```
In [0]: %matplotlib inline
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import nltk
        import string
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        %matplotlib inline
        import seaborn as sns
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn import model_selection
        from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
In [72]: from google.colab import drive
         drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
In [0]: # Getting data into a dataframe
        path="/content/drive/My Drive/Colab_Notebooks/ass14/preprocessed_data.csv"
        df = pd.read csv(path)
```

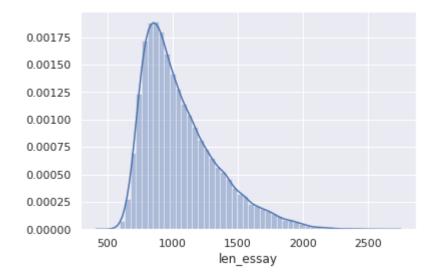
```
In [49]:
          df.head(5)
Out[49]:
             school_state teacher_prefix project_grade_category teacher_number_of_previously_posted_pro
           0
                                               grades_prek_2
                      ca
                                   mrs
           1
                      ut
                                   ms
                                                 grades_3_5
           2
                      ca
                                               grades_prek_2
                                  mrs
           3
                                               grades_prek_2
                      ga
                                  mrs
                      wa
                                  mrs
                                                 grades_3_5
In [50]:
          df.columns
Out[50]: Index(['school_state', 'teacher_prefix', 'project_grade_category',
                  'teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects', 'project_is_approved',
                  'clean_categories', 'clean_subcategories', 'essay', 'price'],
                dtype='object')
In [51]:
          df.shape
Out[51]: (109248, 9)
          #df = df.sample(n=40000)
          #project_data=project_data.tail(1000)
          #project_data.shape
```

Spliting dataset

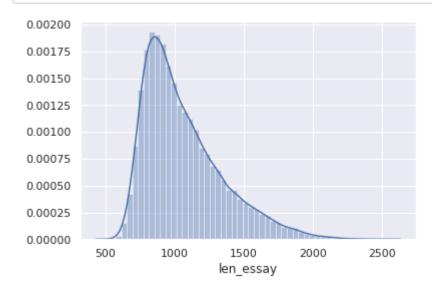
```
In [52]: y=df['project is approved']
         y.shape
Out[52]: (109248,)
In [53]: | features = df.drop(["project_is_approved"],axis=1)
         features.shape
Out[53]: (109248, 8)
In [0]: #https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model selection.tra
         in_test_split.html
         #split the data into train and test fo bag of words
         x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=model_selection.train_test_split(features,y,test
         size=0.33,stratify=y,random state=0)
         #split train into cross val train and cross val test
         #x_train,x_cv,y_train,y_cv=model_selection.train_test_split(x_t,y_t,test_size=
         0.3, random state=0)
In [55]: print(x train.shape)
         print("+++++++")
         print(x_test.shape)
         (73196, 8)
         +++++++++++
         (36052, 8)
In [0]: # Preparing Text Data As per Our Model
         x_train["len_essay"] = x_train["essay"].apply(len)
         x_test["len_essay"] = x_test["essay"].apply(len)
```

Distribution plot of essay dataset

```
In [57]: sns.set()
ax = sns.distplot(x_train["len_essay"])
```



In [59]: ax = sns.distplot(x_test["len_essay"])



```
In [0]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
    from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
    import string
    from nltk.corpus import stopwords
    from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
    from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer
    from gensim.models import Word2Vec
    from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
    import pickle
```

```
In [0]: # convert the sentences (strings) into integers
    from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
    tokenizer = Tokenizer(num_words=5000)
    tokenizer.fit_on_texts(x_train["essay"].tolist())
    sequences_train = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(x_train["essay"])
    sequences_test = tokenizer.texts_to_sequences(x_test["essay"])
```

