

Agenda

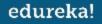




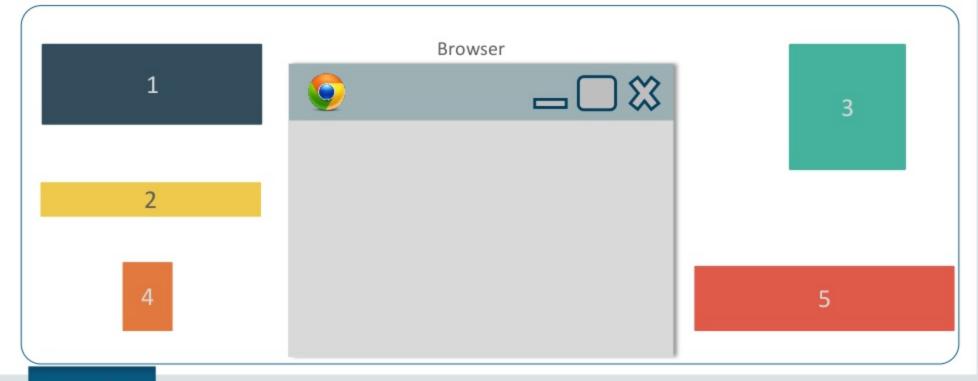
State



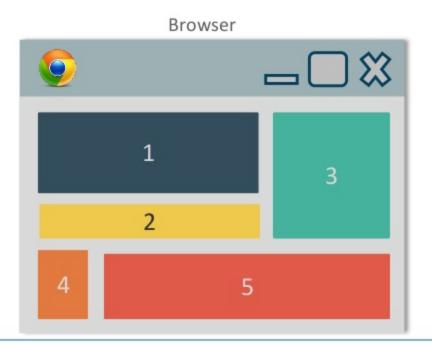




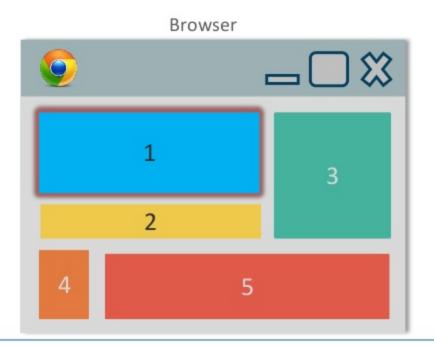
In React everything is a component



All these components are integrated together to build one application

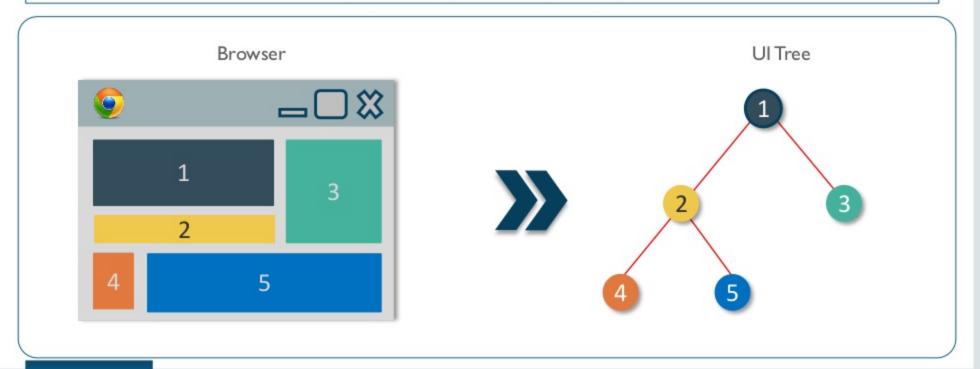


We can easily update or change any of these components without disturbing the rest of the application



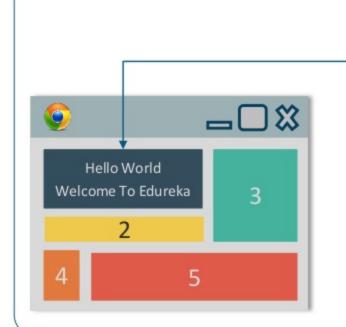
React Components – UI Tree

Single view of UI is divided into logical pieces. The starting component becomes the root and rest components become branches and sub-branches.



