

Linux Commands Cheat Sheet for DevOps Engineers

(All commands + crisp explanations)

1. File & Directory Management

ls -l

List files with detailed info.

ls -la

List all files including hidden ones.

cd /path

Change directory.

pwd

Show current directory.

mkdir dir1

Create a directory.

mkdir -p app/logs

Create nested directories.

rm file.txt

Delete a file.

rm -rf folder/

Force delete a folder.

cp file1 file2

Copy file.

cp -r dir1 dir2

Copy directory recursively.

mv old new

Rename or move a file/directory.

2. File Viewing & Editing

cat file.txt

View file content.

tac file.txt

View file content in reverse.

head -n 20 file.txt

Show first 20 lines.

tail -n 20 file.txt

Show last 20 lines.

tail -f /var/log/messages

Live view logs (DevOps essential).

nano file.txt

Edit file using Nano.

vi file.txt

Edit file using Vim.

3. Search & Filter Commands

grep "error" logfile

Search for a word.

grep -i "error" logfile

Case-insensitive search.

grep -r "password" /etc

Recursive search.

grep -v "test" logfile

Exclude matching lines.

awk '{print \$1}' file.txt

Print 1st column.

awk -F: '{print \$1,\$7}' /etc/passwd

Print username & shell.

sed 's/error/warning/g' file

Replace “error” with “warning”.

sort file.txt

Sort lines.

uniq file.txt

Remove duplicate lines (must be sorted).

4. File Permissions & Ownership

chmod 755 script.sh

Read+write+execute for owner, read+execute for others.

chmod u+x script.sh

Add execute permission for user.

chown user:group file.txt

Change owner and group.

chown -R ubuntu:ubuntu app/

Change ownership of a directory recursively.

umask

Show default file permission mask.

5. Process and Service Management

ps aux

Show all running processes.

top

Real-time system monitor.

htop

Advanced system monitor (if installed).

kill <PID>

Terminate a process.

kill -9 <PID>

Force kill a process.

systemctl status nginx

Check service status.

systemctl start nginx

Start service.

systemctl restart docker

Restart service.

systemctl enable jenkins

Enable on boot.

6. Networking Commands

ip a

Show network interfaces.

ip r

Show routing table.

ping google.com

Check connectivity.

curl http://localhost:8080

Check application running.

wget https://file.com/file.zip

Download file.

ss -tulnp

View all listening ports (super important for DevOps).

netstat -tulnp

Alternative for socket connections.

nslookup google.com

DNS lookup.

dig google.com

Detailed DNS query.

7. Disk & Memory Monitoring

df -h

Show disk usage in human readable.

du -sh folder/

Show size of a directory.

free -h

Show free memory.

iostat

Check disk I/O performance.

dmesg

Kernel logs (useful for debugging).

8. User Management

useradd dev

Create new user.

passwd dev

Set password.

usermod -aG sudo dev

Give sudo access.

id dev

Show user info.

9. System Logs (Very Important for DevOps)

/var/log/messages

Main system logs.

/var/log/syslog

System activity logs.

/var/log/secure

Authentication logs.

journalctl -u jenkins

Logs for Jenkins service.

journalctl -xe

Show real-time error logs.

10. Compression / Archiving

tar -cvf backup.tar /var/www/

Create tar archive.

tar -xvf backup.tar

Extract tar file.

zip file.zip file.txt

Create zip.

unzip file.zip

Extract zip.

11. Package Management

For Ubuntu/Debian

```
apt update
apt install nginx
apt remove docker
apt autoremove
```

For RHEL/CentOS/Amazon Linux

```
yum install httpd
yum update
yum remove git
```

12. Crontab (Automation)

crontab -e

Edit scheduler.

crontab -l

List cron jobs.

Example cron: run backup daily at 1 AM

```
0 1 * * * /home/ubuntu/backup.sh
```

13. Bash Scripting Basics

Run a script

```
bash script.sh
```

Make a script executable

```
chmod +x script.sh
```

Get script location

```
$0
```

Conditional example

```
if [ -f file.txt ]; then
    echo "File exists"
fi
```

Loop example

```
for i in {1..5}; do  
    echo $i  
done
```

14. System Information

uname -a

OS version.

hostname

Show hostname.

uptime

System uptime.

whoami

Current user.

15. SSH Commands

ssh ubuntu@1.2.3.4

Login to server.

ssh -i key.pem ubuntu@ip

Login using key.

scp file ubuntu@ip:/home/ubuntu/

Copy file to remote server.

16. Firewall Commands

ufw status

Check firewall status.

ufw allow 22

Allow SSH.

ufw allow 8080

Allow application port.

17. SELinux Commands (RHEL/CentOS)

getenforce

Check SELinux mode.

setenforce 0

Set to permissive.