In [61]: sequences_train

```
Out[61]: [[25,
             6,
             1759,
             30,
             1008,
             16,
             3225,
             12,
             1,
             24,
             802,
             1729,
             3,
             9,
             144,
             19,
             1196,
             1786,
             436,
             645,
             3126,
             46,
             1082,
             762,
             39,
             90,
             12,
             1,
             512,
             4302,
             807,
             191,
             1047,
             108,
             7,
             3786,
             1297,
             277,
             437,
             1,
             333,
             259,
             2707,
             205,
             44,
             36,
             59,
             597,
             568,
             2721,
             6,
             1698,
             129,
             1842,
             146,
             12,
```

133, 2505, 322, 3231, 6, 597, 9, 504, 2118, 3538, 2201, 1351, 2235, 1837, 258, 597, 139, 179, 333, 587, 385, 66, 10, 376, 2, 491, 321, 1, 239, 2235, 1659, 78, 16, 2, 24, 491, 110, 631, 1766, 76, 635, 2, 950, 11, 779, 1, 33, 137, 826, 398, 587, 4165, 3181, 232, 51, 547,

1,

19, 3, 2, 301, 34, 737, 518, 61, 981, 631, 2, 15, 117, 980, 31, 148, 117, 360, 483, 9, 100, 247, 936, 2, 34, 83, 313, 58, 2, 146, 3, 556, 748, 158, 2, 19, 432, 2, 19, 1, 199, 214, 182, 45, 262, 37, 58, 2, 8, 723, 1073, 86, 15, 6, 54, 924,

100,

677, 38, 270, 232, 587, 516, 5, 85, 2, 15, 2806, 942, 583, 1, 8, 40, 4521, 2011, 1572, 2, 15, 879, 929, 650, 80, 531, 264, 2, 15, 1056, 2, 603, 173, 453, 1053, 536, 40, 1, 375, 2, 15, 2868, 825, 117, 1, 360, 1659, 432, 66, 766, 398, 89, 2589, 2, 16, 50,

131,

```
3,
           1792,
           2360,
           1011,
           40,
           63,
           54,
           182,
           113,
           33,
           411,
           385,
           182,
           113,
           33,
           385,
           6,
           13],
           . . . ]
In [62]: print("No. of datapoints in X_train :",len(x_train))
          print("No. of datapoints in X_test :",len(x_test))
          print("Shape of Y_train :",y_train.shape)
          print("Shape of Y_test :",y_test.shape)
         No. of datapoints in X_train : 73196
         No. of datapoints in X_test : 36052
         Shape of Y_train : (73196,)
         Shape of Y_test : (36052,)
```

In [63]: # get word -> integer mapping word2idx = tokenizer.word index print('Found %s unique tokens.' % len(word2idx))

Found 48499 unique tokens.

```
In [0]: # importing required libraries
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
        import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        from keras.layers import Input, Embedding, LSTM, Dropout, BatchNormalization,
        Dense, concatenate, Flatten, Conv1D, MaxPool1D, LeakyReLU, ELU, SpatialDropout
        1D, MaxPooling1D, GlobalAveragePooling1D, GlobalMaxPooling1D
        from keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer, one_hot
        from keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
        from keras.models import Model, load_model
        from keras import regularizers
        from keras.optimizers import *
        from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, EarlyStopping, TensorBoard, Reduc
        eLROnPlateau
        from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer, CountVectorizer
        from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
        import tensorflow as tf
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        %matplotlib inline
        import re
        from tqdm import tqdm
        from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
        import seaborn as sns
        import pickle
```

```
In [65]: # truncate and/or pad input sequences
    max_review_length = 800
    encoded_train = pad_sequences(sequences_train,maxlen=max_review_length,padding
    ='post', truncating='post')
    encoded_test = pad_sequences(sequences_test, maxlen=max_review_length,padding=
    'post', truncating='post')
    print('Shape of train data tensor:', encoded_train.shape)
    print('Shape of test data tensor:', encoded_test.shape)

print(encoded_train[1])
```

```
0
     0
                       0
                                   0
                                         0
0
     0
                             0
                                                                             0
0
     0]
```

```
In [0]: # Loading Embedding File
         pickle_in = open("glove_vectors","rb")
         glove_words = pickle.load(pickle_in)
In [77]:
         MAX VOCAB SIZE=5000
```

```
num_words = min(MAX_VOCAB_SIZE, len(word2idx) + 1)
embedding_matrix = np.zeros((num_words, 300))
for word, i in word2idx.items():
  if i < MAX_VOCAB_SIZE:</pre>
    embedding_vector = glove_words.get(word)
    if embedding_vector is not None:
      # words not found in embedding index will be all zeros.
      embedding_matrix[i] = embedding_vector
print(num_words)
print("++++++")
print(embedding_matrix.shape)
```

