Project Description, Requirements, Business Rules

1. Introduction

This project includes basic information about the NBA playoffs and seasons. Information such as player stats, rosters, and player information can be viewed. This site is meant for any fan of the NBA who is looking for information about NBA teams and players. This site is also for users who want to display who their favorite players and teams are.

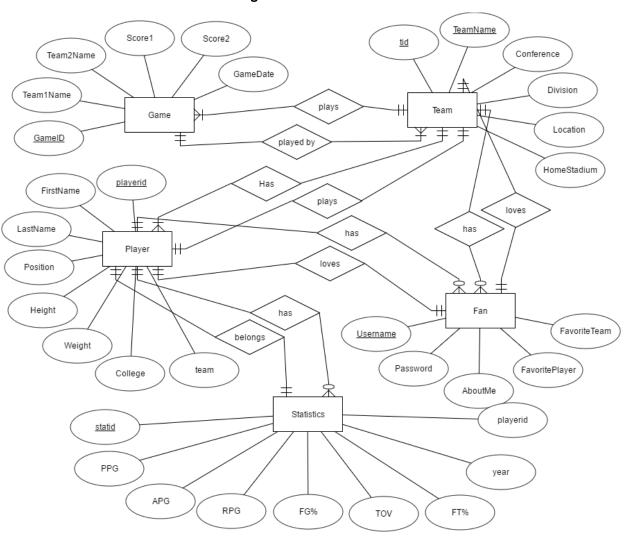
2. Detailed Functionality & Requirements

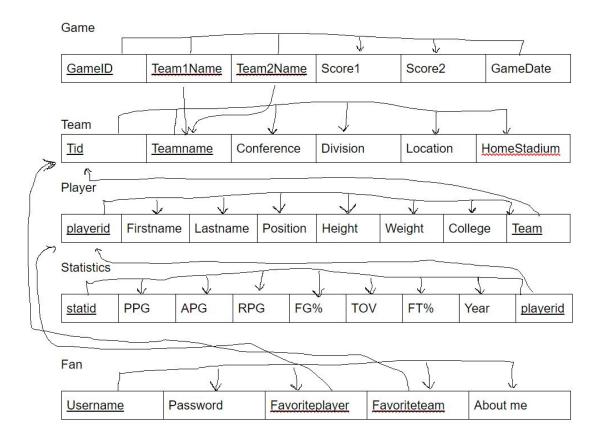
This section describes the business rules and the requirements of the application in detail.

- Requirements for the operation/functionality
 - a. User accounts and Login
 - b. Player Lookup with Stats/Name
 - c. Team Search
 - d. User Favorite Team/Players
 - e. Game Stats
 - f. Users can view other fans
- Business rules
 - g. Teams have players
 - h. Players play in games
 - i. Players have statistics
 - j. Players have fans
 - k. Fans follow favorite teams/players
 - I. Fans can rate a game once
 - m. Games have statistics
 - n. Teams play
 - o. Fans can have one favorite teams
 - p. Fans can have one favorite players
 - q. Users must register and sign in to become a "Fan"

Database Design – 10 points

ER Diagram & Relational Model



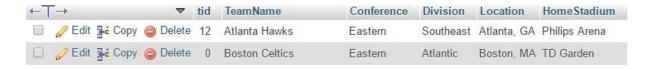


MySQL database tables, views, at least two trigger/procedure/function

Database Tables

Tables:

Team:



Player:

