Final Assignment

August 19, 2025

Extracting and Visualizing Stock Data

Description

Extracting essential data from a dataset and displaying it is a necessary part of data science; therefore individuals can make correct decisions based on the data. In this assignment, you will extract some stock data, you will then display this data in a graph.

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Estimated Time Needed: 30 min

Note:- If you are working Locally using anaconda, please uncomment the following code and execute it. Use the version as per your python version.

```
[2]: !pip install yfinance
    !pip install bs4
    !pip install nbformat
    !pip install --upgrade plotly

Collecting yfinance
    Downloading yfinance-0.2.65-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (5.8 kB)
Collecting pandas>=1.3.0 (from yfinance)
    Downloading
    pandas-2.3.1-cp312-cp312-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl.metadata (91 kB)
Collecting numpy>=1.16.5 (from yfinance)
    Downloading
    numpy-2.3.2-cp312-cp312-manylinux_2_27_x86_64.manylinux_2_28_x86_64.whl.metadata (62 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: requests>=2.31 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (2.32.3)
```

```
Collecting multitasking>=0.0.7 (from yfinance)
  Downloading multitasking-0.0.12.tar.gz (19 kB)
 Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs>=2.0.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.3.6)
Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2022.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from yfinance) (2024.2)
Requirement already satisfied: frozendict>=2.3.4 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (2.4.6)
Collecting peewee>=3.16.2 (from yfinance)
  Downloading peewee-3.18.2.tar.gz (949 kB)
                          949.2/949.2 kB
28.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
  Installing build dependencies ... one
  Getting requirements to build wheel ... done
 Preparing metadata (pyproject.toml) ... done
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from yfinance) (4.12.3)
Collecting curl_cffi>=0.7 (from yfinance)
 Downloading curl cffi-0.13.0-cp39-abi3-
manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl.metadata (13 kB)
Collecting protobuf>=3.19.0 (from yfinance)
  Downloading protobuf-6.32.0-cp39-abi3-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl.metadata (593
bytes)
Collecting websockets>=13.0 (from yfinance)
  Downloading websockets-15.0.1-cp312-cp312-
manylinux 2 5 x86 64.manylinux1 x86 64.manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014 x86 6
4.whl.metadata (6.8 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from beautifulsoup4>=4.11.1->yfinance) (2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: cffi>=1.12.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from curl_cffi>=0.7->yfinance) (1.17.1)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2024.2.2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from curl_cffi>=0.7->yfinance)
(2024.12.14)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance)
(2.9.0.post0)
Collecting tzdata>=2022.7 (from pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance)
 Downloading tzdata-2025.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (1.4 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: charset_normalizer<4,>=2 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (3.4.1)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (3.10)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from requests>=2.31->yfinance) (2.3.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pycparser in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from cffi>=1.12.0->curl_cffi>=0.7->yfinance) (2.22)
```

```
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from python-dateutil>=2.8.2->pandas>=1.3.0->yfinance) (1.17.0)
Downloading yfinance-0.2.65-py2.py3-none-any.whl (119 kB)
Downloading
curl cffi-0.13.0-cp39-abi3-manylinux 2 17 x86 64.manylinux2014 x86 64.whl (8.3
MB)
                         8.3/8.3 MB
157.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading
numpy-2.3.2-cp312-cp312-manylinux_2_27_x86_64.manylinux_2_28_x86_64.whl (16.6
MB)
                         16.6/16.6 MB
179.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading
pandas-2.3.1-cp312-cp312-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (12.0
                         12.0/12.0 MB
