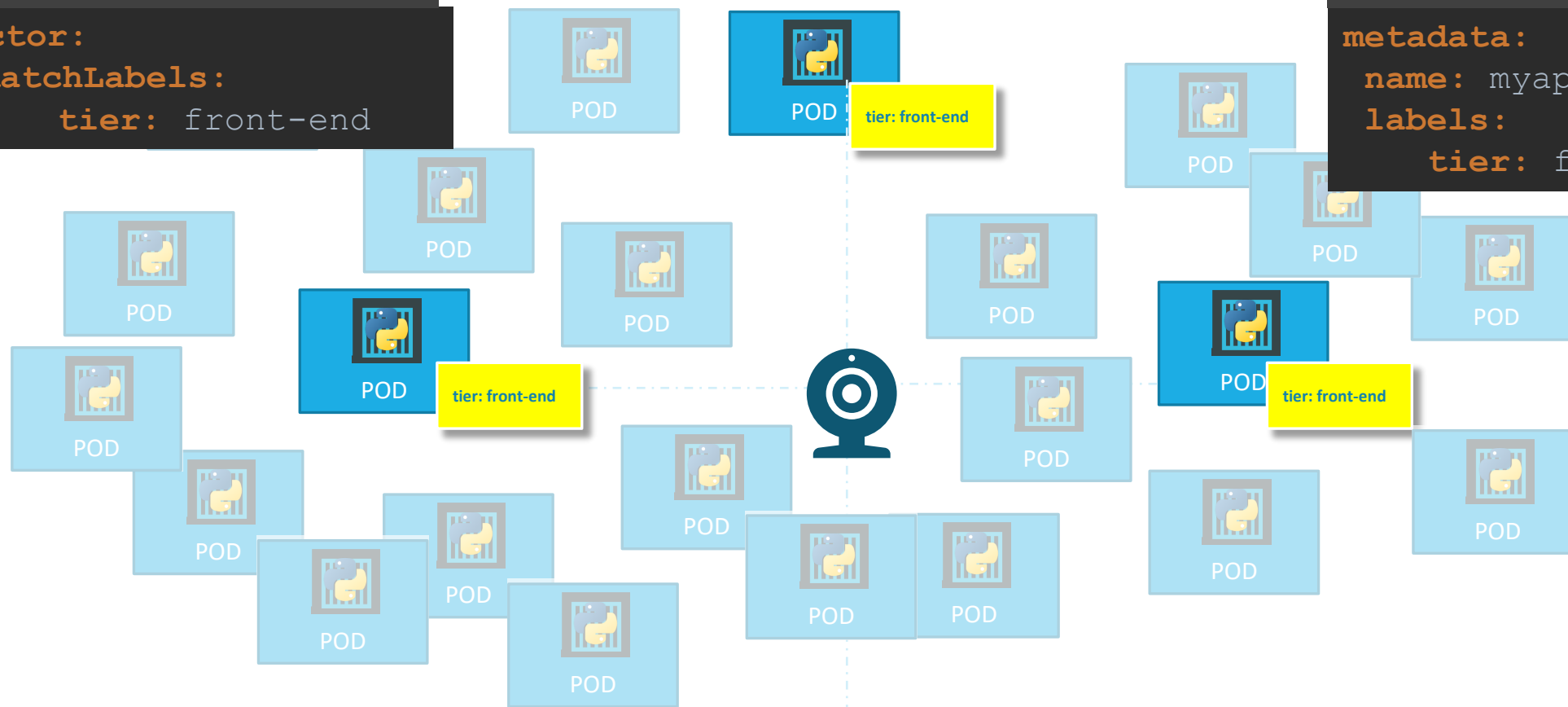
Labels and Selectors

```
replicaset-definition.yml
```

```
selector:  
  matchLabels:  
    tier: front-end
```

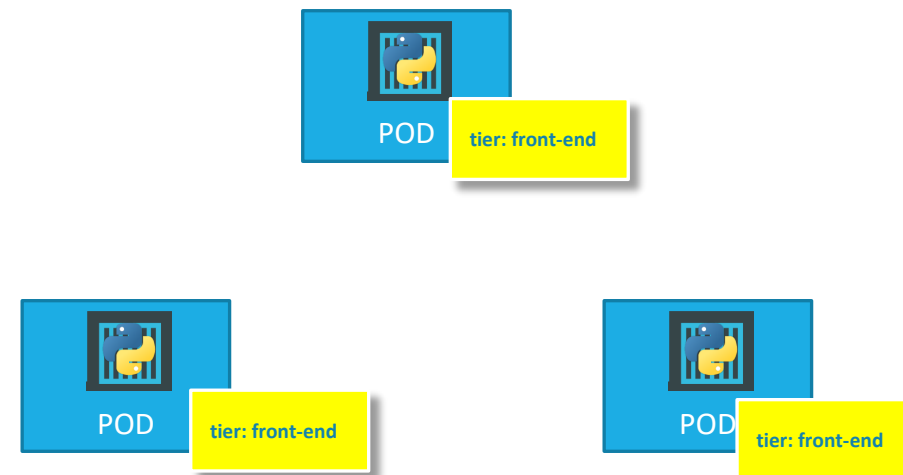
```
pod-definition.yml
```

```
metadata:  
  name: myapp-pod  
  labels:  
    tier: front-end
```



replicaset-definition.yml

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: ReplicaSet
metadata:
  name: myapp-replicaset
  labels:
    app: myapp
    type: front-end
spec:
  template:
    metadata:
      name: myapp-pod
      labels:
        app: myapp
        type: front-end
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: nginx-container
          image: nginx
  replicas: 3
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      type: front-end
```



Scale

```
> kubectl replace -f replicaset-definition.yml
```

```
> kubectl scale --replicas=6 -f replicaset-definition.yml
```

```
> kubectl scale --replicas=6 replicaset myapp-replicaset
```

↓
TYPE

↓
NAME

replicaset-definition.yml

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
kind: ReplicaSet
metadata:
  name: myapp-replicaset
  labels:
    app: myapp
    type: front-end
spec:
  template:
    metadata:
      name: myapp-pod
      labels:
        app: myapp
        type: front-end
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: nginx-container
          image: nginx
  replicas: 6
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      type: front-end
```



commands

```
> kubectl create -f replicaset-definition.yml
```

```
> kubectl get replicaset
```

```
> kubectl delete replicaset myapp-replicaset
```

*Also deletes all underlying PODs

```
> kubectl replace -f replicaset-definition.yml
```

```
> kubectl scale --replicas=6 -f replicaset-definition.yml
```

