

DevTech Training

Short Course - Day 2

Virtualization

(Play Video 01)

What is Virtualization ?

- Virtualization creates a virtual layer using the hypervisor software, which manages resources assigned to the virtual instances.
- The newly formed virtual representation is known as **Virtual Machines (VMs)**

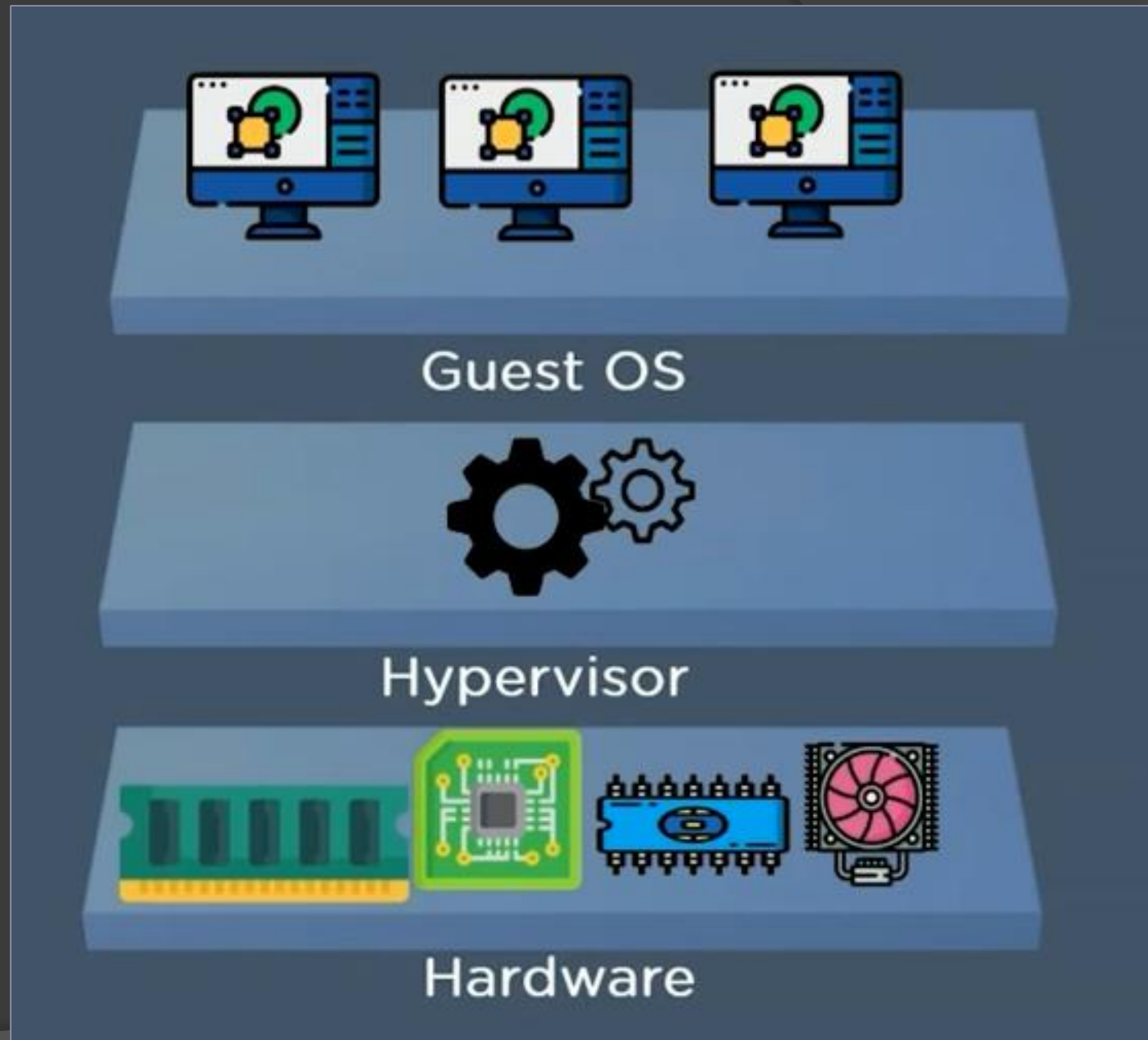
What is Virtual Machine (VM) ?

- **Virtual Machine** is an emulation or a virtual presentation of a physical system.
- They are also referred to as **Guest**, whereas the physical system they run on is referred to as the **Host**.

Role of Hypervisor

- ④ **Hypervisor** is a software that manages VMs.
- ④ It acts as an interface between VM and physical hardware to ensure proper access to the resources needed for working.

Role of Hypervisor

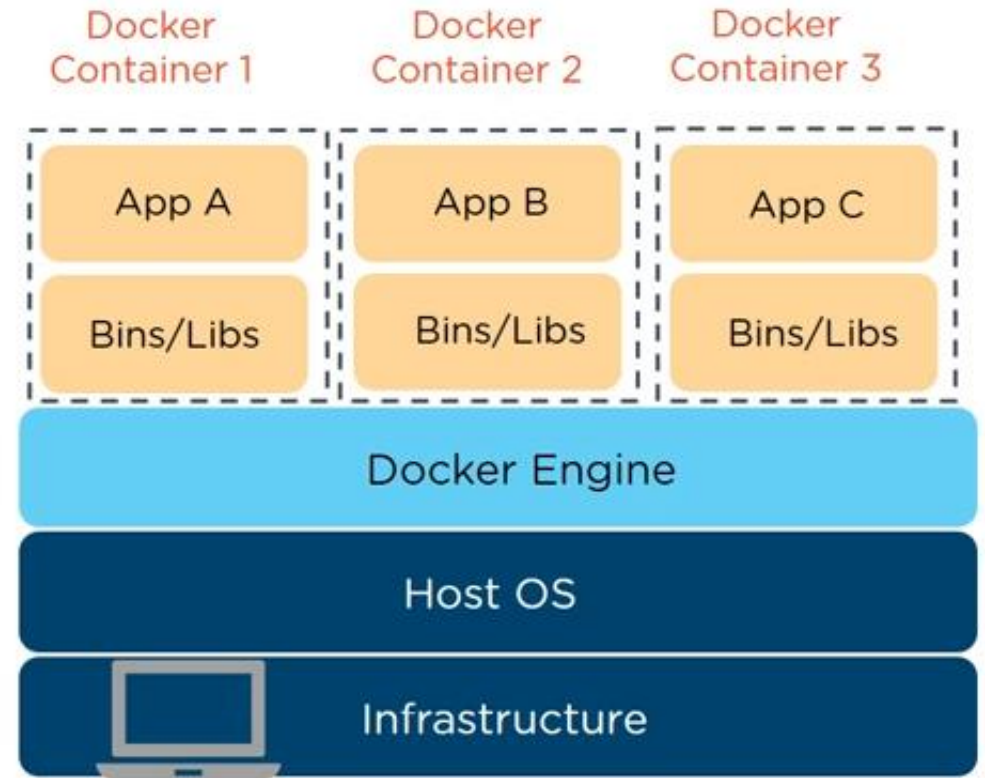
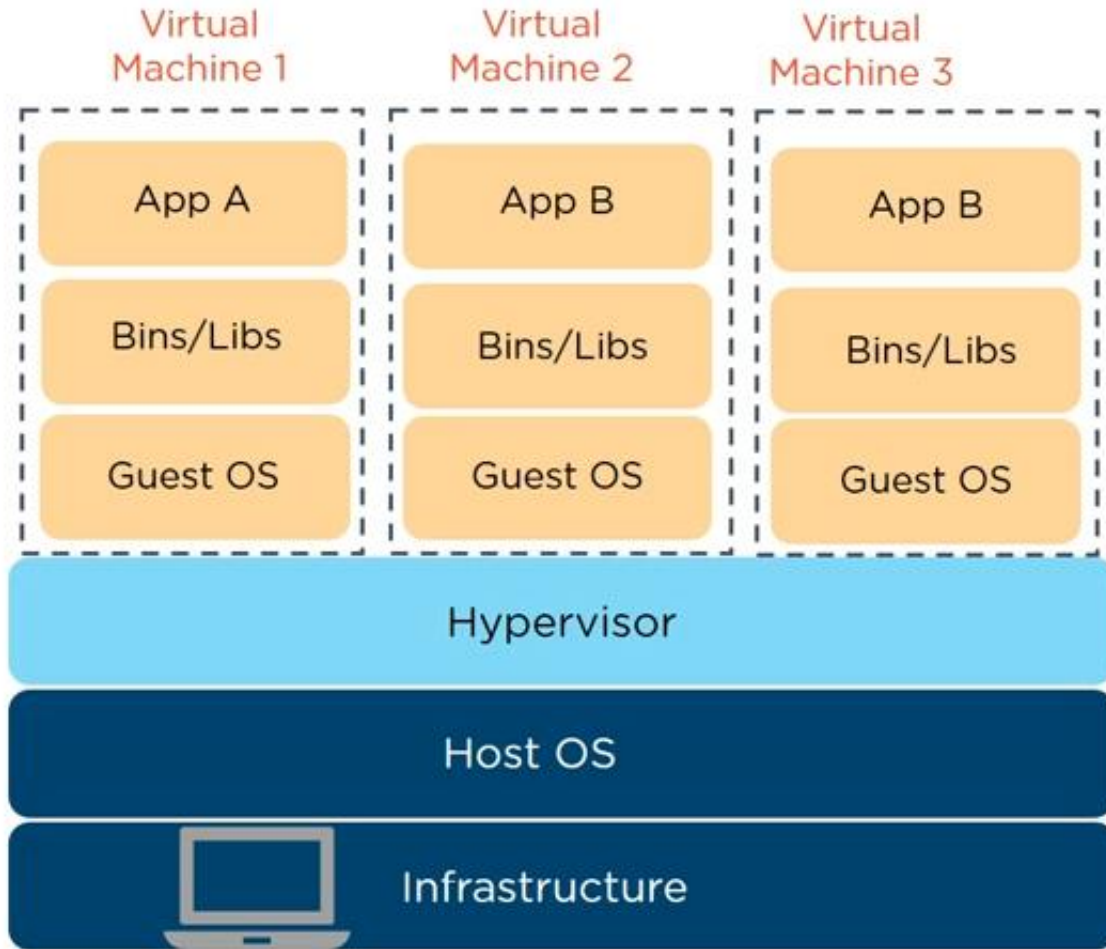


Benefits of Virtualization

- ⦿ Resource efficiency, using virtualization the maximum computing capacity can be utilized.
- ⦿ Minimum downtime, application and OS crash cases can be neglected by running multiple VMs with the same OS.
- ⦿ Time management, setting up a whole server from scratch can be avoided by using sufficient hardware devices for virtualization.

