TALK 6: L-PARAMETERS

XIAOXIANG ZHOU

Contents

1.	Prelude	1
2.	Weil group	2
3.	(Langlands) Dual group	2
4.	1-cocycle	2
5.	$\mathcal{Z}^1(W_F,\hat{G}(\Lambda))$ is a good scheme	2
6.	GIT and 1-parameter groups	2
7.	Geometrical points of GIT quotient	2
8.	functions of GIT quotient	2
References		2

First of all, I should apologize that I still do not prepare so well for this talk(so I also LATEX them after the talk).

This note records contents in the talk. Feel free to ask me questions and give me typos and suggestions!

1. Prelude

During the last five talks, we've discussed a lot about the representation theory of a reductive group G over an non-Archimedean local field F, which is viewed as the one side of the local Langlands correspondence (LLC). Today we will focus on the other side of the local Langlands correspondence: Langlands paremeters (L-parameters). Roughly speaking, it encodes 1-cocycles of the Weil group W_F over the dual group \hat{G} .

$$\operatorname{Irr}_{\Lambda}(G(F)) \longrightarrow Z^{1}(W_{F}, \hat{G}(\Lambda))$$

We will not focus on the correspondence in this talk. Instead, we only care about L-parameters themselves. After introducing the concepts of Weil group, dual group and 1-cocycles, we will define a functor of L-parameters and show it's represented by a scheme with nice properties. After the break, we will also see the properties of GIT^1 quotients of L-parameters, or, to be precise, we will consider the points and functions of the GIT quotients.

Conventions and Notations. Throughout this talk, F is a non-Archimedean local field with residue field $\kappa = \mathbb{F}_q$, $q = p^k$, G/F is a reductive group. l is any prime not equal to p, Λ is a \mathbb{Z}_l -algebra, and F_n denotes the free group generated by n elements.

¹GIT=geometric invariant theory.

2. Weil group

The Weil group is defined as a special subgroup of the absolute Galois group $G_F := \operatorname{Gal}(F^{\text{sep}}/F)$, whose structure is already carefully studied and understood well (see [1]).

- 3. (Langlands) Dual group
 - 4. 1-cocycle
- 5. $\mathcal{Z}^1(W_F,\hat{G}(\Lambda))$ is a good scheme
- 6. GIT AND 1-PARAMETER GROUPS
- 7. Geometrical points of GIT quotient
 - 8. Functions of GIT quotient

References

[1] Alex Youcis. Galois groups of local and global fields.

School of Mathematical Sciences, University of Bonn, Bonn, 53115, Germany, $Email\ address$: email:xx352229@mail.ustc.edu.cn