Demo

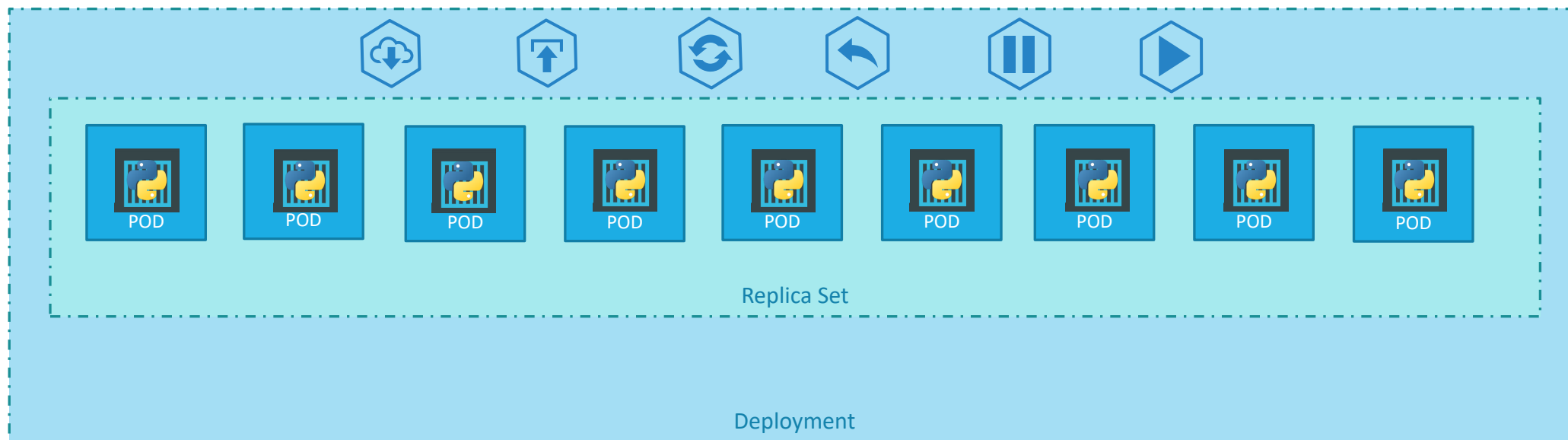
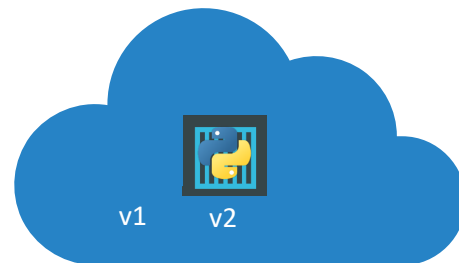
ReplicaSet

ReplicaSet as an Horizontal Pod Autoscaler Target

<https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/workloads/controllers/replicaset/#replicaset-as-an-horizontal-pod-autoscaler-target>

Deployment

Deployment



Definition

```
> kubectl create -f deployment-definition.yml
```

```
deployment "myapp-deployment" created
```

```
> kubectl get deployments
```

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	UP-TO-DATE	AVAILABLE	AGE
myapp-deployment	3	3	3	3	21s

```
> kubectl get replicaset
```

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE
myapp-deployment-6795844b58	3	3	3	2m

```
> kubectl get pods
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
myapp-deployment-6795844b58-5rbj1	1/1	Running	0	2m
myapp-deployment-6795844b58-h4w55	1/1	Running	0	2m
myapp-deployment-6795844b58-lfjvh	1/1	Running	0	2m

