## Github Link: <a href="https://github.com/ramkishor-15/nm">https://github.com/ramkishor-15/nm</a> ramkishor.git

# Project Title: Cracking the market code with ai driven stock price prediction using time series analysis

#### PHASE-2

#### 1. Problem Statement

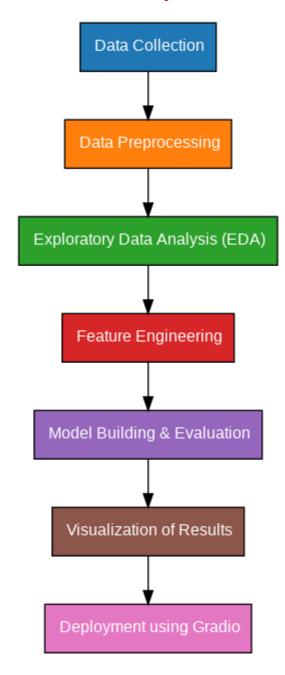
The inherent volatility and complexity of financial markets make accurate stock price prediction a significant challenge. Traditional methods often fall short in capturing the intricate patterns and dependencies within the vast amounts of historical and real-time data. This unpredictability poses risks for investors and financial institutions, highlighting the need for more sophisticated and data-driven approaches. This project aims to address this challenge by leveraging the power of Artificial Intelligence and time series analysis techniques to develop a robust and insightful stock price prediction model. The goal is to provide a valuable tool for understanding market dynamics and potentially informing investment decisions.

#### 2. Project Objectives

The primary objective of this project is to develop and evaluate an AI-driven model capable of predicting future stock prices with a reasonable degree of accuracy. Specific objectives include:

- **Data Acquisition and Preparation:** To gather relevant historical stock price data and preprocess it for time series analysis.
- Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA): To understand the underlying characteristics of the stock price data, identify trends, seasonality, and potential anomalies.
- **Feature Engineering:** To create meaningful features from the raw time series data that can enhance the predictive power of the model.
- **Model Building:** To implement and train various time series forecasting models, including traditional statistical models and advanced machine learning/deep learning models.
- **Model Evaluation:** To rigorously evaluate the performance of the developed models using appropriate time series evaluation metrics.
- **Visualization and Interpretation:** To effectively visualize the predicted stock prices and gain insights into the factors influencing the model's predictions.
- **Technology Exploration:** To utilize relevant tools and technologies for data handling, model development, and deployment.

# 3. Flowchart of the Project Workflow



# 4. Data Description

• Dataset Name: Stock Market Performance Dataset

- Source: News & Financial Market Reports (e.g., Google data, financial news websites)
- Type of Data: Structured tabular data
- **Records and Features:** ~150 company records, 4 features (Company, Price, Change, % Change)
- Target Variable: % Change (numeric can be used for classification or regression)
- Static or Dynamic: Dynamic dataset (market values change daily)
- Attributes Covered:
  - o Company Name
  - Stock Price
  - o Daily Price Change
  - o Percentage Change
- Dataset link: <a href="https://tradingeconomics.com/united-states/stock-market">https://tradingeconomics.com/united-states/stock-market</a>

## 5. Data Preprocessing

This stage involves cleaning and preparing the data for analysis and model building. Key steps include:

- **Handling Missing Values:** Identifying and addressing missing data points (e.g., imputation using mean, median, or more sophisticated techniques).
- Outlier Detection and Treatment: Identifying and handling extreme values that might skew the analysis or model training (e.g., using statistical methods like IQR or Z-score, or domain-specific knowledge).
- **Data Type Conversion:** Ensuring all data types are appropriate for analysis.
- Stationarity Checks: Testing for stationarity in the time series data using methods like the Augmented Dickey-Fuller (ADF) test or Kwiatkowski-Phillips-Schmidt-Shin (KPSS) test.
- Transformation for Stationarity: Applying transformations like differencing, logarithmic transformation, or seasonal decomposition of time series (STL) to make the data stationary if required by the chosen models.
- **Data Scaling:** Scaling numerical features to a similar range (e.g., using MinMaxScaler or StandardScaler) to improve model performance and prevent dominance of features with larger magnitudes.
- **Splitting Data:** Dividing the data into training, validation, and testing sets for model development and evaluation, ensuring temporal order is maintained.

