

Getting Started with Windows 11 File Explorer

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Now that Windows 11 operating system (OS) is available from Microsoft, we thought a tutorial on the Windows 11 File Explorer would be a great place to introduce some of the changes that come with the new OS. In part 2 of our Windows 11 File Explorer series, we explore new features as of January 2023.

File Explorer has been around in all versions of Windows and in the not too distant past was named "File Manager". With the latest version, Microsoft introduces some enhancements to both modernize the user interface and make it easier to manage files on a device with a touch screen.

What is File Explorer?

File Explorer is the built-in Windows application that allows the user to manage files on their computer, connected **networking services**, or servers.

How Do I Access File Explorer in Windows 11?

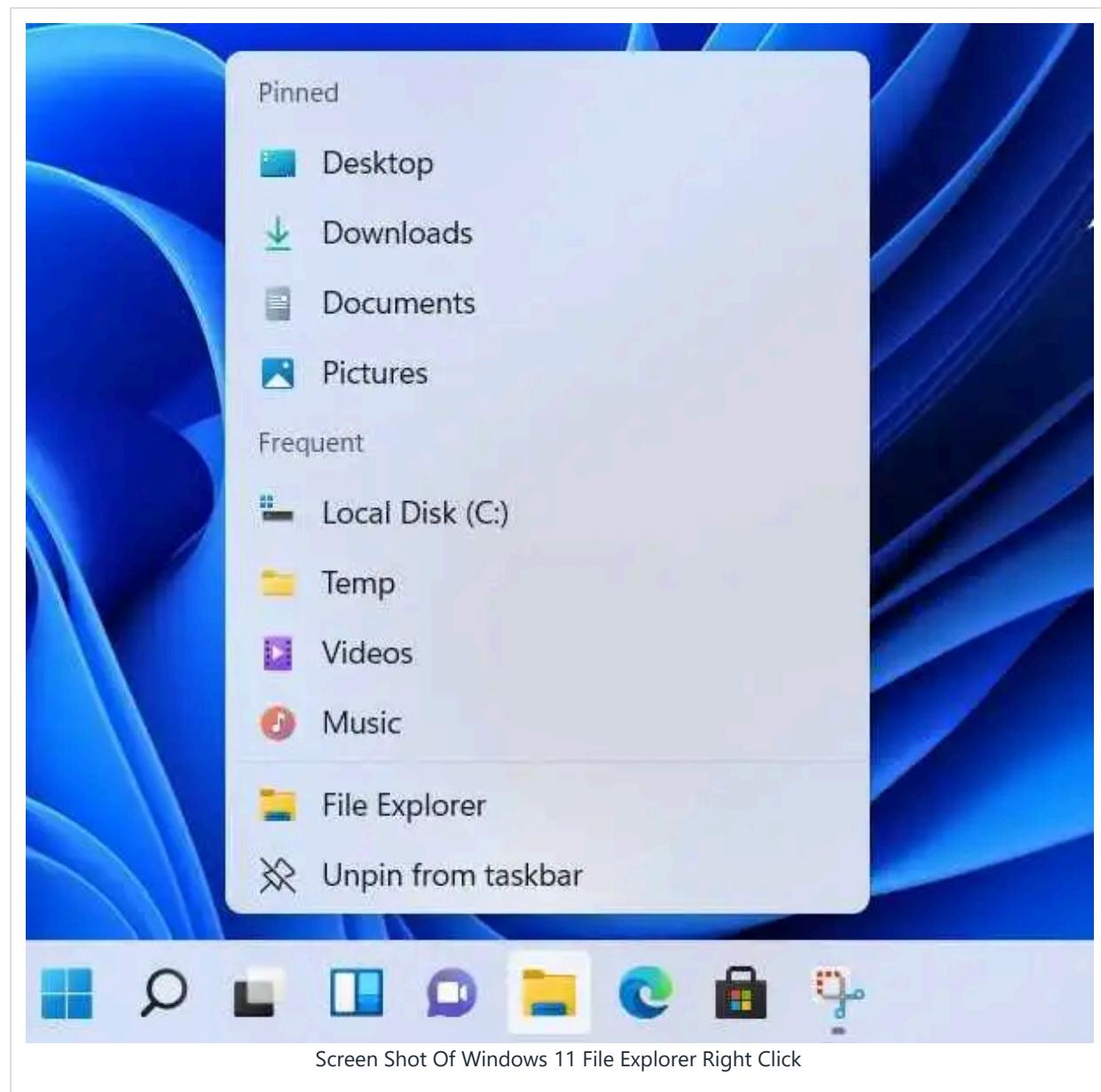
In Windows 11, File Explorer is in the taskbar at the bottom of the screen. If your computer has the default look to Windows 11, it is represented by a yellow folder.