18. Environment Variables

export VAR=value

Set variable.

echo \$VAR

See variable.

env

List all env variables.

19. Useful Admin Commands

history

Show executed commands.

last

Show last logged-in users.

uptime

Show load average.

which python3

Find binary path.

20. File Find Commands

find / -name "file.txt"

Find file anywhere.

find /var/log -type f -size +50M

Find files >50MB.

find /tmp -mtime +30 -delete

Delete files older than 30 days.

21. Advanced Networking Commands

ip neigh

Shows ARP table entries.

ip link set eth0 down

Disable a network interface.

ip link set eth0 up

Enable a network interface.

traceroute google.com

Shows the path packets take to a destination.

mtr google.com

Combines ping + traceroute for live analysis.

curl -I https://example.com

Fetch only headers (used for debugging).

curl -v https://example.com

Verbose output for debugging connectivity issues.

nc -zv ip 22

Check if port 22 is open.

telnet ip 80

Check if port is responding.

22. System Performance & Monitoring

sar -u 1 5

Check CPU usage 5 times at 1-second intervals.

vmstat 1

Print memory, CPU, IO every 1 second.

uptime

Shows load average (VERY important for performance issues).

pidstat 1

Monitor CPU usage per process.

mpstat -P ALL 1

CPU usage for each core.

free -m

Memory usage in MB.

23. Disk & Partition Commands

lsblk

Shows block devices (disk layout).

blkid

Shows UUID of disks.

fdisk -l

Lists partitions on disks.

mount /dev/xvdf /data

Mount a disk.

umount /data

Unmount a disk.

fsck /dev/xvdf

Fix file-system errors (dangerous—use with caution).

24. Log & Debugging Commands

journalctl -u docker

Show Docker service logs.

journalctl -f

Live real-time logs (similar to tail -f).

journalctl --since "2 hours ago"

Logs from last 2 hours.

journalctl -u kubelet

Kubelet logs (Kubernetes debugging).

grep -i "oom" /var/log/messages

Check for Out-of-Memory issues.

25. Network Interface Analysis

ethtool eth0

View NIC speed, duplex, etc.

ethtool -S eth0

NIC statistics (errors, drops, retries).

tcpdump -i eth0

Capture packets (powerful for deep debugging).

tcpdump -i eth0 port 443

Capture only HTTPS packets.

26. Storage Commands

du -ah | sort -hr | head -20

Show top 20 largest files/directories.

df -ih

Show inode usage (useful when disk is full but df -h looks fine).

lsof /var/log/syslog

Check which process is using a file.

lsof -i :8080

See which process is using port 8080.

27. SSH & Security Commands

ssh-copy-id user@host

Copy SSH key to remote server (passwordless login).

fail2ban-client status

Check intrusion/prevention bans.

who

Show logged-in users.

w

Show logged-in users + what they are doing.

28. Kernel, System Runtime Commands

uname -r

Show kernel version.

lsmod

List loaded kernel modules.

modprobe module_name

Load a kernel module.

sysctl -a

List all kernel parameters.

sysctl vm.swappiness=10

Change swap behavior temporarily.

29. Text Processing (Advanced DevOps Level)

awk '\$3 > 80 {print \$1,\$3}' cpu.log

Print items where 3rd column value > 80.

awk '/ERROR/{count++} END{print count}' app.log

Count “ERROR” occurrences.

sed -n '20,30p' file.txt

Show lines 20 to 30.

sed '/error/d' logfile

Delete lines containing “error”.

30. Cron & Scheduled Jobs

crontab -e

Add or edit cron jobs.

systemctl list-timers

Show systemd timers (modern cron alternative).

at now + 10 minutes

Run a command once after 10 minutes.

31. Package Analysis

rpm -qa

List installed RPM packages.

dpkg -l

List installed Debian packages.

rpm -ql docker

Show files installed by a package.

dpkg -L nginx

Same for Debian.

32. Process Debugging

strace -p <PID>

Trace system calls for a running process.

lsof -p <PID>

See open files by a process.

pmap <PID>

Memory map of a process.

33. Firewall Commands

firewall-cmd --state

Check firewalld status.

firewall-cmd --add-port=8080/tcp --permanent

Open port 8080 permanently.

firewall-cmd --reload

Apply changes.

34. Systemd Debugging

systemctl daemon-reload

Reload systemd units (after editing service files).

systemctl cat docker

View full service file.

systemctl disable nginx

Disable service from auto-start.

35. Useful Admin Commands (Advanced)

watch -n 1 df -h

Refresh disk usage every 1 sec.

watch -n 1 kubectl get pods

Monitor Kubernetes pods (very common).

nohup command &

Run command in background even after logout.

disown -a

Detach all running jobs from current terminal.

history | grep ssh

Search command history.

