C++ Assignment [16-01-2018]

```
Emp Name
                                             Programs And Output
                  /* Has a Relationship Program */
                  #include <iostream>
                  class base{
                       public:
                            void f(){
                                 std::cout <<"in base class"<<std::endl;</pre>
                            }
                  };
                  class derived:public base{
                       public:
                            derived()
1_Divya _Bolu
                                 base obj;
                                 obj.f();
                  };
                  int main(){
                       derived obj1;
                       return 0;
                  }
                  Output:
                  in base class
                  /* Accessing from main() public member of base class, Base class is
                  derived private */
   2_Arjun
                  #include<iostream>
                  using namespace std;
                  class Baseclass
                  public:
                         int val;
                         void display()
                                 cout<<"enter value in parent class:";</pre>
                                 cin>>val;
                                 cout<<"In parent class "<<val<<endl;</pre>
                         }
                  };
                  class Derivedclass1:private Baseclass
```

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public:
                       int val2;
                       Derivedclass1()
                       cout<<"Derived class constructor"<<endl;</pre>
                       Baseclass::display();
                };
                int main()
                       Derived class 1 b1;
                Output:
                Derived class constructor
                enter value in parent class:4
                In parent class 4
                /* Various combinations of default arguements in c++ functon. */
                #include<iostream>
                using namespace std;
                class base
                {
                       public:
                               int sum(int val1,int val2,int val3=0,int val4=0)
                               {
                                      int res;
                                      res=val1+val2+val3+val4;
                                      return res;
                               }
3_Deepika
                };
                int main()
                       base obj;
                       cout << obj.sum(10,10)<<endl;</pre>
                       cout << obj.sum(10,10,10)<<endl;</pre>
                       cout << obj.sum(10,10,10,10)<<endl;
                       return 0;
                }
                Output:
                20
                30
                40
```