5000 ++++++++ (5000, 300)

```
In [78]: # load pre-trained word embeddings into an Embedding Layer
         # note that we set trainable = False so as to keep the embeddings fixed
         MAX SEQUENCE LENGTH=800
         embedding layer = Embedding(
           num words,
           300,
           weights=[embedding matrix],
           input length=MAX SEQUENCE LENGTH,
           trainable=False
         )
         input_text = Input(shape=(MAX_SEQUENCE_LENGTH,),name="input_text")
         x = embedding_layer(input_text)
         x = LSTM(128,recurrent_dropout=0.5,kernel_regularizer=regularizers.12(0.001),r
         eturn sequences=True)(x) # dropout=0.5
         \# x = SpatialDropout1D(0.5)(x)
         flatten_1 = Flatten()(x)
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/ tensorflow_backend.py:66: The name tf.get_default_graph is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.get_default_graph instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/ tensorflow_backend.py:541: The name tf.placeholder is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.placeholder instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/ tensorflow_backend.py:4432: The name tf.random_uniform is deprecated. Please use tf.random.uniform instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/ tensorflow backend.py:190: The name tf.get default session is deprecated. Ple ase use tf.compat.v1.get_default_session instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/ tensorflow_backend.py:197: The name tf.ConfigProto is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.ConfigProto instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/backend/ tensorflow_backend.py:3733: calling dropout (from tensorflow.python.ops.nn_op s) with keep_prob is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Instructions for updating:

Please use `rate` instead of `keep_prob`. Rate should be set to `rate = 1 - k eep_prob`.

caregorical variable

```
In [79]: # Now will prepare all the remaining categorical features
# Teacher Prefix
no_of_unique_prefix = x_train["teacher_prefix"].nunique()
embedding_size_prefix = int(min(np.ceil((no_of_unique_prefix)/2), 50 ))
print('Unique Categories:', no_of_unique_prefix,'Embedding Size:', embedding_s
ize_prefix)

# Defining Input and Embedding Layer for the same

input_prefix = Input(shape=(1,),name="teacher_prefix")
embedding_prefix = Embedding(no_of_unique_prefix,embedding_size_prefix,name="emb_pre",trainable=True)(input_prefix)
flatten_2 = Flatten()(embedding_prefix)

lb = LabelEncoder()
encoder_prefix_train = lb.fit_transform(x_train["teacher_prefix"])
# encoder_prefix_cv = lb.transform(X_cv["teacher_prefix"])
encoder_prefix_test = lb.transform(x_test["teacher_prefix"])
```

Unique Categories: 5 Embedding Size: 3

```
In [80]: # School State
    no_of_unique_state = x_train["school_state"].nunique()
    embedding_size_state= int(min(np.ceil((no_of_unique_state)/2), 50 ))
    print('Unique Categories:', no_of_unique_state,'Embedding Size:', embedding_si
    ze_state)

# Defining Input and Embedding Layer for the same

input_state = Input(shape=(1,),name="school_prefix")
    embedding_state = Embedding(no_of_unique_state,embedding_size_state,name="emb_state",trainable=True)(input_state)
    flatten_3 = Flatten()(embedding_state)

encoder_state_train = lb.fit_transform(x_train["school_state"])
    # encoder_state_cv = lb.transform(X_cv["school_state"])
    encoder_state_test = lb.transform(x_test["school_state"])
```

Unique Categories: 51 Embedding Size: 26