```
deployment-definition.yml
```

```
apiVersion: apps/v1
```

```
kind: Deployment
```

```
metadata:
```

```
  name: myapp-deployment
```

```
  labels:
```

```
    app: myapp
```

```
    type: front-end
```

```
spec:
```

```
  template:
```

```
    metadata:
```

```
      name: myapp-pod
```

```
      labels:
```

```
        app: myapp
```

```
        type: front-end
```

```
    spec:
```

```
      containers:
```

```
        - name: nginx-container
```

```
          image: nginx
```

```
replicas: 3
```

```
selector:
```

```
  matchLabels:
```

```
    type: front-end
```

commands

```
> kubectl get all
```

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	UP-TO-DATE	AVAILABLE	AGE
deploy/myapp-deployment	3	3	3	3	9h

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE
rs/myapp-deployment-6795844b58	3	3	3	9h

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
po/myapp-deployment-6795844b58-5rbjl	1/1	Running	0	9h
po/myapp-deployment-6795844b58-h4w55	1/1	Running	0	9h
po/myapp-deployment-6795844b58-lfj hv	1/1	Running	0	9h

Demo

Deployment

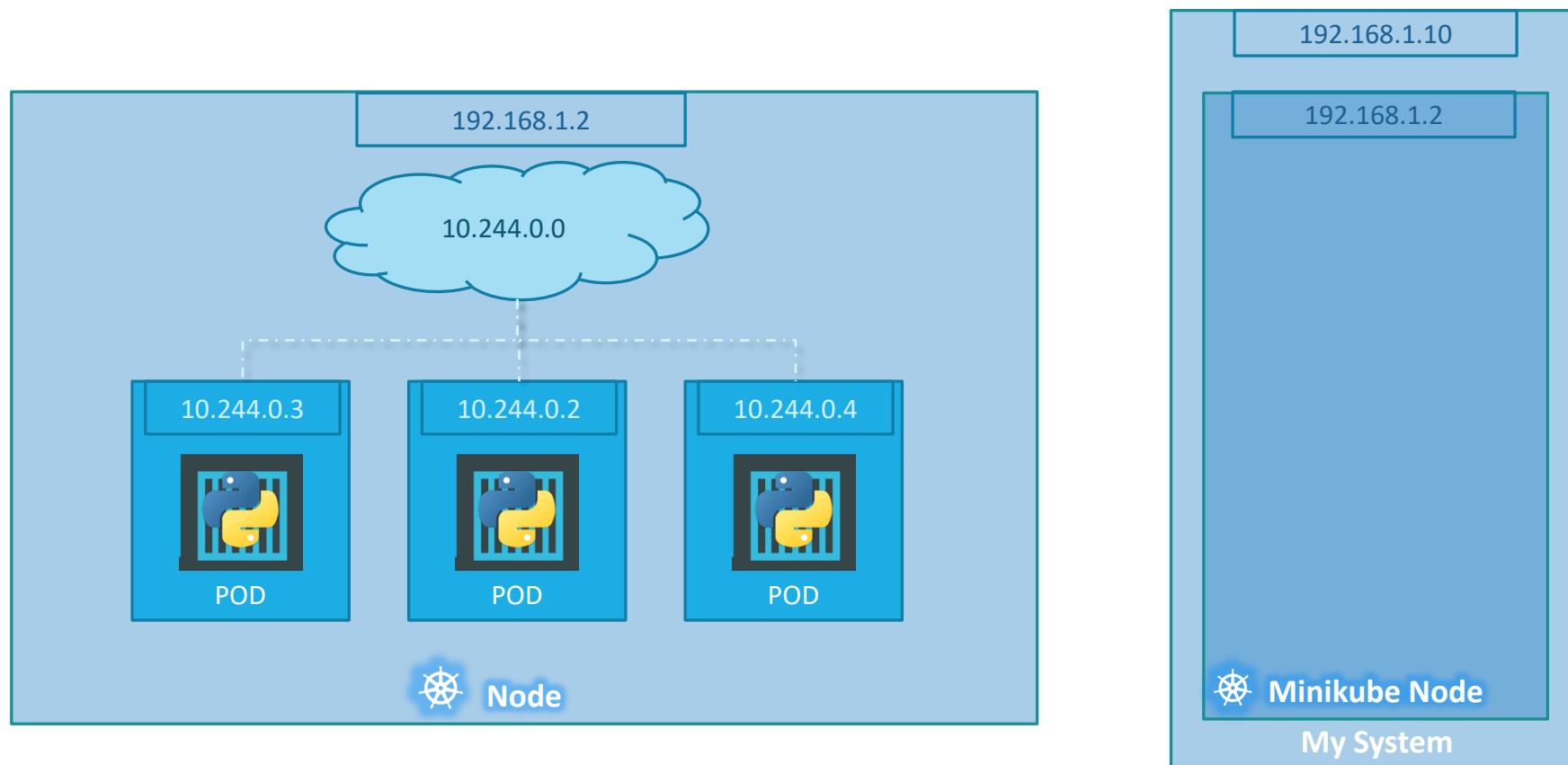
Demo

Deployment

Networking 101

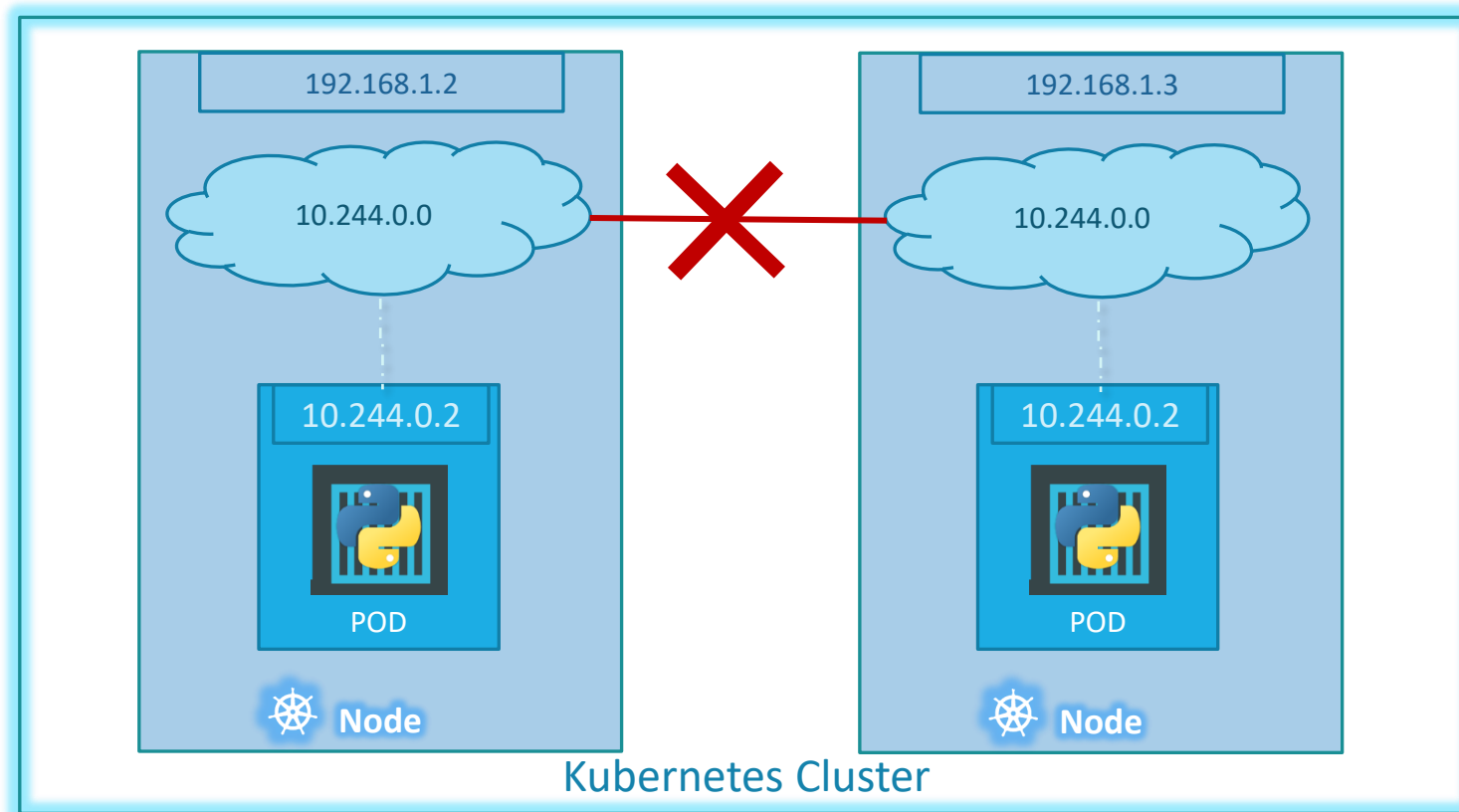
Kubernetes Networking - 101

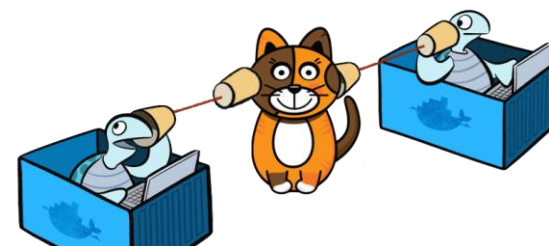
- IP Address is assigned to a POD



Cluster Networking

- All containers/PODs can communicate to one another without NAT
- All nodes can communicate with all containers and vice-versa without NAT





Cluster Networking Setup

(3/4) Installing a pod network

You **MUST** install a pod network add-on so that your pods can communicate with each other.

The network must be deployed before any applications. Also, kube-dns, an internal helper service, will not start up before a network is installed. kubeadm only supports Container Network Interface (CNI) based networks (and does not support kubenet).

Several projects provide Kubernetes pod networks using CNI, some of which also support Network Policy. See the [add-ons page](#) for a complete list of available network add-ons. IPv6 support was added in CNI v0.6.0. CNI bridge and local-ipam are the only supported IPv6 network plugins in 1.9.

Note: kubeadm sets up a more secure cluster by default and enforces use of RBAC. Please make sure that the network manifest of choice supports RBAC.

You can install a pod network add-on with the following command:

```
kubectl apply -f <add-on.yaml>
```

NOTE: You can install **only one** pod network per cluster.

Choose one...

Calico

Canal

Flannel

Kube-router

Romana

Weave Net

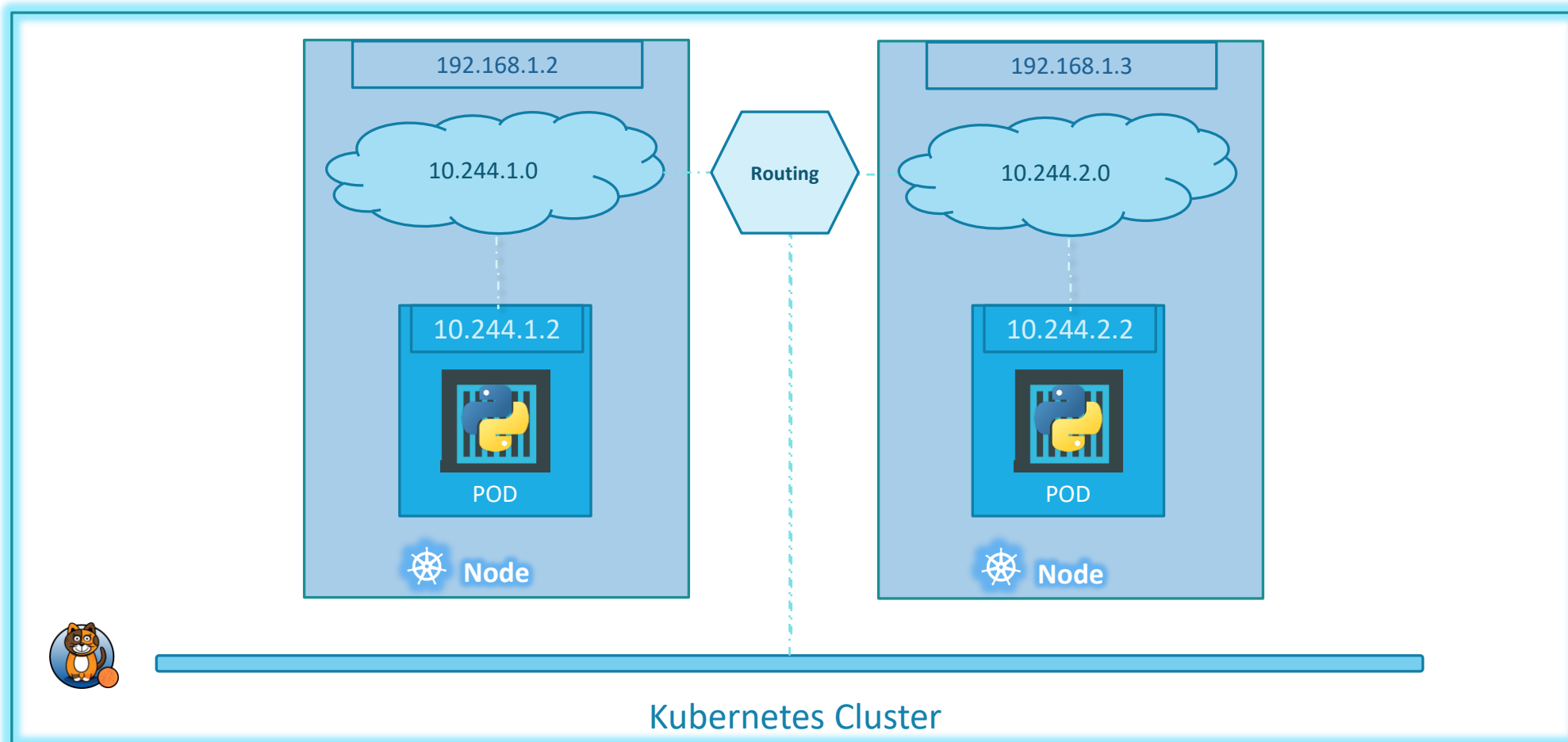
Refer to the Calico documentation for a [kubeadm quickstart](#), a [kubeadm installation guide](#), and other resources.

Note:

- In order for Network Policy to work correctly, you need to pass `--pod-network-cidr=192.168.0.0/16` to `kubeadm init`.
- Calico works on `amd64` only.