← T→ ▼ player	rid FirstName	LastName	Position	Height	Weight	College	team
Edit 3 Copy Opelete	5 LeBron	James	SG	6-8	250	St. Vincent-St. Mary HS	Cleveland Cavaliers
☐ Ø Edit 34 Copy Delete	6 James	Harden	SG	6-5	220	Arizona State	Houston Rockets
Edit 3 Copy Delete	7 Russell	Westbrook	PG	6-3	200	UCLA	Oklahoma City Thunder
☐ Ø Edit 34 Copy ⊜ Delete	8 Rajon	Rondo	PG	6-1	186	Kentucky	Chicago Bulls
Edit 3 Copy Delete	9 Damian	Lillard	PG	6-3	195	Weber State	Portland Trail Blazers
☐ Ø Edit 34 Copy Delete	10 CJ	McCollum	SG	6-3	190	Lehigh	Portland Trail Blazers
Edit 3 Copy Delete	11 AI	Horford	C	6-10	245	Florida	Boston Celtics
☐ Ø Edit 34 Copy Delete	12 Isaiah	Thomas	G	5-9	185	Washington	Boston Celtics
Edit 3 Copy Delete	13 Giannis	Antetokounmpo	F-G	6-11	222	Greece	Milwaukee Bucks
☐ Ø Edit 3 Copy OPlete	14 John	Wall	G	6-4	210	Kentucky	Washington Wizards
	15 Dennis	Schroder	PG	6-1	172	Germany	Atlanta Hawks
☐ Ø Edit ¾ Copy ⊜ Delete	17 Derrick	Favors	F-C	6-10	265	Georgia Tech	Utah Jazz
Edit 3 Copy Delete	18 Brook	Lopez	C	7-0	275	Stanford University	Brooklyn Nets
☐ Ø Edit 3 Copy O Delete	19 Kyle	Lowry	G	6-0	205	Villanova	Toronto Raptors
	20 Kemba	Walker	PG	6-1	172	University of Connecticut	Charlotte Hornets
☐ Ø Edit ¾ Copy ⊜ Delete	21 Dirk	Nowitzki	PF	7-0	245	Germany	Dallas Mavericks
	22 LaMarcus	Aldridge	F	6-11	260	Texas	San Antonio Spurs
☐ Ø Edit 34 Copy Delete	23 Darren	Collison	G	6-0	175	UCLA	Sacramento Kings
	24 Kenneth	Faried	PF	6-8	228	Morehead State University	Denver Nuggets
☐ Ø Edit ¾ Copy ⊜ Delete	25 Andre	Drummond	С	6-11	279	University of Connecticut	Detroit Pistons
Edit de Copy Delete	26 Eric	Bledsoe	G	6-1	205	Kentucky	Phoenix Suns
☐ Ø Edit 👫 Copy 🥥 Delete	27 Robert	Covington	F	6-9	215	Tennessee State	Philadelphia 76ers
	28 Stephen	Curry	PG	6-3	190	Davidson College	Golden State Warriors
☐ Ø Edit 34 Copy Delete	29 Paul	George	SG	6-9	220	California State University	Indiana Pacers

Statistics:

←	statid	PPG	APG	RPG	FG%	TOV	FT%	BPG	3P% → 1	PER	TS%	GP	year	nba_player
Edit Lopy Delete	136	16.6	5.3	1.2	0.502	2.3	1.2	0.2	5.3	18.8	0.586	26	2014	41
☐ Ø Edit ¾ Copy Delete	120	16.6	3.8	1.1	0.464	2.3	0.829	1.3	0.667	17.7	0.528	52	2015	38
Edit : Copy Delete	70	15.8	1.2	2.7	0.593	2.8	0.528	1.3	0.5	19.2	0.596	41	2014	43
☐ Ø Edit 👫 Copy 🔘 Delete	52	12.5	1.2	8.7	0.558	1.4	0.613	0.9	0.5	21	0.577	67	2015	24
	89	16.9	9.7	0.8	0.481	2.3	0.885	0.1	0.481	26.4	0.594	70	2012	31
☐ Ø Edit ♣ Copy □ Delete	65	30.1	6.7	5.4	0.504	3.3	0.908	0.2	0.454	31.5	0.669	79	2015	28
	63	23.8	7.7	4.3	0.487	3.1	0.914	0.2	0.443	28	0.638	80	2014	28
☐ Ø Edit 👫 Copy 🔘 Delete	62	24	8.5	4.3	0.471	3.8	0.885	0.2	0.424	24.1	0.61	78	2013	28
	67	13.2	4.6	2.3	0.476	1.7	0.86	0.1	0.417	15.3	0.57	68	2016	23
☐ Ø Edit ♣ Copy □ Delete	85	18.1	9.2	0.7	0.476	2.4	0.892	0.1	0.411	26.2	0.614	61	2016	31
	66	25.3	6.6	4.5	0.468	3	0.898	0.2	0.411	24.6	0.624	79	2016	28
☐ Ø Edit ♣ Copy □ Delete	55	17.3	1.9	7.3	0.477	1.4	0.812	1.2	0.411	18.6	0.532	72	2016	22
	92	8.8	1	0.7	0.367	2	0.727	0.2	0.409	13	0.492	6	2014	29
☐ Ø Edit ♣ Copy □ Delete	123	20.5	6.3	0.4	0.459	2.3	0.859	0.3	0.407	23.2	0.604	69	2016	39

Fan:



Game:

