

# DevTech Training

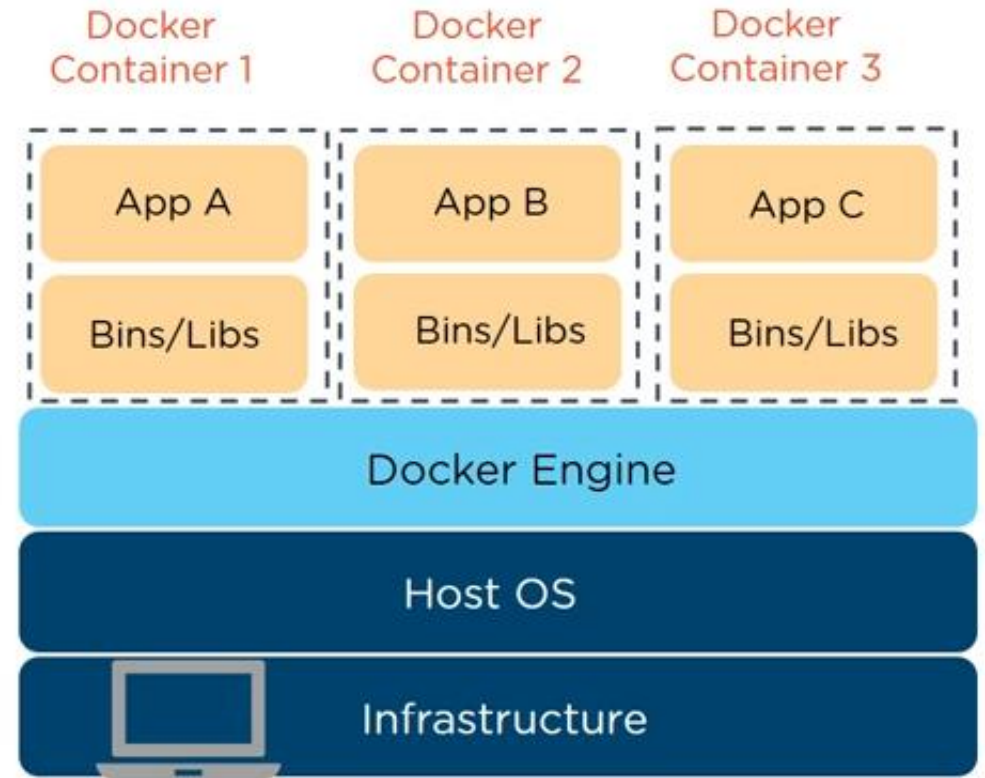
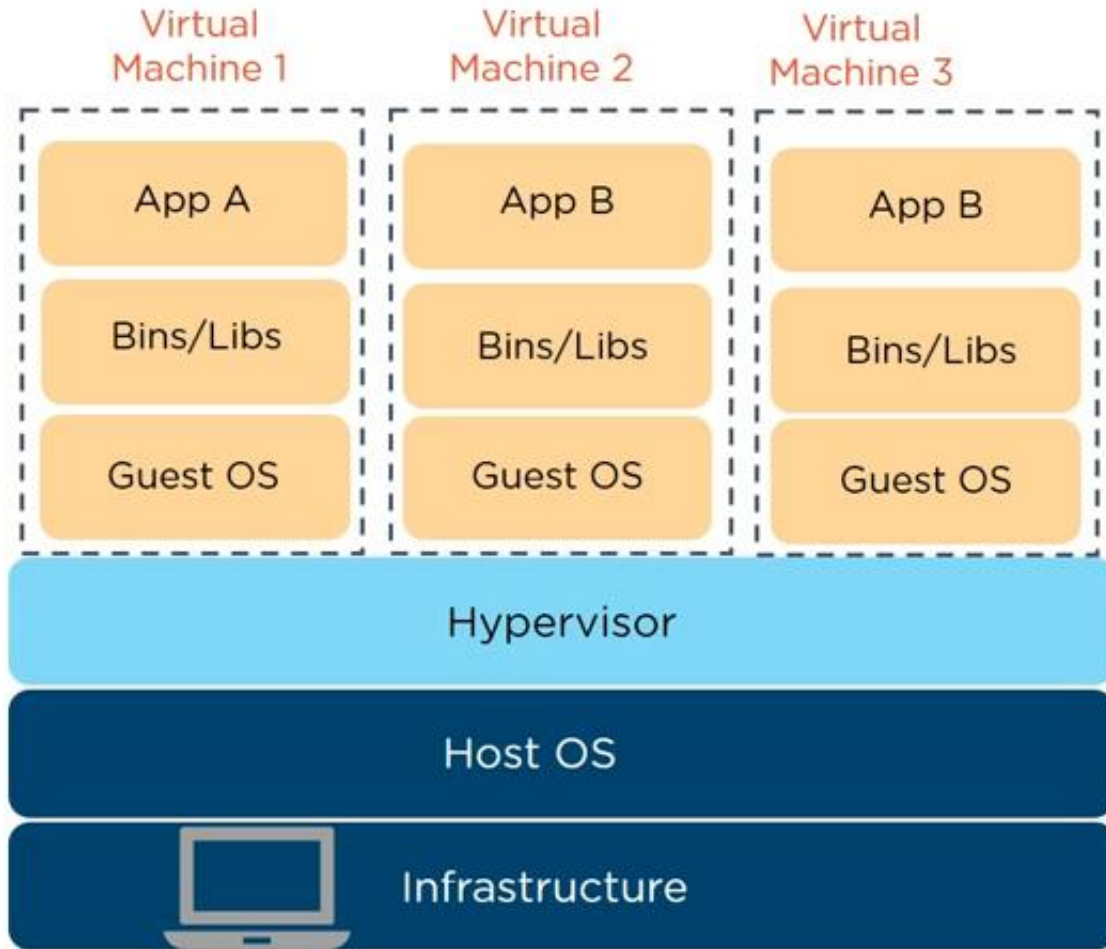
Short Course - Day 2

# Docker

( Play Video 01 )

# Virtual Machine vs Docker

# Virtual Machine vs Docker



# Virtual Machine vs Docker

Major differences are:

