

For water, at a temperature of  $T_{sat} = 115^{\circ}C$ , the pressure is  $P_{sat} = 169 \text{ kPa}$  and for  $T_{sat} = 125^{\circ}C$ , the pressure is  $P_{sat} = 232 \text{ kPa}$ . Estimate the vaporization heat,  $h_{lv}$ , for this temperature trajectory ( $v_{vl} = 0.89 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$ ). Round your answer to 1 digit and express it in  $\text{kJ/kg}$ .

The Clapeyron equation is given as:  $\left(\frac{dP}{dT}\right)_{sat} = \left(\frac{h_{lv}}{T_{sat}v_{lv}}\right)$ . In order to perform the differentiation we have to rearrange this to:  $\left(\frac{v_{lv}}{h_{lv}}\right)dP = \left(\frac{1}{T_{sat}}\right)dT$ . Integration gives:  $\int_{P_1}^{P_2} \left(\frac{v_{lv}}{h_{lv}}\right)dP = \int_{T_1}^{T_2} \left(\frac{1}{T_{sat}}\right)dT$ . This can be worked out to give:  $h_{lv} = v_{vl}(P_2 - P_1) \left[ \ln \left( \frac{T_2}{T_1} \right) \right]^{-1} = 0.89 \cdot 63 \cdot \left[ \ln \left( \frac{398}{388} \right) \right]^{-1} = 2203.5 \text{ kJ/kg}$