

# QR CODE BASED ATTENDANCE TRACKING SYSTEM

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*Abstract*— The adoption of a QR-based attendance system in educational institutions represents a significant technological advancement in ensuring accurate and reliable attendance tracking. The process begins with student registration within the institution, after which each student is assigned a unique QR code. This code is printed on the institutional identification card and serves as an individual identifier for attendance purposes. Attendance is recorded by scanning the QR code using installed cameras as students enter and exit the campus. The system automatically captures entry and exit times and calculates attendance percentages based on the recorded data. All attendance information, including timestamps, is securely stored in the student database and organized according to the academic calendar.

**Keywords**—QR Code , Camera , Attendance tracking , ID card

## I. INTRODUCTION

In today's rapidly evolving educational landscape, the demand for efficient and technologically advanced solutions for attendance tracking has become increasingly paramount. Traditional methods of attendance monitoring, such as manual sign-in sheets or cumbersome data entry systems, are often prone to errors, inefficiencies, and time-consuming processes. However, with the advent of QR code technology, a new era of streamlined attendance management has emerged. QR code-based attendance systems offer a novel approach that leverages the ubiquity of smartphones and the simplicity of QR codes to revolutionize how student check-in to classes and how institutions monitor attendance. This introduction explores the significance of QR code-based attendance systems in modern educational settings, highlighting their potential to enhance efficiency, accuracy, and convenience while paving the way for innovative solutions in attendance tracking. The QR Code Attendance Project

developed with PYTHON and MySQL integration introduces a cutting edge solution for optimizing attendance tracking in various organizational contexts. Leveraging the power of QR code technology, the system offers a streamlined and efficient means of recording attendance. Each participant is assigned a unique QR code, which can be effortlessly scanned using mobile devices or dedicated scanners. The backend, developed in PYTHON, orchestrates the generation and validation of QR codes, ensuring both accuracy and security. The MySQL database serves as a robust repository for storing attendance records, providing administrators with easy access to comprehensive and organized data. Beyond simplifying the attendance-taking process, this project enhances data management capabilities and facilitates insightful reporting. With its user-friendly interface and the seamless integration of PYTHON and MySQL technologies, the QR Code Attendance Project stands as a scalable and reliable solution, revolutionizing the way organizations manage and monitor attendance.

## II. LITERATURE SURVEY

“ScanIn: QR Code based Attendance System using Python” a paper of Pranita P. Jadhav; Yanshika Devdatta Patil A paper state that the QR code based attendance system is based on technology-driven solutions designed to streamline and automate the process of recording and managing attendance in various educational institutions and universities. The attendance done manually is very hectic work for managing and arranging the sheets. So this system is introduced consisting of the combination of two applications, one of which creates a QR code by uploading student information in a sheet, and the other of which records attendance and generates attendance in CSV format. It emphasizes the core challenges faced in manual attendance management, introducing an innovative solution as a remedy. By streamlining this process, it significantly enhances efficiency and reduces the administrative burden.

“Design of QR Based Smart Student Attendance System” is a paper of Yogesh H. Bhosale; Shrinivas R. Zanwar. Student attendance system is used to measure student participation in a classroom. Before pandemic attendance was taken manually like in sheets or registers. But when the pandemic hit, everything was online, so even the classes. The attendance count is a very important problem that the administrator needs to be more careful about taking during the online classes as there are many chances of a proxy happening. So, we came up with this proposed system “Student attendance using QR code” This paper proposes an attendance system that is based on the QR code-based attendance system. The students need to scan the QR in the class according to the professor instruction. By implementing this proposed system, we can reduce proxy and time in taking attendance of students. In order to design this proposed system, we are using technologies like OpenCV through python, and some libraries like MYQR, PYbase64, Pyzbar.