**Virtual  
Machine**



Memory usage


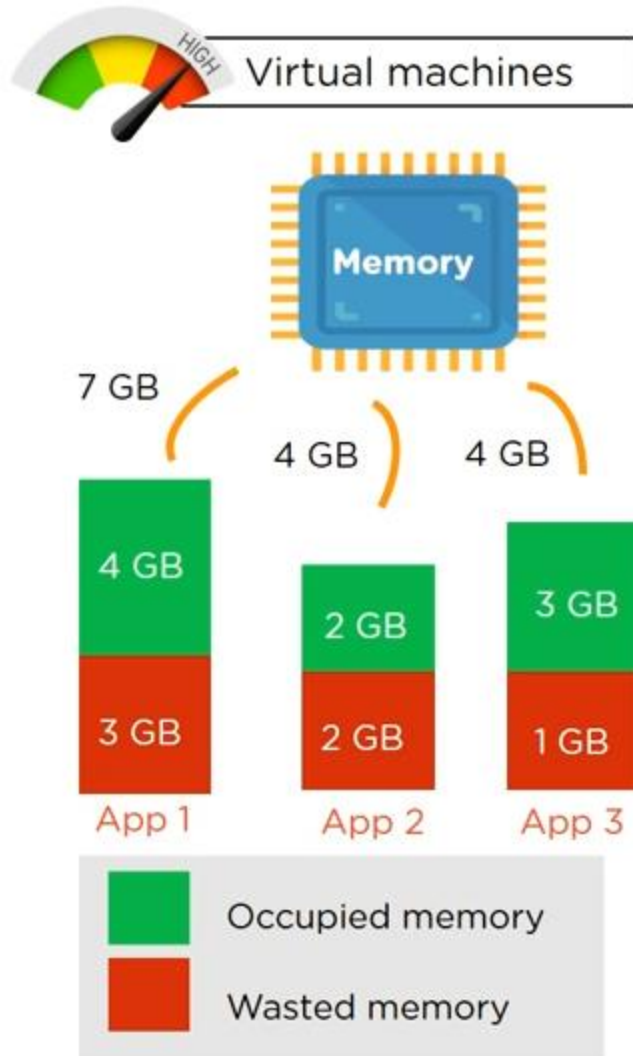
Performance

Portability

Boot-up time



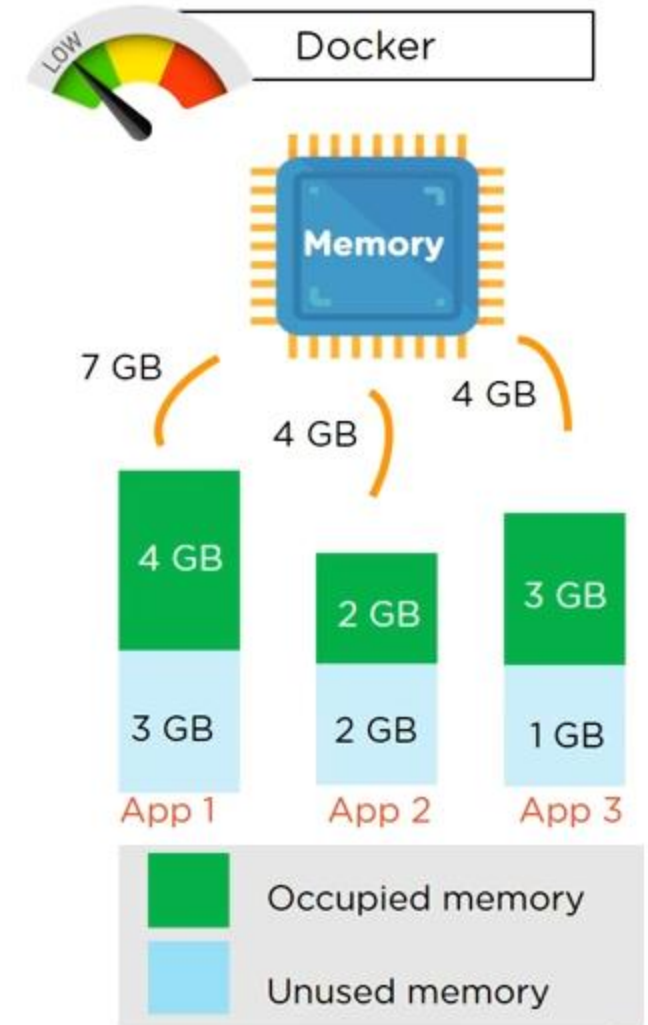
# Virtual Machine vs Docker - Memory Usage



VM - Only 9 GB of memory is used whereas the remaining 6 GB of unused memory cannot be reused

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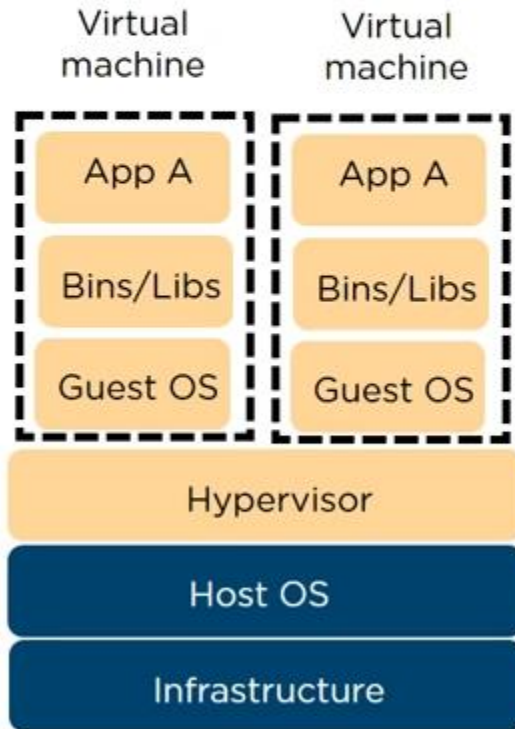
Docker - Only 9 GB of memory is used whereas the remaining 6 GB of **memory can be reused** for a new container



# Virtual Machine vs Docker - Performance



Virtual machines

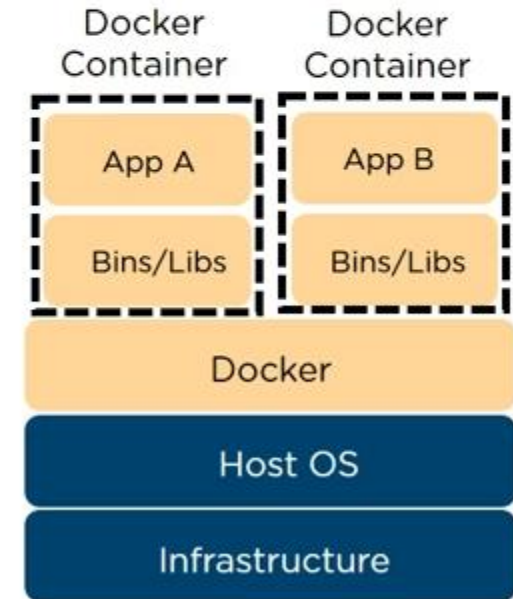


VM - Running multiple virtual machines leads to unstable performance

Docker - Containers have a **better performance** as they are hosted on a single Docker engine



Docker





# Virtual Machine vs Docker - Portability



Virtual machines



Software works on system A



The same software doesn't work on system B



VM - Portability issues while executing applications in different platforms

Docker - Multiple software can be encapsulated in a single container and **can be easily deployed** to different platforms



Docker

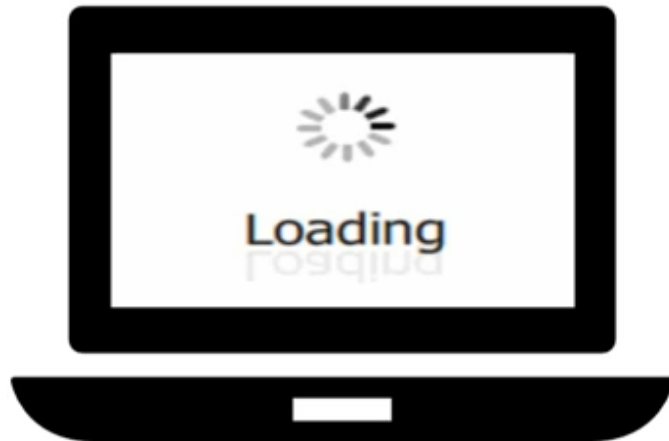




# Virtual Machine vs Docker - Boot-up Time



Virtual machines



VM - Takes long boot-up time  
(minutes)

Docker - Takes **less** boot-up  
time (milliseconds)