167.8 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading protobuf-6.32.0-cp39-abi3-manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (322 kB)
Downloading websockets-15.0.1-cp312-cp312-
manylinux_2_5_x86_64.manylinux1_x86_64.manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_6
4.whl (182 kB)
Downloading tzdata-2025.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (347 kB)
Building wheels for collected packages: multitasking, peewee
 Building wheel for multitasking (setup.py) ... one
  Created wheel for multitasking: filename=multitasking-0.0.12-py3-none-
anv.whl size=15605
\verb|sha| 256 = 555e49e811b3acad0c7cb11ddb38b082927dd8dc7d20d0776957dcc5d95ea3f7| \\
  Stored in directory: /home/jupyterlab/.cache/pip/wheels/cc/bd/6f/664d62c99327a
beef7d86489e6631cbf45b56fbf7ef1d6ef00
  Building wheel for peewee (pyproject.toml) ... one
  Created wheel for peewee:
filename=peewee-3.18.2-cp312-cp312-linux_x86_64.whl size=303862
sha256=a5627797c61d6a2c131897825a39b62295d4469eb1581f6ff472884e6209fdc5
  Stored in directory: /home/jupyterlab/.cache/pip/wheels/d1/df/a9/0202b051c65b1
1c992dd6db9f2babdd2c44ec7d35d511be5d3
Successfully built multitasking peewee
Installing collected packages: peewee, multitasking, websockets, tzdata,
protobuf, numpy, pandas, curl_cffi, yfinance
Successfully installed curl_cffi-0.13.0 multitasking-0.0.12 numpy-2.3.2
pandas-2.3.1 peewee-3.18.2 protobuf-6.32.0 tzdata-2025.2 websockets-15.0.1
yfinance-0.2.65
Collecting bs4
  Downloading bs4-0.0.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl.metadata (411 bytes)
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from bs4) (4.12.3)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from beautifulsoup4->bs4) (2.5)
```

```
Downloading bs4-0.0.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (1.2 kB)
Installing collected packages: bs4
Successfully installed bs4-0.0.2
Requirement already satisfied: nbformat in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (5.10.4)
Requirement already satisfied: fastjsonschema>=2.15 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from nbformat) (2.21.1)
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema>=2.6 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from nbformat) (4.23.0)
Requirement already satisfied: jupyter-core!=5.0.*,>=4.12 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from nbformat) (5.7.2)
Requirement already satisfied: traitlets>=5.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from nbformat) (5.14.3)
Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=22.2.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (25.1.0)
Requirement already satisfied: jsonschema-specifications>=2023.03.6 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
(2024.10.1)
Requirement already satisfied: referencing>=0.28.4 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat)
Requirement already satisfied: rpds-py>=0.7.1 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (0.22.3)
Requirement already satisfied: platformdirs>=2.5 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from jupyter-
core!=5.0.*,>=4.12->nbformat) (4.3.6)
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4.4.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages (from
referencing>=0.28.4->jsonschema>=2.6->nbformat) (4.12.2)
Requirement already satisfied: plotly in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-packages
(5.24.1)
Collecting plotly
  Downloading plotly-6.3.0-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (8.5 kB)
Collecting narwhals>=1.15.1 (from plotly)
 Downloading narwhals-2.1.2-py3-none-any.whl.metadata (11 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /opt/conda/lib/python3.12/site-
packages (from plotly) (24.2)
Downloading plotly-6.3.0-py3-none-any.whl (9.8 MB)
                         9.8/9.8 MB
132.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Downloading narwhals-2.1.2-py3-none-any.whl (392 kB)
Installing collected packages: narwhals, plotly
  Attempting uninstall: plotly
    Found existing installation: plotly 5.24.1
   Uninstalling plotly-5.24.1:
      Successfully uninstalled plotly-5.24.1
Successfully installed narwhals-2.1.2 plotly-6.3.0
```

```
[4]: import yfinance as yf
import pandas as pd
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import plotly.graph_objects as go
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
```

```
[5]: import plotly.io as pio pio.renderers.default = "iframe"
```

