

Homework #3

Clay Ramsey

Comp 3350

Q1

A	B	S	C
0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	0
0	1	1	1
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

* If A or \bar{S} equals zero, the AND gate produces a zero. If B or S or zero, the and gate is zero. If either AND gate produces a 1, the or gate outputs 1 for C.*

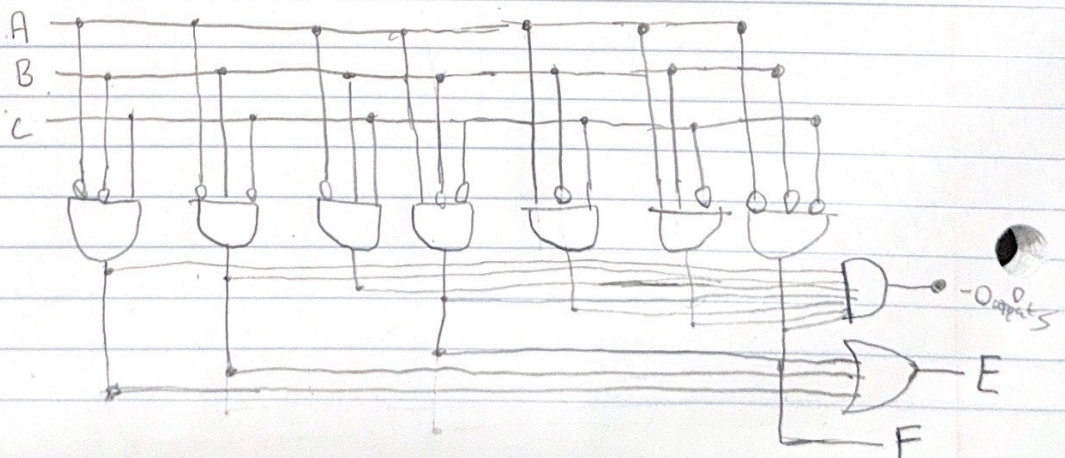
Q2

Q2-1

A	B	C	D	E	F
0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	1	1	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	0
0	1	1	1	0	0
1	0	0	1	1	0
1	0	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0
1	1	1	1	0	0

* E is true if 2 inputs = False
* F is true if ALL inputs = False

Q2-2



Homework #3

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Q3

Q3-1

A.

→ BC ALU result is used as an address to store store/load a value from register. The result from ALU is written back into registers file. this makes A correct

Q3-2

A.

→ If instruction is arithmetic-logic instruction, then the ALU result must be written to a register this makes A correct

Q4

using

→ beq \$s1, \$t1, offset

→ if (\$s2 == \$s1) then $\Rightarrow PC + 4 + 4 * offset$

→ if (\$t1 == \$s1) then \Rightarrow branch to offset

Q4-1

(offset) 4 = 40 \rightarrow 40

10 (u)

Q4-2

(offset) 4 + PC + 4 = 80056 \rightarrow 80056

40 + 80012 + 4 = 80056

Q4-3

PC-relative addressing