Modern Engineering

Day 15

Prudential Financial



AWS Cloud Formation

LESSON ROADMAP

AWS Cloud Formation

Load Balancing

AWS DynamoDB AWS Deployment

Prudential AWS

MEF MODULE 5 DAY 15: AWS Cloud Formation

Schedule	
9:00–10:00 am	Welcome and Warm-Up / Lab Time
10:00 am–12:00 pm	GUEST: Cloud Formation Template
12:00 am-12:30 pm	GUEST: How Prudential Uses AWS Resources
12:30–1:30 pm	Lunch
1:30-2:00 pm	AWS Cloud Formation Provisioning
2:00–4:50 pm	AWS DynamoDB
4:50–5:00 pm	Bring It Home



LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Understand AWS Cloud Formation architecture
- Articulate the benefits of logging in a cloud-based application
- Use AWS DynamoDB to replace a Postgres SQL database in an Express application
- Explore Prudential's Cloud Formation templates and use of AWS services





GUEST SPEAKER: Prudential's Cloud Formation Template





GUEST SPEAKER: How Prudential Uses AWS Resources





Break Time



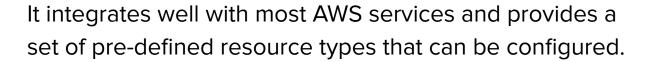
Automation and CloudFormation

Intro to AWS CloudFormation



Intro to CloudFormation

AWS CloudFormation is an IaC tool for managing resources on AWS.



CloudFormation works by allowing you to define **templates**. These templates can be written in YAML or JSON and are <u>declarative</u>: they describe the resources you want to manage and use.





Example CloudFormation Template

```
Resources:

MyS3Bucket:

Type: 'AWS::S3::Bucket'

Properties:

BucketName: my-bucket-name
```

Above is a simple example template for creating an **S3 bucket in YAML**.



Now, let's go through a guided Intro to CloudFormation GUI on AWS, and CloudFormation CLI.

If you haven't done so already, make sure you are logged into your AWS account:

https://console.aws.amazon.com



Common Use Cases

We'll be using CloudFormation to handle some common use cases:

- Provisioning resources, such as VMs
- Managing security groups
- SSH Keys
- EIP



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Deploying to AWS



The limitations imposed by ephemeral environments

- No server to log into and inspect
- All configuration must be scripted
- All apps must be able to start in an automated way
- Nominally more complex networking, endpoints, and AWS infrastructure



The limitations imposed by asynchronous systems and microservices

- The requests and logs may not match up in a linear fashion
- Higher than expected latency
- A multitude of deployments
- Nominally more complex networking, endpoints, and AWS infrastructure



Security Groups

Firewalls on Steroids

- Ports and traffic can be allowed by:
 - o IP
 - CIDR
 - Other security groups this is the killer feature

IAM Roles

RBAC and **ABAC**

- IAM roles cover human users, services, and applications.
- Every service, instance, and operation has an IAM role.



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Criticality of GOOD Logging



Using CloudFormation:

- Provision an EC2 instance
- Add a security group
- Add an SSH key
- Add an EIP



We will be available to provide additional support and troubleshoot problems.

Detailed instructions can be found in **GitHub**.



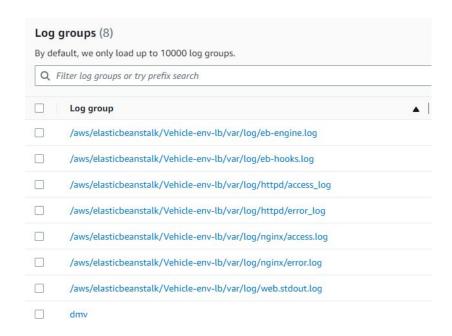
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Good logs in a word: **DETAIL**. You need to know not only what service failed but have enough information to trace the path through other services.



CloudWatch

- Ephemeral applications
 require centralized, external logging.
- CloudWatch logs have configurable retention.
- They are searchable.
- They span instances.





AWS Cloud Formation

AWS DynamoDB

AWS DynamoDB: A More Flexible Database

SQL's greatest strength can sometimes be its greatest weakness as well: the strictly controlled **structure** requires tight management of schemas and changes over time.

DynamoDB is the AWS solution to providing a NoSQL database solution: less structure, less tight relationships among schemas, just a fast and simple form of data storage.



Exploring a Cloud-Based NoSQL Database: A Walkthrough Using DynamoDB.