Virtual Machine vs Docker

Virtual Machine vs Docker



Virtual Machine vs Docker

Major differences are:

**Virtual
Machine**



Memory usage

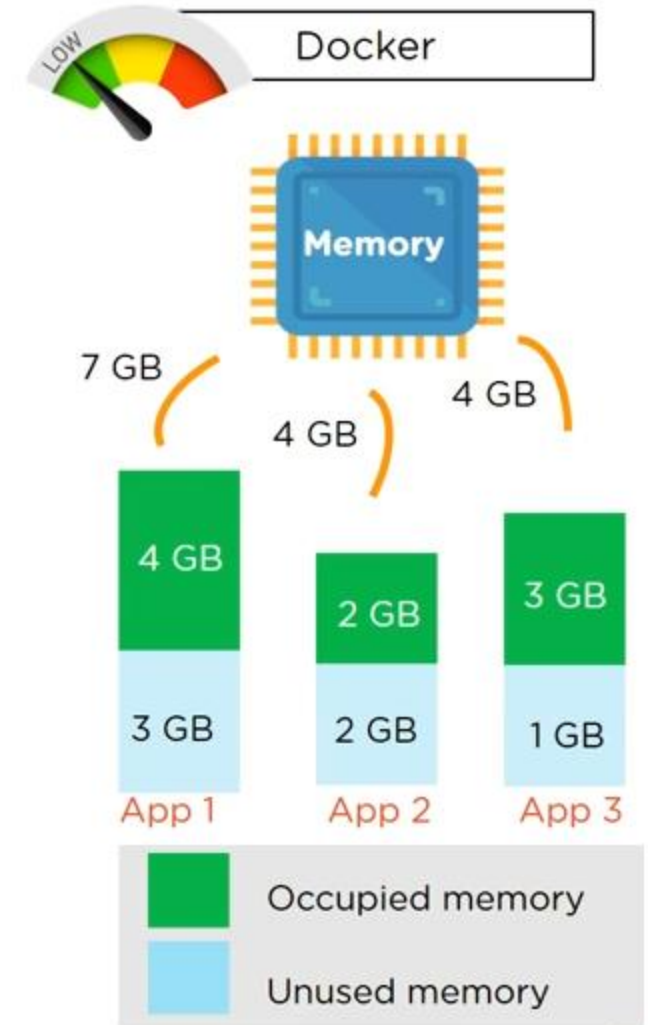
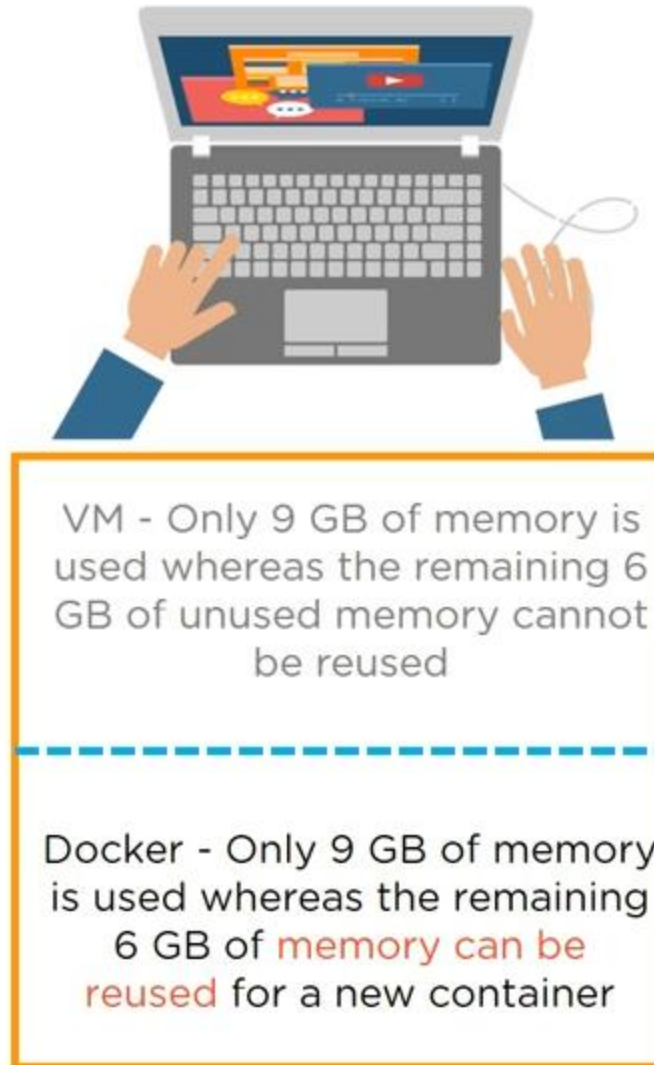
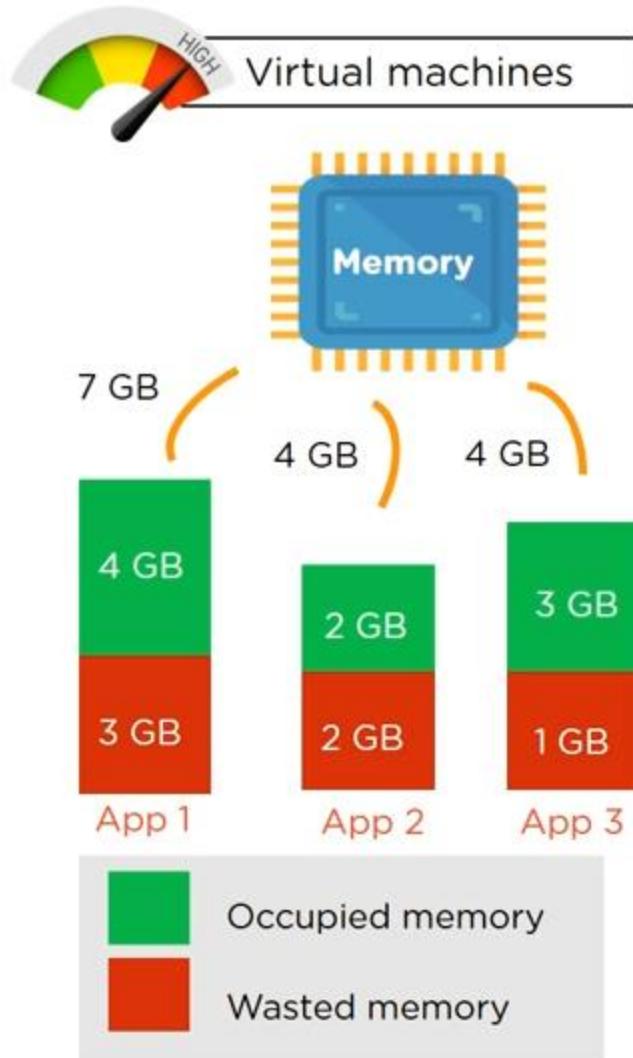
Performance

Portability

Boot-up time



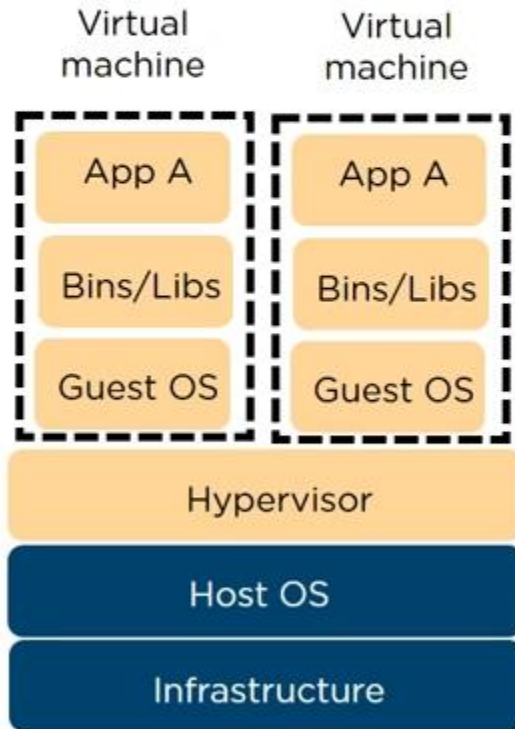
Virtual Machine vs Docker - Memory Usage



