

$$\begin{array}{l}
 32) \quad 0, 1, 4, 5, 8 \\
 \underline{3 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2} = 72 \\
 \underline{4 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1} = 96 \\
 \hline
 \boxed{168}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 35) \quad 0, 2, 5, 7, 8 \\
 \text{Greater } \boxed{4000} \\
 \underline{3 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2} = 72 \\
 \underline{4 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1} = 96 \\
 \hline
 168
 \end{array}$$

$$37) \quad 1, 2, 5, 6$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 38) \quad 1 \text{ to } 9 \\
 \underline{9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5} = \\
 210 \times 72 = \boxed{15120}
 \end{array}$$

45) Total NO = 8

3, 4, 5, 6, 7

$$\underline{5} \quad \underline{4} \quad \underline{3} \quad \underline{2} \quad \underline{1} = 120$$

$$\underline{5} \quad \underline{4} \quad \underline{3} \quad \underline{2} = 120$$

$$\underline{5} \quad \underline{4} \quad \underline{3} = 60$$

$$\underline{5} \quad \underline{4} = 20$$

$$\underline{5} = 5$$

325

Combination

$${}^nC_r = \frac{n!}{(n-r)! \times r!}$$

selection

1) A, B, C

Total = 3

Select = 1

Ways = 3 (A/B/C)

$$\Rightarrow {}^3C_1 = \frac{3!}{(3-1)! \times 1!} = \frac{3 \times 2 \times 1}{2 \times 1 \times 1} = \boxed{3}$$

2) A, B, C

Total (n) = 3

Select (required) (r) = 2

AB, BC, AC (3)

$$\Rightarrow {}^3C_2 = \frac{3!}{(3-2)! \times 2!} = \frac{3!}{1! \times 2!} = \frac{3 \times 2 \times 1}{2 \times 1} = \boxed{3}$$

$$1) n=10 \quad r=7 \quad \longrightarrow \quad {}^{10}C_7 = \frac{10!}{3! \times 7!} = \frac{10 \times 9 \times 8 \times \cancel{7!}}{3 \times 2 \times 1 \times \cancel{7!}}$$

$${}^{10}C_7 = {}^{10}C_3 = \frac{10 \times 9 \times 8}{3 \times 2 \times 1}$$

$$2) n=20 \quad r=18 \quad \longrightarrow \quad {}^{20}C_{18} = \frac{20!}{2! \times 18!} = \frac{20 \times 19 \times \cancel{18!}}{2 \times 1 \times \cancel{18!}}$$

$${}^{20}C_{18} = {}^{20}C_2 = \frac{20 \times 19}{2 \times 1}$$

$$3) n=12 \quad r=9 \quad \longrightarrow \quad {}^{12}C_9 = \frac{12!}{3! \times 9!} = \frac{12 \times 11 \times 10 \times \cancel{9!}}{3 \times 2 \times 1 \times \cancel{9!}}$$

$${}^{12}C_9 = {}^{12}C_3 = \frac{12 \times 11 \times 10}{3 \times 2 \times 1}$$

$$4) n=25 \quad r=23 \quad \longrightarrow \quad {}^{25}C_{23} = \frac{25!}{2! \times 23!} = \frac{25 \times 24 \times \cancel{23!}}{2 \times 1 \times \cancel{23!}}$$

$${}^{25}C_{23} = {}^{25}C_2 = \frac{25 \times 24}{2 \times 1}$$

$$1) 12C_4 = \frac{12 \times 11 \times 10 \times 9}{4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}$$

$$2) 13C_2 = \frac{13 \times 12}{2 \times 1}$$

$$3) 17C_5 = \frac{17 \times 16 \times 15 \times 14 \times 13}{5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}$$

$$4) 25C_{20} = 25C_1 = \frac{25}{1}$$

$$5) 28C_{26} = 28C_2 = \frac{28 \times 27}{2 \times 1}$$

Combinatio काटना :-
 $\rightarrow n$ का r लेकर जो
 घेऊ $r!$ के Divide
 करो.

$$1) 14C_2 = \frac{14 \times 13}{2 \times 1} = \boxed{91}$$

$$2) 20C_3 = \frac{20 \times 19 \times 18}{\cancel{6}} = \boxed{1140}$$

$$3) 18C_2 = \frac{18 \times 17}{2 \times 1} = \boxed{153}$$

$$4) 25C_4 = \frac{25 \times 24 \times 23 \times 22}{24} = 550 \times 23 = \boxed{12650}$$

$$5) 18C_{16} = 18C_2 = \frac{18 \times 17}{2 \times 1} = \boxed{153}$$

$$6) 30C_{27} = 30C_3 = \frac{30 \times 29 \times 28}{3 \times 2 \times 1} = \boxed{4060}$$

$$7) 40C_{38} =$$

$$7) 40C_{38} = 40C_2 = \frac{40 \times 39}{2 \times 1} = \boxed{780}$$