Docker



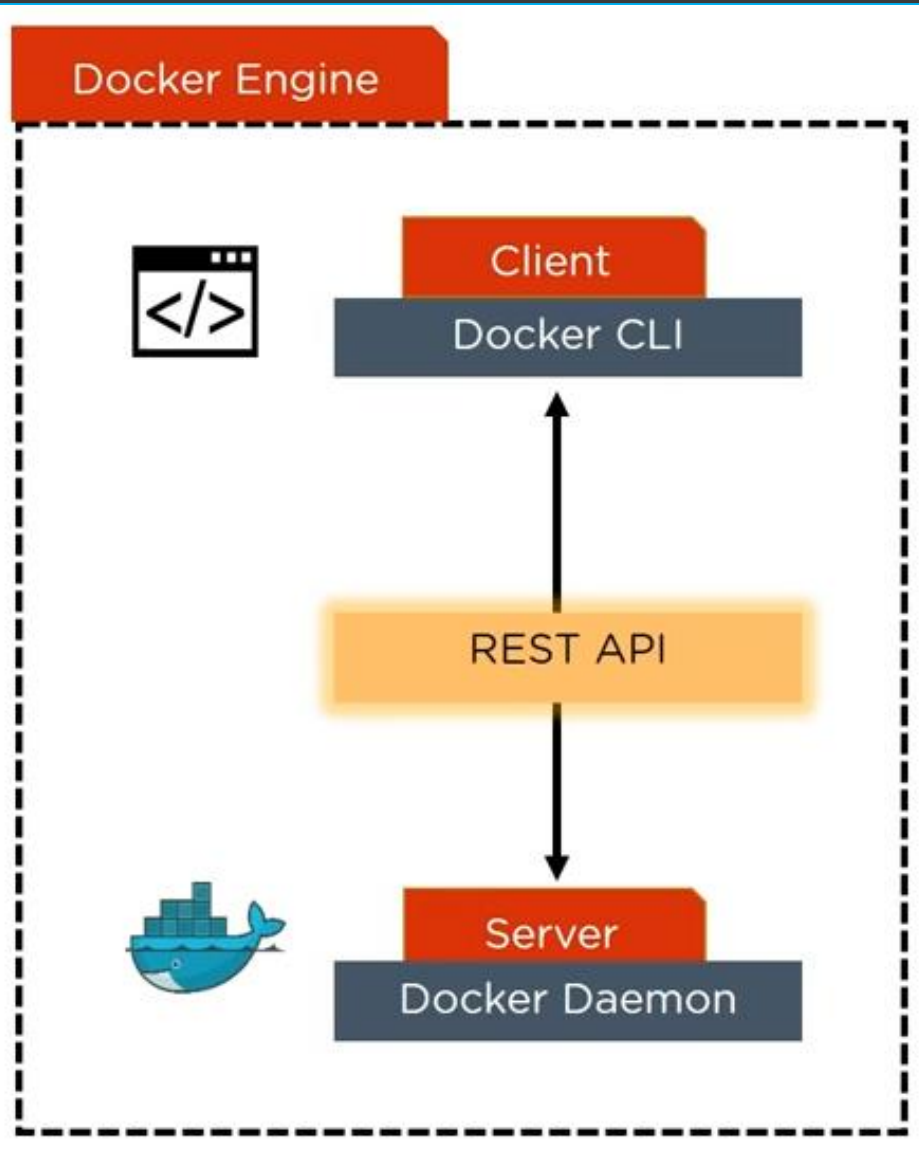
# What is Docker ?

- **Docker** is a tool which is used to automate the deployment of applications in lightweight containers so that applications can work efficiently in different environments
- **Docker** is an OS-level virtualization software platform that enables developers and IT administrators to create, deploy and run applications in a Docker Container with all their dependencies
- Container is a software package that consists of all the dependencies (frameworks, libraries, etc...) required to execute and run an application

# What is Docker ?

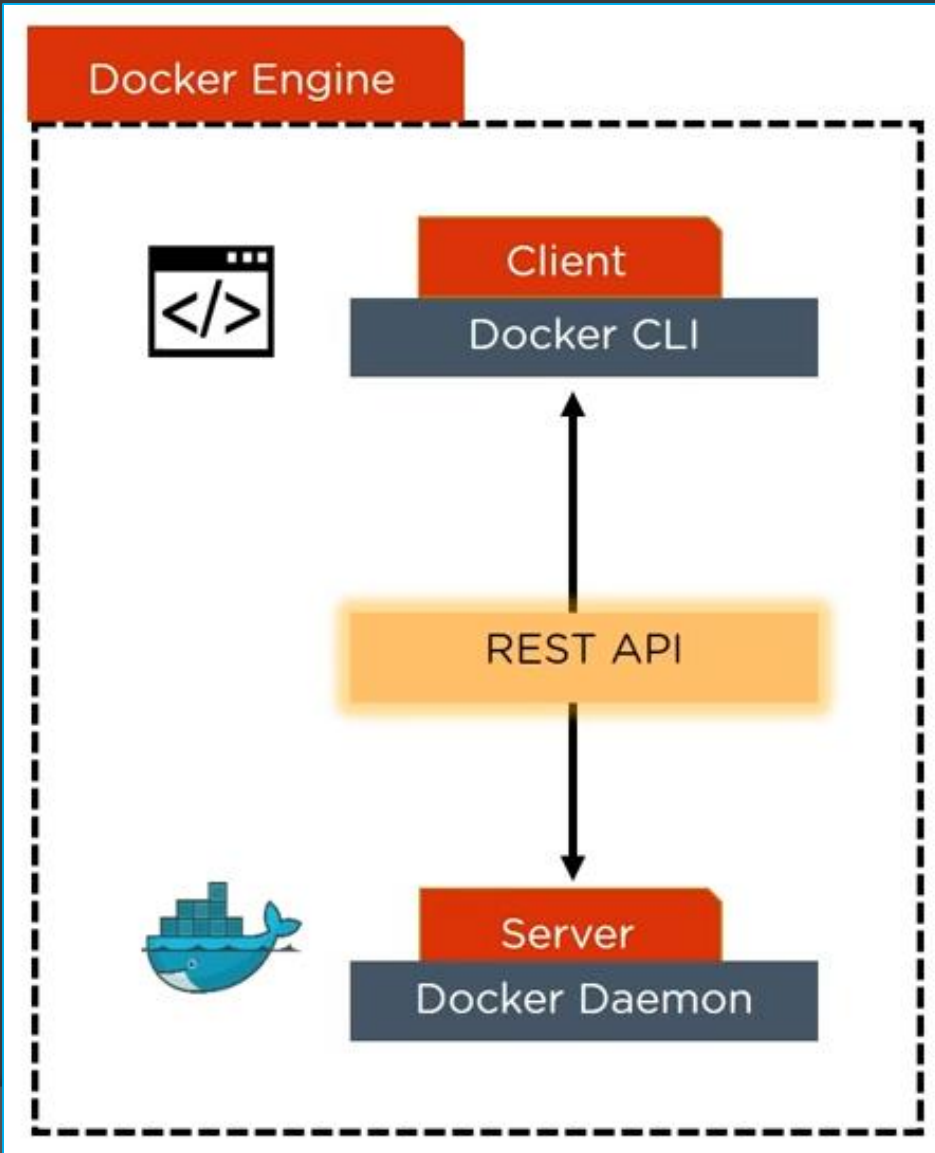


# How does Docker work ?



- Docker Engine or Docker is the base engine installed on your host machine to build and run containers using Docker components and services
- It uses a client-server architecture
- Docker Client and Server communicates using REST API

# How does Docker work ?



- Docker Client is a service which runs a command, and is translated using REST API, and is sent to the Docker Daemon ( server )
- The Docker Daemon check the client request and interacts with the operating system in order to create or manage containers

