

$$\textcircled{1} \mathbb{F} = \mathbb{F}_5 = \mathbb{Z}_5$$

(a) Multiplicative inverse of 1, 2, 3, 4 of  $\mathbb{F}$

$$1 * 4 \% 5 = 1$$

$$2 * 3 \% 5 = 1$$

For other values in  $\mathbb{F}$ , the multiplicative inverse doesn't lie in  $\mathbb{F}$ .

Thus,

$$4, 4$$

$$1, 1$$

$$2, 3$$

(b)

$$(a) \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$5 \notin \mathbb{F}_5$$

$$\mathbb{F}_5 = \mathbb{Z}_5 = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$(b) \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) 4 \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(d) 3 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 9 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(c) \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} \in \mathbb{F}^3$$

$$a \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + b \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + c \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$