36. SSH Key & Access Management

ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096

Generate a new SSH key pair.

ssh-add ~/.ssh/id_rsa

Add private key to SSH agent.

eval "\$(ssh-agent -s)"

Start SSH agent session.

chmod 600 key.pem

Required permission for SSH private key.

scp -r project/ ubuntu@ip:/app/

Copy folder to remote server.

37. System Boot & Runlevel Commands

systemctl get-default

Show default boot target.

systemctl set-default multi-user.target

Set system to boot without GUI.

systemctl rescue

Enter rescue mode (for system recovery).

systemctl reboot

Reboot system safely.

38. File Integrity & Checksum

md5sum file.iso

Generate MD5 checksum.

sha256sum file.iso

Generate SHA-256 checksum.

cksum file.zip

Print CRC checksum.

39. Links (Hard & Soft Links)

ln file1 file2

Create a hard link.

ln -s /etc/nginx/nginx.conf nginx-link

Create a soft link (symlink).

ls -li

Show inode number (important for link identification).

40. File Permissions (Advanced)

chmod 4755 script.sh

Set SUID bit → runs with owner's privileges.

chmod 2755 folder

Set SGID bit → new files inherit group.

chmod 1755 /tmp

Set sticky bit → only owner can delete their file.

41. NFS & Remote Storage Commands

showmount -e serverIP

Show NFS exports.

mount -t nfs serverIP:/data /mnt

Mount NFS share.

umount /mnt

Unmount NFS share.

42. Linux Firewall (iptables) Commands

iptables -L

List all firewall rules.

iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 22 -j ACCEPT

Allow SSH access.

iptables -A INPUT -j DROP

Drop all inbound connections.

iptables-save > rules.v4

Export firewall rules.

43. Disk Benchmarking (DevOps Important)

dd if=/dev/zero of=testfile bs=1G count=1 oflag=dsync

Test disk write speed.

hdparm -Tt /dev/xvda

Test disk performance.

44. Processes & Background Jobs

jobs

Show background jobs.

bg %1

Resume job in background.

fg %1

Bring job to foreground.

nohup command &

Run a long process without interruption.

45. CPU & Memory Debugging

top -c

Show processes with full command line.

ps -eo pid,ppid,cmd,%mem,%cpu --sort=-%cpu

Sort processes by CPU usage.

ps -eo pid,cmd,%mem --sort=-%mem | head

Top memory-consuming processes.

46. Docker & Container Debugging (Linux Level)

ps -ef | grep docker

Check Docker daemon process.

systemctl status containerd

Check container runtime.

iptables -L -n -v

Check Docker/K8s network rules.

df -h /var/lib/docker

Find Docker disk usage.

47. Kubernetes Node-Level Commands

kubeadm reset

Reset Kubernetes cluster config.

kubelet --version

Check kubelet version.

systemctl status kubelet

Check kubelet logs/service.

cat /etc/kubernetes/kubelet.conf

Review node kubelet config.

48. Package Tracking & History

rpm -q --changelog docker

Show Docker package changelog.

yum history

List package installation history.

apt-cache policy nginx

Check the available version & installed version.

49. File System ACLs (Advanced Permission Control)

```
setfacl -m u:dev:rw file.txt
```

Give user "dev" read/write to file.

```
getfacl file.txt
```

View ACLs on file.

50. Linux Backup & Restore Commands

```
rsync -avz source/ dest/
```

Backup or sync files efficiently.

```
rsync -avz --delete source/ dest/
```

Mirror directories exactly.

```
dd if=/dev/sda of=/backup.img
```

Disk-level backup.

51. Time & Date Commands

```
timedatectl
```

Show system clock info.

```
timedatectl set-timezone Asia/Kolkata
```

Change timezone.

```
date -u
```

Show UTC time.

52. Swap Memory Management

```
swapon -s
```

Show active swap.

fallocate -l 4G /swapfile

Create swap file.

mkswap /swapfile

Format swap file.

swapon /swapfile

Enable swap.

53. Kernel Memory, Cache & Buffers

sync && echo 3 > /proc/sys/vm/drop_caches

Clear cache (useful for performance testing).

sysctl vm.swappiness=10

Adjust how aggressively system swaps.

54. Network Routing Commands

route -n

Show routing table.

ip route add 10.0.0.0/24 via 192.168.1.1

Add static route.

ip route del 10.0.0.0/24

Delete route.

55. Environment & Profile Files

cat ~/.bashrc

User shell config.

cat /etc/profile

System-wide shell config.

source ~/.bashrc

Reload shell config.

56. Linux System Update Commands

Ubuntu/Debian

apt update
apt upgrade -y

RHEL/CentOS/Amazon Linux

yum update -y