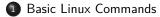
Large Scale Data Processing CSE3025

Dr. Ramesh Ragala

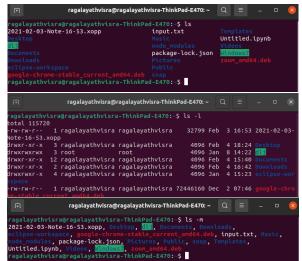
School of Computer Science and Engineering
VIT Chennai

February 5, 2021

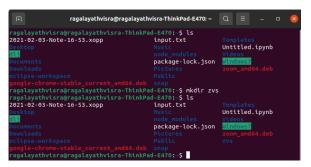




- Is
 - List the files and subdirectories of the directory or folder from where it runs
 - ► Syntax: Is
 - Example: Is -I, Is -a, Is -Ir, Is -It, Is -ir, Is -Ih, Is -s, etc.

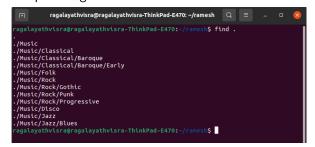


- mkdir: (Make Directory)
 - ▶ This command allows the users to create or make new directories
 - ► Syntax: mkdir [OPTION] [DIRECTORY]
 - ► Example: mkdir zvs



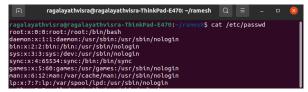
- Creation of parent directories \rightarrow A parent directory is a directory that is above another directory in the directory tree \rightarrow use -**p** in place of option
- Example: mkdir -p /home/ragalayathvisra/Music/Melody
- Creation of multiple directories

- Creation of multiple directories
- Example: mkdir dir1 dir2 dir3
- Example: mkdir -p Music/Jazz/Blues,Folk,Disco,Rock/Gothic,Punk,Progressive,Classical/Baroque/Ear
 → check out put using find . command



- Set Permissions when Creating a Directory:
- -m (-mode) option is used to create directory with permissions.
- Example: mkdir -m 700 zvs

- cat: (concatenate)
- This command allows the user to create single or multiple files, view contain
 of file, concatenate files and redirect output in terminal or files
- Syntax: cat [OPTION] [FILE]...
- Display content of the file using cat command
- Example: cat /etc/passwd



- View the content of multiple files using cat command
- Example: cat file-1 file-2

- creation of file using cat command
- ullet Example: cat > file10 o CTRL+D for quit