Virtual Machine vs Docker - Performance



Virtual machines

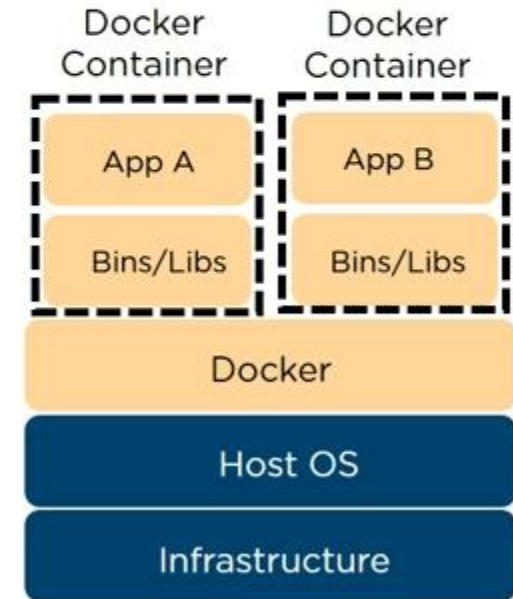


VM - Running multiple virtual machines leads to unstable performance

Docker - Containers have a **better performance** as they are hosted on a single Docker engine



Docker



Virtual Machine vs Docker - Portability



Virtual machines



Software works on system A



The same software doesn't work on system B



VM - Portability issues while executing applications in different platforms

Docker - Multiple software can be encapsulated in a single container and **can be easily deployed** to different platforms



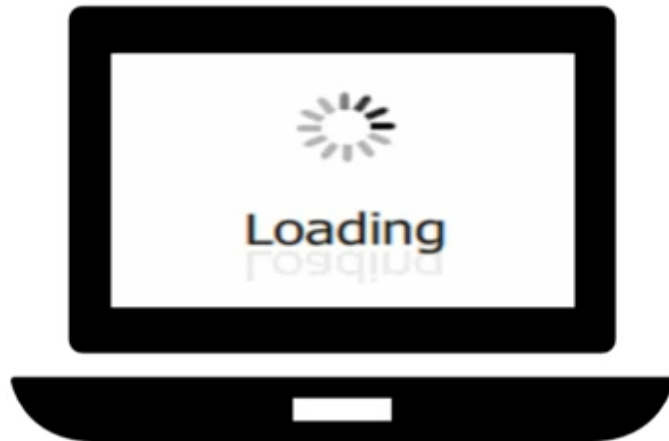
Docker



Virtual Machine vs Docker - Boot-up Time



Virtual machines



VM - Takes long boot-up time
(minutes)

Docker - Takes **less** boot-up
time (milliseconds)



Docker



Docker

(Play Video 01)

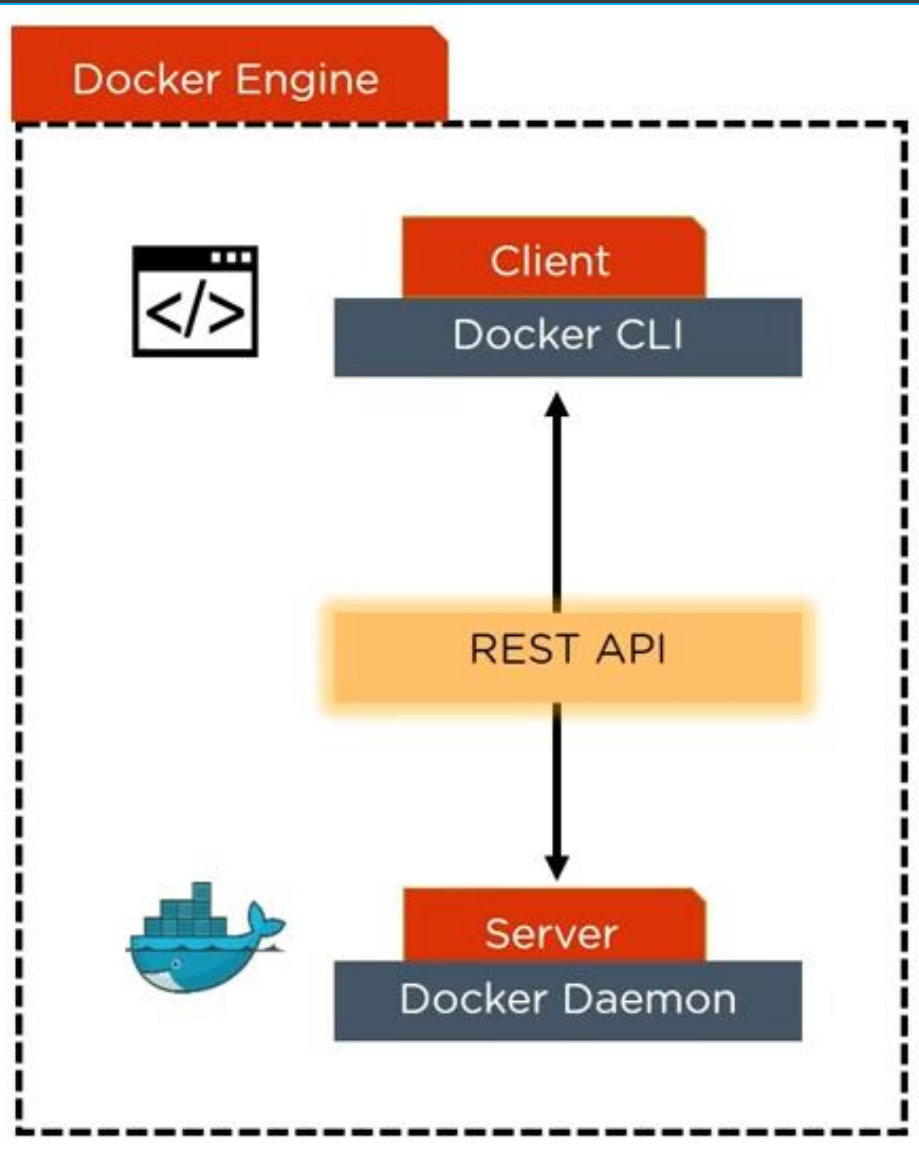
What is Docker ?

- **Docker** is a tool which is used to automate the deployment of applications in lightweight containers so that applications can work efficiently in different environments
- **Docker** is an OS-level virtualization software platform that enables developers and IT administrators to create, deploy and run applications in a Docker Container with all their dependencies
- Container is a software package that consists of all the dependencies (frameworks, libraries, etc...) required to execute and run an application

What is Docker ?

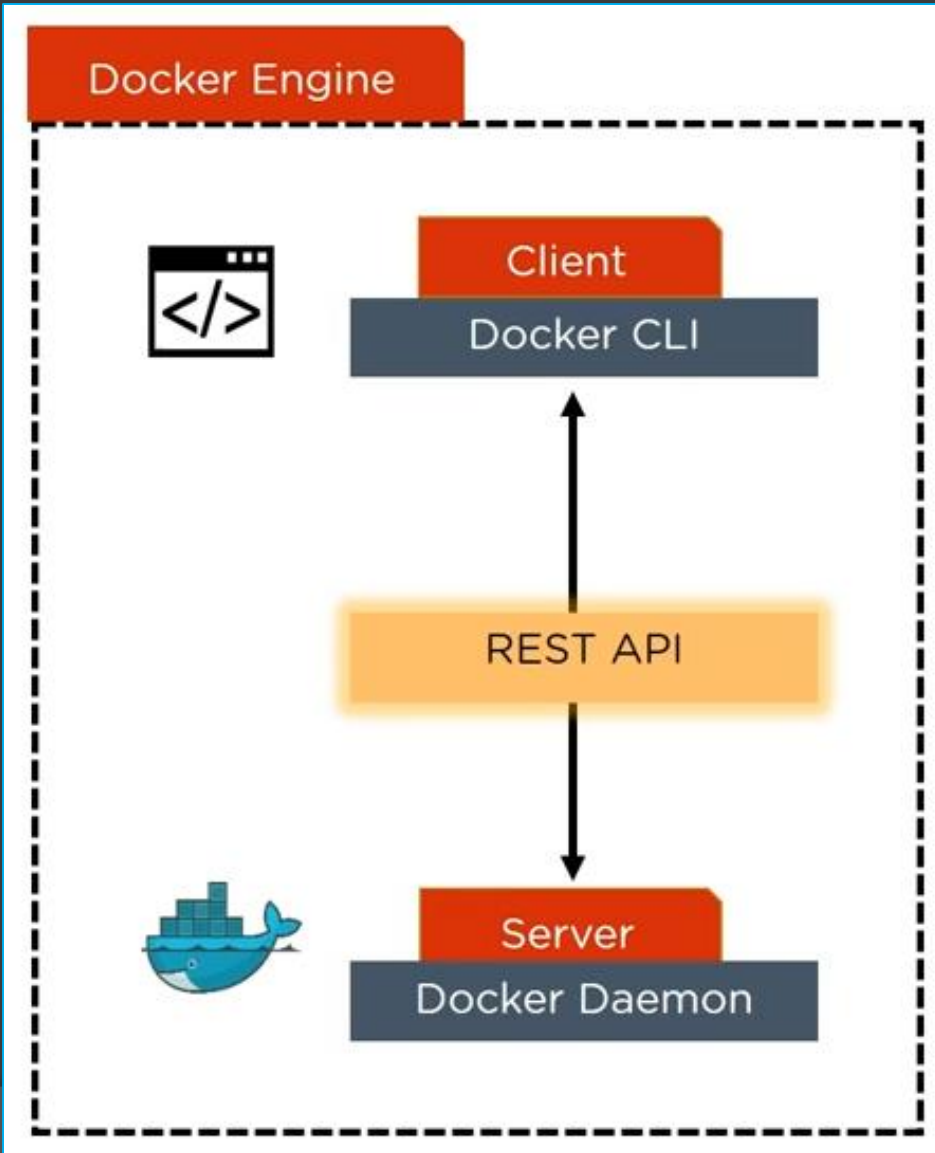


How does Docker work ?



