# **Programming Fundamentals**

### Lab #6

## **Topics**

- Algorithm analysis
- Searching and sorting

## **Concepts**

Asymptotic complexity Big-Oh notation Binary Search Insertion sort Selection sort

#### Exercise 1

Write the simplest Java method that would have  $O(N^3)$  time complexity, where N is the single input parameter to the method.

#### Exercise 2

Find the time complexity of the following Java method:

```
int foo(int N) {
  int result = 0;
  for (int i=0; i<N; i++)
    result++;

for (int j=0; j<1000000; j++)
    result+=j;

return result;
}</pre>
```

#### Exercise 3

Find the time complexity of the following Java method:

```
int bar(int N) {
  int result = 1;
  for (int i=1; i<N; i*=2)
    result+=2;

return result;
}</pre>
```

#### Exercise 4

Assume a binary search is performed on the following array of integers:

```
{1, 14, 15, 24, 55, 59, 73, 90, 94, 99}
```

Trace through each iteration of the algorithm, writing the number that will be the middle element and the left and right bounds (indexes), when searching for the number 73.

#### Exercise 5

Trace the execution of the insertion and selection sort algorithms when executed on the following array of integers:

```
{1, 29, 14, 15, 94}
```

Show how the array will look like after each iteration of the outer loop.