# **Problem C: Divide, But Not Quite Conquer!**

#### The Problem

Your goal in this problem is to divide a certain integer n by another integer m until n = 1, obtaining a sequence of numbers. Lets call a[i] each number of this sequence, and let's say it has k numbers (i.e. you must do k-1 succesive divisions to reach n = 1). You can only have this sequence if the following restrictions are met:

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a[1] = n, a[i] = a[i-1] div m, for all 1 < i <= k</li>
a[i] is divisible by m (that is, a[i] mod m = 0) for all 1 <= i < k</li>
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3. a[1] > a[2] > a[3] ... > a[k]

For instance, if n = 125 and m = 5, you have 125, 25, 5 and 1 (you did 3 divisions: 125/5, 25/5 and 5/5). So, k = 4, a[1] = 125, a[2] = 25, a[3] = 5 and a[4] = 1. If n = 30 and m = 3, you have 30, 10, 3 and 1. But a[2] = 10, and 10 mod 3 = 1, so there is no sequence because it violates restriction 2. When the sequence doesn't exist we think it's not fun and, thus, very boring!

### The Input

The input will consist on an arbitrary number of lines. Each line will consist of two non-negative integers n,m which are both less than 2000000000. You must read until you reach the end of file.

## **The Output**

For each pair n,m you must print the correpondent sequence a (as defined above) in a single line, with each adjacent numbers of the sequence separated by a single space. In the case the sequence doesn't exist because it violates some restriction, just print the phrase "Boring!" in a single line (without the quotes).

### **Sample Input**

125 5

30 3

80 2

81 3

### **Sample Output**

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