- Docker Engine or Docker is the base engine installed on your host machine to build and run containers using Docker components and services
- It uses a client-server architecture
- Docker Client and Server communicates using REST API

How does Docker work ?



- Docker Client is a service which runs a command, and is translated using REST API, and is sent to the Docker Daemon (server)
- The Docker Daemon check the client request and interacts with the operating system in order to create or manage containers

Components of Docker

Components of Docker



Docker Client and Server



Docker Images



Docker Containers



Docker Registry

Components of Docker - Docker Client and Server

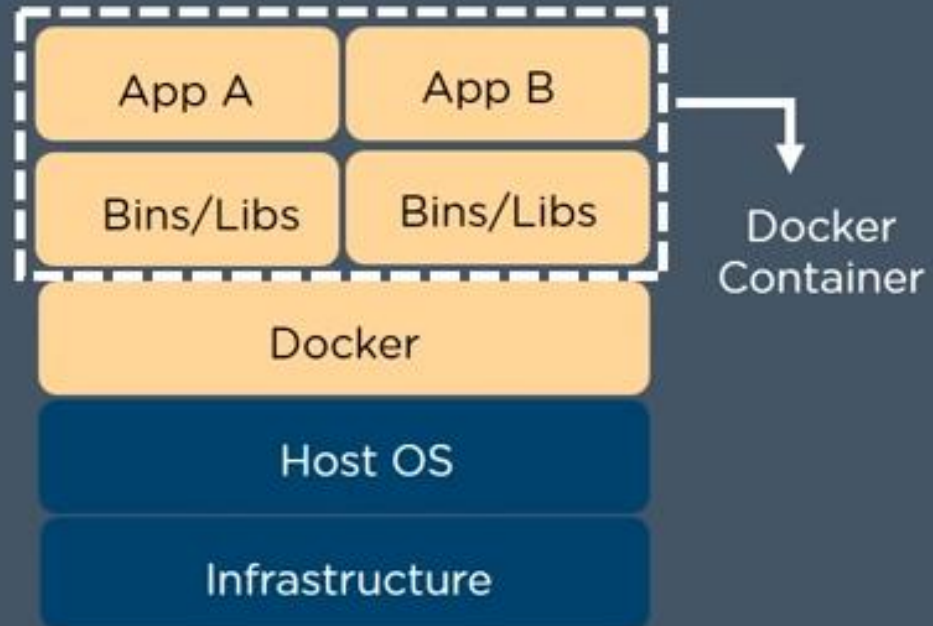
- ⦿ Docker Client is accessed from the terminal and a Docker Host runs the Docker Daemon and registry
- ⦿ A user can build Docker Images and run Docker Containers by passing commands from the Docker Client to the Docker Server

Components of Docker - Docker Image

- ⦿ Docker Image is a template with instructions, which is used for creating Docker Containers
- ⦿ A Docker Image is built using a file called Docker File
- ⦿ Docker Image is stored in a Docker Hub or in a repository

Components of Docker - Docker Container

- Docker Container is a standalone, executable software package which includes applications and their dependencies



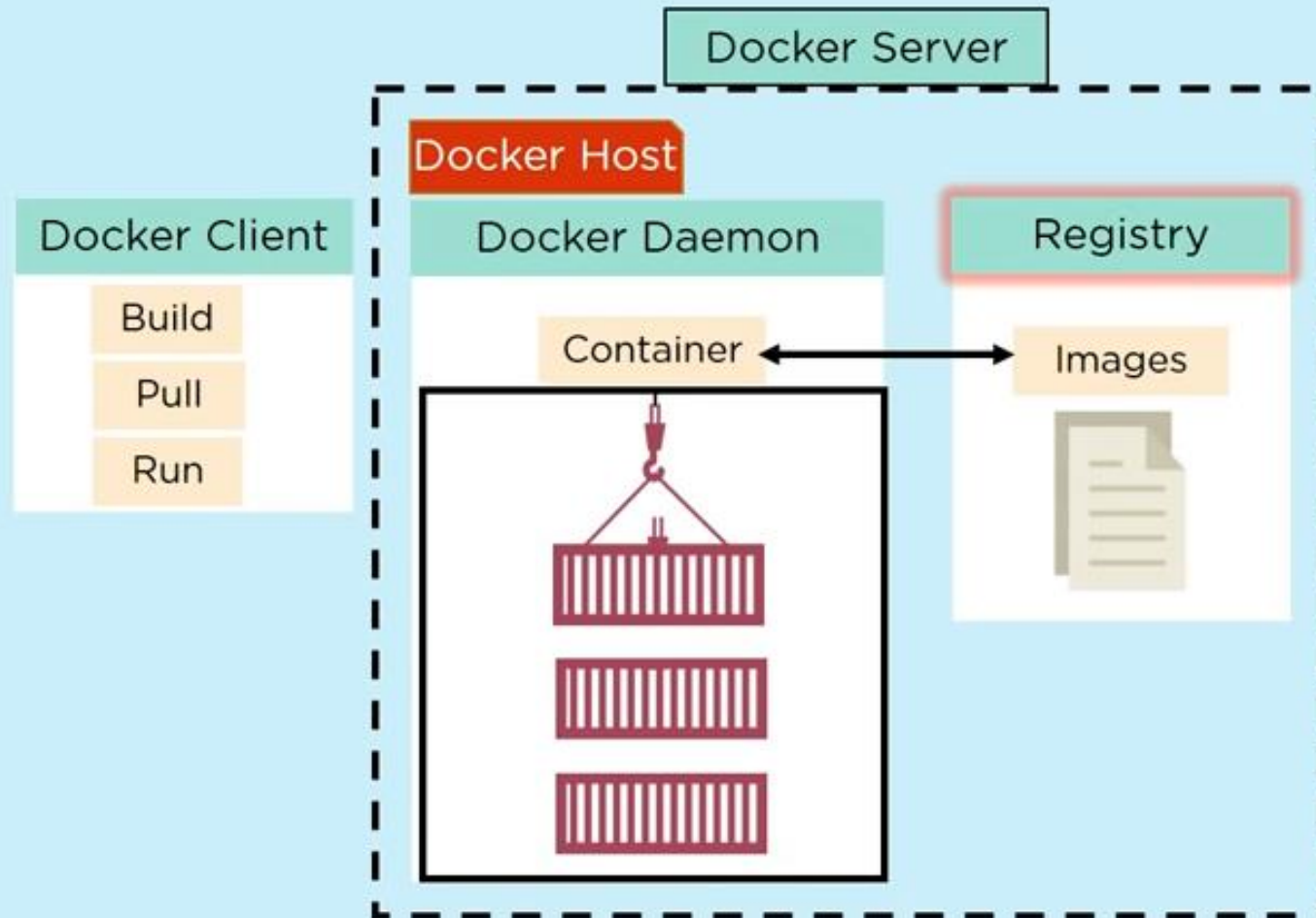
Components of Docker - Docker Container

- ⦿ Numerous Docker Containers run on the same infrastructure and share operating system (OS) with its other containers
- ⦿ Each application runs in isolation

Components of Docker - Docker Registry

- ⦿ Docker Registry is an open source server-side service used for hosting and distributing images
- ⦿ Docker also has its own default registry called Docker Hub
- ⦿ Images can be stored in either public or private repositories
- ⦿ Pull and Push are the commands used by users in order to interact with a Docker Registry

