

## **Hive interview Questions**

- 1. What is the definition of Hive? What is the present version of Hive?
- 2. Is Hive suitable to be used for OLTP systems? Why?
- 3. How is HIVE different from RDBMS? Does hive support ACID transactions. If not then give the proper reason.
- 4. Explain the hive architecture and the different components of a Hive architecture?
- 5. Mention what Hive query processor does? And Mention what are the components of a Hive query processor?
- 6. What are the three different modes in which we can operate Hive?
- 7. Features and Limitations of Hive.
- 8. How to create a Database in HIVE?
- 9. How to create a table in HIVE?
- 10. What do you mean by describe and describe extended and describe formatted with respect to database and table
- 11. How to skip header rows from a table in Hive?
- 12. What is a hive operator? What are the different types of hive operators?
- 13. Explain about the Hive Built-In Functions
- 14. Write hive DDL and DML commands.
- 15.Explain about SORT BY, ORDER BY, DISTRIBUTE BY and CLUSTER BY in Hive.
- 16.Difference between "Internal Table" and "External Table" and Mention When to choose "Internal Table" and "External Table" in Hive?
- 17. Where does the data of a Hive table get stored?
- 18.Is it possible to change the default location of a managed table?



- 19. What is a metastore in Hive? What is the default database provided by Apache Hive for metastore?
- 20. Why does Hive not store metadata information in HDFS?
- 21. What is a partition in Hive? And Why do we perform partitioning in Hive?
- 22. What is the difference between dynamic partitioning and static partitioning?
- 23. How do you check if a particular partition exists?
- 24. How can you stop a partition from being queried?
- 25. Why do we need buckets? How Hive distributes the rows into buckets?
- 26.In Hive, how can you enable buckets?
- 27. How does bucketing help in the faster execution of queries?
- 28. How to optimise Hive Performance? Explain in very detail.
- 29. What is the use of Hcatalog?
- 30. Explain about the different types of join in Hive.
- 31.Is it possible to create a Cartesian join between 2 tables, using Hive?
- 32.Explain the SMB Join in Hive?
- 33. What is the difference between order by and sort by which one we should use?
- 34. What is the usefulness of the DISTRIBUTED BY clause in Hive?
- 35. How does data transfer happen from HDFS to Hive?
- 36. Wherever (Different Directory) I run the hive query, it creates a new metastore db, please explain the reason for it?
- 37. What will happen in case you have not issued the command: 'SET hive.enforce.bucketing=true;' before bucketing a table in Hive?
- 38.Can a table be renamed in Hive?
- 39. Write a query to insert a new column(new\_col INT) into a hive table at a position before an existing column (x col)
- 40. What is serde operation in HIVE?
- 41. Explain how Hive Deserializes and Serialises the data?



- 42. Write the name of the built-in serde in hive.
- 43. What is the need of custom Serde?
- 44. Can you write the name of a complex data type(collection data types) in Hive?
- 45. Can hive queries be executed from script files? How?
- 46. What are the default record and field delimiter used for hive text files?
- 47. How do you list all databases in Hive whose name starts with s?
- 48. What is the difference between LIKE and RLIKE operators in Hive?
- 49. How to change the column data type in Hive?
- 50. How will you convert the string '51.2' to a float value in the particular column?
- 51. What will be the result when you cast 'abc' (string) as INT?
- 52. What does the following query do?
- a. INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE employees
- b. PARTITION (country, state)
- c. SELECT ..., se.cnty, se.st
- d. FROM staged\_employees se;
- 53. Write a query where you can overwrite data in a new table from the existing table.
- 54. What is the maximum size of a string data type supported by Hive? Explain how Hive supports binary formats.
- 55. What File Formats and Applications Does Hive Support?
- 56. How do ORC format tables help Hive to enhance its performance?
- 57. How can Hive avoid mapreduce while processing the query?
- 58. What is view and indexing in hive?
- 59. Can the name of a view be the same as the name of a hive table?
- 60. What types of costs are associated in creating indexes on hive tables?
- 61. Give the command to see the indexes on a table.
- 62. Explain the process to access subdirectories recursively in Hive queries.
- 63. If you run a select \* query in Hive, why doesn't it run MapReduce?
- 64. What are the uses of Hive Explode?



- 65. What is the available mechanism for connecting applications when we run Hive as a server?
- 66. Can the default location of a managed table be changed in Hive?
- 67. What is the Hive ObjectInspector function?
- 68. What is UDF in Hive?
- 69. Write a query to extract data from hdfs to hive.
- 70. What is TextInputFormat and SequenceFileInputFormat in hive.
- 71. How can you prevent a large job from running for a long time in a hive?
- 72. When do we use explode in Hive?
- 73. Can Hive process any type of data formats? Why? Explain in very detail
- 74. Whenever we run a Hive query, a new metastore db is created. Why?
- 75. Can we change the data type of a column in a hive table? Write a complete query.
- 76. While loading data into a hive table using the LOAD DATA clause, how do you specify it is a hdfs file and not a local file?
- 77. What is the precedence order in Hive configuration?
- 78. Which interface is used for accessing the Hive metastore?
- 79. Is it possible to compress json in the Hive external table?
- 80. What is the difference between local and remote metastores?
- 81. What is the purpose of archiving tables in Hive?
- 82. What is DBPROPERTY in Hive?
- 83. Differentiate between local mode and MapReduce mode in Hive.