How Do I Start File Explorer in Windows 11?

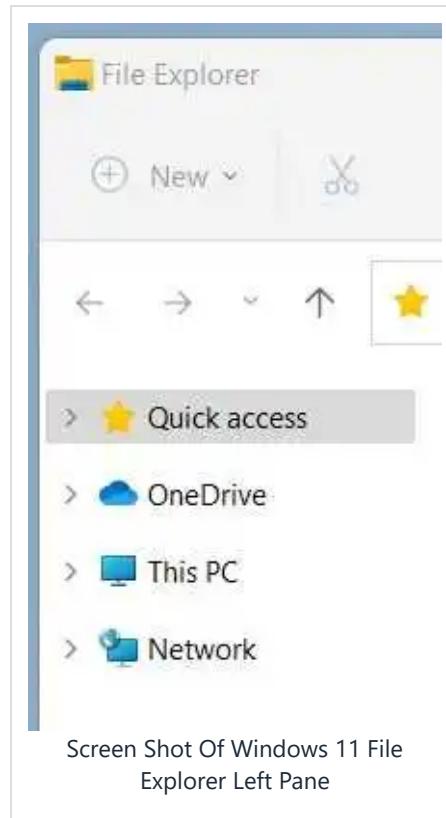
There are several ways to start it.

1. Double-click or tap on the File Explorer icon from your desktop. This will open the application.
2. Click the Start button or the Start key on your keyboard, then type in **File Explorer**. Windows will automatically find the application, and then you can press Enter or click on the icon to start it (Note: you will only have to type part of the word **file** as Windows knows what you are looking for).
3. Right-click on the icon, then select an item from the right click list. You can either open a recently edited document, a folder/file saved as a shortcut, or open another instance (window) of File Explorer.
4. There are also other ways to access File Explorer, such as through open/save dialog boxes and from Internet browsers.



How Do I Manage Files in File Explorer?

Once opened, by default, File Explorer displays the structure of the computer in a hierarchical, tree structure in a window on the left, starting with Quick Access. In this listing are files or folders pinned to Quick Access, then a listing of file storage resources such as your local Documents folder, cloud folders, OneDrive folders, local PC folders, then mapped network drives (in that order).



You may drag and drop files and folders from any location to another. For instance, you can drag and drop files from your local Documents folder to a shared folder in Teams or SharePoint.

Power User Tip: Pressing the ctrl key while dragging will change the drag mode from move to copy.

If you don't like the less precise drag and drop method, you can copy and paste (copy the file) or cut and paste (move the file) from one location to another. In Windows 11, you no longer right click on the file or folder to get to copy/cut/paste, you just single left click on the file (or tap and hold for a second to select the file), then click on the toolbar cut/copy/paste icons.

Power User Tip: You can also use keyboard shortcuts for file operations. Microsoft has a support page for keyboard shortcuts in Windows.

- Power User Tip: Go look at the shortcuts for the Start button. Bet you haven't seen these before. Try the Start + (.) period. Emojis!

