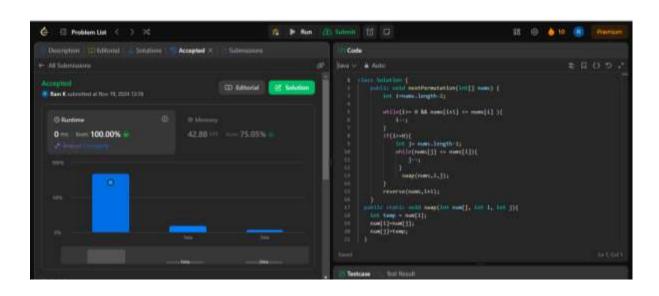
```
Name : Ramanarayanan k
22IT083 (IT)
1)next permutation
Code:
class Solution {
  public void nextPermutation(int[] nums) {
    int i=nums.length-2;
    while(i \ge 0 \&\& nums[i+1] \le nums[i]){
       i--;
    }
    if(i >= 0){
       int j= nums.length-1;
       while(nums[j] <= nums[i]){</pre>
         j--;
       }
        swap(nums,i,j);
    }
    reverse(nums,i+1);
  }
 public static void swap(int num[], int i, int j){
  int temp = num[i];
  num[i]=num[j];
  num[j]=temp;
 }
 public static void reverse(int num[], int p){
```

```
int n = p;
int l = num.length-1;
while(n<l){
    swap(num,n,l);
    n++;
    l--;
}
Output:
TC:o(n)</pre>
```



2)Spiral Matrix

CODE:

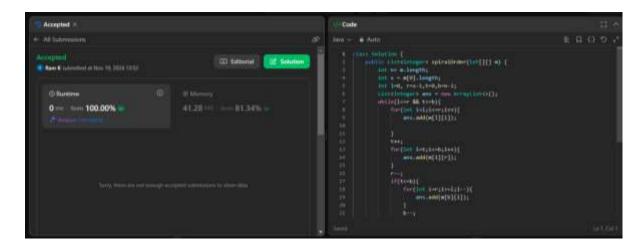
```
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class SpiralOrderMatrix {
  public static List<Integer> spiralOrder(int[][] matrix) {
    List<Integer> result = new ArrayList<>();
    if (matrix == null | | matrix.length == 0) {
       return result;
    }
    int m = matrix.length;
     int n = matrix[0].length;
    int top = 0, bottom = m - 1, left = 0, right = n - 1;
    while (top <= bottom && left <= right) {
       for (int i = left; i <= right; i++) {
         result.add(matrix[top][i]);
       }
       top++;
       for (int i = top; i \le bottom; i++) {
         result.add(matrix[i][right]);
       }
       right--;
       if (top <= bottom) {</pre>
         for (int i = right; i >= left; i--) {
```

```
}
       bottom--;
     }
     if (left <= right) {</pre>
       for (int i = bottom; i >= top; i--) {
          result.add(matrix[i][left]);
       }
       left++;
     }
  }
  return result;
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
  int[][] matrix = {
       { 1, 2, 3, 48 },
       {5,6,7,8},
       { 9, 10, 11, 12 },
       { 13, 14, 15, 16 }
  };
  List<Integer> result = spiralOrder(matrix);
```

result.add(matrix[bottom][i]);

```
for (int num : result) {
        System.out.print(num + " ");
    }
}
Output:
TC:O(n*m)
```



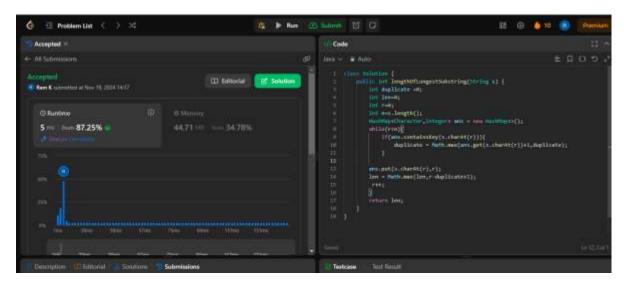
```
3)Longest substring without repeating characters
Code :
class Solution {
  public int lengthOfLongestSubstring(String s) {
    int duplicate =0;
    int len=0;
    int r=0;
    int n=s.length();
    HashMap<Character,Integer> ans = new HashMap<>();
    while(r<n){</pre>
```

```
if(ans.containsKey(s.charAt(r))){
    duplicate = Math.max(ans.get(s.charAt(r))+1,duplicate);
}

ans.put(s.charAt(r),r);
len = Math.max(len,r-duplicate+1);
    r++;
}
return len;
}
```