```
kubectl apply -f https://docs.projectcalico.org/v3.0/getting-started/kubernetes/installation/hosted/kubeadm/1.7/calico.yaml
```

Cluster Networking

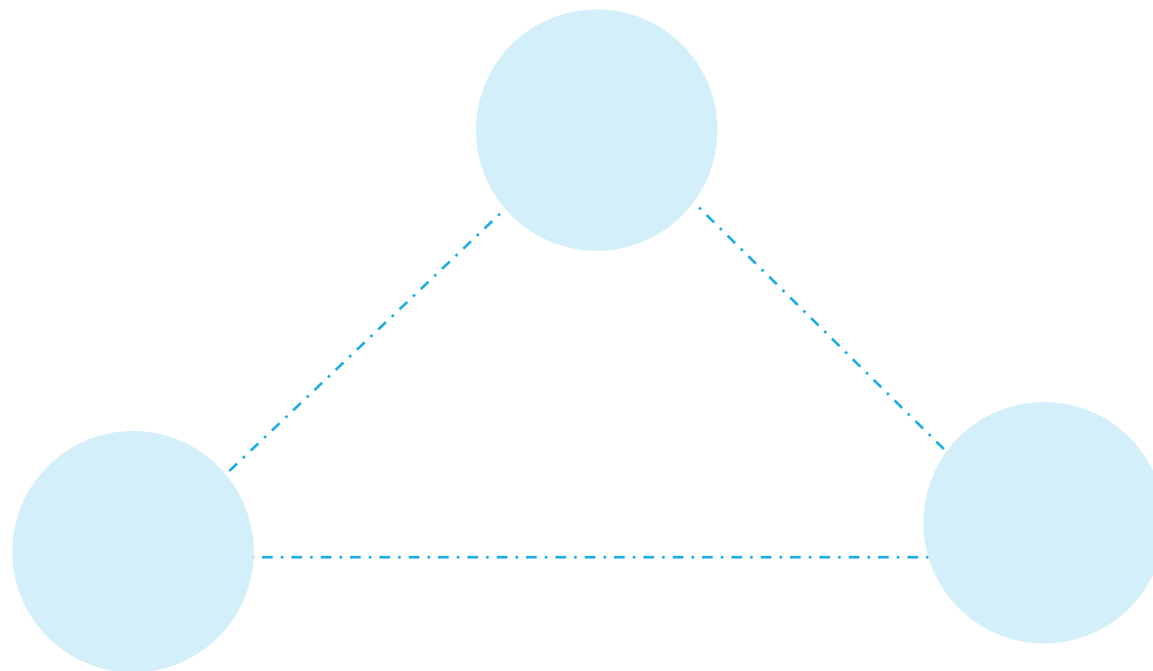


Demo

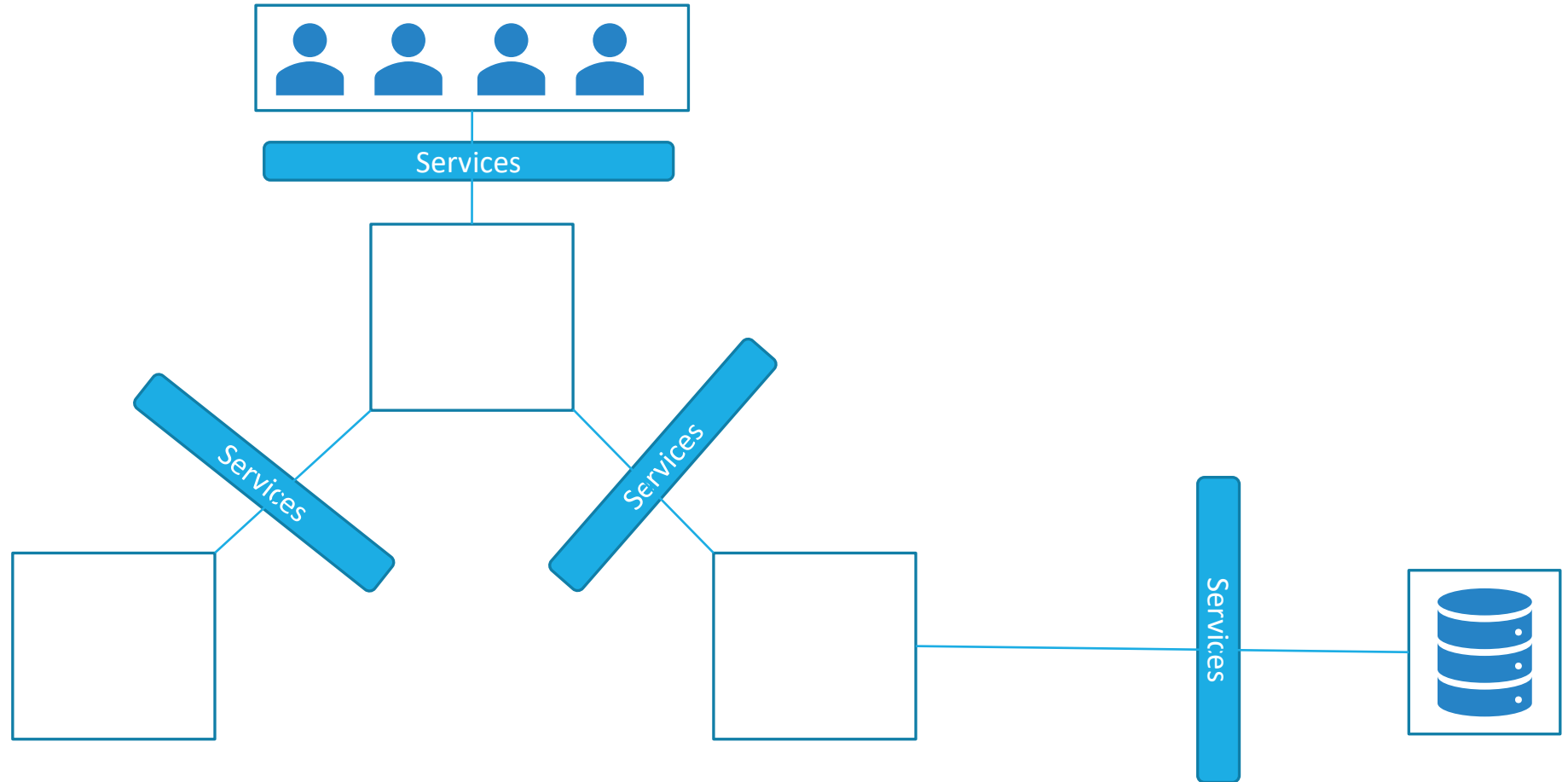
Networking