```
/* User Implementation of Namespace*/
                 #include "header.h"
                 #include <string>
                 #include <iostream>
                 int main()
                   using namespace Test;
                   using namespace std;
                   string s = Func();
                   std::cout << s << std::endl; // "Hello from new"
                   return 0;
                   ------Header file-----
4_Anan_Mishra
                 #include <string>
                 namespace Test
                   namespace old_ns
                     std::string Func() { return std::string("Hello from old"); }
                   inline namespace new_ns
                     std::string Func() { return std::string("Hello from new"); }
                 Output:
                 Hello from new
5_Sai_Krishna
                 Output:
                 /*Overload Constructor*/
6_Ashish_Jain
                 #include <iostream>
                 using namespace std;
                 class construct
                 public:
                   float area;
                   construct()
```

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area = 0;
                    construct(int num1, int num2)
                      area = num1 * num2;
                    void disp()
                      cout<< area<< endl;
                  };
                 int main()
                    construct obj;
                    construct obj2(10, 20);
                    obj.disp();
                    obj2.disp();
                    return 1;
                  Output:
                  0
                  200
                  /* Shallow Copy Program */
                  #include<iostream>
                  using namespace std;
7_Rathod_Raja
                  class shallow_copy
                         int data1,data2;
                         public:
                         void setdata(int value1, int value2)
                                data1=value1;
                                data2=value2;
                         void showdata()
                                cout << "data1="<<data1<<"\ndata2="<<data2<<"\n";
                  };
```

```
int main()
       shallow_copy obj1;
       obj1.setdata(10,20);
       shallow_copy obj2;
       obj2=obj1;
       obj2.showdata();
return 0;
}
Output:
data1=10
data2=20
/* Deep Copy Program */
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class deep_copy
       int data1,data2,*ptr;
       public:
       deep_copy()
              ptr=new int;
       void setdata(int value1, int value2,int value3)
               data1=value1;
               data2=value2;
               *ptr=value3;
       void showdata()
               cout << "data1 = " << data1 << " \ndata2 = " << data2 << " \nptr = " << *ptr << " \n";
       deep_copy(deep_copy &ref)
               this->data1=ref.data1;
               this->data2=ref.data2;
               this->ptr=new int;
               *ptr=*(ref.ptr);
       }
       ~deep_copy()
              delete ptr;
```

```
}
               };
               int main()
                      deep_copy obj1;
                      obj1.setdata(10,20,30);
                      deep_copy obj2=obj1;
                      obj1.showdata();
               return 0;
               }
               Output:
               data1=10
               data2=20
               ptr=30
               /*Program to Use of Ststic Memebr */
               #include <cstdlib>
8_Harish
               #include <iostream>
               using namespace std;
               class Box
                 public:
                  static int objectCount;
                  // Constructor definition
                  Box(double l=2.0, double b=2.0, double h=2.0)
                    cout <<"Constructor called." << endl;</pre>
                    length = l;
                    breadth = b;
                    height = h;
                    // Increase every time object is created
                    objectCount++;
                  double Volume()
                    return length * breadth * height;
                  static int getCount()
                    return objectCount;
                   }
               private:
                  double length; // Length of a box
```

```
double breadth; // Breadth of a box
                  double height;
                                   // Height of a box
              };
              // Initialize static member of class Box
              int Box::objectCount = 0;
              int main(void)
                // Print total number of objects before creating object.
                cout << "Inital Stage Count: " << Box::getCount() << endl;</pre>
                Box Box1(3.3, 1.2, 1.5); // Declare box1
                Box Box2(8.5, 6.0, 2.0); // Declare box2
                // Print total number of objects after creating object.
                cout << "Final Stage Count: " << Box::getCount() << endl;</pre>
                return 0;
              Output:
              Inital Stage Count: 0
              Constructor called.
              Constructor called.
              Final Stage Count: 2
              /* Change the value of constant member function using Mutable */
9_Uday
              #include <iostream>
              using namespace std;
              class Sample
                      int x;
                      mutable int y;
                      public:
                      Sample(int a=0, int b=0)
                      { x=a; y=b;}
                      //function to set value of x
                      void setx(int a=0)
                      {x = a;}
                      //function to set value of y
                      //value of y being changed, even if member function is constant.
                      void sety(int b=0) const
                      {y = b;}
```

```
//function to display x and y.
                         //this has to be const type, if member function is constant type.
                         void display() const
                                 cout<<endl<<"x: "<<x<<" y: "<<y<endl;
                  };
                  Output:
                  Value before change:
                  x: 10 y: 20
                  Value after change:
                  x: 10 y: 200
                  /* Program for to demonstrate viratual destructor */
                  #include<iostream>
                  using namespace std;
10_Sandeep_R
                  class base
                       int val;
                  public:
                       base()
                       {
                            cout<<"base class constructor"<<endl;</pre>
                      ~base()
                            cout<<"base class destructor"<<endl;</pre>
                  };
                  class derived1:public base
                  public:
                       derived1()
                            cout<<"derived1 class constructor"<<endl;</pre>
                       ~derived1()
                            cout<<"derived1 class destructor"<<endl;</pre>
                  };
                  int main()
```

```
derived1 *obj1=new derived1();
                      base *obj2 = obj1;
                      delete obj2;
                 Output:
                 base class constructor
                 derived1 class constructor
                 base class destructor
                 /* Object Slicing */
                 using namespace std;
11_Harnath
                 class Base
                        public:
                        Base(int val)
                        {
                        val_ = val;
                        void print()
                        cout<< "In Base::print() : val_ " << val_ <<endl;</pre>
                        private:
                        int val_;
                 class Derived: public Base
                 public:
                        Derived(int val, int b):Base(val)
                        b_{-} = b;
                 void print()
                        cout<< "In Derived::print() : b_ " << b_ <<endl;</pre>
                        private:
                        int b_;
                        };
                 void disp (Base ob)
                 ob.print();
```

```
int main()
                           Base b(10);
                           Derived d(15, 25);
                           disp(b);
                           disp(d); // slicing will happen
                           return 0;
                    }
                    Output:
                    In Base::print(): val_ 10
                    In Base::print() : val_ 15
                    /* Friends function */
                    #include <iostream>
                    using namespace std;
                    class Distance
                      private:
                         int meter;
                      public:
                         Distance(): meter() { }
                         friend int addFive(Distance); //friend function
                    };
                    // friend function definition
                    int addFive(Distance d)
12_Smruti_Ranjan
                      //accessing private data from non-member function
                      d.meter += 5;
                      return d.meter;
                    int main()
                      Distance D;
                      cout<<"Distance: "<< addFive(D);</pre>
                      return 0;
                    Output:
                    Distance: 5
```

/* Multiple object passing to single object using this Pointer */ #include<iostream> 13_Ishaque using namespace std; class student char name[100]; int age,roll; float percent; public: void getdata() cout<<"Enter data"<<endl;</pre> cout << "Name:"; cin>>name; cout << "Age:"; cin>>age; cout << "Roll:"; cin>>roll; cout<<"Percent:";</pre> cin>>percent; cout<<endl; student & max(student &s1,student &s2) if(percent>s1.percent && percent>s2.percent) return *this; else if(s1.percent>percent && s1.percent>s2.percent) return s1; else if(s2.percent>percent && s2.percent>s1.percent) return s2; void display() cout<<"Name:"<<name<<endl;</pre> cout<<"Age:"<<age<<endl; cout<<"Roll:"<<roll<<endl; cout<<"Percent:"<<percent;</pre> } **}**; int main() student s,s1,s2,s3; s1.getdata(); s2.getdata(); s3.getdata(); s=s3.max(s1,s2);cout<<"Student with highest percentage"<<endl;</pre>

```
s.display();
 return 0;
Output:
Enter data
Name:ram
Age:11
Roll:1
Percent:80
Enter data
Name:sham
Age:12
Roll:4
Percent:90
Enter data
Name:lakhan
Age:13
Roll:7
Percent:99
Student with highest percentage
Name:lakhan
Age:13
Roll:7
Percent:99
```