Output:

TC:O(n)



4)Remove Linked list Elements

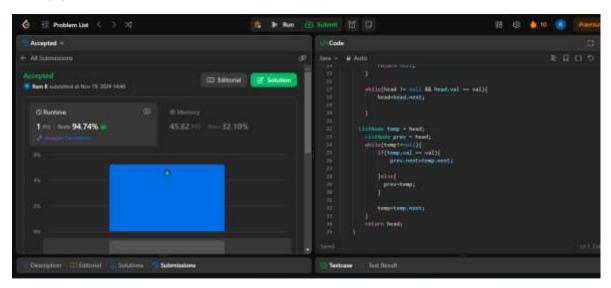
Code:

```
class Solution {
```

```
public ListNode removeElements(ListNode head, int val) {
    if(head == null){
      return null;
    }
    while(head != null && head.val == val){
      head=head.next;
    }
   ListNode temp = head;
    ListNode prev = head;
    while(temp!=null){
      if(temp.val == val){
        prev.next=temp.next;
      }else{
       prev=temp;
      }
      temp=temp.next;
    }
    return head;
  }
Output:
```

}

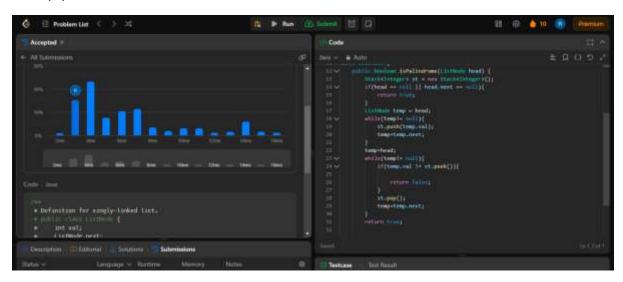
TC:o(n)



5) Palindrome Linked list Code: import java.util.*; public class Palindromic{ public static void main(String[] args) { Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in); String s = sc.nextLine(); boolean flag=true; for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) { for (int j = 0; j <= i; j++) { StringBuilder x = new StringBuilder(); String a = s.substring(j, s.length() - i + j); x.append(a); String b = x.reverse().toString();

Output:

TC:o(n)



6) Validate binary serach tree

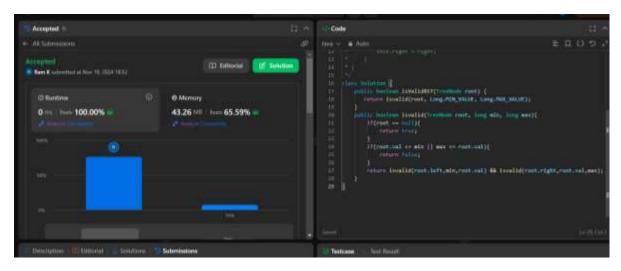
Code:

```
class Solution {
  public boolean isValidBST(TreeNode root) {
    return isvalid(root, Long.MIN_VALUE, Long.MAX_VALUE);
  }
  public boolean isvalid(TreeNode root, long min, long max){
```

```
if(root == null){
    return true;
}
if(root.val <= min || max <= root.val){
    return false;
}
return isvalid(root.left,min,root.val) && isvalid(root.right,root.val,max);
}
Output:</pre>
```

- - -

TC:O(1)



```
7)Word Ladder
```

Code:

import java.util.*;

class Pair {

```
String first;
  int second;
  Pair(String first, int second) {
    this.first = first;
    this.second = second;
  }
}
class wordladder1 {
  public int ladderLength(String beginWord, String endWord, List<String>
wordList) {
    Set<String> st = new HashSet<>(wordList);
    if (!st.contains(endWord)) {
      return 0;
    }
    Queue<Pair> q = new LinkedList<>();
    q.add(new Pair(beginWord, 1));
    st.remove(beginWord);
    while (!q.isEmpty()) {
      String word = q.peek().first;
```

```
int step = q.peek().second;
  q.remove();
  if (word.equals(endWord)) {
    return step;
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < word.length(); i++) {
    for (char ch = 'a'; ch <= 'z'; ch++) {
      char[] replaceChar = word.toCharArray();
      replaceChar[i] = ch;
      String replaceWord = new String(replaceChar);
      if (st.contains(replaceWord)) {
         st.remove(replaceWord);
         q.add(new Pair(replaceWord, step + 1));
      }
    }
  }
return 0;
```

