# Tooth Growth Analysis

#### About the data

Reviewing the help file "?ToothGrowth", we can see the breakdown as follows:

- A Study on the effect of two delivery methods Orange Juice or plain old Vitamin C for tooth growth.
- Sample size of 60 guinea pigs.
- Each animal recieving one of each three doses which are equally divided among 60 guinea pigs.
  - 20 receiving .05 mg OJ/VC, 20 receiving 1 mg OJ/VC, and 20 receiving 2 mg OJ/VC
- The reference link is a paywall but provides us with;
  - a title name "The Growth of the Odontoblasts of the Incisor Tooth as a Criterion of the Vitamin
     C Intake of the Guinea Pig: Five Figures"
  - Date Published: 01 May 1947.
  - First page of the article summarises "Canadian Government undertaking study to provide good source of vitamin c for soldiers during war time."

str(ToothGrowth) provided the technical information of the dataframe.

## Environment



view mycode

```
library(tidyverse)
library(ggpubr)
library(glue)
library(cowplot)
library(tinytex)
library(matrixStats)
downloadDate <- date()
glue("Simulation date is {downloadDate}")</pre>
```

## Simulation date is Thu May 21 12:29:30 2020

```
sessionInfo()
```

```
## R version 4.0.0 (2020-04-24)
## Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)
## Running under: Ubuntu 20.04 LTS
##
## Matrix products: default
```

```
/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/blas/libblas.so.3.9.0
## LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/lapack/liblapack.so.3.9.0
##
## locale:
##
   [1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8
                                    LC NUMERIC=C
                                    LC COLLATE=en US.UTF-8
##
   [3] LC TIME=en US.UTF-8
   [5] LC MONETARY=en US.UTF-8
                                    LC MESSAGES=en US.UTF-8
##
   [7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8
                                   LC NAME=C
##
   [9] LC_ADDRESS=C
                                    LC_TELEPHONE=C
## [11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
## attached base packages:
## [1] stats
                 graphics
                           grDevices utils
                                                datasets methods
                                                                     base
##
## other attached packages:
   [1] matrixStats_0.56.0 tinytex_0.23
                                               cowplot_1.0.0
                                                                   glue_1.4.1
##
   [5] ggpubr_0.3.0
                           forcats_0.5.0
                                               stringr_1.4.0
                                                                   dplyr_0.8.5
   [9] purrr 0.3.4
                           readr 1.3.1
                                               tidyr_1.1.0
                                                                   tibble_3.0.1
## [13] ggplot2_3.3.0
                           tidyverse_1.3.0
##
## loaded via a namespace (and not attached):
   [1] Rcpp_1.0.4.6
                          lubridate 1.7.8
                                                                assertthat_0.2.1
                                             lattice_0.20-41
##
   [5] digest_0.6.25
                          R6_2.4.1
                                             cellranger_1.1.0
                                                               backports_1.1.7
                                                                pillar 1.4.4
## [9] reprex_0.3.0
                          evaluate_0.14
                                             httr_1.4.1
## [13] rlang_0.4.6
                          curl_4.3
                                             readxl_1.3.1
                                                                rstudioapi_0.11
## [17] data.table_1.12.8 car_3.0-7
                                             rmarkdown 2.1
                                                                foreign_0.8-79
## [21] munsell_0.5.0
                                             compiler_4.0.0
                                                                modelr_0.1.8
                          broom_0.5.6
## [25] xfun_0.14
                          pkgconfig_2.0.3
                                             htmltools_0.4.0
                                                                tidyselect_1.1.0
## [29] rio_0.5.16
                          fansi_0.4.1
                                             crayon_1.3.4
                                                                dbplyr_1.4.3
                          grid_4.0.0
## [33] withr_2.2.0
                                             nlme_3.1-147
                                                                jsonlite_1.6.1
## [37] gtable_0.3.0
                          lifecycle_0.2.0
                                             DBI_1.1.0
                                                                magrittr_1.5
## [41] scales_1.1.1
                          zip_2.0.4
                                             cli_2.0.2
                                                                stringi_1.4.6
## [45] carData_3.0-3
                          ggsignif_0.6.0
                                             fs_1.4.1
                                                                xm12_1.3.2
## [49] ellipsis_0.3.1
                          generics_0.0.2
                                             vctrs_0.3.0
                                                                openxlsx_4.1.5
## [53] tools 4.0.0
                          hms 0.5.3
                                             abind_1.4-5
                                                                yaml_2.2.1
                                                                knitr_1.28
## [57] colorspace_1.4-1
                          rstatix_0.5.0
                                             rvest_0.3.5
## [61] haven 2.2.0
```