+	→		~	GameID	Team1Name	Team2Name	Score1	Score2	GameDate
	Ø Edit ₃å	Сору	Delete	1	Golden State Warriors	Toronto Raptors	97	92	2016-10-01
	Ø Edit ₃€	Сору	Delete	2	New Orleans Pelicans	Dallas Mavericks	116	102	2016-10-01

GameSchedule:

Team1Name	Team2Name	GameDate	Location	GameID
Golden State Warriors	Toronto Raptors	2016-10-01	San Fransisco, CA	1

Update Trigger:

CREATE TRIGGER on update team BEFORE UPDATE ON team FOR EACH ROW BEGIN UPDATE fan f SET f.FavoriteTeam = NEW.TeamName WHERE f.FavoriteTeam = OLD.TeamName; UPDATE player p SET p.team = NEW.TeamName WHERE p.team = OLD.TeamName; UPDATE GameSchedule SET Team1Name = NEW.TeamName WHERE OLD.TeamName = Team1Name; UPDATE GameScheduleSET Team2Name = NEW.TeamName WHERE OLD.TeamName = Team2Name; UPDATE Game SET Team1Name = NEW.TeamName WHEREOLD.TeamName = Team1Name; UPDATE Game SET Team2Name = NEW.TeamName WHERE OLD.TeamName = Team2Name; END

When a record in the team table is updated, we only care about the primary key TeamName. If this is updated, then all foreign keys that use this value need to also be updated that match.

Delete Trigger:

<u>CREATE TRIGGER</u> on_delete_player BEFORE <u>DELETE</u> ON player FOR EACH ROW BEGIN <u>UPDATE</u> fan f <u>SET</u> f.FavoritePlayer = NULL WHERE f.FavoritePlayer = OLD.playerid; <u>DELETE</u> FROM statistics WHERE nba_player = OLD.playerid; END

Since there is a relationship between players and fans, a player cannot be a fan of a player that is not in the database. Because of this, if a player is deleted, FavoritePlayer keys that match this player will be set to NULL in the fan table. This includes the player's statistics as well in the statistics table except the whole record would be deleted.

View

```
CREATE VIEW teamstats AS

SELECT t.TeamName, AVG(s.---)

FROM team t, player p, statistics s

WHERE t.TeamName = p.team AND p.playerid = s.nba_player

GROUP BY t.TeamName;

CREATE VIEW west AS

SELECT TeamName

FROM team

WHERE Conference = "Western";

CREATE VIEW east AS

SELECT TeamName

FROM team

FROM team
```

Primary and foreign keys - In ERD and Relational Schema

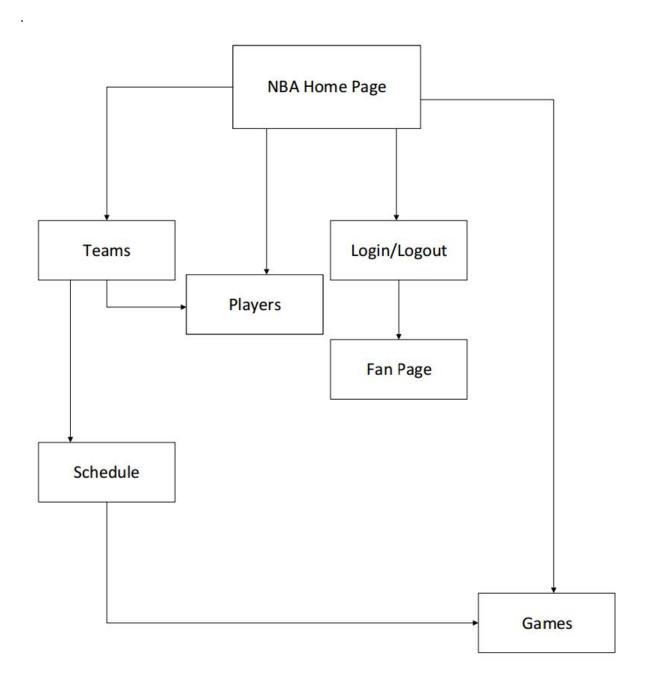
Website Design, Layout & User manual – 15 points Including navigation, CSS

4. Website Design

Discuss the design of your website.