In Python, you can ignore warnings using the warnings module. You can use the filterwarnings function to filter or ignore specific warning messages or categories.

```
[6]: import warnings
# Ignore all warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore", category=FutureWarning)
```

0.1 Define Graphing Function

In this section, we define the function make_graph. You don't have to know how the function works, you should only care about the inputs. It takes a dataframe with stock data (dataframe must contain Date and Close columns), a dataframe with revenue data (dataframe must contain Date and Revenue columns), and the name of the stock.

```
[7]: def make_graph(stock_data, revenue_data, stock):
         fig = make_subplots(rows=2, cols=1, shared_xaxes=True,_
      -subplot_titles=("Historical Share Price", "Historical Revenue"), __
      overtical_spacing = .3)
         stock data specific = stock data[stock data.Date <= '2021-06-14']
         revenue_data_specific = revenue_data[revenue_data.Date <= '2021-04-30']
         fig.add trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to datetime(stock data specific.Date,,,
      مinfer_datetime_format=True), y=stock_data_specific.Close.astype("float"), ا

¬name="Share Price"), row=1, col=1)
         fig.add_trace(go.Scatter(x=pd.to_datetime(revenue_data_specific.Date,_

→infer_datetime_format=True), y=revenue_data_specific.Revenue.

      →astype("float"), name="Revenue"), row=2, col=1)
         fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=1, col=1)
         fig.update_xaxes(title_text="Date", row=2, col=1)
         fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Price ($US)", row=1, col=1)
         fig.update_yaxes(title_text="Revenue ($US Millions)", row=2, col=1)
         fig.update_layout(showlegend=False,
         height=900,
         title=stock,
         xaxis_rangeslider_visible=True)
         fig.show()
         from IPython.display import display, HTML
         fig_html = fig.to_html()
         display(HTML(fig_html))
```

Use the make_graph function that we've already defined. You'll need to invoke it in questions 5 and 6 to display the graphs and create the dashboard. > Note: You don't need to redefine the function for plotting graphs anywhere else in this notebook; just use the existing function.

0.2 Question 1: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is Tesla and its ticker symbol is TSLA.

```
[8]: tesla = yf.Ticker("TSLA")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named tesla_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[9]: tesla_data = tesla.history(period="max")
```

Reset the index using the reset_index(inplace=True) function on the tesla_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the tesla_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 1 to the results below.

```
[10]: tesla_data.reset_index(inplace=True)
tesla_data.head()
```

[10]:			Date	Open	High	Low	Close	\
	0	2010-06-29	00:00:00-04:00	1.266667	1.666667	1.169333	1.592667	
	1	2010-06-30	00:00:00-04:00	1.719333	2.028000	1.553333	1.588667	
	2	2010-07-01	00:00:00-04:00	1.666667	1.728000	1.351333	1.464000	
	3	2010-07-02	00:00:00-04:00	1.533333	1.540000	1.247333	1.280000	
	4	2010-07-06	00:00:00-04:00	1.333333	1.333333	1.055333	1.074000	

	Volume	Dividends	Stock Splits
0	281494500	0.0	0.0
1	257806500	0.0	0.0
2	123282000	0.0	0.0
3	77097000	0.0	0.0
4	103003500	0.0	0.0

0.3 Question 2: Use Webscraping to Extract Tesla Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm Save the text of the response as a variable named html_data.

```
[11]: url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/revenue.htm"

html_data = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser.

```
[12]: soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data, 'html.parser')
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read_html function extract the table with Tesla Revenue and store it into a dataframe named tesla_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue.

Step-by-step instructions

Here are the step-by-step instructions:

- 1. Create an Empty DataFrame
- 2. Find the Relevant Table
- 3. Check for the Tesla Quarterly Revenue Table
- 4. Iterate Through Rows in the Table Body
- 5. Extract Data from Columns
- 6. Append Data to the DataFrame

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read_html function the table is located at index 1

We are focusing on quarterly revenue in the lab.

Execute the following line to remove the comma and dollar sign from the Revenue column.

Execute the following lines to remove an null or empty strings in the Revenue column.

```
[15]: tesla_revenue.dropna(inplace=True)

tesla_revenue = tesla_revenue[tesla_revenue['Revenue'] != ""]
```

Display the last 5 row of the tesla_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
[16]: tesla_revenue.tail()
```

```
[16]:
           Date Revenue
           2013
      8
                    2013
      9
           2012
                     413
           2011
      10
                     204
           2010
                     117
      11
      12
           2009
                     112
```

0.4 Question 3: Use yfinance to Extract Stock Data

Using the Ticker function enter the ticker symbol of the stock we want to extract data on to create a ticker object. The stock is GameStop and its ticker symbol is GME.

```
[18]: gme = yf.Ticker("GME")
```

Using the ticker object and the function history extract stock information and save it in a dataframe named gme_data. Set the period parameter to "max" so we get information for the maximum amount of time.

```
[19]: gme_data = gme.history(period="max")
```

Reset the index using the reset_index(inplace=True) function on the gme_data DataFrame and display the first five rows of the gme_data dataframe using the head function. Take a screenshot of the results and code from the beginning of Question 3 to the results below.