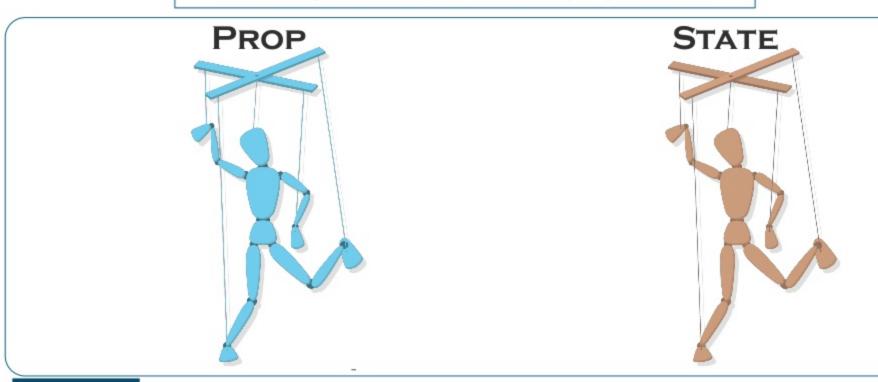
ReactJS Components – Sample Code

Each component returns ONE DOM element, thus JSX elements must be wrapped in an enclosing tag



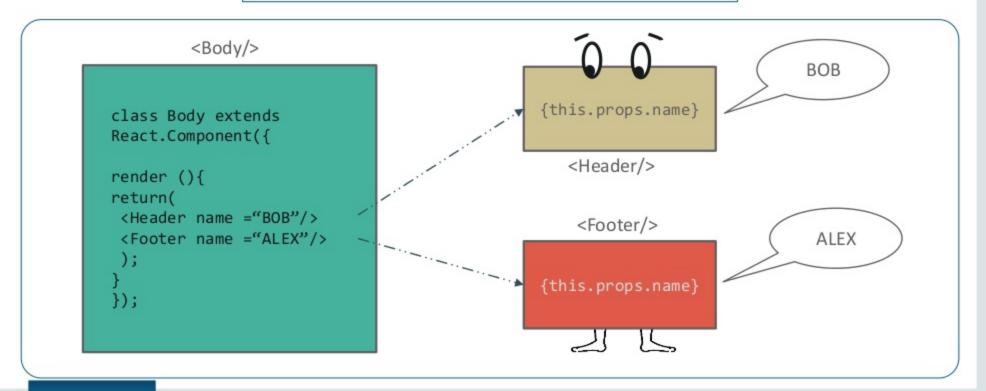
```
class Component1 extends React.Component{
    render() {
         return (
         <div>
           <h2>Hello World</h2>
           <h1>Welcome To Edureka</h1>
         </div>
                                         Enclosing Tag
ReactDOM.render(
   <Component1/>, document.getElementById('content')
);
```

React components are controlled either by Props or States

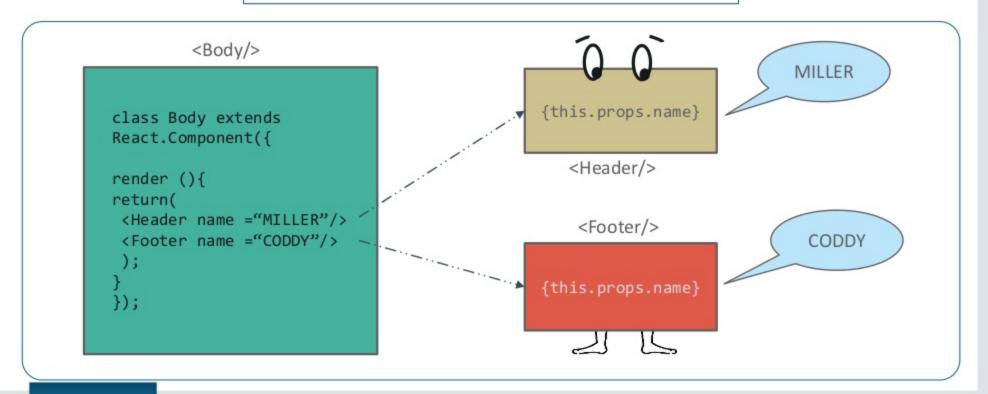




Props help components converse with one another.