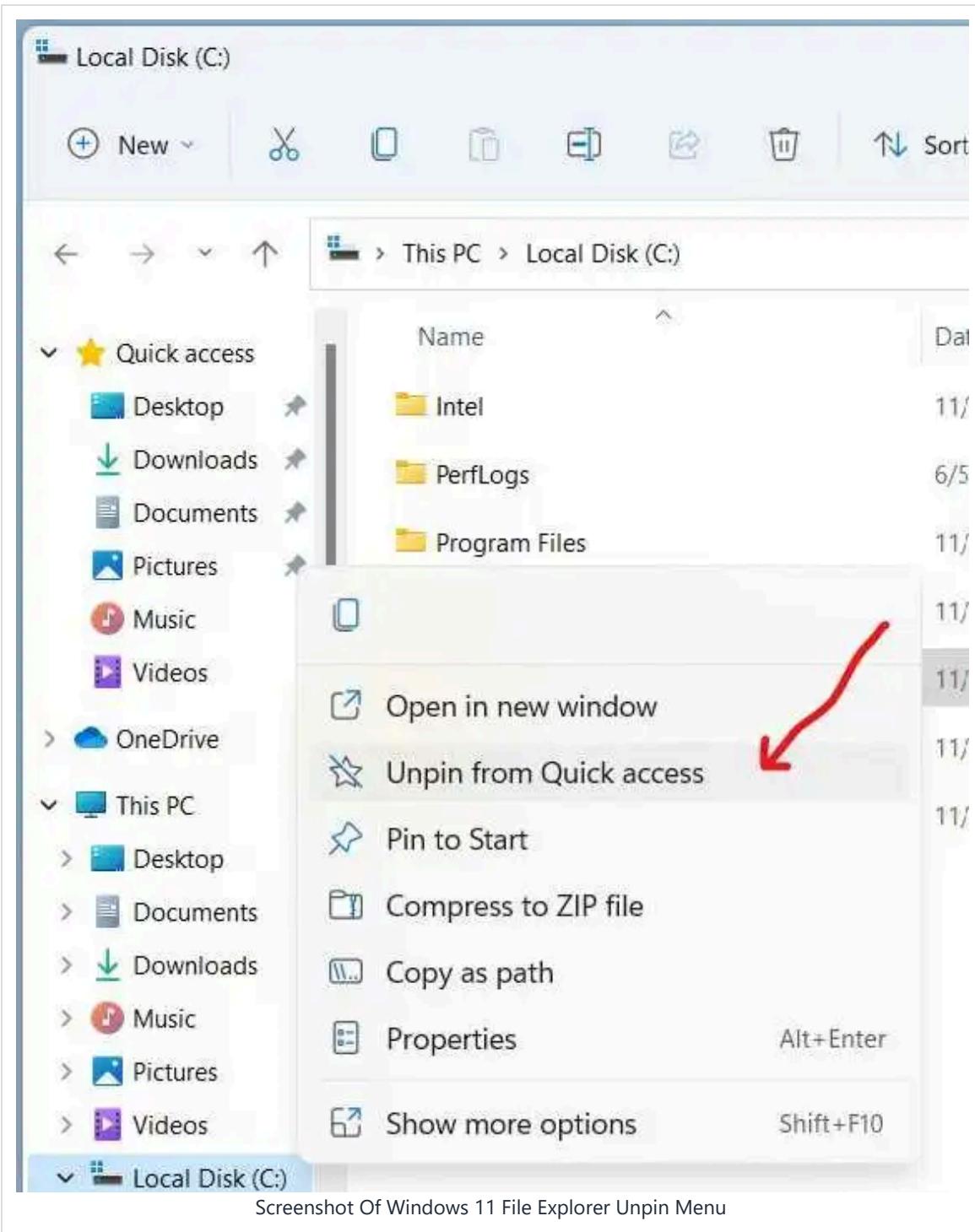


In addition to moving or copying files, you can also rename, share, or delete a file or folder from the toolbar.

