

Python Strings

Anything between the single or double quotes in python code is considered as 'strings' or 'str'.

A string is just a collection of characters (numbers, alphabets, special char etc) within single or double quotes.

```
String1 = 'Hello, Great Learning'
String2 = "Hello, Great Learning"
```

There is a keyword 'str'

str

To convert any data point to string, use str(data_point)

```
number= 1234
str(number) # will give output as '1234'
```

The below code will give error as single quoted 1 will not be identified as a numeric value

```
'1'+1
```

This will concatenate the two strings

```
'1'+'1' # will give '11'
```

Please refer to official Python Documentation:

- o https://docs.python.org/3/library/string.html
- https://docs.python.org/3/library/stdtypes.html#string-methods