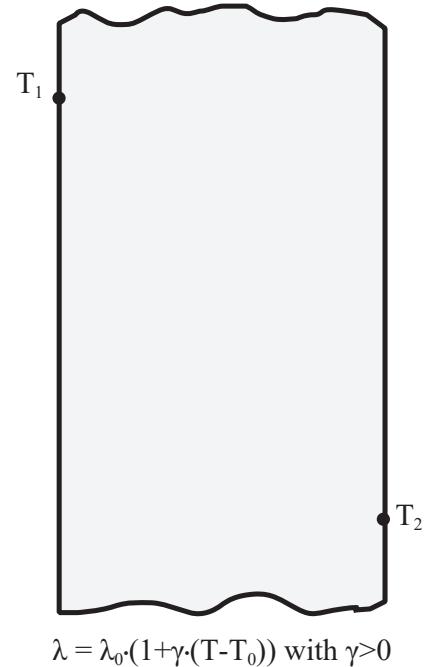
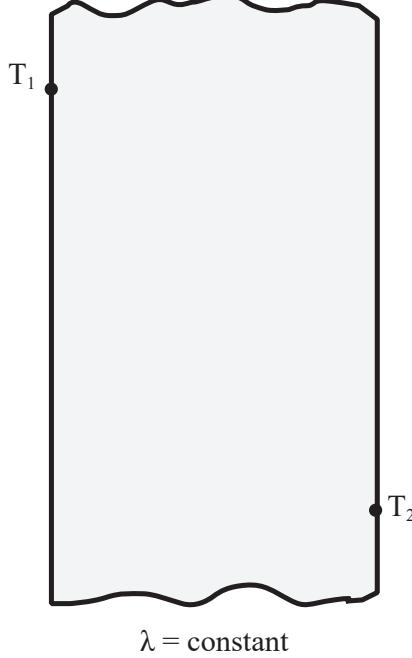


Conduction exercises

Exercise II.1: (Temperature profiles in planar walls ★)

Both sides of a planar wall are heated to a constant temperature of T_1 and T_2 , where $T_1 > T_2$.



Tasks:

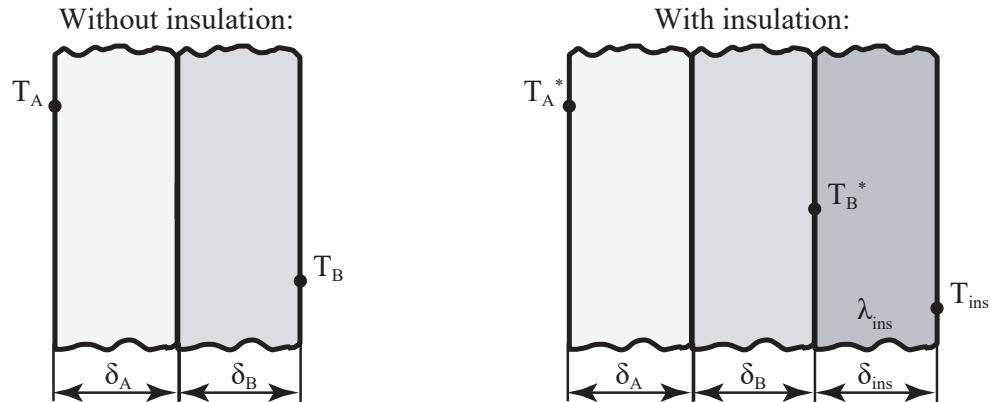
- Sketch the steady-state temperature profile for a constant thermal conductivity.
- Sketch the steady-state temperature profile for the conductivity being temperature-dependent:

$$\lambda = \lambda_0(1 + \gamma(T - T_0)), \text{ with } \gamma > 0,$$

where λ_0 is the thermal conductivity at the temperature T_0 .

Exercise II.2: (Onion layer principle **)

A solar panel manufacturer makes use of heat processing applications that include preheating, curing, heat treating, and finishing. The manufacturer has an old and a new type of industrial oven. The newer one has an additional insulation layer.



Given parameters:

Old oven:

- Surface temperature of layer A: $T_A = 260 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- Surface temperature of layer B: $T_B = 32 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- Thickness of layer A: $\delta_A = 125 \text{ mm}$
- Thickness of layer B: $\delta_B = 200 \text{ mm}$

New oven:

- Surface temperature of layer A: $T_A^* = 305 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- Surface temperature of layer B: $T_B^* = 219 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- Surface temperature of insulation layer: $T_{\text{ins}} = 27 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
- Thickness of layer A: $\delta_A = 125 \text{ mm}$
- Thickness of layer B: $\delta_B = 200 \text{ mm}$
- Thickness of insulation layer: $\delta_{\text{ins}} = 25 \text{ mm}$
- Thermal conductivity of insulation layer: $\lambda_{\text{ins}} = 0.075 \text{ W/mK}$

Hint:

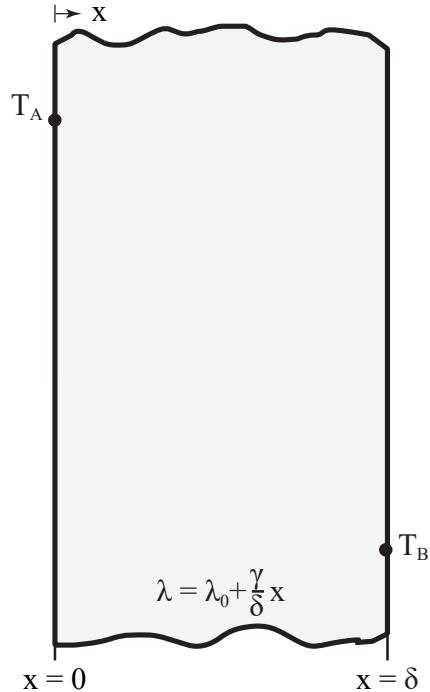
- Assume steady-state conditions.

Tasks:

- a) Determine the heat flux per unit area \dot{q}'' for the situations without and with the insulating layer.

Exercise II.3: (Heat conduction equation ★★)

Both sides of a planar wall are heated to a constant temperature of T_A and T_B , respectively; where $T_A > T_B$.



Given parameters:

- Thermal conductivity as a function of the position in the wall:

$$\lambda(x) = \lambda_0 + \frac{\gamma}{\delta} \cdot x.$$

Hints:

- Assume one-dimensional steady-state heat transfer in x -direction.

Tasks:

- Derive the function of the temperature profile inside the plane wall.
- Sketch the temperature profile inside the plane wall in the x -direction.