#### **Data Loading**

```
attach(ToothGrowth)
```

#### **Format**

ToothGrowth shows 60 observations on 3 variables

- len tooth length
- supp Supplement type (VC or OJ)
- dose in milligrams/day

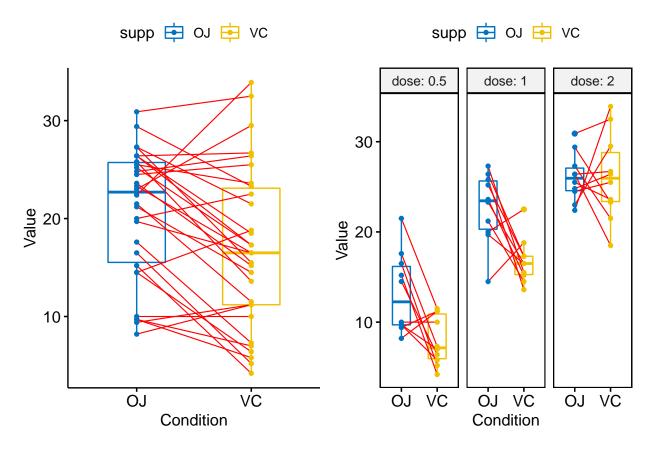
Using view(toothGrowth) we can see the following:

- range 1:30 len have a supp valuing "VC"
- range 31:60 len have a supp valuing "OJ"

#### str(ToothGrowth)

## summary(ToothGrowth)

## Exploring the data



The graph on the left tells us the following:

- The median is higher in OJ vs VC
- The range is more spread out in VC compared to OJ
- The OJ minimum point is higher than VC
- The VC max point is higher than OJ
- Look at the quantiles below to see the spread of data across the boxplot
- OJ quantiles between 50%-75% are in 22.70-25.725 vs. VC which are 16.5-23.1 the distance between them are also staggering 25.725-22.70=3.025 for OJ vs. 23.1-16.5=6.6. Mother nature is very effective at delivering vitamin C through OJ.

```
## $OJ
##
      Min. 1st Qu.
                      Median
                                 Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                   Max.
##
      8.20
              15.53
                       22.70
                                20.66
                                         25.73
                                                  30.90
##
##
   $VC
##
      Min.
           1st Qu.
                      Median
                                 Mean 3rd Qu.
                                                   Max.
##
              11.20
                       16.50
                                16.96
                                         23.10
                                                  33.90
```

The graph on the right tell us the following:

- The median increase as the dosage increase
- VC delivery method is not an effective way of sourcing vitamin c unless it reaches the dose 2 mg per day.
  - During wartime, carrying an orange juice vs. a tablet is probably a different story.

- Orange juice is very effective delivery method for vitamin c.
- The OJ range of the box plot on 2 mg decreases sign of diminishing returns?
- Their respective p-values
- Check-out the quantiles below

```
## : OJ
## : 0.5
##
    Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
   8.20 9.70 12.25 13.23 16.18 21.50
## -----
## : VC
## : 0.5
  Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
   4.20 5.95 7.15 7.98 10.90 11.50
## : OJ
## : 1
##
    Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
                                    Max.
  14.50 20.30 23.45 22.70 25.65
                                   27.30
## : VC
## : 1
##
    Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
                                    {\tt Max.}
  13.60 15.28 16.50 16.77 17.30 22.50
## : OJ
## : 2
    Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu.
   22.40 24.57 25.95
                       26.06 27.07
##
                                   30.90
## : VC
## : 2
##
    Min. 1st Qu. Median
                      Mean 3rd Qu.
                                    Max.
   18.50 23.38 25.95
                       26.14 28.80
                                   33.90
```

#### Hypothesis Testing

##

 $\mathrm{H0}=\mathrm{mean}$  of both OJ and VC are equal and when subtracted should equal 0 Ha != H0 There is a difference in mean for VC and OJ

```
OJ <- ToothGrowth %>% filter(supp=="0J")
VC <- ToothGrowth %>% filter(supp=="VC")

t.test(OJ$len,VC$len, paired = T, var.equal = T)

##
##
Paired t-test
```

```
## 1.408659 5.991341
```