```
In [81]: # For project_grade_category
no_of_unique_grade = x_train["project_grade_category"].nunique()
embedding_size_grade = int(min(np.ceil((no_of_unique_grade)/2), 50 ))
print('Unique Categories:', no_of_unique_grade,'Embedding Size:', embedding_si
ze_grade)

# Defining Input and Embedding Layer for the same
input_grade= Input(shape=(1,),name="grade_cat")
embedding_grade = Embedding(no_of_unique_grade,embedding_size_grade,name="emb_
grade",trainable=True)(input_grade)
flatten_4 = Flatten()(embedding_grade)

encoder_grade_train = lb.fit_transform(x_train["project_grade_category"])
# encoder_grade_cv = lb.transform(X_cv["project_grade_category"])
encoder_grade_test = lb.transform(x_test["project_grade_category"])
```

Unique Categories: 4 Embedding Size: 2

```
In [82]: # For clean_categories
         no_of_unique_subcat = x_train["clean_categories"].nunique()
         embedding size subcat = int(min(np.ceil((no of unique subcat)/2), 50 ))
         print('Unique Categories:', no_of_unique_subcat,'Embedding Size:', embedding_s
         ize_subcat)
         # Defining Input and Embedding Layer for the same
         input_subcat= Input(shape=(1,),name="sub_cat")
         embedding_subcat = Embedding(no_of_unique_subcat,embedding_size_subcat,name="e
         mb_subcat",trainable=True)(input_subcat)
         flatten 5 = Flatten()(embedding subcat)
         # encoder_subcat_train = lb.fit_transform(x_train["clean_categories"])
         # encoder_subcat_cv = lb.transform(X_cv["clean_categories"])
         # encoder_subcat_test = lb.transform(x_test["clean_categories"])
         le = LabelEncoder()
         le.fit(x_train["clean_categories"])
         x_test["clean_categories"] = x_test["clean_categories"].map(lambda s: '<unknow</pre>
         n>' if s not in le.classes else s)
         \# X_{cv}["clean\_categories"] = X_{cv}["clean\_categories"].map(lambda s: '<unknown
         >' if s not in le.classes_ else s)
         le.classes_ = np.append(le.classes_, '<unknown>')
         encoder subcat train = le.transform(x train["clean categories"])
         encoder_subcat_test= le.transform(x_test["clean_categories"])
         # encoder_subcat_cv = le.transform(X_cv["clean_categories"])
```

Unique Categories: 51 Embedding Size: 26

```
In [83]: # For clean subcategories
         no of unique_subcat_1 = x_train["clean_subcategories"].nunique()
         embedding size subcat 1 = int(min(np.ceil((no of unique subcat 1)/2), 50))
         print('Unique Categories:', no of unique subcat 1, 'Embedding Size:', embedding
         _size_subcat_1)
         # Defining Input and Embedding Layer for the same
         input_subcat_1= Input(shape=(1,),name="sub_cat_1")
         embedding_subcat_1 = Embedding(no_of_unique_subcat_1+1,embedding_size_subcat_1
         ,name="emb_subcat_1",trainable=True)(input_subcat_1)#adding +1
         flatten_6 = Flatten()(embedding_subcat_1)
         le = LabelEncoder()
         le.fit(x_train["clean_subcategories"])
         x_test["clean_subcategories"] = x_test["clean_subcategories"].map(lambda s: '<</pre>
         unknown>' if s not in le.classes_ else s)
         # X_cv["clean_subcategories"] = X_cv["clean_subcategories"].map(lambda s: '<un
         known>' if s not in le.classes else s)
         le.classes_ = np.append(le.classes_, '<unknown>')
         encoder_subcat_1_train = le.transform(x_train["clean_subcategories"])
         encoder_subcat_1_test= le.transform(x_test["clean_subcategories"])
         # encoder_subcat_1_cv = le.transform(X_cv["clean_subcategories"])
```

Unique Categories: 390 Embedding Size: 50

norm_train=norm.fit_transform(num_train)

norm test=norm.transform(num test)

numerical data