Using Props we can configure the components as well



Props Work similar to HTML attributes Components Data flows downwards from the parent component Props Props Uni-directional data flow Components Components Props are immutable i.e pure Props Props Can set default props Components Components

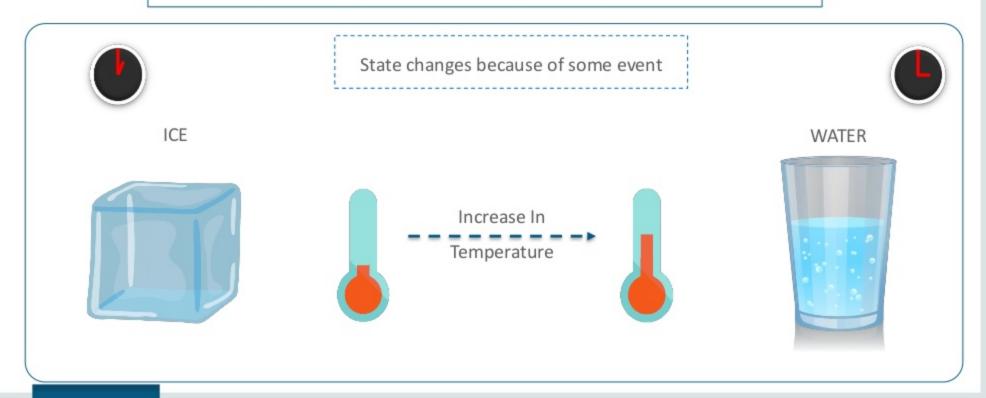
```
Parent Component
           var |Body |= React.createClass(
                   render: function() {
                       return (
                            <div>
                                <h1 > Hello World from Edureka!!</h1>
                                <Header name = "Bob"/>
                                <Header name = "Max"/>
                                                           Sending Props
                                <Footer name = "Allen"/>
                            </div>
                       );
           );
```

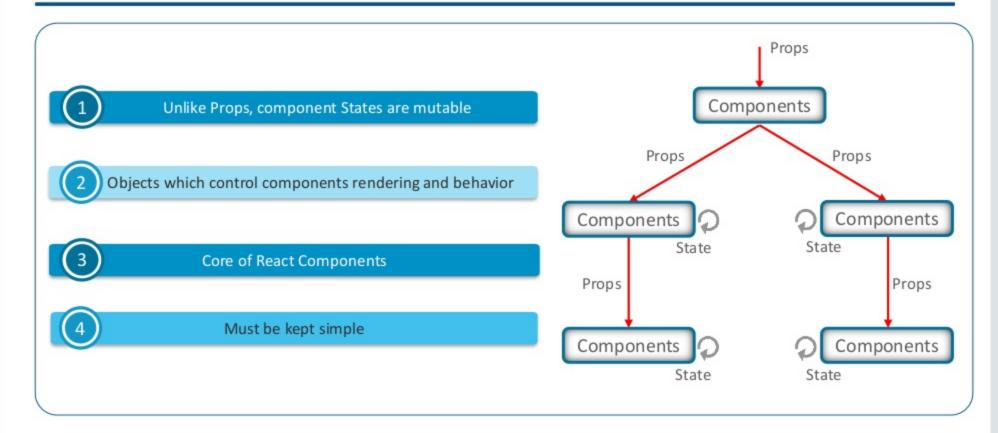
ES5

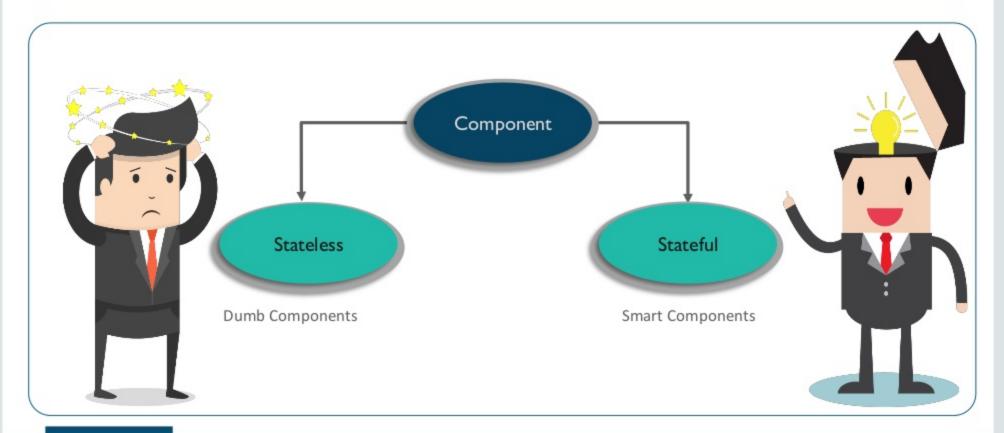
```
ES5
              var Header = React.createClass({
                       render: function () {
                       return (
                           <h2>Head Name: { this.props.name } </h2>
                       );
Child Components
                                                                              Receiving Props
              var Footer = React.createClass({
                       render: function () {
                       return (
                           <h2>Footer Name: {this.props.name} </h2>
                       );
              });
              ReactDOM. render (
                  <Body/>, document.getElementById('container')
              );
```



