# Coding assignment on CNNs and Transfer learning

The goal of this assignment is to train a Convolutional Neural Network (CNN) on the Standford dog breed dataset and compare its performance to a Transfer Learning approach.

#### Dataset

We will be using the Stanford Dogs dataset which consists of 20,580 images of 120 dog breeds. You can download the dataset here.

The dataset comes divided into train, valid and test split. \* Use the train subfolder for training \* Use the valid subfolder for validation during training

#### Task

Your task is to create two convolutional neural network (CNN) models to classify the images of dog breeds: one using normal CNN and the other using transfer learning. You will compare the performance of the two models on the test set

Additional tasks \* Experiment with hyperparameters \* Avoid overfitting

## Steps

## Load and preprocess the dataset:

- Load the images into memory using ImageDataGenerator. Refer to this notebook if you do not know how to load image data
- Refer to this notebook on how to load data using ImageDataGenerator
- Resize the images to a standard size (e.g., 224 x 224).
- Normalize the pixel values of the images to be between 0 and 1. (rescale)
- Split the dataset into training and validation sets.

### Create a normal CNN model:

- Create a sequential model with multiple convolutional and pooling layers.
- Add a flatten layer to convert the output of the convolutional layers to a 1D vector.
- Add a fully connected layer with the appropriate number of neurons for the output classes (in our case, 120).
- Add a softmax activation function to the output layer to convert the outputs to probabilities.

#### Train the normal CNN model:

- Compile the model with an appropriate loss function, optimizer, and evaluation metric.
- Train the model on the training set using the fit() function.
- Monitor the validation loss and accuracy during training to avoid overfitting.

## Create a transfer-learning/fine-tuning CNN model:

- Load a pre-trained CNN model (e.g., VGG16 or ResNet50).
- You can either freeze the entire pre-trained model or fine-tune it by freezing top-n layers.
- Add custom layers on top of the pre-trained model:
  - Add a global average pooling layer to reduce the dimensionality of the output.
  - Add a fully connected layer with the appropriate number of neurons for the output classes (in our case, 120).
  - Add a softmax activation function to the output layer to convert the outputs to probabilities

### Train the transfer learning CNN model:

- Compile the model with an appropriate loss function, optimizer, and evaluation metric.
- Train the model on the training set using the fit() function.
- Monitor the validation loss and accuracy during training to avoid overfitting.

### **Important**

• While using the fit function, store the output in a variable

```
history1 = model1.fit(...)
```

- You can use data augmentation
- You can use callbacks to control the training

#### Evaluate the models and save results

- Compute the accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score of both models on the validation set.
- Create a dataframe with the columns: accuracy, precision, recall, and f1-score, model
  - model = 'Normal' for regular CNN
  - model = 'Pretrained' for Pretrained model
- Save the CSV file as SRN\_A1\_TDL23.csv

Save the history of both the models as follows (Please follow the naming convention as shown)

```
import pickle
with open("SRN_history_Normal.pkl", "wb") as f:
    pickle.dump(history1.history,f)
import pickle
with open("SRN_history_Pretrained.pkl", "wb") as f:
    pickle.dump(history2.history,f)
```

• Note that the fit function will return None if it is interrupted, so make sure to finish the training completely

### **Evaluation Criteria**

Your submission will be evaluated on the following criteria:

#### **Code Quality:**

- Is the code well-structured and readable?
- Are the variable and function names descriptive and meaningful?
- Are the comments clear and concise?

## **Functionality:**

- Does the code load and preprocess the dataset correctly?
- Does the code create and train the normal CNN model correctly?
- Does the code create and train the transfer learning CNN model correctly?
- Does the code evaluate the models and compute their performance metrics correctly?

#### Model Performance:

- Is your model overfitting? (Important)
- What is the accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score of the normal CNN model on the validation set?
- What is the accuracy, precision, recall, and F1-score of the transfer learning CNN model on the validation set?

• How much improvement in performance does the transfer learning model provide compared to the normal CNN model?

## How to submit

- Zip your into SRN\_A1\_TDL23.zip
  - Notebook; Named as SRN\_A1\_TDL23.ipynb
  - CSV file; Named as SRN\_A1\_TDL23.csv
  - Pickles files: Named as SRN\_history\_Normal.pkl and SRN\_history\_Pretrained
- Google form will be provided to submit

# Good luck!