

STAT 4355 HW2

[Code ▾](#)

a)

[Hide](#)

```
#import data
sysbp=read.csv("hw2_systolic_bp.csv")
y=sysbp$sys.bp
x=sysbp$i..weight
#fit model
lmsb=lm(y~x)
summary(lmsb)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = y ~ x)
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-17.182	-6.485	-2.519	8.926	12.143

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)	
(Intercept)	69.10437	12.91013	5.353	1.71e-05	***
x	0.41942	0.07015	5.979	3.59e-06	***

Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 8.681 on 24 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.5983, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5815

F-statistic: 35.74 on 1 and 24 DF, p-value: 3.591e-06

b)

$\hat{y} = 69.10437 + 0.41942x$

c)

An intercept of 69.10437 means the value of systolic pressure is 69.10437 when the weight is zero and a slope of 0.41942 means for a unit change in the weight, systolic pressure increases by 0.4194 on average.

d)

Null hypothesis: $H_0: \beta_1=0$

Alt. hypothesis: $H_1: \beta_1 \neq 0$

t value of 5.979 and p value of $3.59e-06 < 0.05 \Rightarrow$ reject H_0 so weight is statistically significant at 5% significance level

e)

[Hide](#)

```
lmsb2 <- lm(y~x+offset(-50*x))
summary(lmsb2)
```

Call:

```
lm(formula = y ~ x + offset(-50 * x))
```

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-17.182	-6.485	-2.519	8.926	12.143

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	69.10437	12.91013	5.353	1.71e-05 ***
x	50.41942	0.07015	718.714	< 2e-16 ***

Signif. codes:

0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 8.681 on 24 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.5983, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5815

F-statistic: 35.74 on 1 and 24 DF, p-value: 3.591e-06

Null hypothesis: $H_0: \beta_1 = -50$

Alt. hypothesis: $H_1: \beta_1 \neq -50$

t value of 718.714 and p value of $2e-16 < 0.05 \Rightarrow$ reject H_0 at 5% significance level so slope is not equal to -50.