# Components of Docker

# Components of Docker



Docker Client and Server



Docker Images



Docker Containers



Docker Registry



# Components of Docker - Docker Client and Server

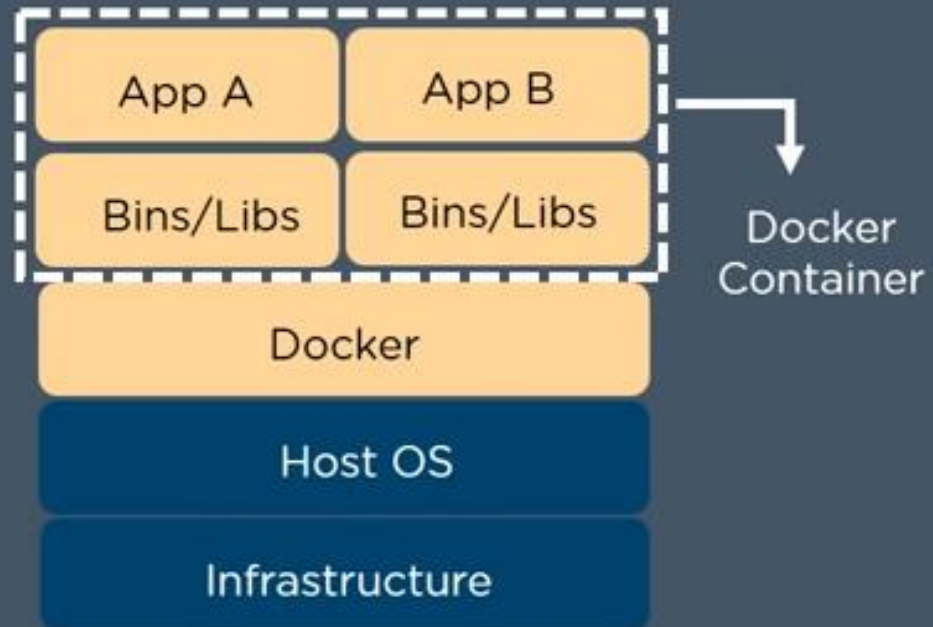
- ⦿ Docker Client is accessed from the terminal and a Docker Host runs the Docker Daemon and registry
- ⦿ A user can build Docker Images and run Docker Containers by passing commands from the Docker Client to the Docker Server

# Components of Docker - Docker Image

- ⦿ Docker Image is a template with instructions, which is used for creating Docker Containers
- ⦿ A Docker Image is built using a file called Docker File
- ⦿ Docker Image is stored in a Docker Hub or in a repository

# Components of Docker - Docker Container

- Docker Container is a standalone, executable software package which includes applications and their dependencies



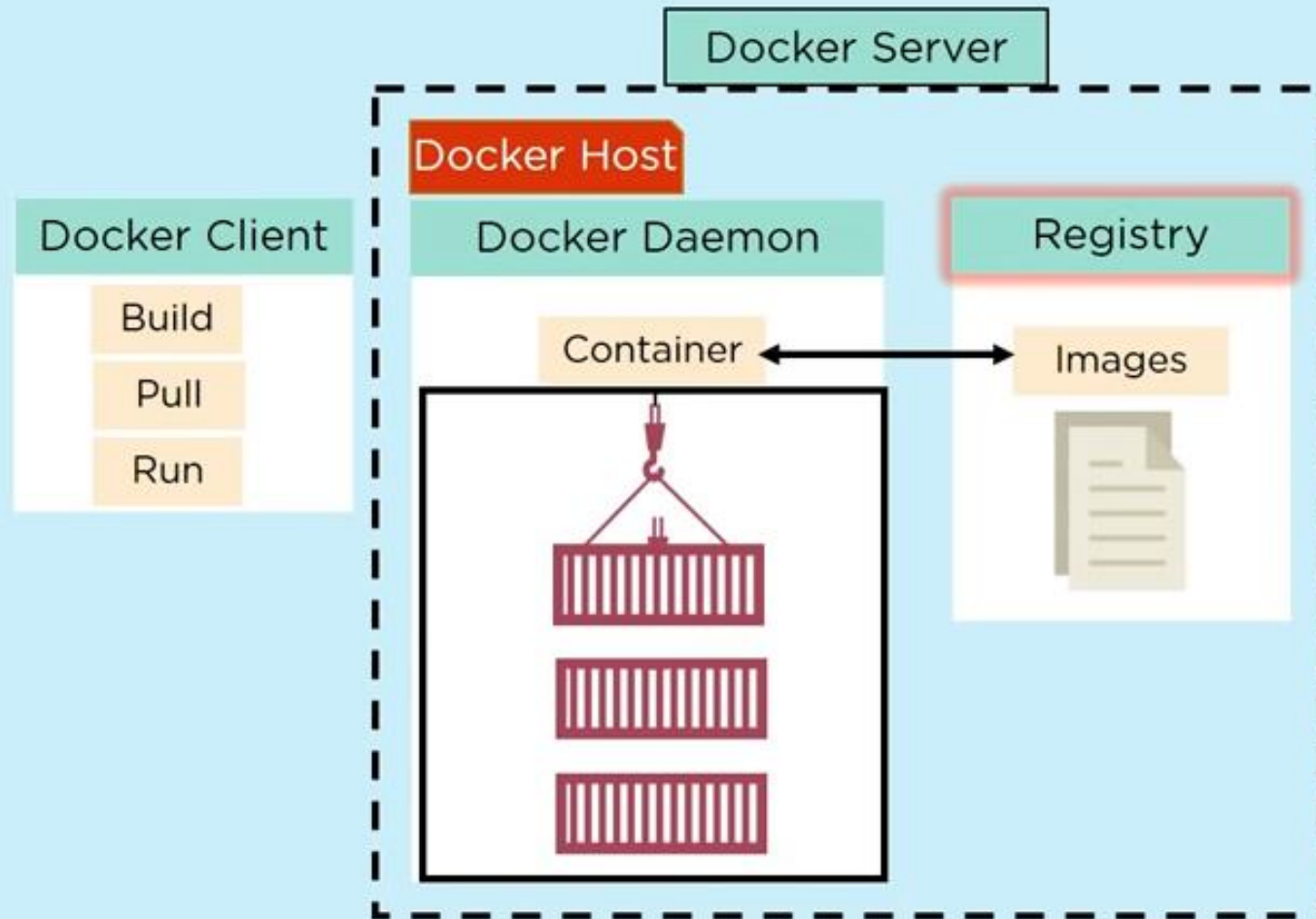
# Components of Docker - Docker Container

- ⦿ Numerous Docker Containers run on the same infrastructure and share operating system (OS) with its other containers
- ⦿ Each application runs in isolation

# Components of Docker - Docker Registry

- ⦿ Docker Registry is an open source server-side service used for hosting and distributing images
- ⦿ Docker also has its own default registry called Docker Hub
- ⦿ Images can be stored in either public or private repositories
- ⦿ Pull and Push are the commands used by users in order to interact with a Docker Registry