WHERE Conference = "Eastern";

Website Layout



User Interface

NBA Players Home Teams Player Statistics Games Schedule Login/Sign-Up Search Player Name: Find Player First Name Position Height Weight College James LeBron SG 6-8 250 St. Vincent-St. Mary HS Harden James SG 6-5 220 Arizona State Westbrook Russell PG 6-3 200 UCLA Rondo Rajon PG 6-1 186 Kentucky Lillard Damian PG 6-3 195 Weber State McCollum CJ SG 6-3 190 Lehigh Horford A1 C 6-10 245 Florida Thomas Isaiah G 5-9 185 Washington Antetokounmpo Giannis F-G 6-11 222 Greece Wall John G 6-4 210 Kentucky Schroder Dennis PG 6-1 172 Germany Favors Derrick F-C 6-10 265 Georgia Tech 7-0 275 Stanford University Lopez Brook C Kyle G 6-0 205 Villanova Lowry Walker PG 6-1 172 University of Connecticut Kemba 7-0 245 Nowitzki Dirk PF Germany Aldridge LaMarcus F 6-11 260 Texas Collison 6-0 175 UCLA Darren G Faried PF 6-8 228 Morehead State University Kenneth C Drummond 6-11 279 Andre University of Connecticut Bledsoe Eric 6-1 205 Kentucky Covington Robert F 6-9 215 Tennessee State PG 190 Curry Stephen 6-3 Davidson College George Paul SG 6-9 220 California State University Payton Elfrid G 6-4 185 Louisiana-Lafayette 6-0 Paul Chris PG 175 Wake Forest University C 6-11 265 Jordan DeAndre Texas A&M University Anthony Carmelo 6-8 240 Syracuse

This page displays all the players in the database. It can be searched with a wildcard search through the SQL command below. This page requires input from users so prepared statements are used to prevent injection attacks.

```
SELECT * FROM player
WHERE FirstName LIKE CONCAT ('%',?,'%') OR LastName
```

```
LIKE CONCAT ('%',?,'%')
OR ? LIKE CONCAT (FirstName,' ',LastName)";
```

The default page however with no search shows all the players at once. This is done with the simple SQL select statement shown below.

SELECT * FROM player;

NBA Player Statistics

Home Teams Players Games Schedule Login/Sign-Up



PPG APG BPG FG% GP Year 6.4 3.8 0.1 0.418 78 2006

10.6 5.1 0.2 0.492 77 2007 11.9 8.2 0.1 0.505 80 2008 13.7 9.8 0.1 0.517 81 2009

This page is the player statistics page. The user selects inputs thorough two dropdown menus. The team dropdown menu is first populated with this simple SQL statement below.

SELECT TeamName FROM team

When the user chooses a team, an AJAX call is made which populates the the player dropdown menu with this SQL statement below. This command is the destination url for

the AJAX call. The ? will be filled with the prepared POST variable sent through the AJAX call which is the team name.

```
SELECT * FROM player WHERE team = ? ORDER BY LastName;
```

The user can then choose a player from the player dropdown menu. When this is . done, the SQL statement below is called displaying all the stats for the selected player in a HTML table.

NBA Teams

Home Players Player Statistics Games Schedule Login/Sign-Up

Team Name

Atlanta Hawks

Boston Celtics

Brooklyn Nets

Charlotte Hornets

Chicago Bulls

Cleveland Cavaliers

Dallas Mavericks

Denver Nuggets

Detroit Pistons

Golden State Warriors

Houston Rockets

Indiana Pacers

Los Angeles Clippers

Los Angeles Lakers

Memphis Grizzlies

Miami Heat

Milwaukee Bucks

Minnesota Timberwolves

New Orleans Pelicans

New York Knicks

Oklahoma City Thunder

Orlando Magic

Philadelphia 76ers

Phoenix Suns

Portland Trail Blazers

Sacramento Kings

San Antonio Spurs

Toronto Raptors

Utah Jazz

Washington Wizards

This page simply lists all the NBA teams in the database. Later on, each of these teams will be clickable leading the user to the player page with players in that clicked team. The SQL command is shown below.

Login/Sign-Up

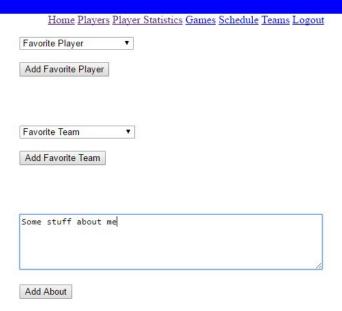
	layer Statistics Games Schedule Teams
Username:	*required
Password:	*required (must only be letters)
Create Account	

NOTE: "must only be letters" is a UI bug. The user can enter any characters for their password.

This is where the user can create an account to add favorite teams and players. The SQL INSERT command used is below.

INSERT INTO fan (Username, Password) VALUES (?,?)