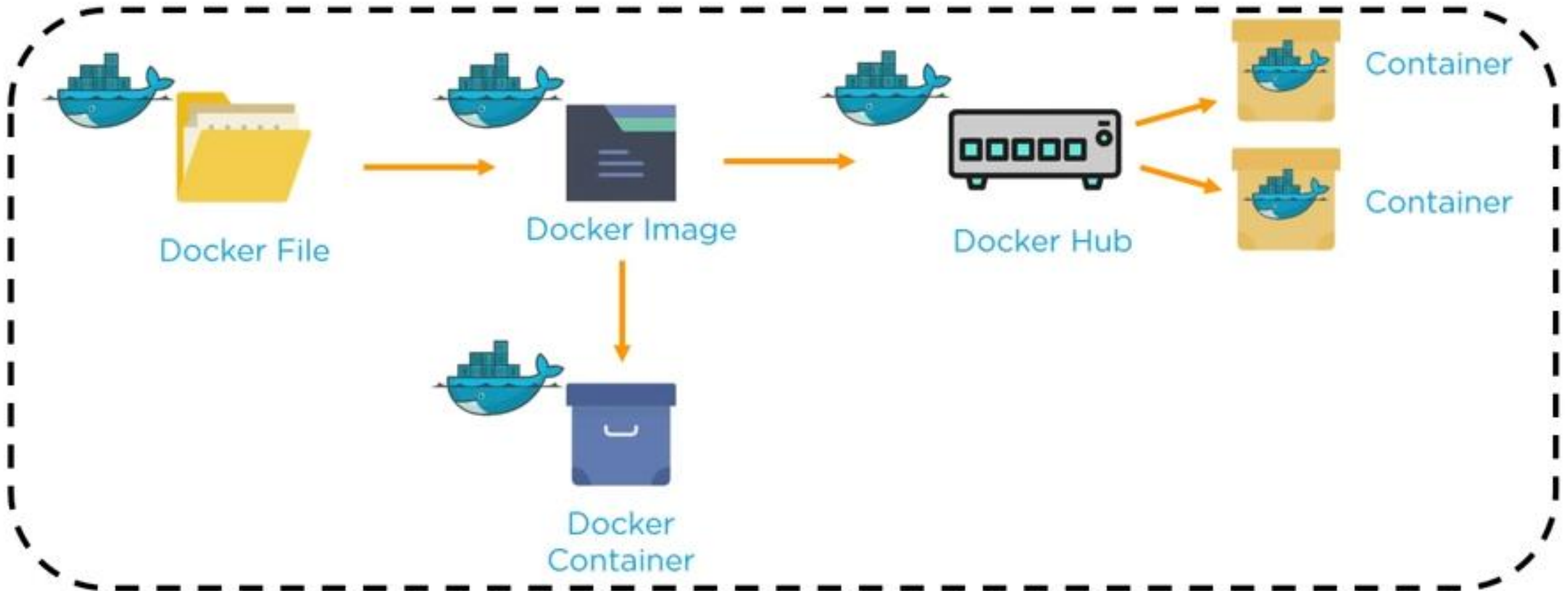
Components of Docker - Diagram



Components of Docker - Recap

- ⦿ Docker File creates a Docker Image using the build command
- ⦿ A Docker Image contains all the project's code
- ⦿ Using Docker Image, any user can run the code in order to create Docker Containers
- ⦿ Once a Docker Image is built, it's uploaded in a registry or a Docker Hub
- ⦿ From the Docker Hub, users can get the Docker Image and build new containers

Components of Docker - Recap



Advanced Concepts in Docker

- ⦿ **Docker Compose**
- ⦿ **Docker Swarm**

Docker Compose

- Compose is a tool for defining and running multi-container Docker applications as a single service
- Compose files are very easy to write in a scripting language called YAML, which is an XML-based language that stands for **Yet Another Markup Language**

Docker Compose - **YAML** file

```
version: "3"

services:

  nginx:
    container_name: nginx
    image: nginx:latest

    ports:
      - "80:80"
```


Benefits of Docker-Compose

- ⦿ Single host deployment
- ⦿ Quick and easy configuration

Basic Docker Commands

Basic Docker Commands

```
docker -v
```

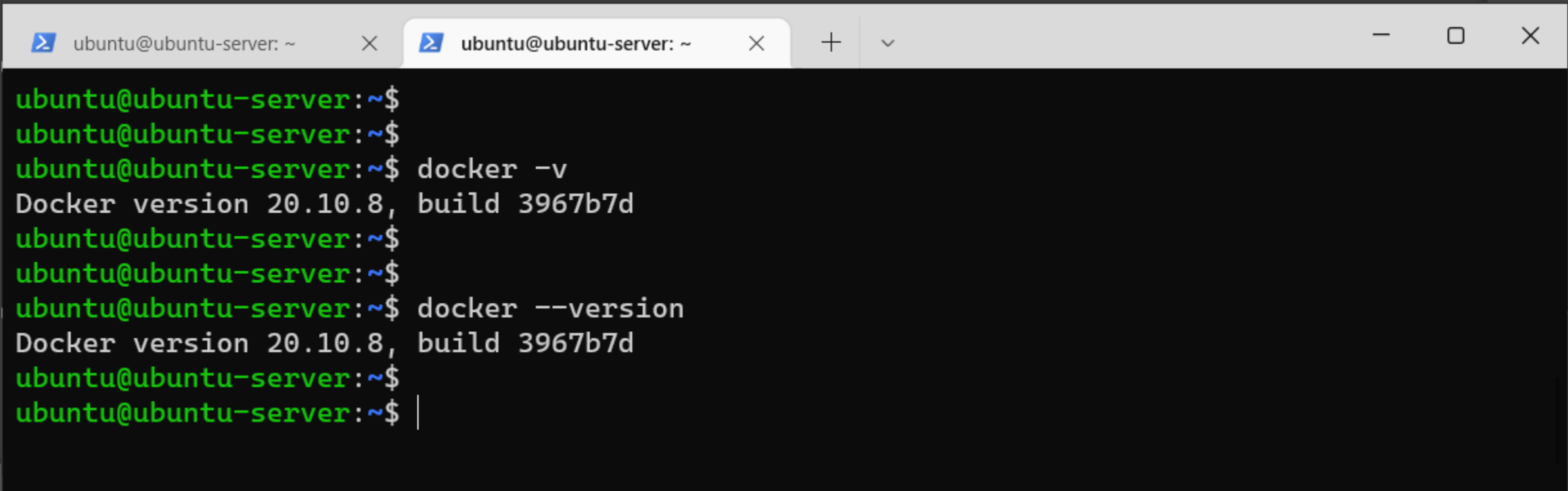
```
docker --version
```

- ⦿ Used to get the installed version

Basic Docker Commands

docker -v

docker --version



```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker -v  
Docker version 20.10.8, build 3967b7d  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker --version  
Docker version 20.10.8, build 3967b7d  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ |
```

Basic Docker Commands

```
docker --help
```

```
docker [COMMAND] --help
```

- Used to get help information

Basic Docker Commands

docker --help

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker --help
```

```
Usage:  docker [OPTIONS] COMMAND
```

```
A self-sufficient runtime for containers
```

Options:

<code>--config</code> string	Location of client config files (default <code>"/home/ubuntu/.docker"</code>)
<code>-c</code> , <code>--context</code> string	Name of the context to use to connect to the daemon (overrides <code>DOCKER_HOST</code> env var and default context set with <code>"docker context use"</code>)
<code>-D</code> , <code>--debug</code>	Enable debug mode
<code>-H</code> , <code>--host</code> list	Daemon socket(s) to connect to
<code>-l</code> , <code>--log-level</code> string	Set the logging level (<code>"debug"</code> <code>"info"</code> <code>"warn"</code> <code>"error"</code> <code>"fatal"</code>) (default <code>"info"</code>)
<code>--tls</code>	Use TLS; implied by <code>--tlsverify</code>
<code>--tlscacert</code> string	Trust certs signed only by this CA (default <code>"/home/ubuntu/.docker/ca.pem"</code>)
<code>--tlscert</code> string	Path to TLS certificate file (default <code>"/home/ubuntu/.docker/cert.pem"</code>)
<code>--tlskey</code> string	Path to TLS key file (default <code>"/home/ubuntu/.docker/key.pem"</code>)
<code>--tlsverify</code>	Use TLS and verify the remote
<code>-v</code> , <code>--version</code>	Print version information and quit

Basic Docker Commands

docker [COMMAND] --help

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker run --help

Usage:  docker run [OPTIONS] IMAGE [COMMAND] [ARG...]

Run a command in a new container

Options:
  --add-host list          Add a custom host-to-IP mapping (host:ip)
  -a, --attach list        Attach to STDIN, STDOUT or STDERR
  --blkio-weight uint16    Block IO (relative weight), between 10 and 1000, or 0 to disable
                           (default 0)
  --blkio-weight-device list Block IO weight (relative device weight) (default [])
  --cap-add list           Add Linux capabilities
  --cap-drop list          Drop Linux capabilities
  --cgroup-parent string   Optional parent cgroup for the container
  --cgroupns string        Cgroup namespace to use (host|private)
                           'host':      Run the container in the Docker host's cgroup namespace
                           'private':   Run the container in its own private cgroup namespace
                           '':          Use the cgroup namespace as configured by the
                           default-cgroupns-mode option on the daemon (default)
```

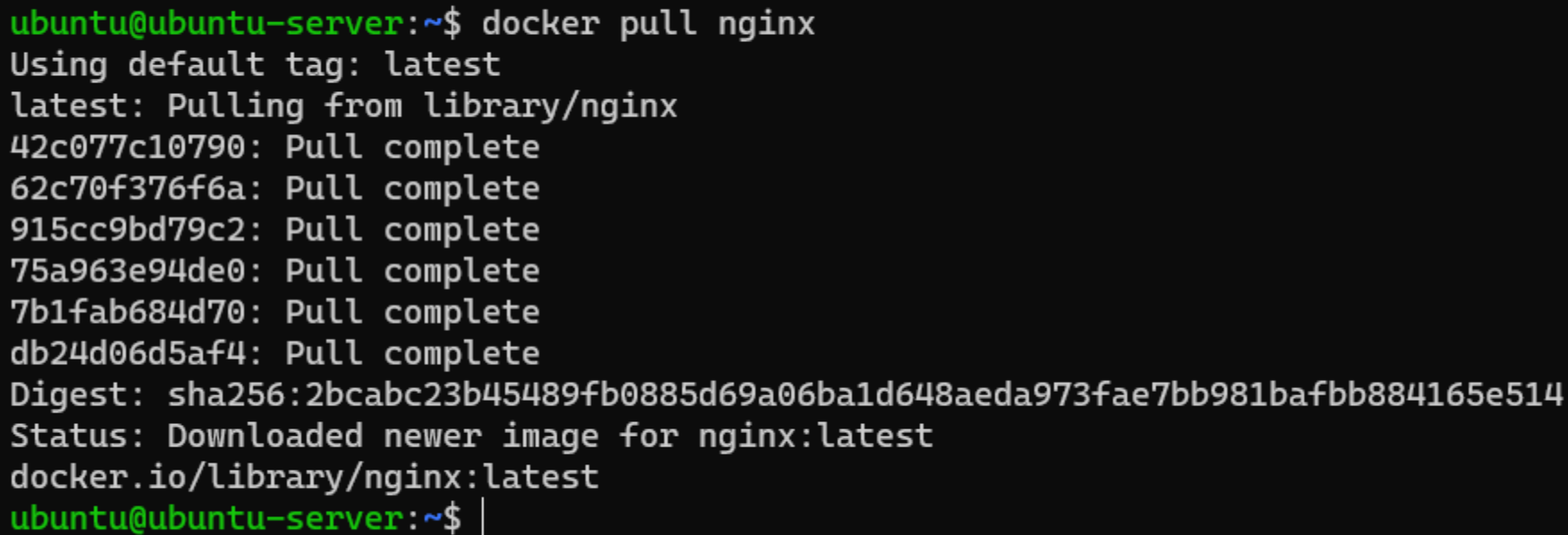
Basic Docker Commands

```
docker pull <image_name>
```