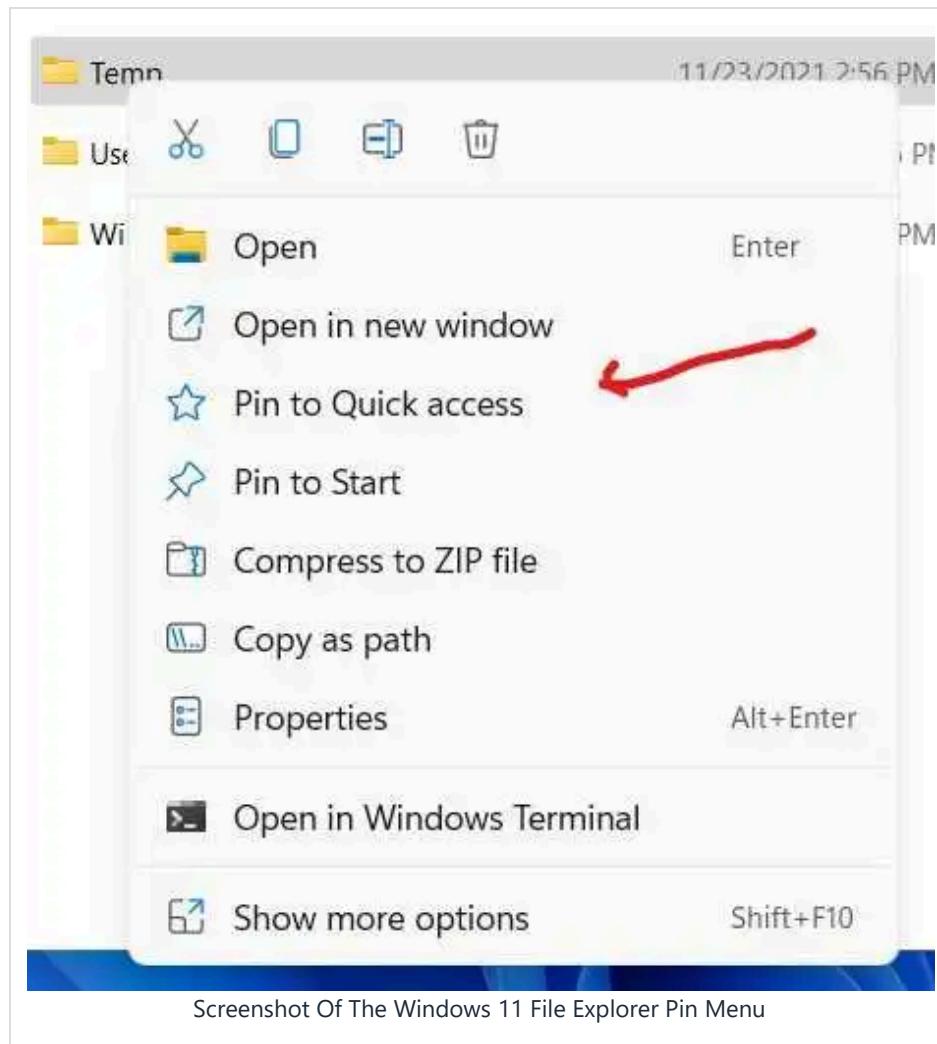
Sometimes it is easier to manage files if you can see the file extension. By default, displaying the extension of the file is off. To turn it back on, click on View -> Show -> File name extensions.

What is Quick Access?

Quick access is a special listing of links to files or folders you frequently access and can be a big time-saver. By default, Windows 11 pins the Desktop, Downloads, Documents, Pictures, Music, and Videos to the Quick Access listing. To remove any of these, right-click on the item, then select "Unpin from Quick access".

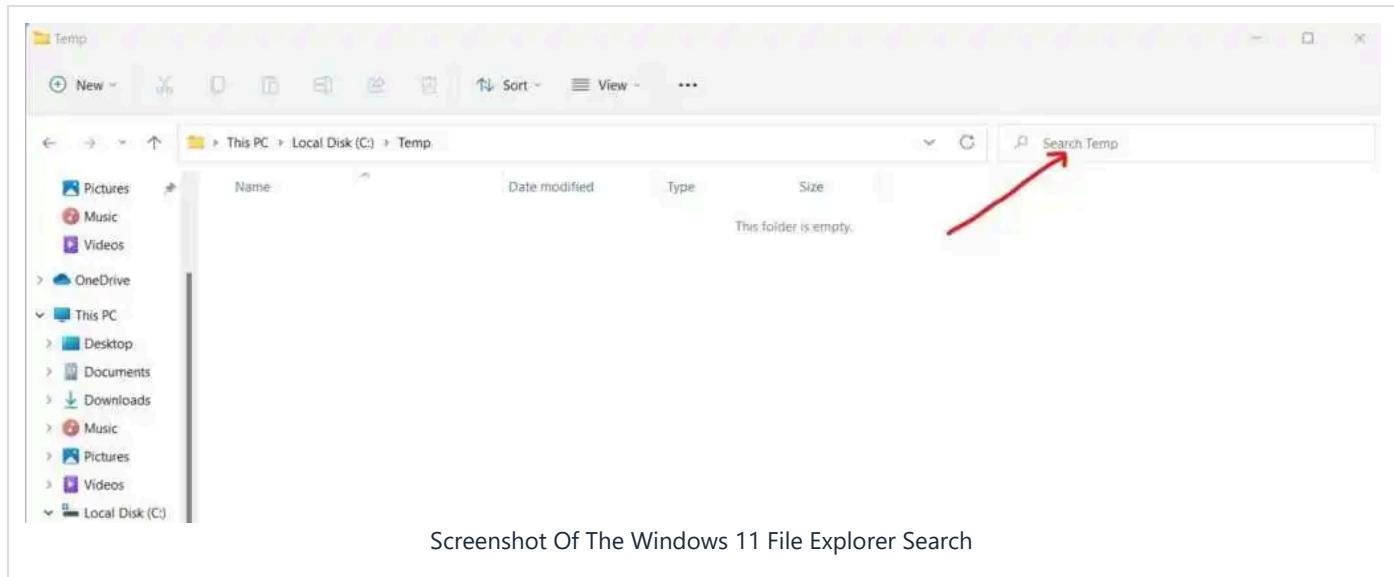


To add a file or folder to Quick access, right-click on the file or folder (no matter where it is) and select "Pin to Quick access".



