

Probability and Random Processes

- (6.1)** A fair coin is flipped twice. Let X be the number of Heads in the two tosses, and Y denote the random variable whose value is 1 if the outcomes are the same and zero otherwise.
- (a) Find the joint probability mass function of X and Y .
 - (b) Find the marginal probability mass functions of X and Y .
 - (c) Are X and Y independent?
 - (d) Find the conditional probability mass functions of Y given $X = x$ and X given $Y = y$.

- (6.2)** For two random variables X and Y define the covariance by

$$\text{Cov}(X, Y) = \mathbb{E}[XY] - \mathbb{E}[X]\mathbb{E}[Y].$$

Random variables X and Y are said to be uncorrelated if $\text{Cov}(X, Y) = 0$.

- (a) Show that

$$\text{Var}[X + Y] = \text{Var}[X] + \text{Var}[Y] + 2\text{Cov}(X, Y).$$

- (b) If X and Y are independent, show that they are uncorrelated.

- (6.3)** Random variables X, Y have the joint density function

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} e^{-x-y} & x, y > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Compute $\mathbb{P}(X + Y \leq 1)$ and $\mathbb{P}(X < Y)$.

- (6.4)** For $0 < p < 1$, suppose X and Y are independent discrete random variables with Poisson distributions with parameters $p\lambda$ and $(1-p)\lambda$, respectively. Let $N = X + Y$.

- (a) Show that N has a Poisson distribution with parameter λ
- (b) Show that the conditional distribution of X given $N = n$ is binomial with parameters (n, p) :

$$p_{X|N}(x|n) = \binom{n}{x} \frac{n!}{x!(n-x)!} p^x (1-p)^{n-x}.$$

- (6.5)** An integer N randomly from the set $\{1, 2, \dots, 4\}$. Once N is chosen, we throw N fair dice and denote by X the product of scores obtained. For instance, if $N = 3$, three dice will be thrown and if the outcomes are 2, 3, 3 then we set $X = 18$. Compute $\mathbb{E}[X]$ by using the law of iterated expectations.