- ⦿ Used to pull images from the docker repository (hub.docker.com)

Basic Docker Commands

```
docker pull <image_name>
```



A terminal window with two tabs, both labeled 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~'. The terminal shows the command 'docker pull nginx' being executed. The output indicates that the 'latest' tag is used and the image is pulled from the Docker library. It lists several layers being pulled, each with a unique ID and the status 'Pull complete'. The digest is shown as 'sha256:2bcabc23b45489fb0885d69a06ba1d648aeda973fae7bb981bafbb884165e514'. The status is 'Downloaded newer image for nginx:latest' and the full image name 'docker.io/library/nginx:latest' is displayed. The prompt returns to 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~\$'.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker pull nginx
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/nginx
42c077c10790: Pull complete
62c70f376f6a: Pull complete
915cc9bd79c2: Pull complete
75a963e94de0: Pull complete
7b1fab684d70: Pull complete
db24d06d5af4: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:2bcabc23b45489fb0885d69a06ba1d648aeda973fae7bb981bafbb884165e514
Status: Downloaded newer image for nginx:latest
docker.io/library/nginx:latest
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ |
```

Basic Docker Commands

docker run

- ⦿ Used to create a container from an image

Basic Docker Commands

docker run

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker run --name=nginx -d nginx:latest
90a58150f28d946f13a25780ad55f86904833e59a85465d833d9ad25ac586563
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ |
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker run --name=nginx nginx:latest
/docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Getting the checksum of /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Enabled listen on IPv6 in /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh
```

Basic Docker Commands

```
docker ps
```

- ⦿ Used to list the running containers

Basic Docker Commands

docker ps

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker ps
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	NAMES	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	nginx	"/docker-entrypoint...."	6 seconds ago	Up 4 seconds	80/tcp
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	rameses-notification-server	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	3 weeks ago	Up 3 weeks	0.0.0.0:7080->8080/tcp, :::7080->8080/tcp
a5f441198e10	portainer/portainer-ce	portainer	"/portainer"	8 months ago	Up 3 months	8000/tcp, 0.0.0.0:9000->9000/tcp, :::9000->9000/tcp

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ |
```

Basic Docker Commands

```
docker ps -a
```

- ⦿ Used to show all the running and exited containers

Basic Docker Commands

```
docker ps -a
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS
PORTS		NAMES		
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	"/docker-entrypoint...." nginx	2 minutes ago	Exited (0) 5 seconds ag
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	"docker-entrypoint.s..." rameses-notification-server	3 weeks ago	Up 3 weeks
a5f441198e10	portainer/portainer-ce	"/portainer" portainer	8 months ago	Up 3 months

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ |
```

Basic Docker Commands

`docker exec`

- Used to access the running container

Basic Docker Commands

docker exec

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker exec -it nginx bash
```

```
root@2bb3c61ca4c9:/#
```

```
root@2bb3c61ca4c9:/#
```

```
root@2bb3c61ca4c9:/# ls
```

```
bin      dev      docker-entrypoint.sh  home  lib64  mnt  proc  run  srv  tmp  
var
```

```
boot  docker-entrypoint.d  etc      lib  media  opt  root  sbin  sys  usr
```

```
root@2bb3c61ca4c9:/# |
```

Basic Docker Commands

`docker logs`

- Fetch the logs of a container

Basic Docker Commands

docker logs

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker logs -f nginx  
/docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration  
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/  
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh  
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Getting the checksum of /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf  
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Enabled listen on IPv6 in /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf  
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh  
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh  
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Configuration complete; ready for start up  
2022/06/12 06:46:33 [notice] 1#1: using the "epoll" event method  
2022/06/12 06:46:33 [notice] 1#1: nginx/1.21.6  
2022/06/12 06:46:33 [notice] 1#1: built by gcc 10.2.1 20210110 (Debian 10.2.1-6)  
2022/06/12 06:46:33 [notice] 1#1: OS: Linux 4.15.0-184-generic  
2022/06/12 06:46:33 [notice] 1#1: getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE): 1048576:1048576  
2022/06/12 06:46:33 [notice] 1#1: start worker processes  
2022/06/12 06:46:33 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 30
```

Basic Docker Commands

```
docker stop
```

- ⦿ Used to stop a running container

Basic Docker Commands

docker stop

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker ps
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STAT
US	PORTS	NAMES		
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	"/docker-entrypoint...."	7 minutes ago	Up 3
minutes	80/tcp	nginx		
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	3 weeks ago	Up 3
weeks	0.0.0.0:7080->8080/tcp, :::7080->8080/tcp	rameses-notification-server		
a5f441198e10	portainer/portainer-ce	"/portainer"	8 months ago	Up 3
months	8000/tcp, 0.0.0.0:9000->9000/tcp, :::9000->9000/tcp	portainer		

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker stop nginx
```

```
nginx
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STAT
US	PORTS	NAMES		
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	"/docker-entrypoint...."	8 minutes ago	Exit
ed (0)	19 seconds ago	nginx		

Basic Docker Commands

```
docker rm
```

- Used to delete or remove a stopped container

Basic Docker Commands

docker rm

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ clear  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	"/docker-entrypoint..."	13 minutes ago	Exited (0) 5 minutes ago
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	3 weeks ago	Up 3 weeks
a5f441198e10	portainer/portainer-ce	"/portainer"	8 months ago	Up 3 months

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker rm nginx  
nginx  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	3 weeks ago	Up 3 weeks

Basic Docker Commands

`docker kill`

- ⦿ This command kills the container by stopping its execution immediately.
- ⦿ The difference between 'docker kill' and 'docker stop' is that 'docker stop' gives the container time to shutdown gracefully

Basic Docker Commands

`docker commit`

- ⦿ This command creates a new image of an edited container on the local system

Basic Docker Commands

`docker images`

- ⦿ Used to lists all locally stored docker images

Basic Docker Commands

docker images

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ clear  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
nginx	latest	0e901e68141f	9 days ago	142MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-province	2.5.04.05.01	0a60282b96bd	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-province	beta	0a60282b96bd	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-municipality	2.5.04.05.01	4c265f59309d	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-municipality	beta	4c265f59309d	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-city	2.5.04.05.01	2ca8d816771f	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-city	beta	2ca8d816771f	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-services	2.5.04.05	5864144f9674	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-services	beta	5864144f9674	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-core	2.5.04	67f97aa82e15	3 weeks ago	164MB
ramesesinc/etracs-core	beta	67f97aa82e15	3 weeks ago	164MB
ramesesinc/etracsorg	1.01	6bc05ca50bfd	4 months ago	179MB
ramesesinc/mail-server	1.01	6ec78652c153	4 months ago	191MB
ramesesinc/mail-server	latest	6ec78652c153	4 months ago	191MB
ramesesinc/gdx-client	1.04.03	efba9f4ea0e0	4 months ago	174MB

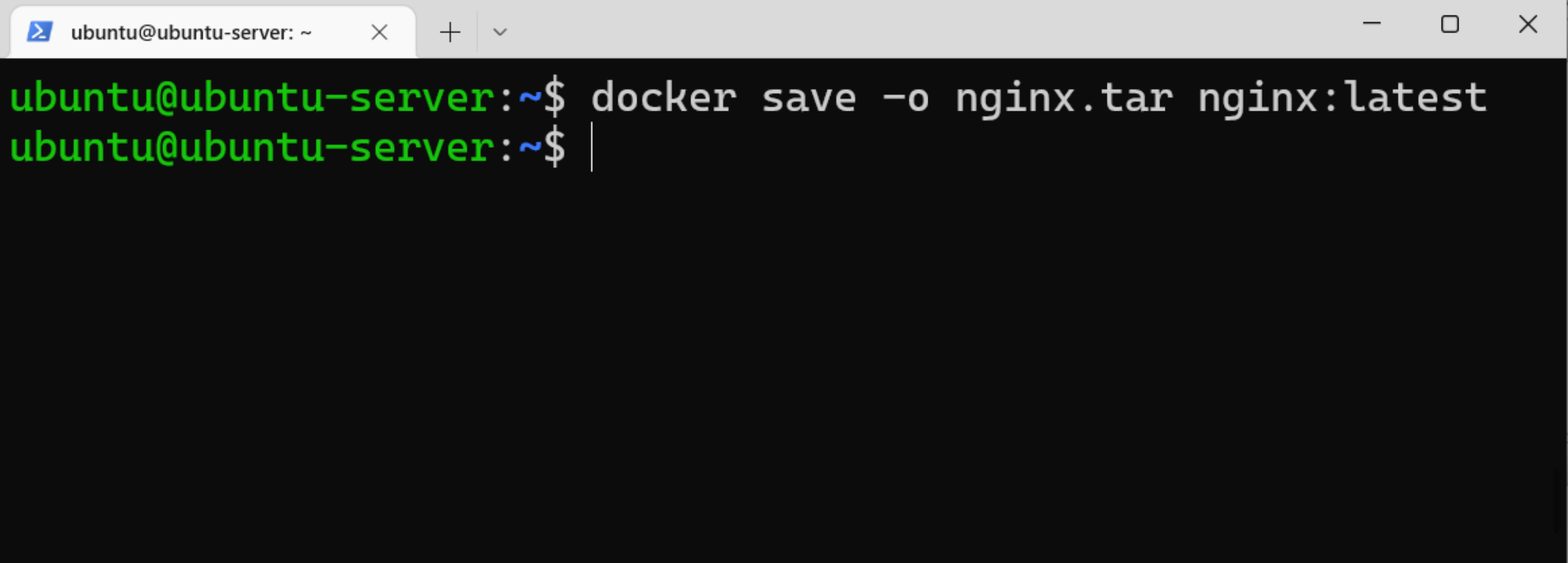
Basic Docker Commands

`docker save`

- ⦿ Save one or more images to a tar archive

Basic Docker Commands

docker save



A terminal window with a title bar showing 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~'. The terminal content shows the command 'docker save -o nginx.tar nginx:latest' being entered and executed. The prompt 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~\$' is shown twice, once before and once after the command.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker save -o nginx.tar nginx:latest
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$
```