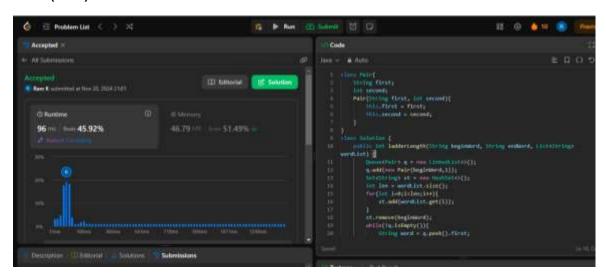
}

}

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    wordladder1 solution = new wordladder1();
    String beginWord = "hit";
    String endWord = "cog";
    List<String> wordList = Arrays.asList("hot", "dot", "dog", "lot", "log",
    "cog");
    int result = solution.ladderLength(beginWord, endWord, wordList);
        System.out.println("The length of the shortest transformation sequence: "
+ result);
    }
}
```

Output:

TC:O(n*n)



8)Word ladder 11

Code:

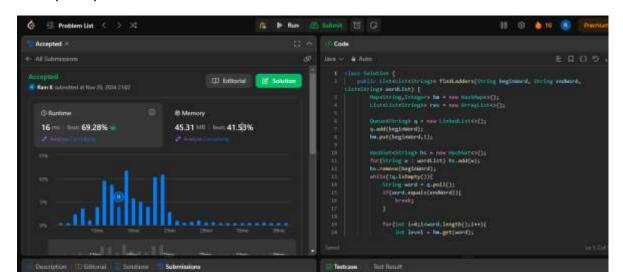
import java.util.*;

```
class Solution {
  public List<List<String>> findLadders(String beginWord, String endWord,
List<String> wordList) {
    Set<String> st = new HashSet<>(wordList);
    Queue<ArrayList<String>> q = new LinkedList<>();
    ArrayList<String> initialPath = new ArrayList<>();
    initialPath.add(beginWord);
    q.add(initialPath);
    ArrayList<String> useOnLevel = new ArrayList<>();
    useOnLevel.add(beginWord);
    int level = 0;
    List<List<String>> ans = new ArrayList<>();
    while (!q.isEmpty()) {
      ArrayList<String> currentPath = q.peek();
      q.remove();
      if (currentPath.size() > level) {
        level++;
        for (String usedWord : useOnLevel) {
           st.remove(usedWord);
        useOnLevel.clear();
      }
```

```
String word = currentPath.get(currentPath.size() - 1);
if (word.equals(endWord)) {
  if (ans.isEmpty()) {
    ans.add(currentPath);
  } else if (ans.get(0).size() == currentPath.size()) {
    ans.add(currentPath);
  }
}
for (int i = 0; i < word.length(); i++) {
  for (char ch = 'a'; ch <= 'z'; ch++) {
    char[] replaceChar = word.toCharArray();
    replaceChar[i] = ch;
    String replaceWord = new String(replaceChar);
    if (st.contains(replaceWord)) {
      currentPath.add(replaceWord);
      ArrayList<String> tempPath = new ArrayList<>(currentPath);
      q.add(tempPath);
      useOnLevel.add(replaceWord);
      currentPath.remove(currentPath.size() - 1);
    }
  }
}
```

```
}
return ans;
}

Output:
TC:O(n*m)
```



9)Minimum Path sum problem

Code:

```
class Solution {
  public int minPathSum(int[][] grid) {
    int n = grid.length;//row
    int m=grid[0].length;//column
    //rows
  for(int j=1;j<m;j++){
      grid[0][j]+=grid[0][j-1];
}</pre>
```

```
//column
for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
    grid[i][0]+=grid[i-1][0];
}

//remaining pplace add min value
for(int i=1;i<n;i++){
    for(int j=1;j<m;j++){
        grid[i][j]+= Math.min(grid[i-1][j],grid[i][j-1]);
    }
}

return grid[n-1][m-1];
}

Output:
</pre>
```

TC: O(n)