## 95 percent confidence interval:

## t = 3.3026, df = 29, p-value = 0.00255

## data: OJ\$len and VC\$len

## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0

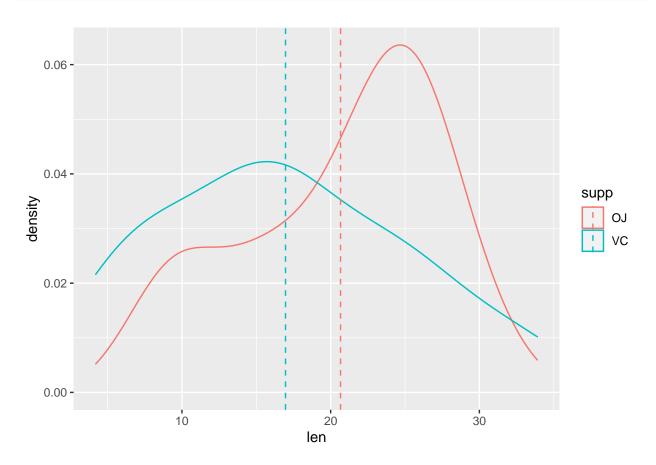
```
## mean of the differences
## 3.7

mu <- ToothGrowth %>% group_by(supp) %>% dplyr::summarise("means"=mean(len))

ggplot(data = ToothGrowth, aes(x=len, color = supp))+geom_density()+
    geom_vline(data=mu, aes(xintercept=means, color=supp),
```

## sample estimates:

linetype="dashed")

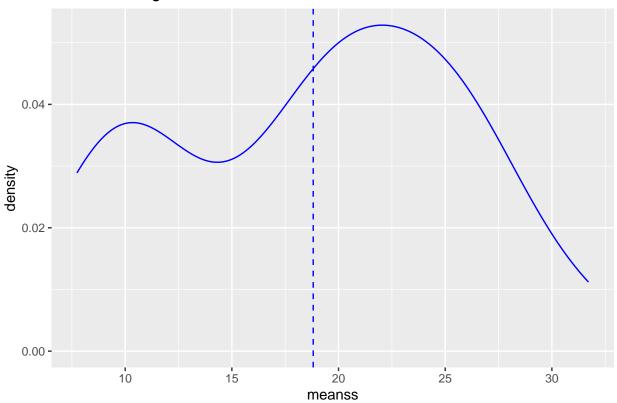


```
x <- OJ$len
y <- VC$len

OJVC <-data.frame(x,y)
combOJVC <- OJVC %>% mutate("meanss" =rowMeans(OJVC))
mu1<-mean(combOJVC$meanss)

ggplot()+geom_density(data = combOJVC, aes(x=meanss), color="blue")+geom_vline(xintercept = mu1, linety)</pre>
```

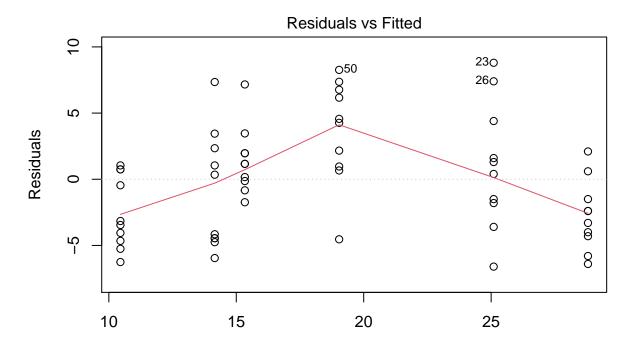
## OJ/VC Averages



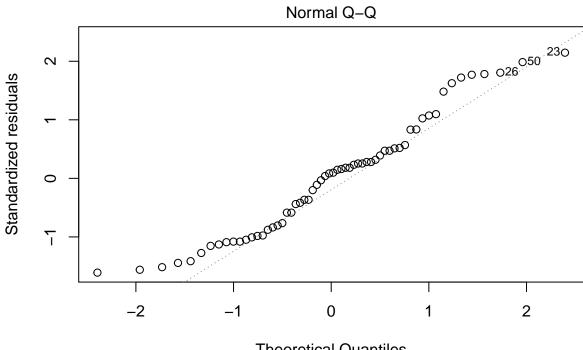
lmfit <- lm(ToothGrowth\$len~ToothGrowth\$supp+ToothGrowth\$dose)
summary(lmfit)</pre>