# Components of Docker - Diagram

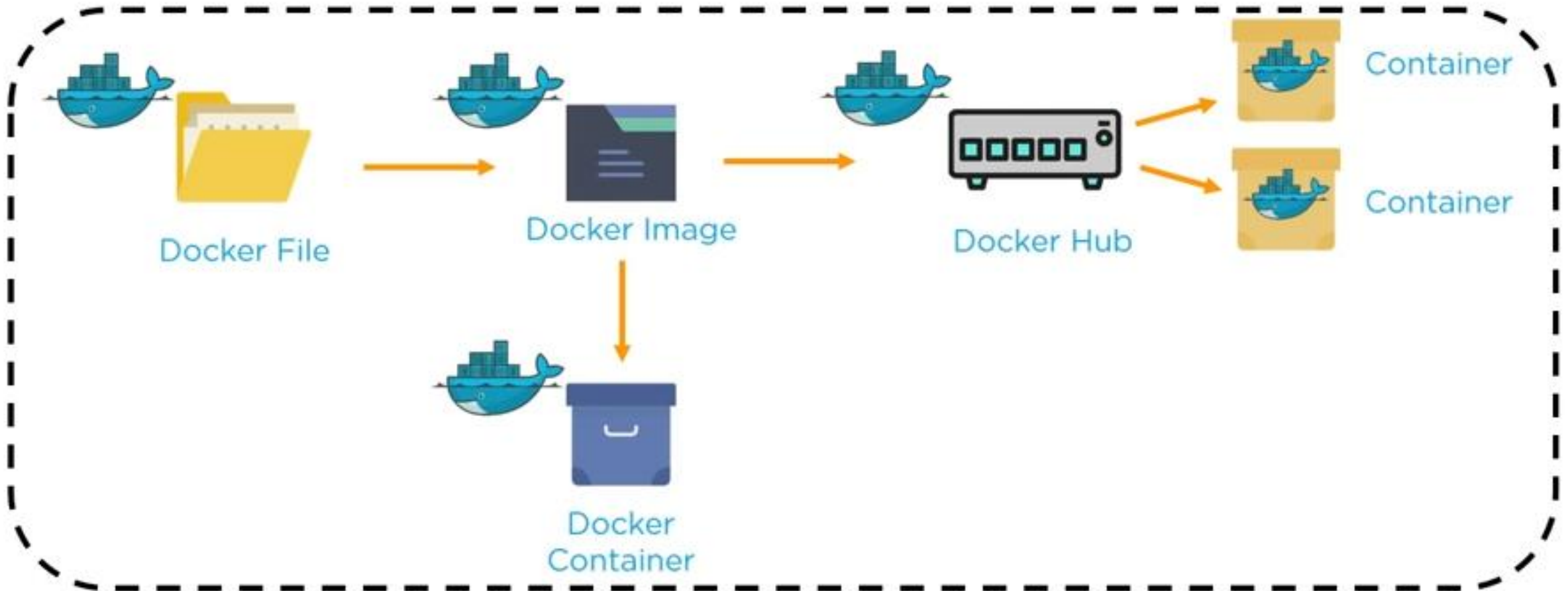


# Components of Docker - Recap

- ⦿ Docker File creates a Docker Image using the build command
- ⦿ A Docker Image contains all the project's code
- ⦿ Using Docker Image, any user can run the code in order to create Docker Containers
- ⦿ Once a Docker Image is built, it's uploaded in a registry or a Docker Hub
- ⦿ From the Docker Hub, users can get the Docker Image and build new containers



# Components of Docker - Recap



# Advanced Concepts in Docker

- ◎ **Docker Compose**
- ◎ **Docker Swarm**

# Docker Compose

- ⦿ It is used for running multiple containers as a single server
- ⦿ Each container runs in isolation but can interact with each other
- ⦿ All Docker Compose files are YAML files

# Docker Compose - **YAML** file

```
version: "3"

services:

  nginx:
    container_name: nginx
    image: nginx:latest

    ports:
      - "80:80"
```

# Basic Docker Commands

# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker -v
```

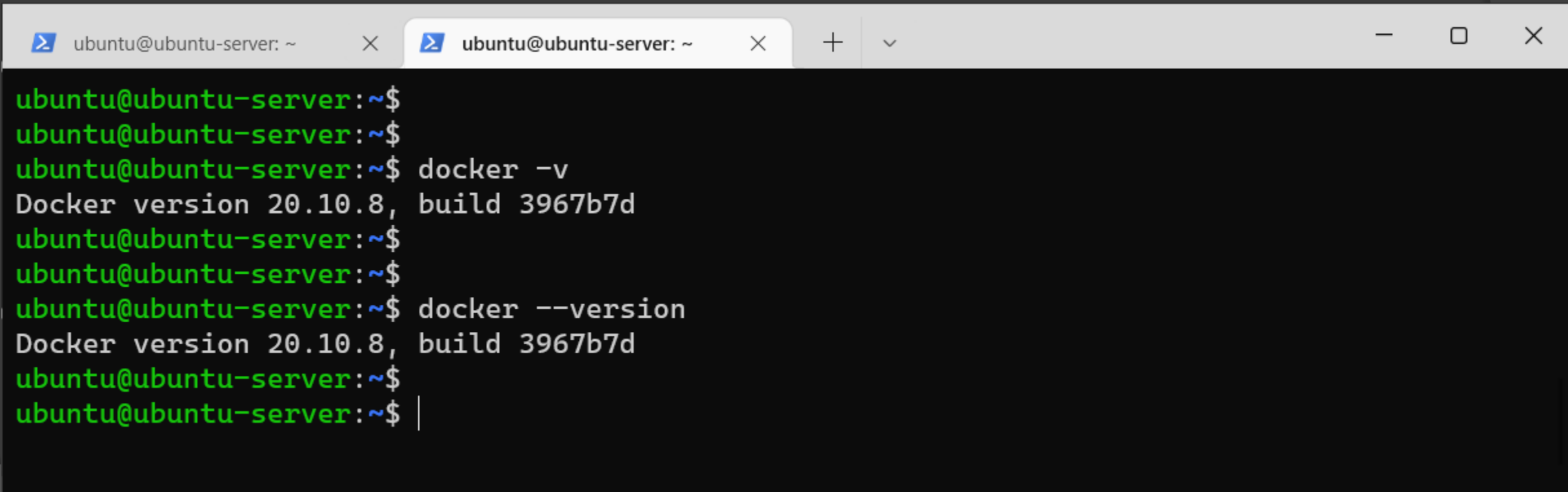
```
docker --version
```

- ⦿ Used to get the installed version

# Basic Docker Commands

**docker -v**

**docker --version**



```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker -v  
Docker version 20.10.8, build 3967b7d  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker --version  
Docker version 20.10.8, build 3967b7d  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ |
```



# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker --help
```

```
docker [COMMAND] --help
```

- Used to get help information

# Basic Docker Commands

## docker --help

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker --help
```

```
Usage:  docker [OPTIONS] COMMAND
```

```
A self-sufficient runtime for containers
```

### Options:

<code>--config</code> string	Location of client config files (default <code>"/home/ubuntu/.docker"</code> )
<code>-c</code> , <code>--context</code> string	Name of the context to use to connect to the daemon (overrides <code>DOCKER_HOST</code> env var and default context set with <code>"docker context use"</code> )
<code>-D</code> , <code>--debug</code>	Enable debug mode
<code>-H</code> , <code>--host</code> list	Daemon socket(s) to connect to
<code>-l</code> , <code>--log-level</code> string	Set the logging level ( <code>"debug"</code>   <code>"info"</code>   <code>"warn"</code>   <code>"error"</code>   <code>"fatal"</code> ) (default <code>"info"</code> )
<code>--tls</code>	Use TLS; implied by <code>--tlsverify</code>
<code>--tlscacert</code> string	Trust certs signed only by this CA (default <code>"/home/ubuntu/.docker/ca.pem"</code> )
<code>--tlscert</code> string	Path to TLS certificate file (default <code>"/home/ubuntu/.docker/cert.pem"</code> )
<code>--tlskey</code> string	Path to TLS key file (default <code>"/home/ubuntu/.docker/key.pem"</code> )
<code>--tlsverify</code>	Use TLS and verify the remote
<code>-v</code> , <code>--version</code>	Print version information and quit

# Basic Docker Commands

**docker [COMMAND] --help**

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker run --help

Usage:  docker run [OPTIONS] IMAGE [COMMAND] [ARG...]

Run a command in a new container

Options:
  --add-host list          Add a custom host-to-IP mapping (host:ip)
  -a, --attach list        Attach to STDIN, STDOUT or STDERR
  --blkio-weight uint16    Block IO (relative weight), between 10 and 1000, or 0 to disable
                           (default 0)
  --blkio-weight-device list Block IO weight (relative device weight) (default [])
  --cap-add list           Add Linux capabilities
  --cap-drop list          Drop Linux capabilities
  --cgroup-parent string   Optional parent cgroup for the container
  --cgroupns string        Cgroup namespace to use (host|private)
                           'host':      Run the container in the Docker host's cgroup namespace
                           'private':   Run the container in its own private cgroup namespace
                           '':          Use the cgroup namespace as configured by the
                                       default-cgroupns-mode option on the daemon (default)
```

