

Elasticity Theory - Formula sheet

Stress	Strain
<p>Rotation/Transformation: $\sigma'_{pq} = R_{pi}R_{qj}\sigma_{ij}$, where $R_{pi} = \cos(x'_p, x_i)$</p> <p>Principal stresses & directions: $(\sigma_{ij} - \sigma\delta_{ij})\hat{n}_j = 0$ with $\hat{n}_j\hat{n}_j = 1$</p> <p>Deviatoric stress: $\hat{\sigma}_{ij} = \sigma_{ij} - \frac{1}{3}\sigma_{kk}\delta_{ij}$</p> <p>Hydrostatic (isotropic) stress: $\sigma_m = \frac{1}{3}\sigma_{kk}$</p> <p>Constitutive relation: $\sigma_{ij} = \frac{E}{1+\nu} \left(\epsilon_{ij} + \frac{\nu}{1-2\nu} \epsilon_{kk}\delta_{ij} \right)$ (Hooke's law)</p> <p>Shear modulus: $G = \frac{E}{2(1+\nu)}$</p> <p>Traction vector: $p_i = \sigma_{ji}\hat{n}_j$</p> <p>Force balance, symmetry: $\sigma_{ji,j} + f_i = 0$, $\sigma_{ij} = \sigma_{ji}$</p>	<p>Rotation/Transformation: $\epsilon'_{pq} = R_{pi}R_{qj}\epsilon_{ij}$, where $R_{pi} = \cos(x'_p, x_i)$</p> <p>Principal strains & directions: $(\epsilon_{ij} - \epsilon\delta_{ij})\hat{n}_j = 0$ with $\hat{n}_j\hat{n}_j = 1$</p> <p>Deviatoric strain: $\hat{\epsilon}_{ij} = \epsilon_{ij} - \frac{1}{3}\epsilon_{kk}\delta_{ij}$</p> <p>Volumetric (isotropic) strain: $\epsilon_v = \epsilon_{kk}$</p> <p>Constitutive relation: $\epsilon_{ij} = \frac{1}{E} ((1+\nu)\sigma_{ij} - \nu\sigma_{kk}\delta_{ij})$ (Hooke's law)</p> <p>Displacement and strain relation : $\epsilon_{ij} = \frac{1}{2}(u_{i,j} + u_{j,i})$</p>

Principal stresses(σ): Characteristic equation: $\sigma^3 - I_1\sigma^2 + I_2\sigma - I_3 = 0$	
$I_1 = \sigma_{11} + \sigma_{22} + \sigma_{33} = 3\sigma_m = \text{tr}(\boldsymbol{\sigma}) = \sigma_1 + \sigma_2 + \sigma_3$	
$I_2 = \sigma_{11}\sigma_{22} + \sigma_{22}\sigma_{33} + \sigma_{33}\sigma_{11} - \sigma_{12}^2 - \sigma_{31}^2 - \sigma_{23}^2 = \frac{1}{2} [(\sigma_{kk}^2 - \sigma_{ij}\sigma_{ij})] = \sigma_1\sigma_2 + \sigma_2\sigma_3 + \sigma_3\sigma_1$	
$I_3 = \sigma_{11}\sigma_{22}\sigma_{33} - \sigma_{11}\sigma_{23}^2 - \sigma_{22}\sigma_{13}^2 - \sigma_{33}\sigma_{12}^2 + 2\sigma_{12}\sigma_{13}\sigma_{23} = \det(\boldsymbol{\sigma}) = \sigma_1\sigma_2\sigma_3$	
Strain relation: $\sigma \rightarrow \epsilon$ and $I \rightarrow E$	
Deviatoric stress: $\sigma \rightarrow \hat{\sigma}$ and $\hat{\sigma}^3 - J_2\hat{\sigma} - J_3 = 0$, with $J_1 = 0$, $J_2 = I_1^2/3 - I_2 > 0$, and $J_3 = \det(\hat{\sigma})$	

Failure criteria (with $\sigma_1 \geq \sigma_2 \geq \sigma_3$)
Maximum stress:
Normal stress: \rightarrow principal stresses.
max. shear stress: $\tau_{max} = \frac{1}{2} (\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)$
Tresca:
$\sigma_{eq} = \sigma_1 - \sigma_3 \leq \sigma_{toel}$
von Mises:
$\sigma_{eq} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} \{(\sigma_1 - \sigma_2)^2 + (\sigma_2 - \sigma_3)^2 + (\sigma_3 - \sigma_1)^2\}}$

Energy	Visco-elastic
Elastic energy (or work): $\Pi_{el} = \int_V dV \pi_{el}$	
Specific elastic energy: $\pi_{el} = \int_{\varepsilon} d\varepsilon_{ij} \sigma_{ij}(\varepsilon)$	$\pi_{visc} = \int_{\varepsilon} d\varepsilon_{ij} \sigma_{ij}(\varepsilon, \dot{\varepsilon}) = \int_{\Delta t} dt \dot{\varepsilon}_{ij} \sigma_{ij}(\varepsilon, \dot{\varepsilon})$
Linear stress-strain (integrated): $\pi_{el} = \frac{1}{2}\sigma_{ij}\varepsilon_{ij}$ and: $\pi_{el} = \pi_{el,vol} + \pi_{el,gel} = \frac{1}{2}\sigma_m\varepsilon_V + \frac{1+\nu}{E}J_2$ $= \frac{1}{2}\sigma_m\varepsilon_V + \frac{1}{2}\hat{\sigma}_{ij}\hat{\varepsilon}_{ij}$	for $\sigma_{ij}^v = \eta\dot{\varepsilon}_{ij} = const.:$ $\pi_{visc} = \sigma_{ij}^v \dot{\varepsilon}_{ij} \Delta t$