Favourites and Information



This page is for logged in users only. They can set their favorite team, favorite player, and other information. The user will be inputting information here. One of the SQL commands for the fields is listed below.

```
UPDATE fan
SET FavoriteTeam = ?
WHERE UserName = ?;
```

NBA Information Home

Teams Players Player Statistics Games Schedule Login/Sign-Up

NBA Home

Home

Page

The home page is the main navigation page. This is the first page that the user sees.

NBA Games

Home Players Player Statistics Teams Schedule Login/Sign-Up

 Team 1
 Score
 Team 2
 Score
 Date

 Golden State Warriors
 97
 Toronto Raptors
 92
 2016-10-01

 New Orleans Pelicans
 116
 Dallas Mavericks
 102
 2016-10-01

Other pages that have yet to be implemented are the schedules page

User Manual or Help page

- On the home page select the login button at the top of the screen to register or login.
- Enter your desired/login credentials and select register or login.
 - Note: If you are registering for an account you will have to login once you have created it
- You will be redirected to a blank page with a link at the top to "enter member area"

- Click on the button and you will be redirected to the fan page.
- From the fan page you may select your favorite team and player, as well as update your bio.
- You may also click the button "view team fan stats" and see how many fans each team has.
- There is also an option to logout if you would like.
- From there you may view Teams, Player Stats, Players and Games (2017 finals)

- Option 1: Teams

- From the Teams page you may view the teams from each conference.
- You can also select the team you like and it will redirect you to the players page with a list of players from that team.

Option 2: Players

- From the players page you may search for any player you would like.
- If you click on the player's name you will be redirected to their statistics

Option 3: Players Statistics

- From this page you may select any player you would like and view their stats.
- Select the player from the dropdown menu and click the button below to view the stats.

Option 4: Games

- Here we have just a simple table displaying the results of the games from the 2017 NBA Finals.

Application Functionality & Requirements: - 65 points

Below list at least six features of your website and how to test them. All input must be error checked. Functionality implemented without SQL can be listed for credit; however, you must have at least five SQL queries including at least one insert or update generated from user input and at least two complex queries involving multiple tables.

1. Fan page:

- In order to view this page a user must be logged in. Once you are logged in you may add/change your favorite team or player. You also may enter a bio if you choose to do so. Each fan can only have one favorite player and team.
- The SQL that we used is below:
 - "SELECT FirstName, LastName FR
 - OM player ORDER BY LastName"

- "SELECT TeamName FROM team""UPDATE fan SET FavoritePlayer = ? WHERE Username = '".\$username."";

2. 2017 Finals game results page:

- To view the results of the finals game you have to navigate to the game page. The button is located at the top of each screen unless you are on the page itself. From there you may view the results of the Finals games from 2017.
- The simple SQL query used to display the results from the game page is listed below:
 - SELECT * FROM Games

3. Creating an account

- The user will enter his intended username or password. From here, the user can either click sign up or login. Sign up will make a new account using those credentials as long as the username does not exist. Login will log the user to his account if the username and password match with a record in the fans database.
- This SQL query below was used to do this. These commands show the create account. For the login, there will be a select statement to see if a certain record exist and use that to log in setting the session to the username pulled from the database.
 - INSERT INTO fan (Username, Password) VALUES (?,?);
 - SELECT username FROM fan WHERE username = ?;

4. Showing statistics of a user selected player

- When the user submits the player he wants to see the stat of, we will use a query. The user can see all statistics of given years that exist in the database.
- "SELECT * FROM statistics s
 INNER JOIN player p ON s.nba_player = p.playerid
 WHERE s.nba_player = ? ORDER BY s.year";

5. Hyperlink from teams to players

The code and query below is used to link the teams page and the players page. When a user looks at the team page they may click on the team whose roster they would like to view. From there you will be redirected to the players page which you can click on the players to view stats.

```
else if(isset($_GET["data_team"])){ //redirected from team.php

$t = $_GET["data_team"];
    //echo $t;

$strQuery = "SELECT * FROM player p
```

```
WHERE p.team IN (SELECT TeamName FROM team WHERE ? = tid
)";

/*Prepare Statement for security*/
$result = $dbhandle -> prepare($strQuery);

/*Bind search to two parameters for first and last name*/
$result -> bind_param("s",$t);

$result -> execute();

$result = $result -> get_result();

}
```

6. Ajax to update user's selected drop down

- This Ajax call will populate the team drop down based on what the user selects on the player drop down. This is a partial refresh so the Ajax checks for any changes on the team and runs the proper php accordingly.