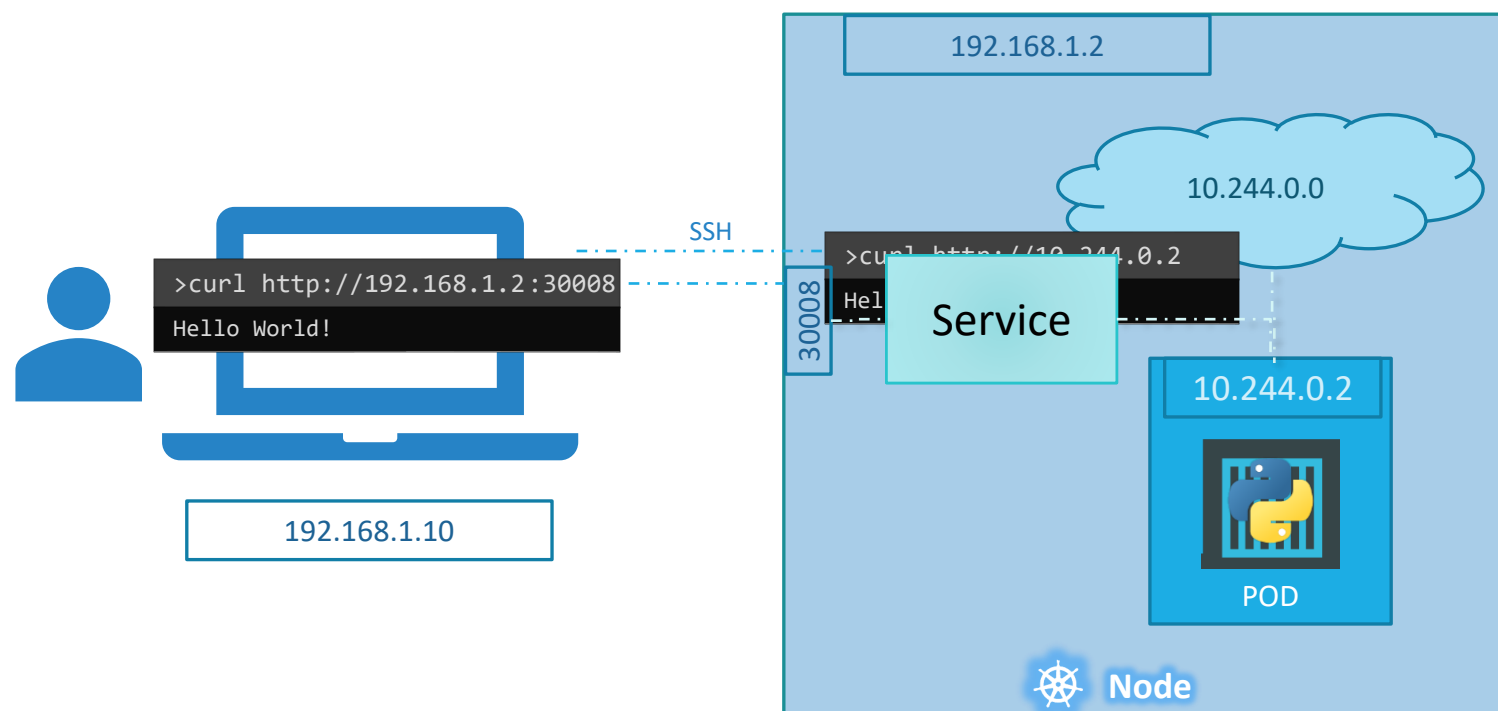
Services



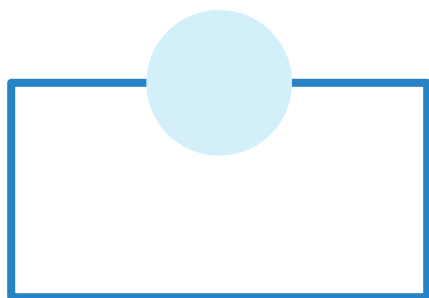
Services



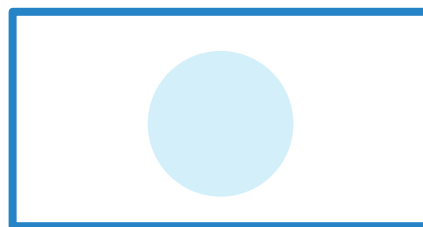
Service



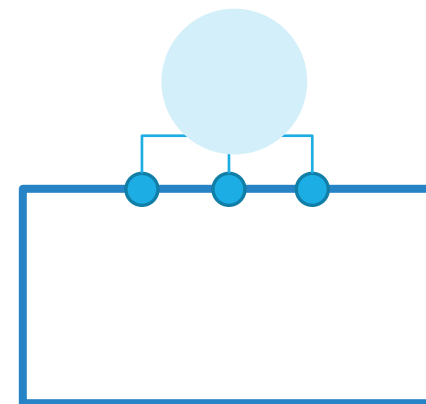
Services Types



NodePort

