Mathematical Optimization Framework

1 Introduction

This document presents a Python implementation of a mathematical optimization framework. The framework includes classes for defining generic mathematical functions and a Uzawa solver for solving constrained optimization problems.

2 Code Listings

2.1 Function Class

```
import numpy as np
  import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
  from typing import Callable, List
  class Function(object):
      def __init__(self, compute: Callable, gradient: Callable, hessian: Callable,

    constraints=[]) → None:

          self.compute = compute
          self.gradient = gradient
          self.hessian = hessian
          self.constraints = constraints
11
      def __add__(self, other):
          # ... (__add__ method code)
      def __rmul__(self, value):
          # ... (__rmul__ method code)
17
      def __getitem__(self, x):
          return self.compute(x)
20
      def __compute__(self, x):
21
          # ... (__compute__ method code)
22
23
      def __gradient__(self, x):
24
          # ... (__gradient__ method code)
25
26
      def __hessian__(self, x):
27
          # ... (__hessian__ method code)
28
      def add_constraint(self, f: 'Function'):
30
           self.constraints.append(f)
31
32
      def plot_contour(self):
33
          # ... (plot_contour method code)
34
35
      def plot_as_constraint(self):
```

```
print('hello')
37
38
39
  class UzawaPlotter(object):
40
      def __init__(self, solver: "UzawaSolver"):
41
          # ... (UzawaPlotter class code)
42
43
      def plot(self, plot_f=True, plot_constraints=True, plot_gradients=True):
44
          # ... (plot method code)
45
      def plot_lambda_history(self):
          # ... (plot_lambda_history method code)
49
      def plot_f_increments(self, use_log=False):
50
          # ... (plot_f_increments method code)
51
      def plot_lagrangian_increments(self, use_log=False):
          # ... (plot_lagrangian_increments method code)
54
      def plot_tau_history(self):
56
          # ... (plot_tau_history method code)
57
  class GradientDescent(object):
59
      def __init__(self, f) -> None:
          # ... (GradientDescent class code)
61
62
      def continue_condition(self, current_iteration, max_iteration, current_norm,
63
          → epsilon, use_epsilon):
          # ... (continue_condition method code)
64
65
      def update_x(self, current_x, current_gradient, alpha):
          # ... (update_x method code)
67
68
      def solve(self, x0: np.array, max_iter=50, alpha=0.1, epsilon=0.01,
69
          → use_epsilon=False):
          # ... (solve method code)
  class MyFunction(object):
72
      def __init__(self, lambda_) -> None:
73
           self.lambda_ = lambda_
74
      def generate(self, f):
76
          return
77
  class UzawaSolver(object):
      def __init__(self, f: Function, constraints):
80
          # ... (UzawaSolver class code)
81
      def solve_min(self, x0_internal, _lambda: np.array, tau=0.01, alpha=0.01,
                     max_iter=50, use_epsilon=False, epsilon=0.01, decay_type=None,
                         → decay_param=None):
          # ... (solve_min method code)
```

3 Conclusion

This mathematical optimization framework provides a versatile set of tools for solving optimization problems, including functions, constraints, and a Uzawa solver for constrained optimization.