In [1]:
```
#Created by Rami ALmehdawi

# Import the necessary Libraries

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import sklearn as sk
from sklearn import tree
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier, plot_tree
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score, confusion_matrix, classification_report, roc_
from imblearn.over_sampling import RandomOverSampler, SMOTE
```

In [2]:
```
# Read in the Data
MW_Data = pd.read_csv("Malware-staDyn-data.csv")
```

In [3]:
```
# Plots the Pandas Data Frame as a check.
MW_Data
```

Out[3]:

	Virtual	Offset	loc	Import	Imports	var	Forwarder	UINT	LONG	BOOL	...	count_file_written	count_file_exists	count_file_deleted
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6243	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
6244	0	0	58	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	4	0
6245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
6246	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
6247	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0

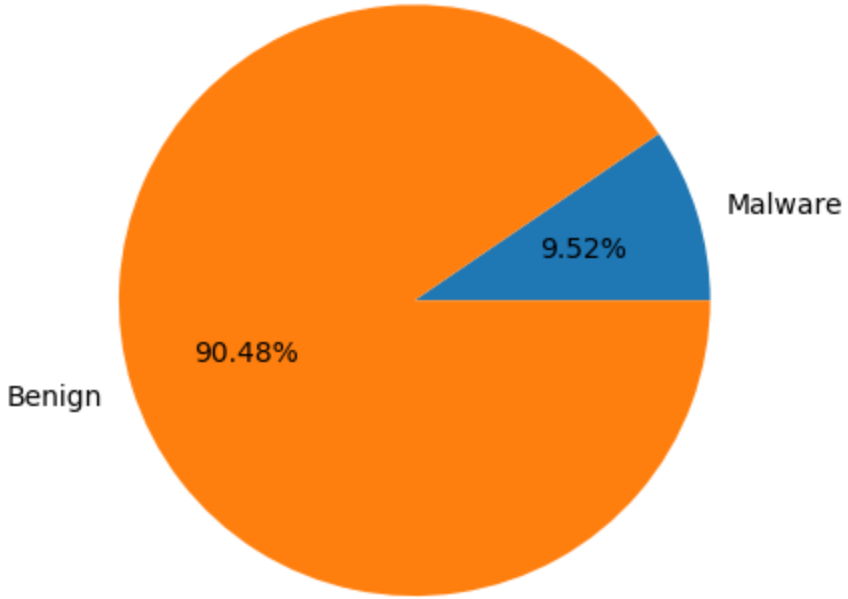
6248 rows × 1085 columns

In [4]:
```
# Counts number of 0 or 1, occurences within the data. Will be used in Pie chart
MW_Data_count = MW_Data["label"].value_counts()
print(MW_Data_count)
Not_Malware_count = MW_Data_count[1]
Malware_count = MW_Data_count[0]

# Code for Pie chart.
pie_labels = "Malware", "Benign"
pie_sizing = [int(Malware_count), int(Not_Malware_count)]

fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.pie(pie_sizing, labels=pie_labels, autopct='%1.2f%%');
```

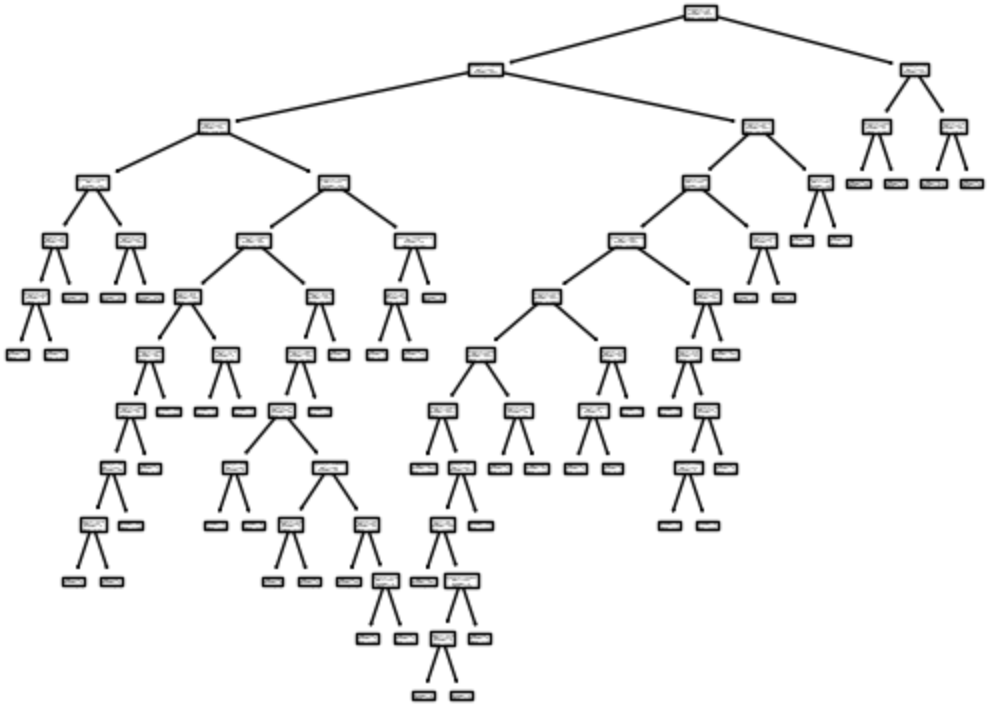
```
label
1    5653
0     595
Name: count, dtype: int64
```



