

## IOT Phase 4: DEVELOPMENT PART 2

### Project :Air quality monitoring

To implement a air quality monitoring system into a mobile app, we need to integrate various technologies and APIs.

Code snippet using the Google Maps API and Firebase Realtime Database to get air quality information and display it in a mobile app:

#### 1. Set up the project:

```
// Initialize Firebase
FirebaseApp.initializeApp(this);

// Initialize Google Maps
MapView mapView = findViewById(R.id.mapView);
mapView.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
mapView.getMapAsync(new OnMapReadyCallback()
{
    @Override
    public void onMapReady(GoogleMap googleMap)
    {
        // Handle map initialization here
    }
});

DatabaseReference databaseReference =
FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().getReference("air_quality");
```

```

databaseReference.addValueEventListener(new
 ValueEventListener()
{
    @Override
    public void onDataChange(DataSnapshot dataSnapshot)
    {
        for (DataSnapshot data : dataSnapshot.getChildren())
        {
            // Parse and process air quality data
            AirQuality airQuality = data.getValue(AirQuality.class);

            // Use the data to display markers on the map
            LatLng location = new LatLng(airQuality.getLatitude(),
            airQuality.getLongitude());
            MarkerOptions markerOptions = new MarkerOptions()
                .position(location)
                .title("AQI: " + airQuality.getAqi());

            googleMap.addMarker(markerOptions);
        }
    }

    @Override
    public void onCancelled(DatabaseError databaseError)
    {
        // Handle database error
    }
});

```

```
public class AirQuality
{
    private double latitude;
    private double longitude;
    private int aqi;

    public AirQuality()
    {
        // Default constructor required for Firebase
    }

    public AirQuality(double latitude, double longitude, int aqi)
    {
        this.latitude = latitude;
        this.longitude = longitude;
        this.aqi = aqi;
    }

    public double getLatitude()
    {
        return latitude;
    }

    public double getLongitude()
    {
        return longitude;
    }
}
```

```
    public int getAqi()
    {
        return aqi;
    }
}
```

## 2. Prepare the Firebase database structure:

Before running the app code, we need to configure and populate our Firebase Realtime Database with air quality information.

```
// Initialize Firebase Realtime Database reference
DatabaseReference airQualityRef =
FirebaseDatabase.getInstance().getReference("air_quality");

// Sample data
double latitude = 37.7749; // Replace with actual latitude
double longitude = -122.4194; // Replace with actual longitude
int aqi = 50; // Replace with actual AQI value
long timestamp = System.currentTimeMillis(); // Timestamp of data

// Create an AirQuality object
AirQuality airQuality = new AirQuality(latitude, longitude, aqi,
timestamp);

// Generate a unique key for the new data entry
String entryKey = airQualityRef.push().getKey();

// Save the data to Firebase
```

```
airQualityRef.child(entryKey).setValue(airQuality);
```

This code sets up a simple mobile app with a Google Map embedded, connecting to a Firebase Realtime Database to fetch air quality information.