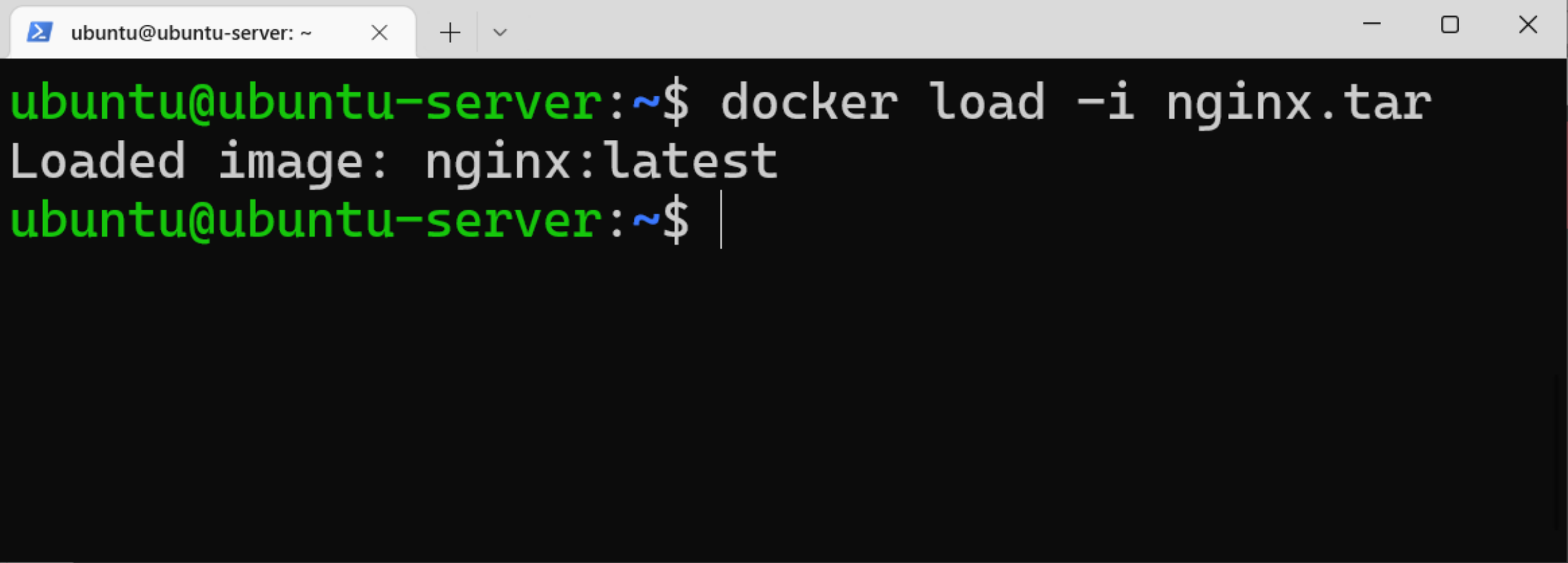
Basic Docker Commands

docker load

- ⦿ Load an image from a tar archive

Basic Docker Commands

docker load



A terminal window with a title bar showing 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~'. The terminal content shows the command 'docker load -i nginx.tar' being executed, followed by the output 'Loaded image: nginx:latest' and the prompt 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~\$' with a cursor.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker load -i nginx.tar
Loaded image: nginx:latest
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ |
```

Basic Docker Commands

```
docker rmi
```

- ⦿ Used to delete an image from local storage

Basic Docker Commands

docker rmi

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker rmi nginx:latest
```

```
Untagged: nginx:latest
```

```
Deleted: sha256:0e901e68141fd02f237cf63eb842529f8a9500636a9419e3cf4fb986b8fe3d5d
```

```
Deleted: sha256:1e877fb1acf761377390ab38bbad050a1d5296f1b4f51878c2695d4ecdb98c62
```

```
Deleted: sha256:834e54d50f731515065370d1c15f0ed47d2f7b6a7b0452646db80f14ace9b8de
```

```
Deleted: sha256:d28ca7ee17ff94497071d5c075b4099a4f2c950a3471fc49bdf9876227970b24
```

```
Deleted: sha256:096f97ba95539883af393732efac02acdd0e2ae587a5479d97065b64b4eded8c
```

```
Deleted: sha256:de7e3b2a7430261fde88313fbf784a63c2229ce369b9116053786845c39058d5
```

```
Deleted: sha256:ad6562704f3759fb50f0d3de5f80a38f65a85e709b77fd24491253990f30b6be
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ |
```

Basic Docker Commands

`docker login`

- Used to login to the docker hub repository

Basic Docker Commands

`docker logout`

- Used to logout from a Docker registry

Basic Docker Commands

`docker push`

- ⦿ Used to push an image to the docker hub repository

Basic Docker Commands

`docker build`

- ⦿ Used to build an image from a specified docker file

Basic Docker Commands

docker build

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker build -t ramesesinc/etracs-core:2.5.04 .
```

```
Sending build context to Docker daemon 39.35MB
```

```
Step 1/15 : FROM ramesesinc/alpine-java:jre8
```

```
---> f8388f56eae6
```

```
Step 2/15 : COPY /apps /apps
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> ed9b0e55c1a3
```

```
Step 3/15 : COPY /tz/zoneinfo /usr/share/zoneinfo
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 1737f80289d2
```

```
Step 4/15 : COPY /tz/zoneinfo/Asia/Manila /etc/localtime
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> a972fb1f3a19
```

```
Step 5/15 : COPY /tz/timezone /etc/timezone
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 6d666bfde169
```

```
Step 6/15 : WORKDIR /apps/server/bin
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 054bb6fbe3e7
```

```
Step 7/15 : RUN tar -xf sh.tar.gz
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 053e7b024dd2
```

```
Step 8/15 : RUN rm -f sh.tar.gz
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> e1f0beb515d3
```

```
Step 9/15 : WORKDIR /apps
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 5326e05cfbd8
```

Dockerfile

```
FROM ramesesinc/alpine-java:jre8

COPY /apps /apps
COPY /tz/zoneinfo /usr/share/zoneinfo
COPY /tz/zoneinfo/Asia/Manila /etc/localtime
COPY /tz/timezone /etc/timezone

WORKDIR /apps/server/bin
RUN tar -xf sh.tar.gz
RUN rm -f sh.tar.gz

WORKDIR /apps
RUN tar -xf sh.tar.gz
RUN rm -f sh.tar.gz

ENV LANG en_US.UTF-8
ENV LANGUAGE en_US:en

CMD ["/bin/bash", "/apps/start.sh"]

EXPOSE 8060 8061 8080 8070
```

Docker Compose

What is Docker Compose ?

- ④ **Compose** is a tool for defining and running multi-container Docker applications.
- ④ Use a YAML file to configure your application's services.
- ④ Create and start all the services from your configuration

How does Docker Compose works ?

- ⦿ Define the services that make up your app in a file called **docker-compose.yml** , so they can be run together in an isolated environment
- ⦿ Run **"docker-compose up"** to start and run your entire app

docker-compose.yml

```
version: "3"
```

```
services:
```

```
  nginx:
```

```
    container_name: nginx
```

```
    image: nginx:latest
```

```
    ports:
```

```
      - "80:80"
```

```
  portainer1:
```

```
    container_name: portainer1
```

```
    image: portainer/portainer-ce
```

```
    ports:
```

```
      - "9001:9000"
```

```
    volumes:
```

```
      - /var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock
```

Docker Compose Commands

Docker Compose Commands

```
docker-compose --version
```

- Used to check a version

Docker Compose Commands

`docker-compose --version`

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose --version  
  
docker-compose version 1.23.1, build b02f1306  
  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$
```

Docker Compose Commands

```
docker-compose up
```

- Used to start all services

```
docker-compose up -d
```

- Used to start all services in the background and leave them running

Docker Compose Commands

docker-compose up

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose up
```

```
Creating network "nginx_default" with the default driver
```

```
Creating nginx ... done
```

```
Attaching to nginx
```

```
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh
nginx | 10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: IPv6 listen already enabled
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Configuration complete; ready for start up
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: using the "epoll" event method
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: nginx/1.21.6
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: built by gcc 10.2.1 20210110 (Debian 10.2.1-6)
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: OS: Linux 4.15.0-169-generic
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE): 1048576:1048576
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: start worker processes
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 24
```


Docker Compose Commands

docker-compose up -d

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose up -d
```

```
Starting nginx ... done
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$
```