In [5]:
```
# Drops all Missing values in Label and selects the Feature Column
x = MW_Data.drop('label', axis = 1)
y = MW_Data["label"]

# Split into Training and Test Sets
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.1, random_state=42)

# Initializes the Decision Tree and fits the model.
dTree1 = DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight=None)
dTree1.fit(x_train, y_train)
tree.plot_tree(dTree1);
```



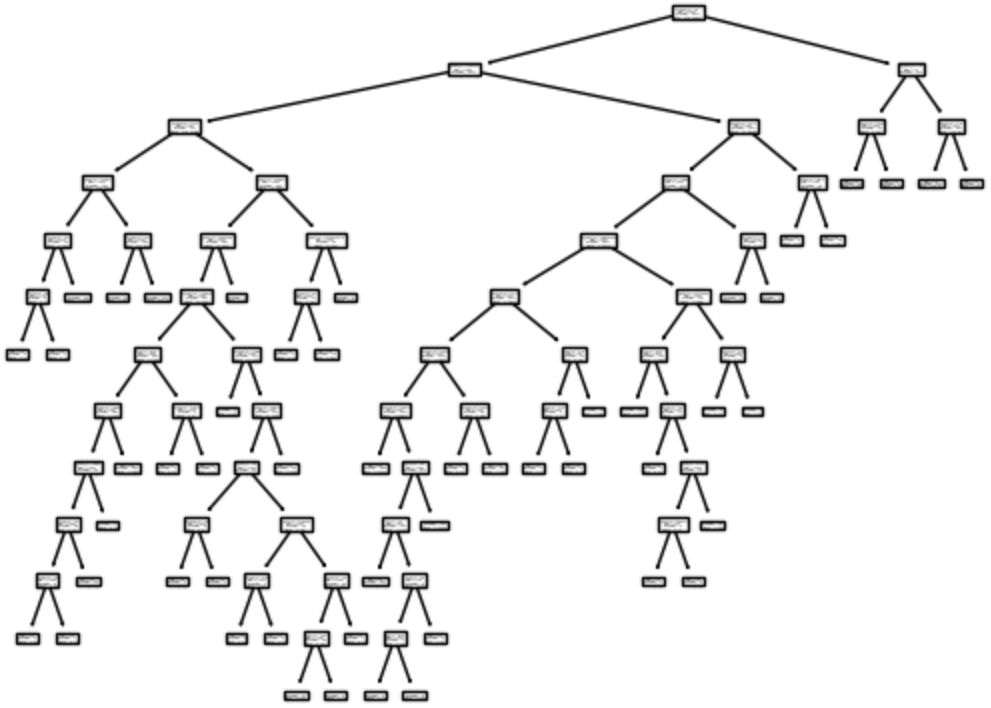
In [6]:
```
# Drops all Missing values in Label and selects the Feature Column
x = MW_Data.drop('label', axis = 1)
y = MW_Data["label"]

# Split into Training and Test Sets
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.1, random_state=42)

# Initializes the Decision Tree and fits the model

# Assigns Class Weights to make Benign More important
dTree1 = DecisionTreeClassifier(class_weight= {1:2, 0:1})
dTree1.fit(x_train, y_train)

tree.plot_tree(dTree1);
```



In [7]:
```
y_pred = dTree1.predict(x_test)
```

In [8]:
```
y_pred_proba = dTree1.predict_proba(x_test)[:, 1]  # Assuming model is your trained classifier
```

In [9]:
```
# Prints out Relevant Metrics
print("Accuracy: ", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))

print("AUC-ROC:", roc_auc_score(y_test, y_pred_proba))

print("F1 Score: ", f1_score(y_test, y_pred))

print("Precision:", precision_score(y_test, y_pred))

print("Recall: ", recall_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

```
Accuracy:  0.9936
AUC-ROC: 0.9785462576930714
F1 Score:  0.9963833634719711
Precision: 0.9945848375451264
Recall:  0.9981884057971014
```