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ToothGrowth$len ~ ToothGrowth$supp + ToothGrowth$dose)
##
## Residuals:
##
     Min
             1Q Median
                           ЗQ
                                 Max
## -6.600 -3.700 0.373 2.116 8.800
##
## Coefficients:
##
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                           7.231 1.31e-09 ***
## (Intercept)
                       9.2725
                                  1.2824
                                  1.0936 -3.383
## ToothGrowth$suppVC -3.7000
                                                   0.0013 **
## ToothGrowth$dose
                       9.7636
                                  0.8768 11.135 6.31e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 4.236 on 57 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.7038, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6934
## F-statistic: 67.72 on 2 and 57 DF, p-value: 8.716e-16
```

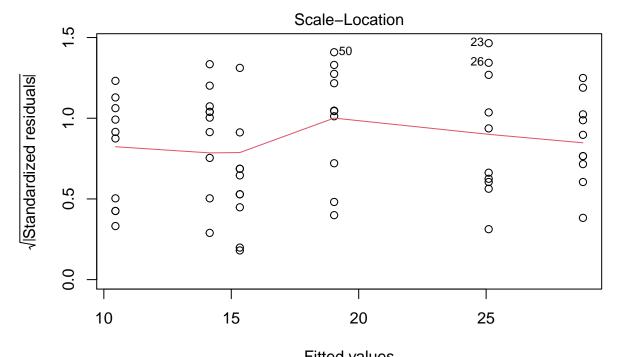
There is a statistically significant difference in means.



Fitted values
Im(ToothGrowth\$len ~ ToothGrowth\$supp + ToothGrowth\$dose)

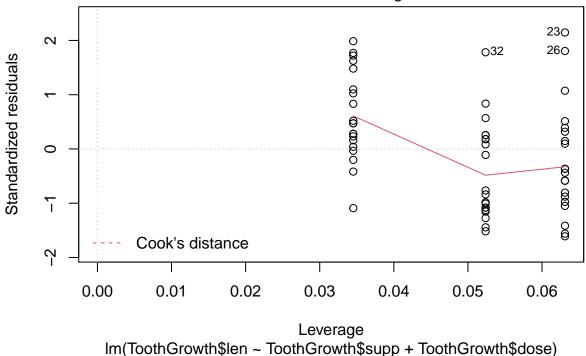


Theoretical Quantiles
Im(ToothGrowth\$len ~ ToothGrowth\$supp + ToothGrowth\$dose)



Fitted values
Im(ToothGrowth\$len ~ ToothGrowth\$supp + ToothGrowth\$dose)

## Residuals vs Leverage



Reject the null hypothesis because there are differences between the mean of OJ and VC.

```
OJdose_.5 <- ToothGrowth %>% filter(dose==0.5) %>% filter(supp=="0J")
VCdose_.5 <- ToothGrowth %>% filter(dose==0.5) %>% filter(supp=="VC")
t.test(OJdose_.5$len, VCdose_.5$len, paired = T, var.equal = T)
##
##
   Paired t-test
##
## data: OJdose_.5$len and VCdose_.5$len
## t = 2.9791, df = 9, p-value = 0.01547
\#\# alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
   1.263458 9.236542
## sample estimates:
## mean of the differences
OJdose_1 <- ToothGrowth %>% filter(dose==1.0) %>% filter(supp=="0J")
VCdose_1 <- ToothGrowth %>% filter(dose==1.0) %>% filter(supp=="VC")
t.test(OJdose_1$len, VCdose_1$len, paired = T, var.equal = T)
```

##

```
Paired t-test
##
## data: OJdose 1$len and VCdose 1$len
## t = 3.3721, df = 9, p-value = 0.008229
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 1.951911 9.908089
## sample estimates:
## mean of the differences
##
OJdose_2 <- ToothGrowth %>% filter(dose==2.0) %>% filter(supp=="0J")
VCdose_2 <- ToothGrowth %>% filter(dose==2.0) %>% filter(supp=="VC")
t.test(OJdose_2$len, VCdose_2$len, paired = T, var.equal = T)
##
##
   Paired t-test
##
## data: OJdose_2$len and VCdose_2$len
## t = -0.042592, df = 9, p-value = 0.967
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -4.328976 4.168976
## sample estimates:
## mean of the differences
##
                     -0.08
```

P-value is .967 not enough to reject the null hypothesis. The difference between OJ mean and VC Mean is -.08 is very close to 0 but still not equal to zero.

### Conclusion and Assumptions

There is a significant difference between tooth length and dose levels across different delivery methods. A higher dosage led to longer teeth. Based on our evidence, the orange juice delivery method is more effective than the alternative method. At dosage 2 mg, the OJ still has a comparable impact vs. VC but the effectiveness is not the same as the lower dosage. There is a .255% chance that H0 = Ha. This would be a very rare instance.

Our assumptions on the data - H0 = Ha The mean of OJlenandVClen are equal - They are paired samples T-test and their variance are equal.