# Modern Engineering

Day 11

**Prudential Financial** 



#### Whilst we wait....

#### In chat write:

Your name - role and a recent impulse buy.

Let's give everyone a min or two to join





#### UI Tests with Jest

## LESSON ROADMAP

Mocks, Stubs, and Fakes

Test Driven
Development
Lab

Jest Testing Suites UI Testing with Jest

Testing a React App



### **MEF MODULE 4 DAY 11: UI Tests with Jest**

Schedule	
9:00–9:15 am	Welcome and Warm-Up
9:15–9:45 am	Mocks, Stubs, and Fakes
9:45 am–12:30 pm	Test Driven Development in Action Lab
12:30–1:30 pm	Lunch
1:30-2:30 pm	Testing React with Jest
2:30–4:50 pm	Adding Tests to the To Do React App
4:50–5:00 pm	Bring It Home



#### **LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

- Identify the challenges of integration tests and using external resources in testing
- Design integration tests in an express API
- Structure test suites in the Jest library
- Use Jest to test the UI components of a react application



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## Mock, Stubs, Fakes



#### **Mocks Stubs and Fakes**

**Mocks, stubs, and fakes** are terminology used in test-driven development (TDD) to describe objects that mimic the behavior of real objects.

To guarantee that the tests are predictable and repeatable, these objects are used to isolate the unit of code being tested. What each phrase means is as follows:

- Mocks: Replicates real-world data
- **Stubs**: Produces pre-configured responses
- Fakes: A stripped-down version of a real object



#### **Mocks**

Mocks are objects that simulate the behaviors and characteristics of real objects, including their methods. They are frequently used to make assertions regarding the actual usage of the things.

Mocks can be used to check that the code being tested makes the required calls and passes the correct parameters by being programmed to return particular values or throw exceptions when they are called.

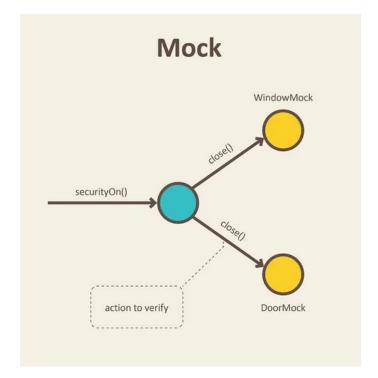


Image 9: Mocks Diagram



#### **Stubs**

Similar to mocks, stubs only substitute specific methods or properties of the real objects. However, they are often simpler.

They are used to regulate the actions of the actual objects and guarantee that the tests are independent of outside dependencies.

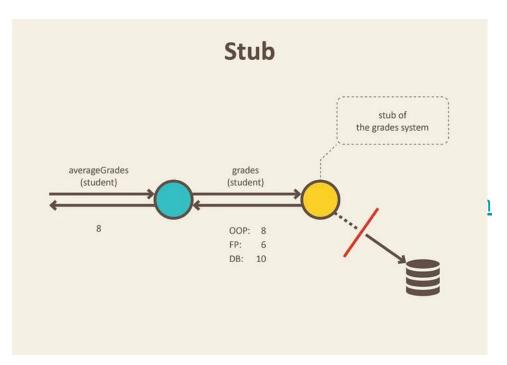


Image 10: Stubs Diagram



#### **Fakes**

Fakes are things that simulate the behavior of real objects but don't really use those things' implementation. Instead, they offer a simplified implementation that is intended only for testing.

When the true implementation of an object is too complex to test effectively or when there are performance or reliability problems with the actual implementation, fakes are frequently utilized.

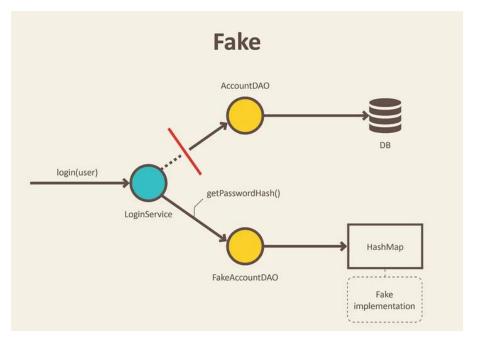


Image 11: Fakes Diagram



#### **Risks of Stale Mocks**

In test-driven development (TDD), stale mocks can provide a number of risks that can negatively impact both the software development process and overall program quality. Among these risks are:

- Inconsistent Behavior
- Imprecision
- Reduced test coverage
- Decreased confidence in test results
- Increased Maintenance costs





#### **UI Unit Tests**

- UI unit tests are used to test modules that deal with user input and behavior of the UI.
  - You can use the same test frameworks you use on a node.js backend for most UI unit testing
- Ul unit testing can be used to test Ul components like buttons, menus, carousels, etc. various behavior's that will be triggered by user input, usually from a keyboard or mouse.
- Commonly uses headless browsers.
- Not the same as writing unit test for your services and components on a front-end app.





#### **UI Unit Tests: Pros and Cons**



- Provides test coverage of UI components
- Provided declarative tests for UI behavior
- Reducing chance of UI bugs



#### Cons

- Not universally useful
- 100% UI test coverage is even more debatable in value
- Time demanding



#### **Resilience testing**

- Resilience testing is a **family of tests** that evaluate how well a system will operate under stress and in chaotic situations while still remaining as usable as possible.
- Some situations resilience testing is interested in:
  - Service outages
  - Extreme load
  - Network failures
  - Crashes





Testing can vary depending on the project, the stakeholders, and the purpose of the application you are developing. Let's explore a question together.

## How do you know when you've done enough testing for your project?





#### **Solo Exercise:**

#### Test Driven Development In Action - LOTR



We've created a basic express API with a full suite of tests: but none of them pass!

Your goal <u>in this LOTR lab</u> is to read the tests carefully (you won't be provided any further instructions) to deduce what code you need to add to the API in order to make them pass.

You should not be writing any new testing code.





## **Break Time**



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## **Jest with React**

Let's see how to test our react applications using the Jest library by following the walkthrough in this <u>Github repository</u>





#### **Solo Exercise:**

### Test the To Do List React App



Use Jest and the react Testing Library to implement testing in the react To Do list application, following the directions and starter code provided in <a href="this git">this git</a> repository.