#### 6. Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

This section focuses on understanding the characteristics and patterns within the preprocessed stock price data. Common EDA techniques include:

- **Time Series Plots:** Visualizing the stock price over time to identify trends, seasonality, and volatility.
- **Descriptive Statistics:** Calculating summary statistics like mean, median, standard deviation, minimum, and maximum for different variables.
- Autocorrelation Function (ACF) and Partial Autocorrelation Function (PACF)
  Plots: Analyzing the correlation between a time series and its lagged values to identify the order of ARIMA models or inform feature engineering.
- ACF: Plots the correlation between the time series and its lags. \rho\_k = \frac{\text{Cov}(Y\_t, Y\_{t-k})} {\text{Var}(Y\_t)}
- **PACF:** Plots the partial correlation between the time series and its lags, removing the influence of intermediate lags.
- **Decomposition Plots:** Separating the time series into its trend, seasonal, and residual components.
- **Distribution Plots (Histograms, Box Plots)**: Examining the distribution of stock prices and other relevant variables.
- **Volatility Analysis:** Visualizing and analyzing the changing volatility of the stock over time.
- Correlation Analysis (Heatmaps): Exploring the relationships between different variables in the dataset (if external data is included).

#### 7. Feature Engineering

Enhance model prediction by generating new features:

- Lagged Variables: Past stock prices (e.g., price at t-1, t-5, t-10).
- Moving Averages: Trend smoothing via rolling averages:
- SMA:  $\text{SMA} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} Y \{t-i\}$
- EMA:  $\text{text}\{\text{EMA}\}\ t = \text{lapha}\ Y \ t + (1-\text{lapha}) \ \text{text}\{\text{EMA}\}\ \{t-1\}$
- Volatility Measures: Historical volatility using rolling standard deviation:
- Historical Volatility (n-day):  $\int_{t=1}^{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \{n\} (R_{t-i+1} \bar{R})^2 \}$  (where R = daily returns).
- **Technical Indicators:** Common analysis tools (RSI, MACD, Bollinger Bands, Stochastic Oscillator).
- Time-Based Features: Day, month, year, quarter.
- Interaction Terms: Combinations of existing features.

• External Data Features: Sentiment, macroeconomic data (if used).

#### 8. Model Building

Developing and training prediction models:

- Classical Time Series: ARIMA (and SARIMA), Exponential Smoothing (Simple, Holt's, Holt-Winters).
- **Machine Learning:** Linear Regression, SVR, Random Forest, Gradient Boosting (XGBoost, LightGBM).
- Deep Learning: RNNs (LSTM, GRU), TCNs.
- Each model involves:
  - o Architecture: Core principles.
  - o Hyperparameter Tuning: Optimization (Grid/Random/Bayesian Search).
  - o Training: Fitting to data.
  - o Validation: Tuning and preventing overfitting.

#### 9. Visualization of Results & Model Insights:

- **Predicted vs. Actual:** Compare test set predictions to actual values.
- Residual Analysis: Analyze error plots for model assumptions and bias.
- Error Distribution: View error histograms/density plots.
- **Performance Metrics:** Report MSE, RMSE, MAE, MAPE, R^2.
- **Feature Importance:** Identify key predictive features.
- Scenario Analysis (Optional): Explore prediction variations with different inputs.

### 10. Tools and Technologies Used

- **Programming Language:** Python
- Data Analysis and Manipulation Libraries: Pandas, NumPy
- Time Series Analysis Libraries: Statsmodels, Prophet
- Machine Learning Libraries: Scikit-learn
- Deep Learning Libraries: TensorFlow, Keras, PyTorch
- Data Visualization Libraries: Matplotlib, Seaborn, Plotly
- Development Environment: Jupyter Notebooks, VS Code, Google Colab
- Version Control: Git, GitHub.

# 11. Team Members and Contributions

- o Data cleaning and EDA Vishwabharathi.S
- $\circ$  Feature engineering Ramkishor.S
- $\circ \mathit{Model development-Snekhavalli.} K$
- $\circ \ Documentation \ and \ reporting-Safeera \ Nowsheen. M$