How Do I Search for Files?

If you know the location of the file you are looking for, open File Explorer and navigate to the folder. In the upper right, type in either part of the file name or the content of the file you are looking for. Note that the search box lists the location it will search in (lightly greyed out) before you type anything into the box.



If you don't know the folder location nor the device it is on, click **This PC** in the left window, then enter your search term in the search window. File Explorer will look in all local, network, and connected **cloud services** (such as OneDrive, Teams, or SharePoint). We like to call this "Super Search".

Power User Tip: You can also access Super Search from the Start button. Click Start or press the Start button on your keyboard, and then start typing part of name of the file you are looking for. Super Search will most likely find it.

Power User Tip: If you know your file is stored in OneDrive, Teams, or SharePoint, login to the **Office 365 portal** and a list of recently used files will be displayed. You may also use the search feature in the portal to find your file.

How Do I Sort Files in File Explorer?

If you are looking for certain types of files in a folder (say, photographs), you can sort folder contents by file type. Open the folder, then click on the Sort drop down in the toolbar, and then select Type. Your documents will then be listed by file type (document, spreadsheet, photograph, etc.).

Alternately, you can arrange them by name, date, author, or group them. Grouping by date is handy for when you need to find the files you modified on a specific date, like last Tuesday.

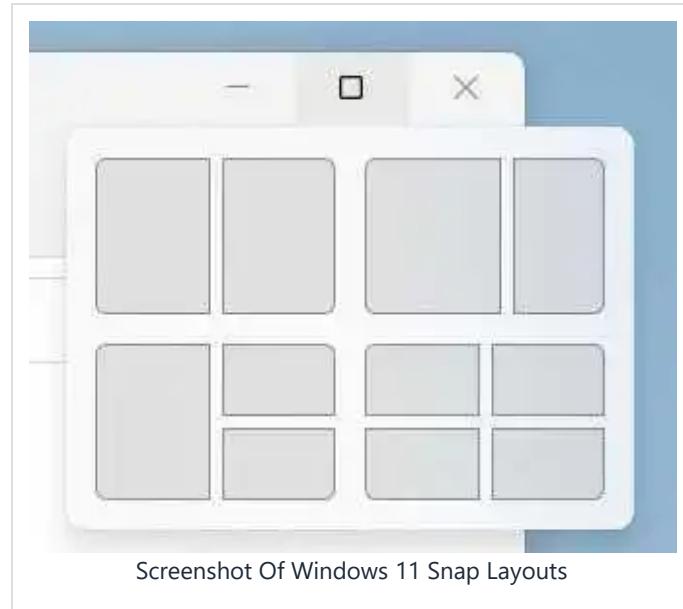
How Do I Find the Path of a File in File Explorer?

File Explorer has a feature called Copy Path (it's not new, but cool). The use case here is to send the file path to a co-worker so they can open the file. If you single-click on the file and then select from the ellipses in the toolbar and select Copy path, this will copy the entire path of the file to the clipboard so you can send it to a colleague.

Snap Layouts and Snap Groups

Finally, there is a new feature in Windows 11 which allows you to arrange windows on the screen in a number of unique ways called snap layouts and snap groups. To demo this feature, we are going to open four instances of File Explorer and then use the new feature to group them.

1. Open four instances of File Explorer. Right-click on the yellow File Explorer icon and click it four times.
2. Hover your mouse over the maximize button in the upper right. The view will change to four different layouts. Select the four-grid layout, then click on each instance of File Explorer. This will put each instance into one of the four grids automatically, saving you from having to manually size the windows yourself.
3. Once you do this, it saves the snap layout to a snap group. When you hover your mouse over the File Explorer icon on the desktop, it shows individual instances, plus all the grouped items. This is a fast way to bring all four of the instances to the “top” of your desktop at the same time.
4. This will take some practice! Give it a try and play around with it. If you have multiple, very large monitors, it can save a lot of time and make you more productive.



We hope this guide to getting started with Windows 11 File Explorer helped you become better at managing files.