

Let  $A$  and  $B$  be  $n \times n$  matrices over a field  $\mathbb{F}$ . Which is the best way to show that similarity of matrices is a reflexive relation?

## Answers

- ① Let  $A \in M_{n,n}(\mathbb{F})$ . Then  $A = I_n^{-1} A I_n$ , where  $I_n$  denotes the identity matrix. Hence  $A$  is similar to itself, and thus similarity of matrices is reflexive.
- ② If  $A$  is similar to itself, then there exists an  $S \in GL_n(\mathbb{F})$  such that  $A = S^{-1} A S$ . Therefore, similarity is reflexive.
- ③ Let  $A \in M_{n,n}(\mathbb{F})$ . Since  $A = A$ , reflexivity holds.
- ④ Let  $A, B \in M_{n,n}(\mathbb{F})$  such that  $A$  is similar to  $B$ . Then  $\exists S \in GL_n(\mathbb{F})$  such that  $S^{-1} A S = B \Rightarrow (S^{-1})^{-1} B (S^{-1}) = A$  and  $S^{-1} \in GL_n(\mathbb{F})$ . Hence  $B$  is similar to  $A$  and reflexivity holds.