Components can change, so to keep track of updates over the time we use state





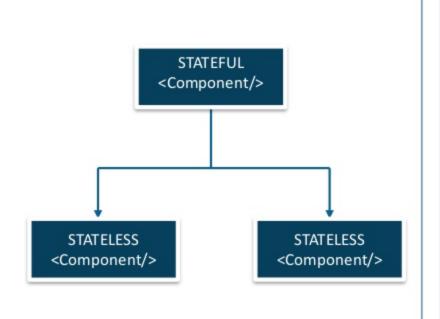


Stateless

- Calculates states internal state of components
- Contains no knowledge of past, current and possible future state changes

Stateful

- Core which stores information about components state in memory
- Contains knowledge of past, current and possible future state changes

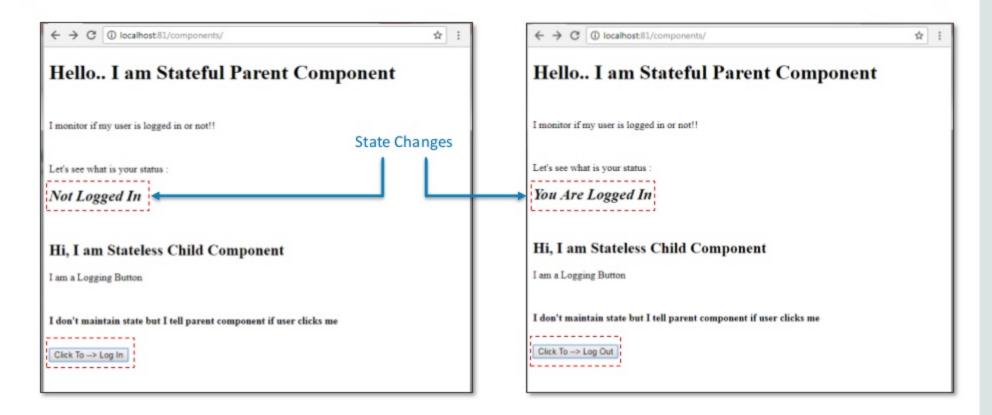




```
ES6
                                   Parent Component
class MyApp extends React.Component {
    constructor(props) {
        super (props);
       this.state = { isLoggedIn: false }
                                                 Setting Initial State
    receiveClick() {
       this.setState({ isLoggedIn: !this.state.isLoggedIn });
                                                                Changing State
```

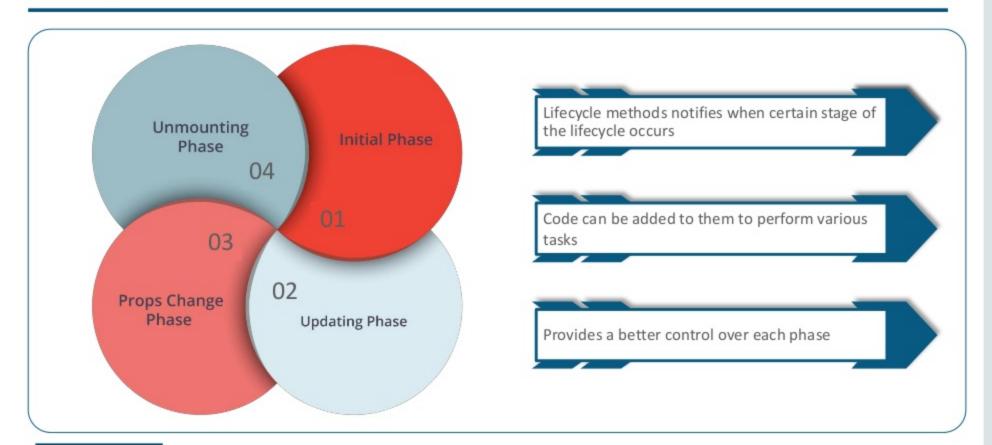
```
FS6
render() {
    return (
        <div>
        <h1>Hello.. I am Stateful Parent Component</h1><br/>>
        I monitor if my user is logged in or not!! <br/>
        Let's see what is your status : <h2><i>{this.state.isLoggedIn ?
         'You Are Logged In' : 'Not Logged In' }</i>
        <h2>Hi, I am Stateless Child Component</h2>
        I am a Logging Button<br/>
        <b>I don't maintain state but I tell parent component if user clicks me
        </b><br/>>.
   <MyButton click={this.receiveClick.bind(this)} isLoggedIn= {this.state.isLoggedIn} !/>
           </div>
                                                                   Passing Props To Child
                                                                   Component
```