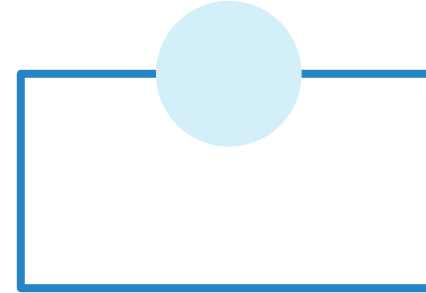


ClusterIP

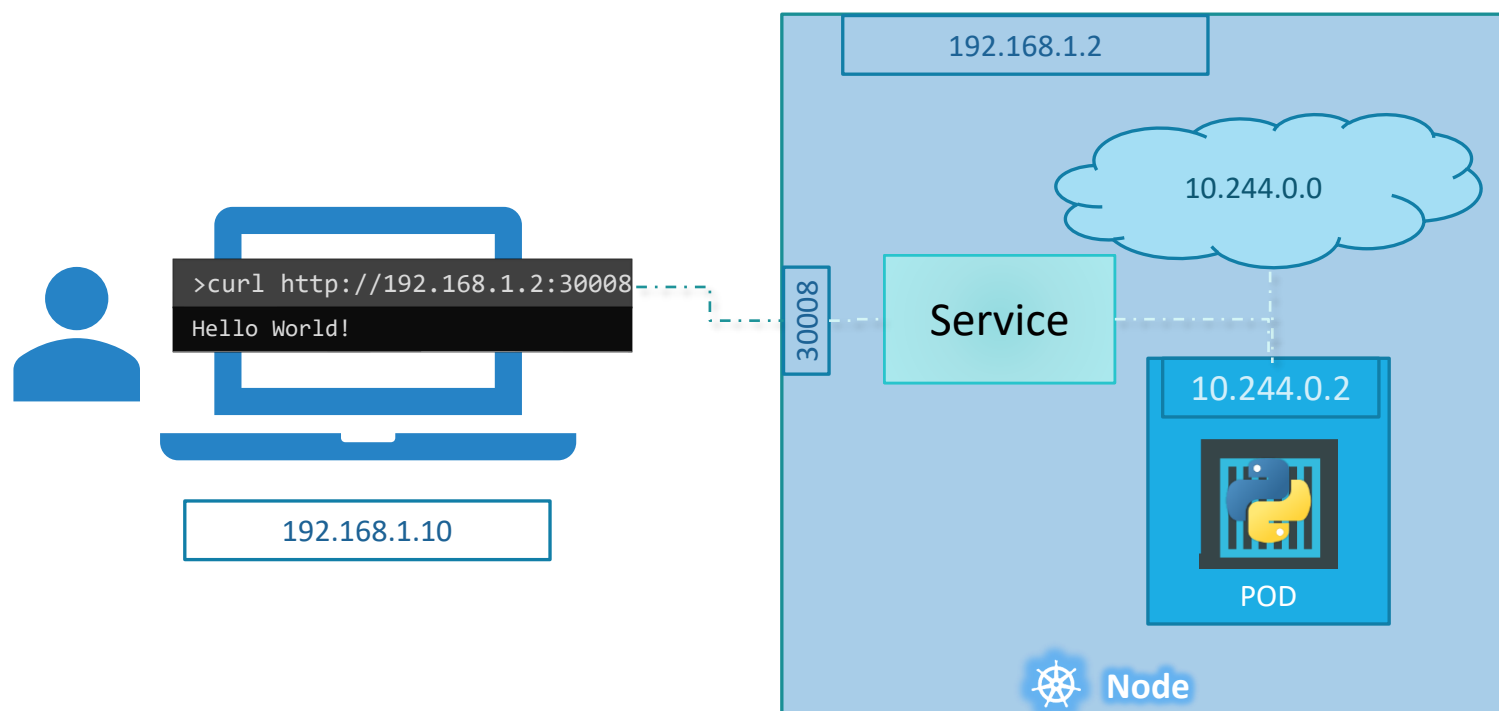


LoadBalancer

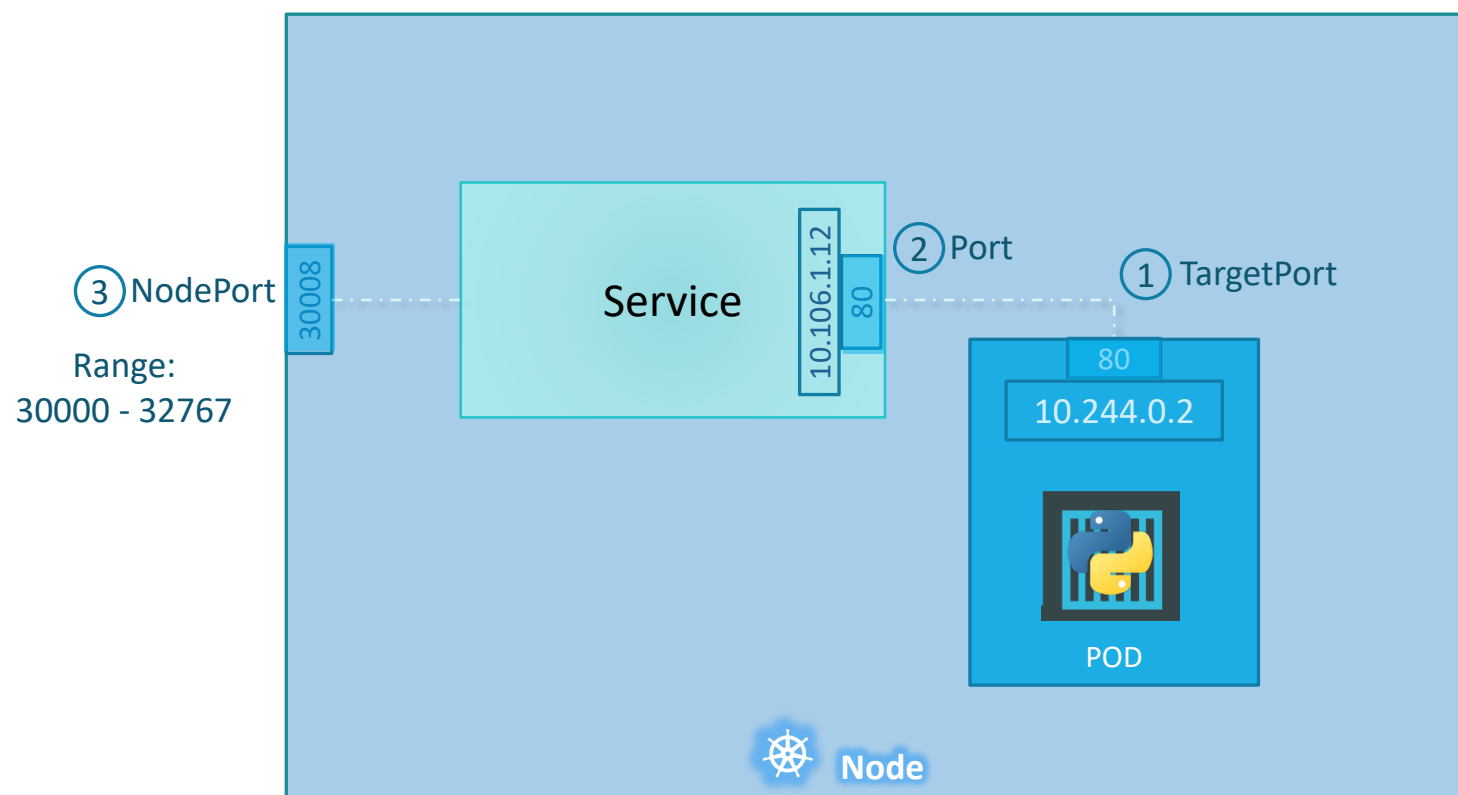
NodePort



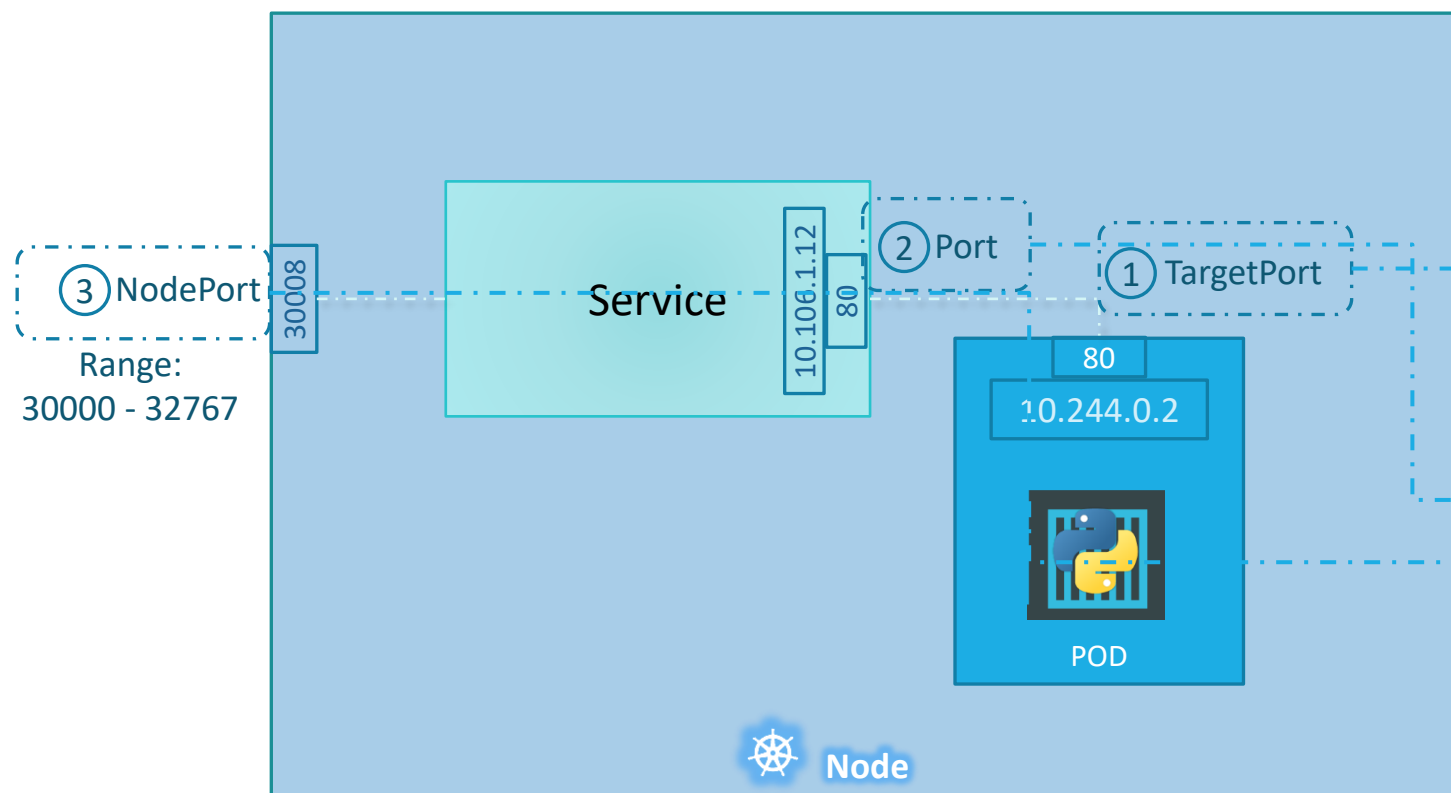
Service - NodePort



Service - NodePort



Service - NodePort



