- 1) (10) Given the grammar below, identify which sentences are in the language (which are valid sentence).
 - a. baab
 - b. bbbab
 - c. bbaaaaaa
 - d. bbaab

$$\langle S \rangle \rightarrow \langle A \rangle$$
 a $\langle B \rangle$ b $\langle A \rangle \rightarrow \langle A \rangle$ b | b $\langle B \rangle \rightarrow$ a $\langle B \rangle$ | a

2) (10) Identify all of the tokens (categories of lexemes) in the grammar below, and which lexemes they categorize. Put them in a table.

3) (10) Given the grammar from question 2, show a left-most derivation and draw the parse tree for the following statement.

a.
$$B = B + (C + (A * A))$$

4) (10) Remove all of the recursion from the following grammar:

5) (10) Use left factoring to resolve the pairwise disjointness problems in the following grammar:

6) (20 pts) Create an LR(0) parse table for the following grammar. Show all steps (creating closures, the DFA, the transition table, and finally the parse table):

7) (20 pts) Show a complete bottom-up parse, including the parse stack contents, input string, and action for the string below using the parse table you created in step 6. Think about how I went through this in class.

$$(id + id) * id$$

8) (10 pts) Show a rightmost derivation for the string above, and show how the bottom-up parse you completed in step 7 correctly finds all of the handles for the input string above.