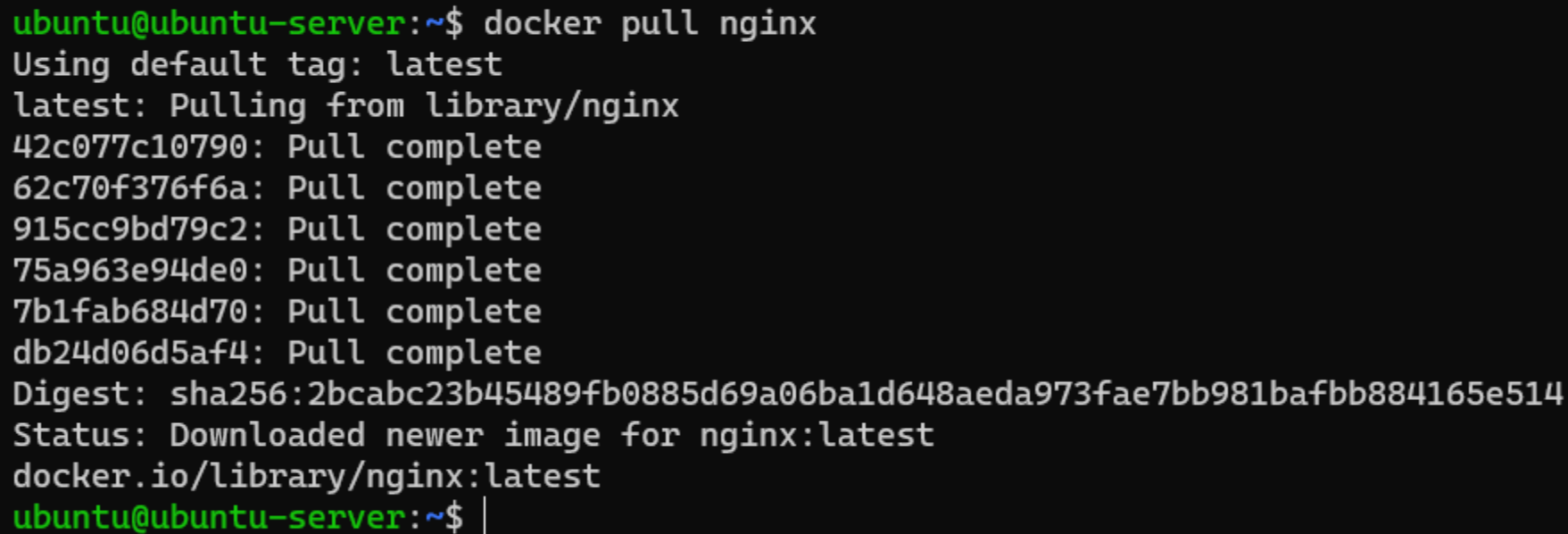
# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker pull <image_name>
```

- ⦿ Used to pull images from the docker repository ( [hub.docker.com](https://hub.docker.com) )

# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker pull <image_name>
```



A terminal window with two tabs, both labeled 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~'. The terminal shows the command 'docker pull nginx' being executed. The output indicates that the 'latest' tag is used, and the image is pulled from the 'library/nginx' repository. It lists several layers being pulled, each with a unique ID and the status 'Pull complete'. The digest is shown as 'sha256:2bcabc23b45489fb0885d69a06ba1d648aeda973fae7bb981bafbb884165e514'. The status is 'Downloaded newer image for nginx:latest' and the full image name 'docker.io/library/nginx:latest' is displayed. The prompt returns to 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~\$'.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker pull nginx
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/nginx
42c077c10790: Pull complete
62c70f376f6a: Pull complete
915cc9bd79c2: Pull complete
75a963e94de0: Pull complete
7b1fab684d70: Pull complete
db24d06d5af4: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:2bcabc23b45489fb0885d69a06ba1d648aeda973fae7bb981bafbb884165e514
Status: Downloaded newer image for nginx:latest
docker.io/library/nginx:latest
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ |
```

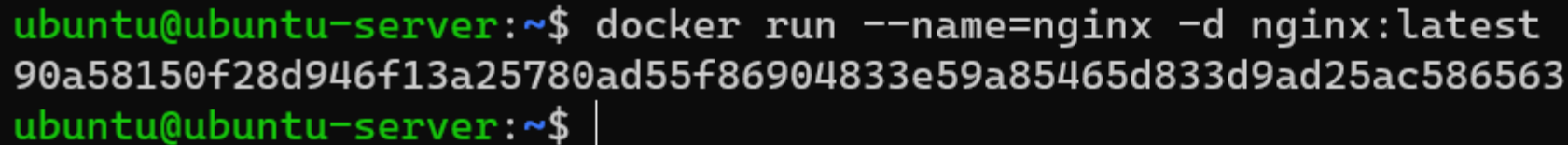
# Basic Docker Commands

**docker run**

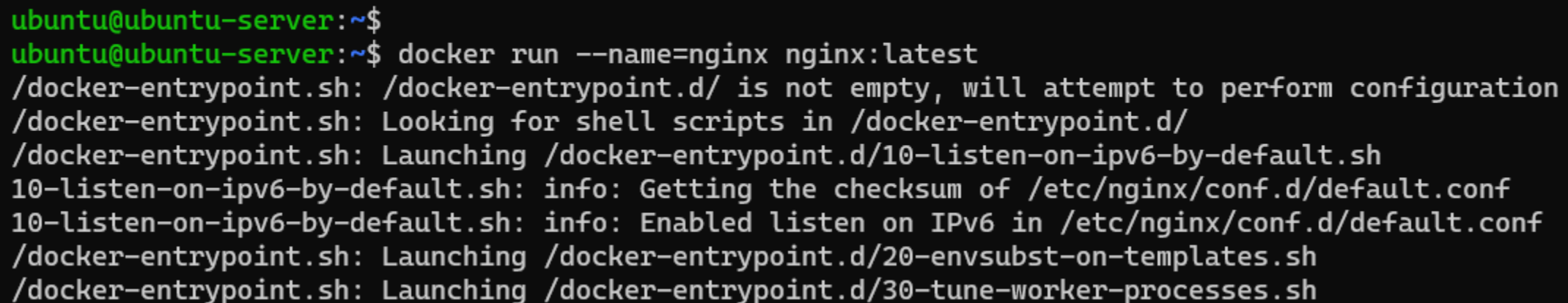
- ⦿ Used to create a container from an image

# Basic Docker Commands

## docker run



```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker run --name=nginx -d nginx:latest
90a58150f28d946f13a25780ad55f86904833e59a85465d833d9ad25ac586563
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$
```



```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker run --name=nginx nginx:latest
/docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Getting the checksum of /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Enabled listen on IPv6 in /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh
```



# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker ps
```

- ⦿ Used to list the running containers

# Basic Docker Commands

**docker ps**

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker ps
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	NAMES	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	nginx	"/docker-entrypoint...."	6 seconds ago	Up 4 seconds	80/tcp
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	rameses-notification-server	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	3 weeks ago	Up 3 weeks	0.0.0.0:7080->8080/tcp, :::7080->8080/tcp
a5f441198e10	portainer/portainer-ce	portainer	"/portainer"	8 months ago	Up 3 months	8000/tcp, 0.0.0.0:9000->9000/tcp, :::9000->9000/tcp

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ |
```

# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker ps -a
```

- ⦿ Used to show all the running and exited containers

# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker ps -a
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS
PORTS		NAMES		
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	"/docker-entrypoint...."	2 minutes ago	Exited (0) 5 seconds ag
o		nginx		
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	3 weeks ago	Up 3 weeks
	0.0.0.0:7080->8080/tcp, :::7080->8080/tcp	rameses-notification-server		
a5f441198e10	portainer/portainer-ce	"/portainer"	8 months ago	Up 3 months
	8000/tcp, 0.0.0.0:9000->9000/tcp, :::9000->9000/tcp	portainer		