```
service-definition.yml

apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: myapp-service

spec:
  type: NodePort
  ports:
    - targetPort: 80
      *port: 80
      nodePort: 30008
```

Service - NodePort

service-definition.yml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: myapp-service
spec:
  type: NodePort
  ports:
    - targetPort: 80
      port: 80
      nodePort: 30008
  selector:
```

pod-definition.yml

```
> kubectl create -f service-definition.yml
```

```
service "myapp-service" created
```

```
> kubectl get services
```

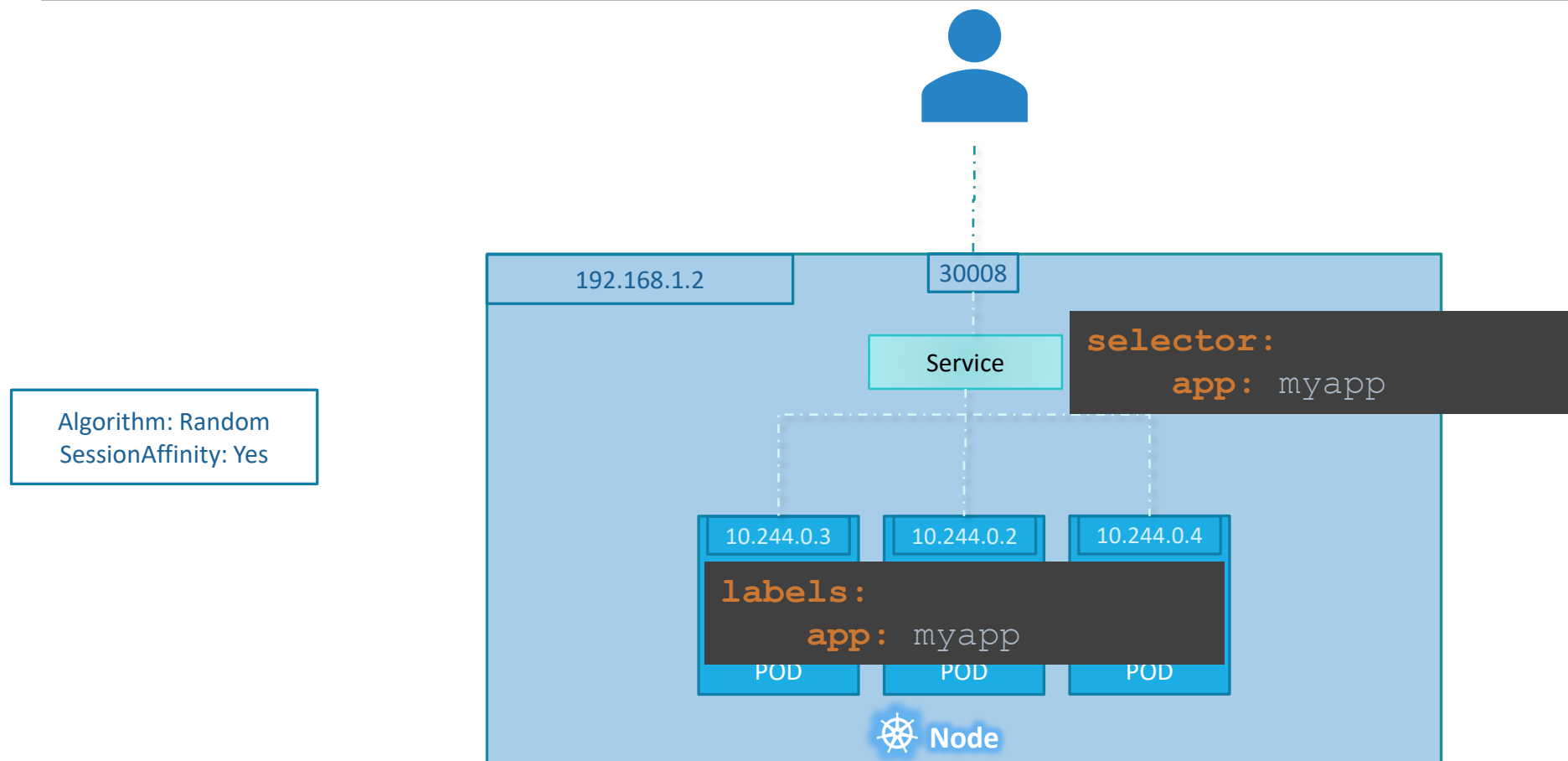
NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	16d
myapp-service	NodePort	10.106.127.123	<none>	80:30008/TCP	5m

```
app: myapp
```