### III. ANALYSIS

In today's fast-paced and technology-driven world, organizations are increasingly seeking efficient and reliable methods for managing attendance. Traditional attendance tracking methods, such as manual roll calls or sign-in sheets, are often time-consuming, prone to human error, and lack the ability to provide real-time data insights. As a result, many institutions, including educational establishments and corporate environments, are turning to innovative solutions that leverage modern technology to streamline attendance processes. One such solution is the implementation of QR code-based attendance systems. These systems utilize the ubiquitous nature of smartphones and the simplicity of QR codes to facilitate quick and accurate attendance tracking. By allowing users to scan a unique QR code upon arrival, organizations can automate the attendance process, significantly reducing the time and effort required for manual tracking. This not only enhances operational efficiency but also minimizes the potential for errors associated with traditional methods

### IV. EXISTING SYSTEM

The existing QR code-based attendance systems are modern solutions designed to replace traditional, manual attendance methods such as paper registers, roll calls, or swipe cards. These systems typically involve generating a unique QR code for each individual—be it a student, employee, or participant—which contains encoded information like name, ID number, and other relevant details. Users scan their QR codes using a mobile device or webcam at the time of entry, and the system records the timestamp and user data in a centralized database. This process ensures real-time tracking and minimizes the chances of proxy attendance, as each QR code is unique and can only be used once per session. Most systems include a backend for managing user data and attendance logs, and a frontend interface for interaction by administrators and users. These systems are highly customizable, allowing easy integration with other platforms such as student information systems or HR software. They are also cost-effective, requiring minimal infrastructure and maintenance, while offering high accuracy, security, and scalability. Overall, QR-based attendance systems have become a reliable and efficient alternative to outdated methods, especially in educational institutions and corporate environments

### V. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed QR-based attendance system is an innovative solution aimed at enhancing the efficiency, accuracy, and security of attendance tracking in educational and professional settings. This system assigns

each user a unique QR code embedded with their identification details, which can be scanned using a mobile device or webcam at the point of entry. Once scanned, the system verifies the data and logs the attendance in a centralized database in real time. The architecture includes a responsive user interface for seamless interaction, a secure backend for data management, and an administrative panel for monitoring and generating reports. To prevent misuse, the system can incorporate features like time-restricted QR codes, encryption, and optional biometric verification. It also supports offline functionality, allowing data to be stored locally and synced once internet connectivity is restored. The proposed system is designed to be scalable, cost-effective, and easy to integrate with existing platforms such as student information systems or HR software. By automating the attendance process, it reduces manual errors, saves time, and ensures greater transparency and accountability.

### VI. MODULES

**Admin module:** admin can login to application by using username and password as ‘admin’ and ‘admin’ and then can ADD New Employee Details and then application will generate QR CODE on EMPLOYEE ID and then admin can download that image and give to employee and employee can show that image to QR CODE scanner to mark attendance. Admin can view all employee details and then can view employee attendance by using start and end date. [1] **Employee Login Module:** employee can login to system by using his ID and can view his attendance from start and end date selection. [2] **QR CODE WEBCAM SCANNER:** employee has to show his QR CODE image from his mobile to webcam and then webcam will read QR CODE and mark attendance. Only one attendance for each employee for each day will be marked.

### VII. METHOD OF IMPLEMENTATION

- **System Design & Planning:** Before development, define the system's objectives, user requirements, and technical specifications. This includes deciding whether the system will be web-based, mobile-based, or integrated with existing platforms. A well-planned system ensures smooth implementation and scalability.
- **QR Code Generation:** Each user is assigned a unique QR code containing their identification details. These codes can be generated dynamically or pre-assigned, ensuring accurate attendance tracking. The QR codes should be encrypted to prevent unauthorized duplication or misuse.
- **QR Code Scanning & Authentication:** Users scan their QR codes using a mobile app or dedicated scanner. The system verifies the QR code to prevent proxy attendance, using additional security measures like OTP verification or facial recognition. This ensures that only authorized users can mark attendance.
- **Database Integration:** Attendance records are stored in a secure database, ensuring easy retrieval and analysis. The system should support real-time updates and data synchronization. A well-structured database allows administrators to track attendance trends and generate reports efficiently.
- **Real-time Processing & Updates:** Upon scanning, attendance data is instantly recorded and updated. This ensures administrators have up-to-date information for monitoring attendance trends. Real-time updates help in identifying absenteeism patterns and taking necessary actions.