Docker Compose Commands

```
docker-compose down
```

- Used to stop all services

Docker Compose Commands

docker-compose down

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose down
```

```
Stopping nginx ... done
```

```
Removing nginx ... done
```

```
Removing network nginx_default
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$
```

Docker Compose Commands

`docker-compose logs`

- View output from containers

Docker Compose Commands

docker-compose logs

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose logs -f
```

Attaching to nginx1

```
nginx1 | /docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will a
nginx1 | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entry
nginx1 | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-c
nginx1 | 10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: IPv6 listen already enable
nginx1 | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst
nginx1 | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-wor
nginx1 | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Configuration complete; ready for start up
nginx1 | 2022/06/12 06:57:14 [notice] 1#1: using the "epoll" event method
nginx1 | 2022/06/12 06:57:14 [notice] 1#1: nginx/1.21.6
nginx1 | 2022/06/12 06:57:14 [notice] 1#1: built by gcc 10.2.1 20210110 (D
nginx1 | 2022/06/12 06:57:14 [notice] 1#1: OS: Linux 4.15.0-184-generic
nginx1 | 2022/06/12 06:57:14 [notice] 1#1: getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE): 10485
nginx1 | 2022/06/12 06:57:14 [notice] 1#1: start worker processes
nginx1 | 2022/06/12 06:57:14 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 23
```

Demo and Exercises

Exercise #1

```
## Go to your training-202206 repository folder  
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

```
## Pull updates from remote origin
```

```
## Usage: git pull <remote_name> <branch>  
git pull
```

Exercise #1 - Result

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206$ git pull
ubuntu@192.168.0.10's password:
remote: Counting objects: 18, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (16/16), done.
remote: Total 18 (delta 3), reused 0 (delta 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (18/18), done.
From 192.168.0.10:gitrepo/training-202206
   70a1449..39fa0de  master    -> origin/master
Updating 70a1449..39fa0de
Fast-forward
 .gitignore          | 3 +++
 docs/DevTech-Training-Day-1.pdf | Bin 0 -> 1485095 bytes
 file1.txt           | 2 ++
 mysql/conf/conf.d/docker.cnf   | 3 +++
 mysql/conf/conf.d/mysql.cnf    | 1 +
 mysql/conf/conf.d mysqldump.cnf | 4 ++++
 mysql/conf/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf | 40 +++++
 mysql/docker-compose.yml       | 26 +++++
 nginx/conf.d/default.conf      | 21 +++++
 nginx/docker-compose.yml       | 21 +++++
 portainer/docker-compose.yml   | 21 +++++
11 files changed, 142 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 docs/DevTech-Training-Day-1.pdf
create mode 100644 file1.txt
create mode 100755 mysql/conf/conf.d/docker.cnf
create mode 100755 mysql/conf/conf.d/mysql.cnf
create mode 100755 mysql/conf/conf.d/mysqldump.cnf
create mode 100755 mysql/conf/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf
create mode 100755 mysql/docker-compose.yml
create mode 100755 nginx/conf.d/default.conf
create mode 100755 nginx/docker-compose.yml
create mode 100755 portainer/docker-compose.yml
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206$
```


Exercise #2

```
## Go to your training-202206 repository folder  
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

```
## Go to portainer folder  
cd portainer
```

```
## Start the Portainer service  
docker-compose up -d
```

Exercise #2 - Result

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~/tra × + v
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/portainer$ docker-compose up -d
Creating network "portainer_default" with the default driver
Creating portainer1 ... done
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/portainer$
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/portainer$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORT
S		NAMES			
cf892a1827a3	portainer/portainer-ce	"/portainer"	23 seconds ago	Up 17 seconds	8000
/tcp, 0.0.0.0:9001->9000/tcp, :::9001->9000/tcp					
portainer1					

- Open a web browser and go to the following:

<http://localhost:9001>

Exercise #3

Go to your training-202206 repository folder

```
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

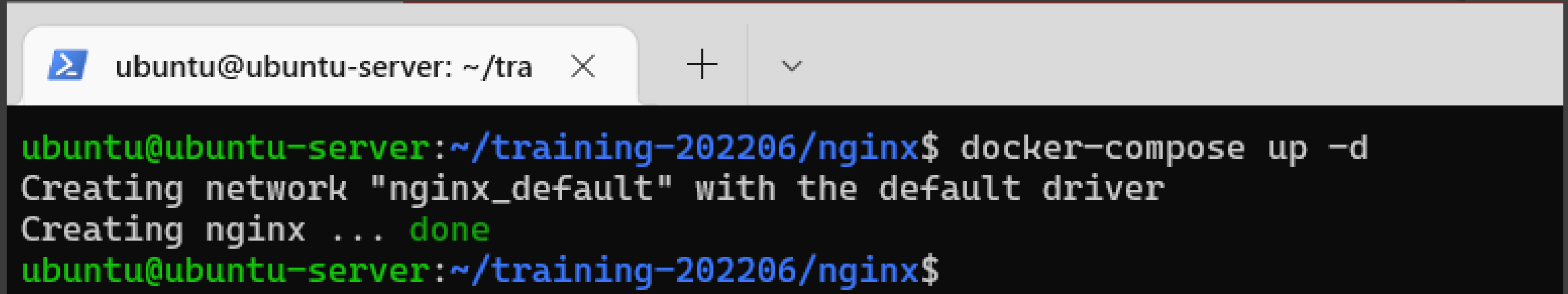
Go to nginx folder

```
cd nginx
```

Start the Nginx service

```
docker-compose up -d
```

Exercise #3 - Result

A terminal window with a light gray title bar. The title bar contains a blue icon with a white terminal symbol, followed by the text 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~/tra', a close button (X), a plus sign (+), and a dropdown arrow (v). The terminal content is on a black background with green and white text. It shows the command 'docker-compose up -d' being executed, followed by two status messages: 'Creating network "nginx_default" with the default driver' and 'Creating nginx ... done'. The prompt returns to 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx\$'.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~/tra X + v
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose up -d
Creating network "nginx_default" with the default driver
Creating nginx ... done
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$
```

- Open a web browser and go to the following:

<http://localhost>

Exercise #4

```
## Go to your training-202206 repository folder  
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

```
## Go to mysql folder  
cd mysql
```

```
## Start the MySQL service  
docker-compose up -d
```

Exercise #4 - Result



ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~/tra



```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/mysql$ docker-compose up -d
Creating network "mysql_default" with the default driver
Creating mysql ... done
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/mysql$
```

Exercise #5

```
## Get inside the docker container  
docker exec -it mysql bash
```

```
## Login to mysql  
mysql -u root -p
```

```
## Display the available databases  
show databases;
```

```
## Exit from mysql shell  
\q
```

```
## Exit from docker container  
exit
```

Exercise #5

Result

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/mysql$ docker exec -it mysql bash
root@f279ac7aed71:/#
root@f279ac7aed71:/#
root@f279ac7aed71:/# mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 2
Server version: 5.7.31 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| information_schema |
| mysql |
| performance_schema |
| sys |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> \q
Bye
root@f279ac7aed71:/# exit
exit
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/mysql$ |
```


Exercise #6 - Shutting down services

```
## Go to your training-202206 repository folder  
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

```
## Go to portainer folder  
cd portainer
```

```
## Shutdown the Portainer service  
docker-compose down
```

```
## Go to nginx folder  
cd ../nginx
```

```
## Shutdown the Nginx service  
docker-compose down
```

```
## Go to mysql folder  
cd ../mysql
```

```
## Shutdown the MySQL service  
docker-compose down
```

Portainer

What is Portainer ?

- ⦿ Portainer is a container management tool
- ⦿ Allows you to easily manage your different Docker environments (Docker hosts or Swarm clusters) using a lightweight management UI
- ⦿ Allows you to manage all your Docker resources
 - Containers
 - Images
 - Volumes
 - Networks
 - And more...

Setup Portainer Volume

NOTE:

This is only done one time
and cannot be re-executed again
unless the volume is deleted

##

Create a docker volume

```
docker volume create portainer_data_dir
```

Run Portainer

```
## Go to the training repository folder  
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```


```
## Go to the portainer folder  
cd portainer
```

```
## Run the portainer service  
docker-compose up -d
```

Access Portainer UI

- ⦿ Open a web browser (Chrome, Mozilla, Microsoft Edge, etc...) and go to this link: <http://localhost:9001>
- ⦿ Set the login credentials to:
 - Username: admin
 - Password : 12345678
- ⦿ Click the "Create User" button to continue
- ⦿ Select "Docker", then click the "Connect" button

Access Portainer UI

portainer.io

Home

LOCAL

Dashboard

App Templates

Stacks

Containers

Images

Networks

Volumes

Events

Host


SETTINGS

Users

Endpoints

Registries

Settings

portainer.io 2.6.3

Dashboard

Endpoint summary

admin

[my account](#) [log out](#)

Endpoint info

Endpoint	local 1 5.2 GB - Standalone 20.10.8
URL	/var/run/docker.sock
Tags	-

3
Stacks

4
0 healthy
0 unhealthy
4 running
0 stopped
Containers

38
Images

6.6 GB

124
Volumes

6
Networks

Next Topic

- iReport Designer
- Report Editing and Management