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ |
```

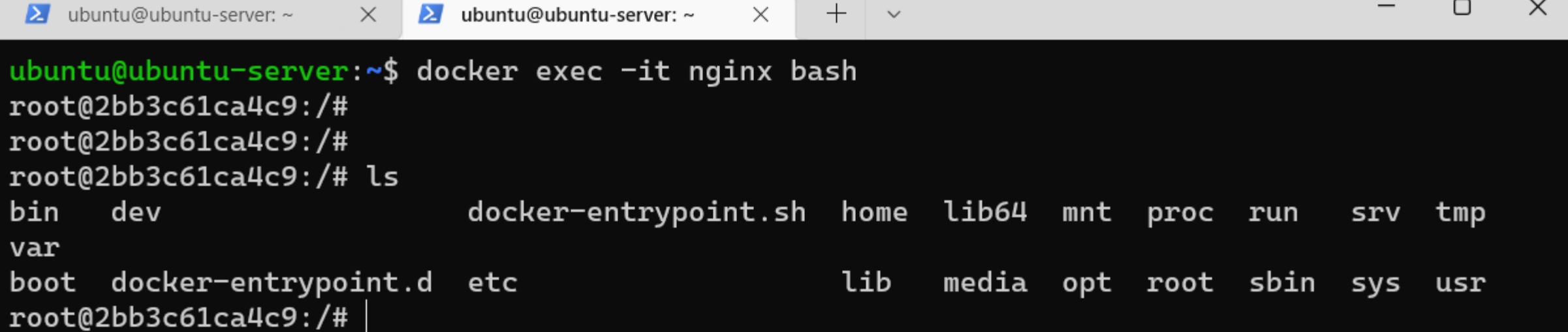
# Basic Docker Commands

`docker exec`

- Used to access the running container

# Basic Docker Commands

## docker exec



A terminal window with two tabs, both titled 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~'. The first tab is active. The terminal shows the command 'docker exec -it nginx bash' being executed. The prompt changes to 'root@2bb3c61ca4c9:/#'. The user then enters 'ls', and the terminal displays a directory listing of the container's filesystem. The listing shows standard Linux directories like bin, dev, var, boot, etc, lib, media, opt, root, sbin, sys, usr, tmp, and srv, as well as Docker-specific files like docker-entrypoint.sh and docker-entrypoint.d.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker exec -it nginx bash
root@2bb3c61ca4c9:/#
root@2bb3c61ca4c9:/#
root@2bb3c61ca4c9:/# ls
bin      dev      docker-entrypoint.sh  home  lib64  mnt  proc  run  srv  tmp
var
boot  docker-entrypoint.d  etc      lib   media  opt  root  sbin  sys  usr
root@2bb3c61ca4c9:/# |
```

# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker stop
```

- ⦿ Used to stop a running container

# Basic Docker Commands

## docker stop

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker ps
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STAT
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	"/docker-entrypoint...."	7 minutes ago	Up 3
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	3 weeks ago	Up 3
a5f441198e10	portainer/portainer-ce	"/portainer"	8 months ago	Up 3

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker stop nginx
```

```
nginx
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STAT
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	"/docker-entrypoint...."	8 minutes ago	Exit



# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker rm
```

- ⦿ Used to delete or remove a stopped container

# Basic Docker Commands

## docker rm

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ clear  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS
2bb3c61ca4c9	nginx:latest	"/docker-entrypoint..."	13 minutes ago	Exited (0) 5 minutes ago
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	3 weeks ago	Up 3 weeks
a5f441198e10	portainer/portainer-ce	"/portainer"	8 months ago	Up 3 months

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker rm nginx  
nginx  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS
e6c385611c7e	ramesesinc/notification-server:1.0	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	3 weeks ago	Up 3 weeks

# Basic Docker Commands

## `docker kill`

- ⦿ This command kills the container by stopping its execution immediately.
- ⦿ The difference between 'docker kill' and 'docker stop' is that 'docker stop' gives the container time to shutdown gracefully

# Basic Docker Commands

## `docker commit`

- ⦿ This command creates a new image of an edited container on the local system

# Basic Docker Commands

## `docker images`

- ⦿ Used to lists all locally stored docker images

# Basic Docker Commands

## docker images

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ clear
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~$ docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
nginx	latest	0e901e68141f	9 days ago	142MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-province	2.5.04.05.01	0a60282b96bd	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-province	beta	0a60282b96bd	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-municipality	2.5.04.05.01	4c265f59309d	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-municipality	beta	4c265f59309d	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-city	2.5.04.05.01	2ca8d816771f	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-server-city	beta	2ca8d816771f	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-services	2.5.04.05	5864144f9674	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-services	beta	5864144f9674	3 weeks ago	177MB
ramesesinc/etracs-core	2.5.04	67f97aa82e15	3 weeks ago	164MB
ramesesinc/etracs-core	beta	67f97aa82e15	3 weeks ago	164MB
ramesesinc/etracsorg	1.01	6bc05ca50bfd	4 months ago	179MB
ramesesinc/mail-server	1.01	6ec78652c153	4 months ago	191MB
ramesesinc/mail-server	latest	6ec78652c153	4 months ago	191MB
ramesesinc/gdx-client	1.04.03	efba9f4ea0e0	4 months ago	174MB

# Basic Docker Commands

```
docker rmi
```

- ⦿ Used to delete an image from local storage

# Basic Docker Commands

`docker login`

- Used to login to the docker hub repository



# Basic Docker Commands

`docker logout`

- ⦿ Used to logout from a Docker registry

# Basic Docker Commands

`docker push`

- ⦿ Used to push an image to the docker hub repository

# Basic Docker Commands

## `docker build`

- ⦿ Used to build an image from a specified docker file

# Basic Docker Commands

docker build

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~$ docker build -t ramesesinc/etracs-core:2.5.04 .
```

```
Sending build context to Docker daemon 39.35MB
```

```
Step 1/15 : FROM ramesesinc/alpine-java:jre8
```

```
---> f8388f56eae6
```

```
Step 2/15 : COPY /apps /apps
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> ed9b0e55c1a3
```

```
Step 3/15 : COPY /tz/zoneinfo /usr/share/zoneinfo
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 1737f80289d2
```

```
Step 4/15 : COPY /tz/zoneinfo/Asia/Manila /etc/localtime
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> a972fb1f3a19
```

```
Step 5/15 : COPY /tz/timezone /etc/timezone
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 6d666bfde169
```

```
Step 6/15 : WORKDIR /apps/server/bin
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 054bb6fbe3e7
```

```
Step 7/15 : RUN tar -xf sh.tar.gz
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 053e7b024dd2
```

```
Step 8/15 : RUN rm -f sh.tar.gz
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> e1f0beb515d3
```

```
Step 9/15 : WORKDIR /apps
```

```
---> Using cache
```

```
---> 5326e05cfbd8
```

# Docker Compose

# What is Docker Compose ?

- ④ **Compose** is a tool for defining and running multi-container Docker applications.
- ④ Use a YAML file to configure your application's services.
- ④ Create and start all the services from your configuration

# How does Docker Compose works ?

- ④ Define your app's environment with a **Dockerfile** so it can be reproduced anywhere
- ④ Define the services that make up your app in **docker-compose.yml** file, so they can be run together in an isolated environment
- ④ Run "**docker compose up**" to start and run your entire app

# docker-compose.yml

```
version: "3"
```

```
services:
```

```
  nginx:
```

```
    container_name: nginx
```

```
    image: nginx:latest
```

```
    ports:
```

```
      - "80:80"
```

```
  portainer1:
```

```
    container_name: portainer1
```

```
    image: portainer/portainer-ce
```

```
    ports:
```

```
      - "9001:9000"
```

```
    volumes:
```

```
      - /var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock
```



# Docker Compose Commands

# Docker Compose Commands

```
docker-compose --version
```

- Used to check a version

# Docker Compose Commands

`docker-compose --version`

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose --version  
  
docker-compose version 1.23.1, build b02f1306  
  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$
```