### VIII. RESULT ANALYSIS

Analyzing the results of implementing a QR-based attendance system helps assess its effectiveness, efficiency, and impact. One of the

primary benefits is improved accuracy and reliability, as the system eliminates manual errors and prevents proxy attendance through authentication measures. This ensures that attendance records are precise and trustworthy. Additionally, the system enhances time efficiency by 33 streamlining the check-in process, reducing the time required for attendance marking, which is particularly beneficial for large institutions or workplaces. User adoption and experience play a crucial role in the success of the system. A well-designed, user-friendly interface encourages engagement and ensures seamless scanning. Security is another critical factor, as encryption and authentication measures prevent unauthorized attendance marking and data manipulation. Regular security audits help identify vulnerabilities and strengthen the system's defenses. Data management and reporting capabilities allow administrators to store attendance records securely and retrieve them easily for analysis. The system generates reports that provide insights into attendance trends, absenteeism rates, and punctuality, helping organizations make informed decisions. Scalability is also essential, as the system should be able to handle increasing users and data without performance issues. Load testing ensures that the system can accommodate growth without compromising efficiency.

## IX. FEATURES OF PROJECT

[1] QR Code Generation: Automatic generation of unique QR codes for each user or event, facilitating easy check-in. [2] Real-Time Attendance Tracking: Instant recording of attendance data as users scan their QR codes, allowing for immediate updates. [3] User - Friendly Interface: Intuitive design for both administrators and users, making it easy to navigate and use the system. [4] Mobile Compatibility: Accessible via smartphones and tablets, enabling users to check in from their devices. [5] Data Analytics and Reporting: Comprehensive reporting features that provide insights into attendance patterns and trends. [6] Integration with Existing Systems: Ability to integrate with other software systems, such as learning management systems (LMS) or HR platforms. [7] Secure Data Storage: Encrypted storage of attendance data to ensure privacy and security. [8] Customizable Notifications: Automated notifications and reminders for users regarding attendance requirements or events. [9] Offline Mode: Functionality to record attendance without internet access, syncing data once connectivity is restored. [10] Multi-User Support: Capability to handle multiple users simultaneously, making it suitable for large groups or events. [11] Admin Dashboard: A centralized dashboard for administrators to manage attendance records, generate reports, and monitor user activity. [12] Feedback Mechanism: Option for users to provide feedback on the attendance process, helping to improve the system over time.

## X. CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the QR code-based attendance system presents a paradigm shift in how educational institutions track student attendance. Offering a seamless blend of efficiency, accuracy, and convenience, this technology streamlines the cumbersome processes associated with manual attendance tracking. By enabling quick and reliable check-ins through smartphone scans, it not only saves valuable time for both students and instructors but also ensures the integrity of attendance records. Moreover, its adaptability to various educational settings, coupled with its potential for data analysis and cost-effectiveness, positions it as a valuable asset for institutions aiming to enhance administrative efficiency and improve student engagement. As technology continues to evolve, embracing innovations like QR code-based attendance systems represents a progressive step towards

modernizing educational practices and fostering a more productive learning environment

## XI. FUTURE SCOPE

Looking ahead, the future scope of QR code-based attendance systems appears promising, with numerous opportunities for further development and integration. As technology continues to advance, these systems can evolve to offer enhanced functionalities and seamless integration with other educational tools and platforms. One potential avenue for expansion lies in the integration of biometric authentication methods, such as facial recognition or fingerprint scanning, to bolster security and further streamline the check-in process. Additionally, leveraging artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning algorithms can enable predictive analytics, allowing institutions to anticipate attendance trends and intervene proactively to support student engagement and success. Furthermore, as the Internet of Things (IoT) ecosystem expands, QR code-based systems can potentially interface with IoT-enabled devices to automate attendance tracking in diverse settings beyond traditional classrooms, such as laboratories, field trips, or extracurricular activities. Moreover, with the increasing prevalence of remote and hybrid learning models, there is scope for QR code-based systems to extend their reach to virtual classrooms and online learning platforms, facilitating seamless attendance monitoring regardless of physical location. Overall, the future of QR codebased attendance systems is characterized by innovation, adaptability, and a commitment to optimizing educational experiences for learners and educators alike.

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