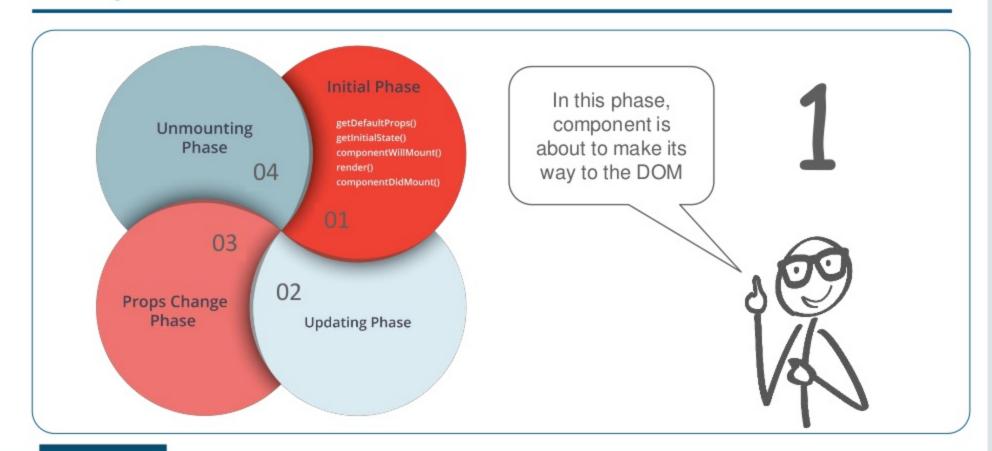
```
Child Component
                                                                                   ES6
const MyButton = (props) => {
                                                             Receiving Props From
    return (
                                                             Parent Component
        <div>
            <button onClick={ () => props.click() }> :
                 Click TO ---> { props.isLoggedIn ? 'Log Out' : 'Log In'}
            </button>
        </div>
    );
ReactDOM.render(
    <MyApp />,
    document.getElementById('content')
);
```

