

### Probability and Random Processes

(4.1) Consider a discrete random variable  $X$  with the probability mass function given by

$$p_X(x) = \begin{cases} k \cdot 2^x & \text{if } x = -1, 0, 1, 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Compute the value of  $k$ .
- (b) Find  $\mathbb{P}[X \text{ is even}]$ .
- (c) Determine  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ .

(4.2) Suppose  $X$  is a discrete random variable with  $\mathbb{E}[X] = 5$  and  $\text{Var}[X] = 15$ . Find the values of  $\mathbb{E}[X^2]$ ,  $\mathbb{E}[2 - X]$ ,  $\text{Var}[3X + 1]$ .

(4.3) Let  $X$  be a Poisson random variable with parameter  $\lambda$ . Show that  $\mathbb{E}[X] = \lambda$ .

(4.4) The number of items arriving daily in the lost-and-found section of Bremen train station has a Poisson distribution with parameter  $\lambda = 4$ .

- (a) Find the probability of the event that on a given day no items arrive.
- (b) Knowing that at least one item has arrived today, find the probability that there is at least one more item arriving today?
- (c) Let  $W$  denote the number of items arriving from January 1st to January 15th. What is  $\mathbb{E}[W]$ ?

(4.5) There are 5 people in an elevators. An elevator goes up a building with 10 floors and stops at each floor where at least one person wants to get off. If  $X$  denote the number of stops, find  $\mathbb{E}[X]$ .

*Hint:* For each  $1 \leq i \leq n$ , set  $X_i$  to denote the Bernoulli random variable defined by  $X_i = 1$  when the elevator stops at the  $i$ -th floor. Use  $X = X_1 + \cdots + X_{10}$ .