# Docker Compose Commands

```
docker-compose up
```

- Used to start all services

```
docker-compose up -d
```

- Used to start all services in the background and leave them running

# Docker Compose Commands

**docker-compose up**

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose up
```

```
Creating network "nginx_default" with the default driver
```

```
Creating nginx ... done
```

```
Attaching to nginx
```

```
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh
nginx | 10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: IPv6 listen already enabled
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh
nginx | /docker-entrypoint.sh: Configuration complete; ready for start up
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: using the "epoll" event method
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: nginx/1.21.6
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: built by gcc 10.2.1 20210110 (Debian 10.2.1-6)
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: OS: Linux 4.15.0-169-generic
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE): 1048576:1048576
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: start worker processes
nginx | 2022/06/06 16:40:13 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 24
```

# Docker Compose Commands

**docker-compose up -d**

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose up -d
```

```
Starting nginx ... done
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$
```

# Docker Compose Commands

```
docker-compose down
```

- Used to stop all services

# Docker Compose Commands

**docker-compose down**

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose down
```

```
Stopping nginx ... done
```

```
Removing nginx ... done
```

```
Removing network nginx_default
```

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$
```



# Demo and Exercises

# Exercise #1

```
## Go to your training-202206 repository folder  
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

```
## Pull updates from remote origin
```

```
## Usage: git pull <remote_name> <branch>  
git pull
```

# Exercise #1 - Result

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206$ git pull
ubuntu@192.168.0.10's password:
remote: Counting objects: 18, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (16/16), done.
remote: Total 18 (delta 3), reused 0 (delta 0)
Unpacking objects: 100% (18/18), done.
From 192.168.0.10:gitrepo/training-202206
   70a1449..39fa0de  master    -> origin/master
Updating 70a1449..39fa0de
Fast-forward
 .gitignore           | 3 +++
 docs/DevTech-Training-Day-1.pdf | Bin 0 -> 1485095 bytes
 file1.txt            | 2 ++
 mysql/conf/conf.d/docker.cnf   | 3 +++
 mysql/conf/conf.d/mysql.cnf    | 1 +
 mysql/conf/conf.d/mysqldump.cnf | 4 ++++
 mysql/conf/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf | 40 +++++
 mysql/docker-compose.yml       | 26 +++++
 nginx/conf.d/default.conf      | 21 +++++
 nginx/docker-compose.yml       | 21 +++++
 portainer/docker-compose.yml   | 21 +++++
11 files changed, 142 insertions(+)
create mode 100644 docs/DevTech-Training-Day-1.pdf
create mode 100644 file1.txt
create mode 100755 mysql/conf/conf.d/docker.cnf
create mode 100755 mysql/conf/conf.d/mysql.cnf
create mode 100755 mysql/conf/conf.d/mysqldump.cnf
create mode 100755 mysql/conf/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf
create mode 100755 mysql/docker-compose.yml
create mode 100755 nginx/conf.d/default.conf
create mode 100755 nginx/docker-compose.yml
create mode 100755 portainer/docker-compose.yml
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206$
```

# Exercise #2

```
## Go to your training-202206 repository folder  
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

```
## Go to portainer folder  
cd portainer
```

```
## Start the Portainer service  
docker-compose up -d
```

# Exercise #2 - Result

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~/tra × + ∨  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/portainer$ docker-compose up -d  
Creating network "portainer_default" with the default driver  
Creating portainer1 ... done  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/portainer$  
  
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/portainer$ docker ps -a  
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE                                COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS  
S              cf892a1827a3   portainer/portainer-ce   "/portainer"         23 seconds ago   Up 17 seconds   8000  
/tcp, 0.0.0.0:9001->9000/tcp, :::9001->9000/tcp   portainer1
```

- Open a web browser and go to the following:

<http://localhost:9001>

# Exercise #3

## Go to your training-202206 repository folder

```
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

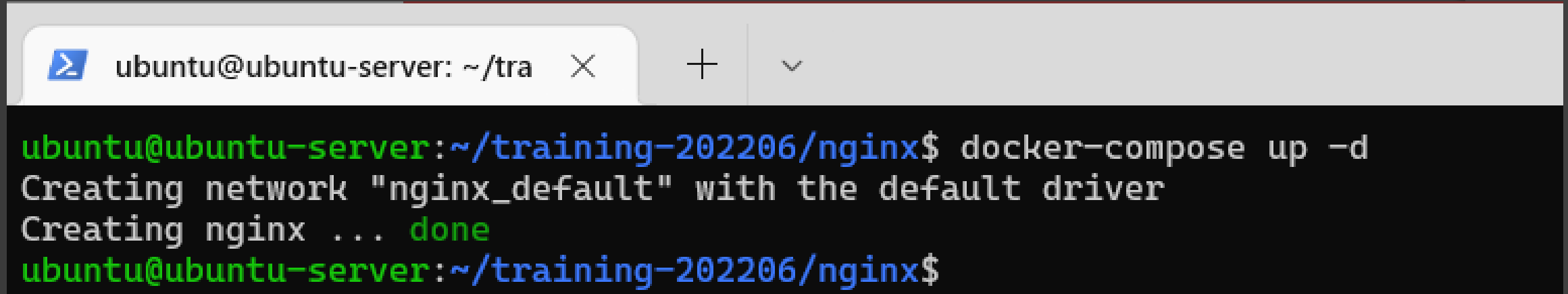
## Go to nginx folder

```
cd nginx
```

## Start the Nginx service

```
docker-compose up -d
```

# Exercise #3 - Result

A terminal window with a light gray title bar. The title bar contains a blue icon with a white terminal symbol, followed by the text 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~/tra', a close button (X), and a plus sign. The terminal content is on a black background with green and white text. It shows the command 'docker-compose up -d' being executed, followed by two status messages: 'Creating network "nginx\_default" with the default driver' and 'Creating nginx ... done'. The prompt returns to 'ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx\$'.

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~/tra X + v
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$ docker-compose up -d
Creating network "nginx_default" with the default driver
Creating nginx ... done
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/nginx$
```

- Open a web browser and go to the following:

<http://localhost>

# Exercise #4

```
## Go to your training-202206 repository folder  
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

```
## Go to mysql folder  
cd mysql
```

```
## Start the MySQL service  
docker-compose up -d
```



# Exercise #4 - Result



ubuntu@ubuntu-server: ~/tra X



```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/mysql$ docker-compose up -d
Creating network "mysql_default" with the default driver
Creating mysql ... done
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/mysql$
```

# Exercise #5

```
## Get inside the docker container  
docker exec -it mysql bash
```

```
## Login to mysql  
mysql -u root -p
```

```
## Display the available databases  
show databases;
```

```
## Exit from mysql shell  
\q
```

```
## Exit from docker container  
exit
```

# Exercise #5

## Result

```
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/mysql$ docker exec -it mysql bash
root@f279ac7aed71:/#
root@f279ac7aed71:/#
root@f279ac7aed71:/# mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 2
Server version: 5.7.31 MySQL Community Server (GPL)

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owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| information_schema |
| mysql |
| performance_schema |
| sys |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> \q
Bye
root@f279ac7aed71:/# exit
exit
ubuntu@ubuntu-server:~/training-202206/mysql$ |
```

# Exercise #6 - Shutting down services

```
## Go to your training-202206 repository folder  
cd /mnt/c/training-202206
```

```
## Go to portainer folder  
cd portainer
```

```
## Shutdown the Portainer service  
docker-compose down
```

```
## Go to nginx folder  
cd ../nginx
```

```
## Shutdown the Nginx service  
docker-compose down
```

```
## Go to mysql folder  
cd ../mysql
```

```
## Shutdown the MySQL service  
docker-compose down
```

# Next Topic - Day 3

- iReport 3.0.0 Designer
- Editing Reports (Old Way)
- Editing Reports (New Way)

**Thank You!**