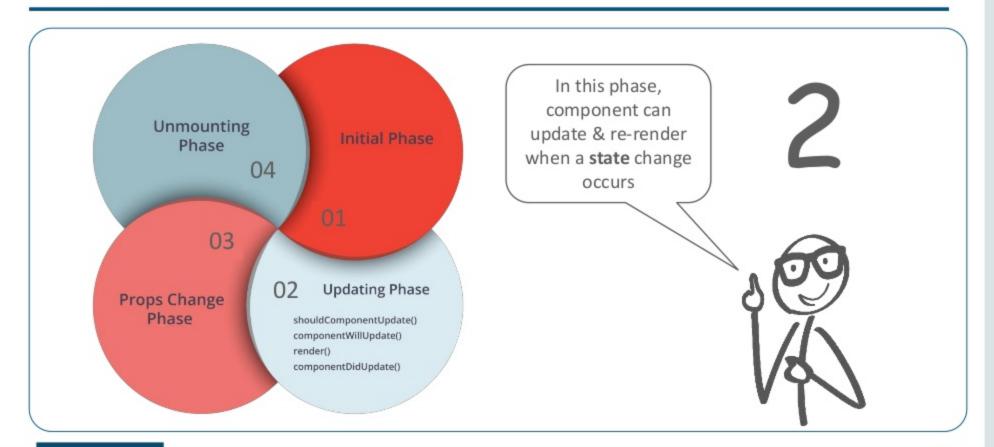


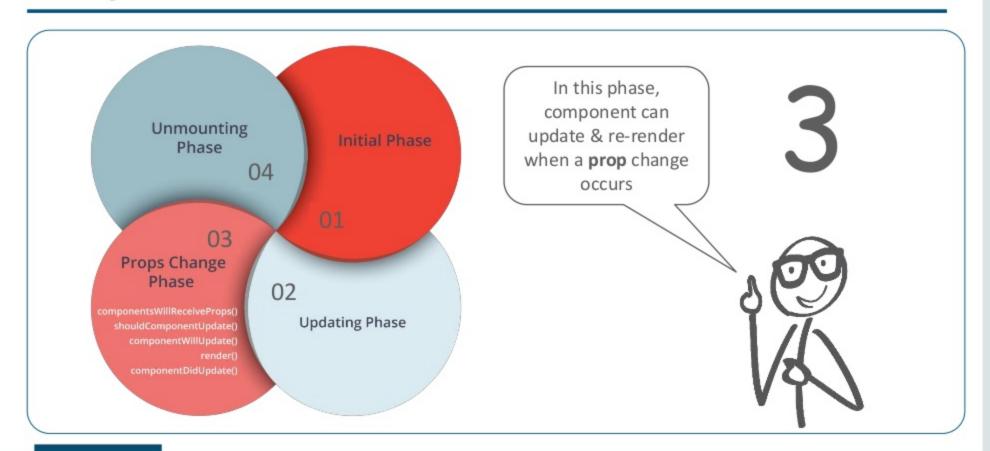
Component Lifecycle

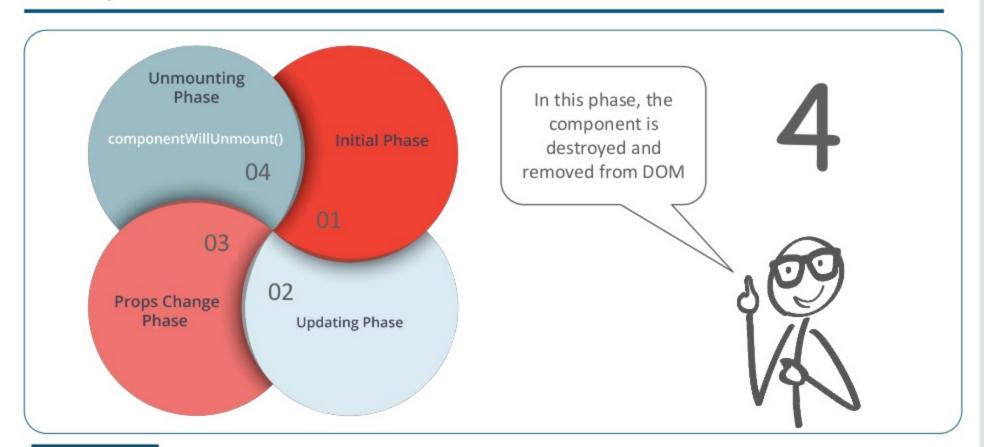




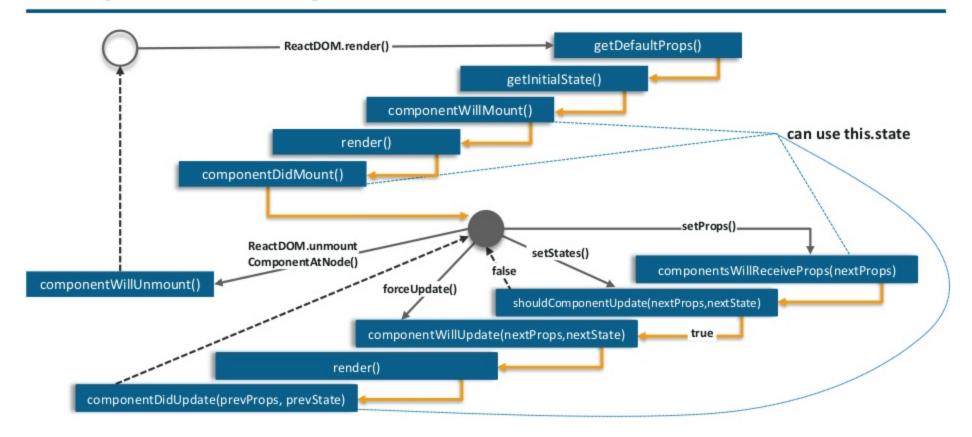








Component Lifecycle In A Glance





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