```
[20]: gme_data.reset_index(inplace=True) gme_data.head()
```

```
[20]:
                             Date
                                        Open
                                                  High
                                                                      Close
                                                                               Volume
                                                             Low
      0 2002-02-13 00:00:00-05:00
                                    1.620128
                                              1.693350
                                                        1.603296
                                                                   1.691667
                                                                             76216000
      1 2002-02-14 00:00:00-05:00
                                    1.712707
                                              1.716074
                                                        1.670626
                                                                   1.683251
                                                                             11021600
      2 2002-02-15 00:00:00-05:00
                                    1.683250
                                              1.687458
                                                        1.658001
                                                                   1.674834
                                                                              8389600
      3 2002-02-19 00:00:00-05:00
                                    1.666418
                                              1.666418
                                                        1.578048
                                                                   1.607504
                                                                              7410400
      4 2002-02-20 00:00:00-05:00 1.615921
                                              1.662210
                                                        1.603296
                                                                   1.662210
                                                                              6892800
```

	Dividends	Stock	Splits
0	0.0		0.0
1	0.0		0.0
2	0.0		0.0
3	0.0		0.0
4	0.0		0.0

0.5 Question 4: Use Webscraping to Extract GME Revenue Data

Use the requests library to download the webpage https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-

SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html. Save the text of the response as a variable named html_data_2.

```
[21]: url = "https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/

□IBMDeveloperSkillsNetwork-PY0220EN-SkillsNetwork/labs/project/stock.html"

html_data_2 = requests.get(url).text
```

Parse the html data using beautiful soup using parser i.e html5lib or html.parser.

```
[22]: soup = BeautifulSoup(html_data_2, 'html.parser')
```

Using BeautifulSoup or the read_html function extract the table with GameStop Revenue and store it into a dataframe named gme_revenue. The dataframe should have columns Date and Revenue. Make sure the comma and dollar sign is removed from the Revenue column.

Note: Use the method similar to what you did in question 2.

Click here if you need help locating the table

Below is the code to isolate the table, you will now need to loop through the rows and columns soup.find_all("tbody")[1]

If you want to use the read_html function the table is located at index 1

Display the last five rows of the gme_revenue dataframe using the tail function. Take a screenshot of the results.

```
[24]: gme_revenue.tail()

[24]: Date Revenue

11 2009 8806

12 2008 7094

13 2007 5319

14 2006 3092

15 2005 1843
```

0.6 Question 5: Plot Tesla Stock Graph

Use the make_graph function to graph the Tesla Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

```
[27]: make_graph(tesla_data, tesla_revenue, 'Tesla Stock data')
```

/tmp/ipykernel_776/109047474.py:5: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

/tmp/ipykernel_776/109047474.py:6: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

0.7 Question 6: Plot GameStop Stock Graph

Use the make_graph function to graph the GameStop Stock Data, also provide a title for the graph. The structure to call the make_graph function is make_graph(gme_data, gme_revenue, 'GameStop'). Note the graph will only show data upto June 2021.

Hint

You just need to invoke the make_graph function with the required parameter to print the graph

```
[28]: make_graph(gme_data, gme_revenue, 'GameStop Stock data')
```

/tmp/ipykernel_776/109047474.py:5: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

/tmp/ipykernel_776/109047474.py:6: UserWarning:

The argument 'infer_datetime_format' is deprecated and will be removed in a

future version. A strict version of it is now the default, see https://pandas.pydata.org/pdeps/0004-consistent-to-datetime-parsing.html. You can safely remove this argument.

<IPython.core.display.HTML object>

About the Authors:

Joseph Santarcangelo has a PhD in Electrical Engineering, his research focused on using machine learning, signal processing, and computer vision to determine how videos impact human cognition. Joseph has been working for IBM since he completed his PhD.

Azim Hirjani

0.8 Change Log

Date (YYYY-MM-DD)	Version	Changed By	Change Description
2022-02-28	1.2	Lakshmi Holla	Changed the URL of GameStop Deleted the Optional part Added lab to GitLab
2020-11-10	1.1	Malika Singla	
2020-08-27	1.0	Malika Singla	

##

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