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# What is this ?

- this refers to the context within which a function is executed. It dynamically binds to different values depending on how a function is called.
- In the global context, this refers to the global object in Node.js.

```
JS  
  
console.log(this === window);  
// Outputs: true (in the browser)
```



# Function Context

- In regular functions, this refers to the object that calls the function.
- If no explicit context is provided, it defaults to the global object.

```
function greet() {  
  console.log("Hello, " + this.name);  
}  
  
const person = { name: "Alice", greet: greet };  
person.greet(); // Outputs: Hello, Alice
```

**FUNCTION()**

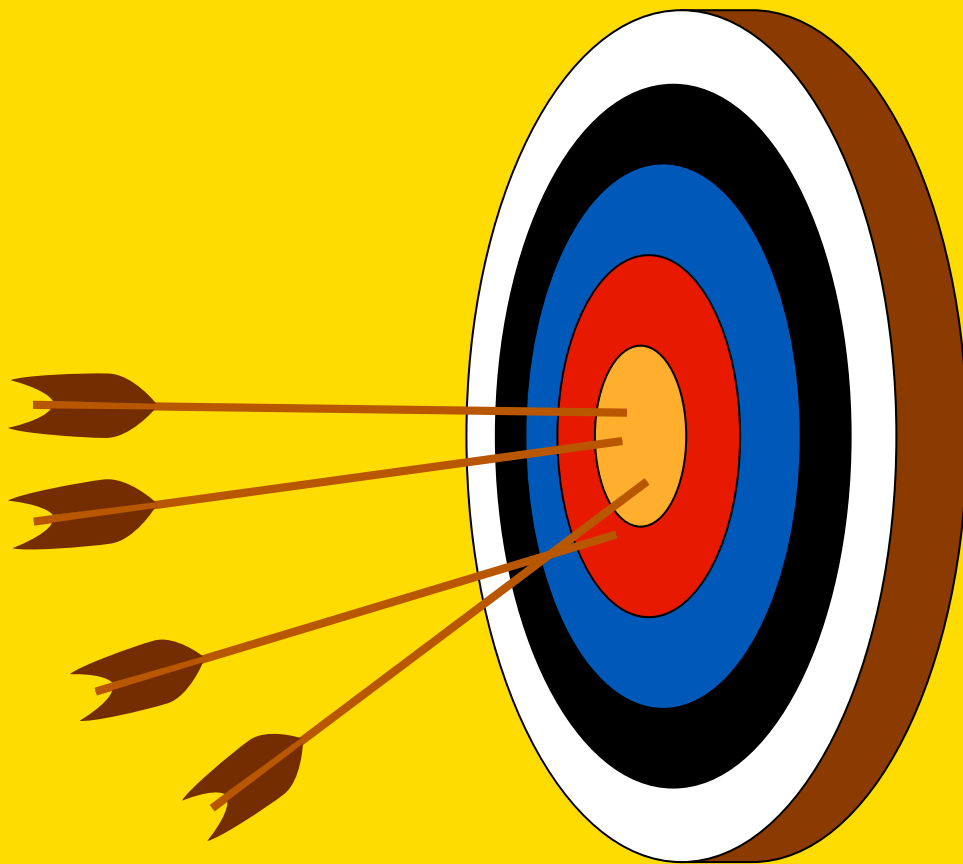
# Arrow Functions

- Unlike regular functions, arrow functions do not have their own this context. Instead, they inherit this from the surrounding lexical scope.

```
JS

const printName = () => {
  console.log("My name is " + this.name);
};

const user = { name: "Bob", printName: printName };
user.printName(); // Outputs: My name is
```



# Event Handlers

- In event handlers, this typically refers to the element that triggered the event. However, it may vary depending on how the handler is attached.

```
JS
<button onclick="console.log(this)">Click me</button>
// Outputs: {}
```



# Constructor Functions

- Inside constructor functions, `this` refers to the newly created instance of the object being constructed.

```
function Person(name) {  
  this.name = name;  
}  
  
const alice = new Person("Alice");  
console.log(alice.name);  
// Outputs: Alice
```



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