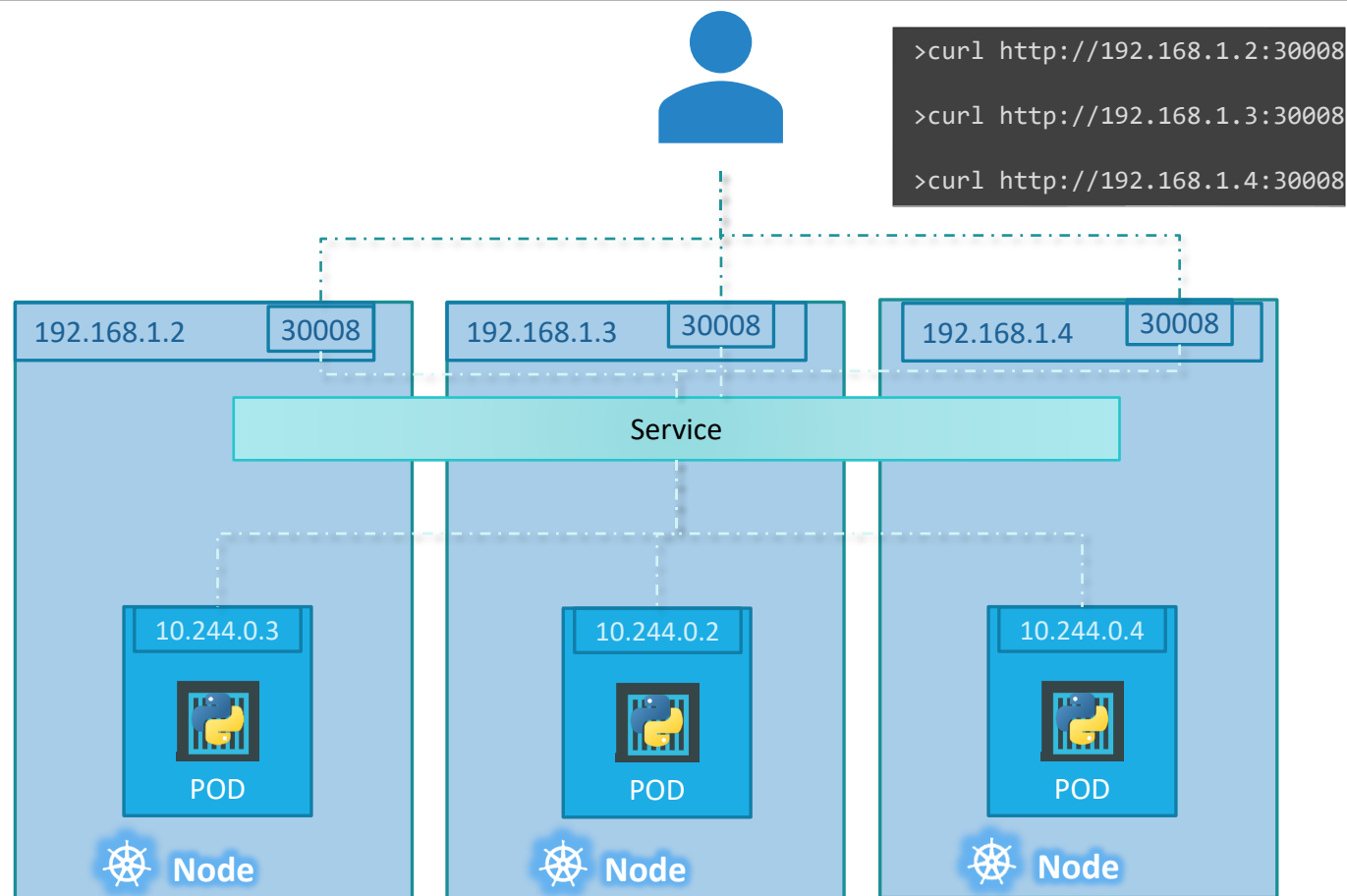
```
> curl http://192.168.1.2:30008
```

```
<html>
<head>
<title>Welcome to nginx!</title>
<style>
  body {
    width: 35em;
    margin: 0 auto;
    font-family: Tahoma, Verdana, Arial, sans-serif;
  }
</style>
</head>
<body>
```

Service - NodePort



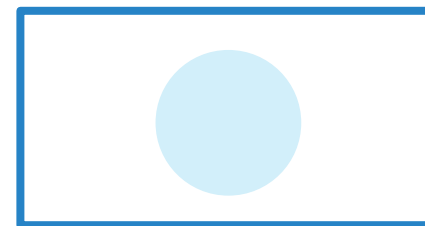
Service - NodePort



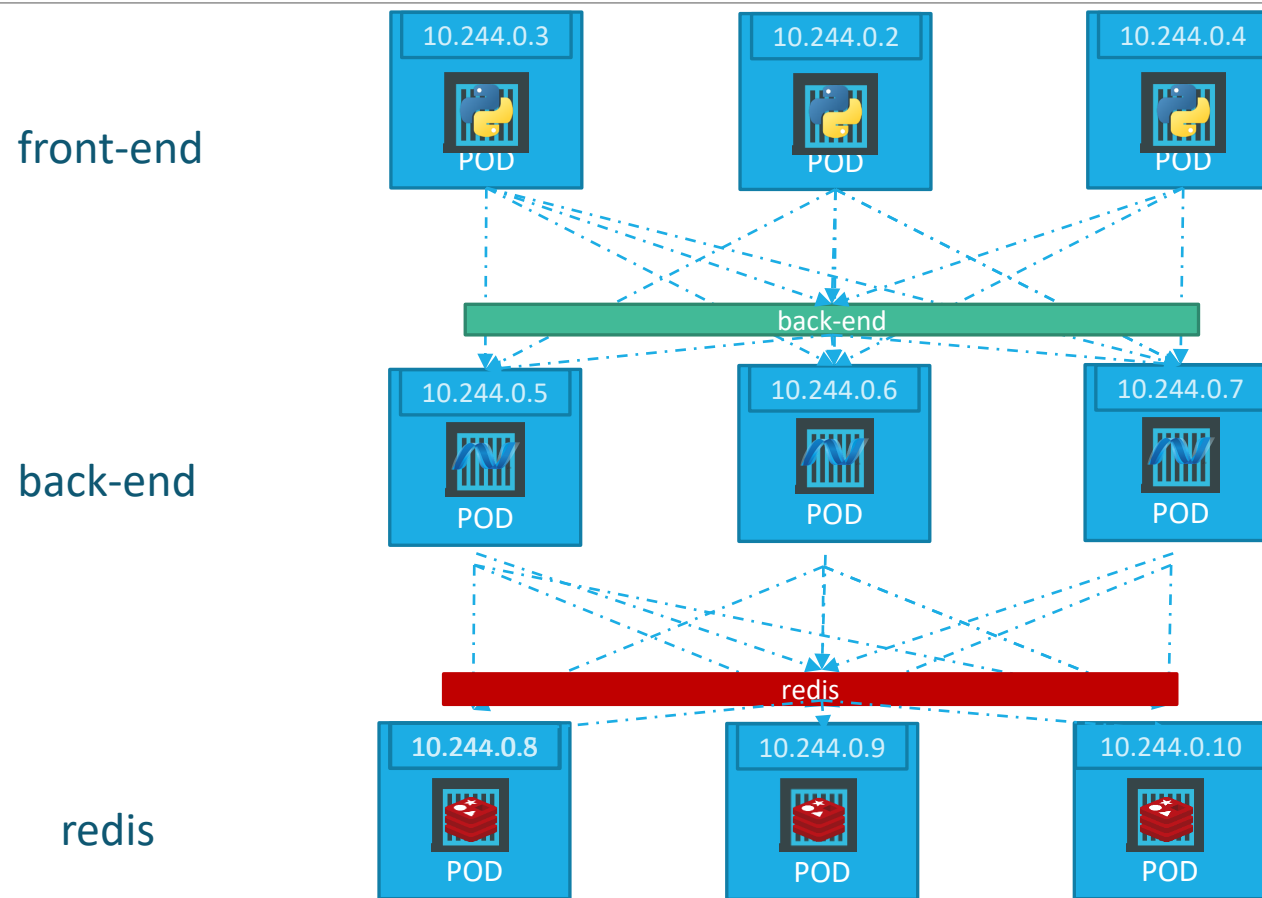
Demo

Service - NodePort

ClusterIP



ClusterIP



service-definition.yml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
  name: back-end
spec:
  type: ClusterIP
  ports:
    - targetPort: 80
      port: 80
  selector:
```

pod-definition.yml

```
> kubectl create -f service-definition.yml
```

```
service "back-end" created
```

```
> kubectl get services
```

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	16d
back-end	ClusterIP	10.106.127.123	<none>	80/TCP	2m

```
  app: myapp
```

```
  type: back-end
```

```
spec:
```

```
  containers:
```

```
    - name: nginx-container
```

```
      image: nginx
```

Demo

Service - NodePort

References

<https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/services-networking/dns-pod-service/>

Deployment

Updates and Rollback