Kecap

Gaussian N: X~N(MO2)

Jointly Gaussian: X,Y two rus

JG if ax + by is G Ya, b E IR

JG > marginally Gaussian

Properties

DIF JG, Uneorrelated > independence true

Cov(x,x) = 0 joint distribution factor joint distribution factors into product of marginal distributions

- 2) If you have two rus which are marginally Gaussian AND they're independent, can conclude they are jointly Gaussian
- 3) If XiY jointly Gaussian then X/4 is Gaussian USEFUL

with mean IE[XIY] = XLMMSE = IE[X] + Cov(xix) (Y-IE[Y])

Variance Var(X(Y) = Var(X) - Cov2(X,Y)

var (4)

in general, a rv wirit variable being conditioned on

= Var(X) (1-pxy) For every realization
of Y, howe the
same result

a CONSTANT

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} X \\ \vdots \\ X_m \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbb{E}[X] = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbb{E}[X_n] \\ \vdots \\ \mathbb{E}[X_m] \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left[(X - \mathbb{E}[X])(X - \mathbb{E}[X])^{\mathsf{T}}\right] =$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left[X-\mathbb{E}[X]\right]\left(X-\mathbb{E}[X]\right)^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Var}(X_{1}) & \operatorname{Cov}(X_{1}X_{2}) & \cdots & \operatorname{Cov}(X_{1}X_{m}) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(X_{2}X_{1}) & \operatorname{Var}(X_{2}) & \cdots & \cdots \\ \operatorname{Cov}(X_{m}X_{1}) & \operatorname{Cov}(X_{m}X_{2} & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots \\ \end{array}\right]_{m}$$

Covariance matrix K

(noss-Correlation (b/t two random vectors)

$$\mathbb{E}[XY^{T}] = \left\{ \mathbb{E}[X;Y_{j}] \right\}_{\substack{1 \le i \le m \\ 1 \le j \le n}} i rows$$

$$Cov(X,Y) = \left\{Cov(X,Y,Y)\right\}_{\substack{1 \leq i \leq m \\ i \leq j \leq n}}$$

Gaussian Random Vectors

X is a Gaussian random vector if its coordinates are JOINTLY GAUSSIAN

Use X ~ N (M, K) to denote Gaussian roudon vector

D'Any subsector of X is a Gaussian random vector

$$- \begin{bmatrix} X_{i} \\ X_{j} \end{bmatrix} \sim \mathcal{N} \left(\begin{bmatrix} \mu_{i} \\ \mu_{j} \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \kappa_{i,i} & \kappa_{i,j} \\ \kappa_{j,i} & \kappa_{i,j} \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

2 + A, b

$$\frac{1}{X} = A \frac{X}{X} + B$$

is a Gaussian random vector

E[(Y-1E[Y])(Y-E[Y])]

3 If K is diagonal, every rv in X is independent of every other rv in X

(9) If X_{mx1} and Y_{nx1} are jointly Gaussian then they are independent iff Cov(X,Y)=0

MMSE Estimate of X using Y

MSE
$$\mathbb{E}[\|\mathbf{X} - \hat{\mathbf{X}}\|^2] = \mathbb{E}[(\mathbf{X} - \hat{\mathbf{X}})^T(\mathbf{X} - \hat{\mathbf{X}})]$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbb{E}[X_i - \hat{X}_i]$$

Need to "design"

$$\hat{X} = g(Y) = \begin{bmatrix} g_1(x) \\ g_2(x) \\ \vdots \\ g_m(x) \end{bmatrix}$$

Problem decoupled into m independent MUSE estimation problems, one for each Xi.

$$\hat{\chi}_{i} = q_{i}(Y)$$

Our best MMSE estimator for Xi is

Need conditional distribution

LMUSE Estimator of X

Similar to re case,

$$\begin{array}{lll}
X &= & \sum_{m \times 1} & \sum_{m \times N} & \sum_{n \times N} & \sum_{m \times N} & \sum$$

If X, Y are jointly Gaussian, (Similar to ru case)

Example: Estimating a Gaussian Signal w/ Gaussian Noise

$$X \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathcal{M}_{X}, \sigma_{X}^{2})$$

 $Y_{i} = X + W_{i} \quad i=1,...,n$
 $W_{i} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma_{w}^{2})$
 $\{W_{i}\}$ and X are independent

Thus all Yi are jointly Goussian and

$$Y = \begin{bmatrix} Y_{1} \\ \vdots \\ Y_{n} \end{bmatrix} \sim \mathcal{N} \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{x} \\ \mu_{k} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}_{n \times 1}, \quad K_{Y}$$

$$K_{\mathbf{Y}} = \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_{\mathbf{x}}^{1} + \sigma_{\mathbf{w}}^{2} & \sigma_{\mathbf{x}}^{2} & \cdots & \sigma_{\mathbf{x}}^{2} \\ \sigma_{\mathbf{x}}^{2} & \sigma_{\mathbf{x}}^{2} + \sigma_{\mathbf{w}}^{2} & \cdots & \sigma_{\mathbf{x}}^{2} + \sigma_{\mathbf{w}}^{2} \end{bmatrix} = \sigma_{\mathbf{w}}^{2} \mathbf{I} + \sigma_{\mathbf{x}}^{2} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{1}^{\mathsf{T}}$$