```
In [0]: # Now we will prepare numerical features for our model
    num_train_1=x_train['len_essay'].values.reshape(-1, 1)
    num_train_2=x_train['price'].values.reshape(-1, 1)
    num_train_3=x_train['teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects'].values.reshape(-1, 1)

    num_test_1=x_test['len_essay'].values.reshape(-1, 1)
    num_test_2=x_test['price'].values.reshape(-1, 1)
    num_test_3=x_test['teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects'].values.reshape(-1, 1)

    num_train=np.concatenate((num_train_1,num_train_2,num_train_3),axis=1)

    num_test=np.concatenate((num_test_1,num_test_2,num_test_3),axis=1)

In [0]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    norm=StandardScaler()
```

```
In [0]: # Defining the Input and Embedding Layer for the same
    num_feats = Input(shape=(3,),name="numerical_features")
    num_feats_ = Dense(100,activation="relu",kernel_initializer="he_normal",kernel
    _regularizer=regularizers.12(0.001))(num_feats)
```

```
In [0]: x_concatenate = concatenate([flatten_1,flatten_2,flatten_3,flatten_4,flatten_5
,flatten_6,num_feats_])
```

```
In [88]: print("Building Model-1")
         # x_concatenate = BatchNormalization()(x_concatenate)
         x = Dense(128,activation="relu", kernel_initializer="he_normal",kernel_regular
         izer=regularizers.12(0.001))(x_concatenate)
         # x=LeakyReLU(alpha=0.3)(x)
         x=Dropout(0.5)(x)
         x = Dense(256,activation="relu",kernel_initializer="he_normal",kernel_regulari
         zer=regularizers.12(0.001))(x)
         # x=LeakyReLU(alpha=0.3)(x)
         x=Dropout(0.5)(x)
         x = Dense(64,activation="relu", kernel_initializer="he_normal",kernel_regulari
         zer=regularizers.12(0.001))(x)
         x = BatchNormalization()(x)
         # x=LeakyReLU(alpha=0.3)(x)
         output = Dense(2, activation='softmax', name='output')(x)
         model_1 = Model(inputs=[input_text,input_prefix,input_state,input_grade,
                                  input_subcat,input_subcat_1,num_feats],outputs=[output
         ])
```

Building Model-1

9/24/2019

```
In [89]: # https://github.com/mmortazavi/EntityEmbedding-Working_Example/blob/master/En
         tityEmbedding.ipynb
         #https://stackoverflow.com/questions/36886711/keras-runtimeerror-failed-to-imp
         ort-pydot-after-installing-graphviz-and-pyd
         from keras.utils import plot_model
         import keras
         import pydotplus
         from keras.utils.vis_utils import model_to_dot
         #keras.utils.vis_utils.pydot = pydot
         #import pydot_ng as pydot
         plot_model(model_1, show_shapes=True, show_layer_names=True, to_file='model_1.
         png')
         from IPython.display import Image
         Image(retina=True, filename='model_1.png')
```

Out[89]:



```
In [0]: train_data_1 = [encoded_train,encoder_prefix_train,encoder_state_train,
                      encoder_grade_train,encoder_subcat_train,encoder_subcat_1_train,
        norm train]
        test_data_1 = [encoded_test,encoder_prefix_test,encoder_state_test,encoder_gra
        de_test,
                     encoder_subcat_test,encoder_subcat_1_test,norm_test]
        from keras.utils import np_utils
        Y_train = np_utils.to_categorical(y_train, 2)
        Y_test = np_utils.to_categorical(y_test, 2)
```

```
In [0]: checkpoint_1 = ModelCheckpoint("model_1.h5",
                                      monitor="val_loss",
                                      mode="min",
                                      save best only = True,
                                      verbose=1)
        earlystop_1 = EarlyStopping(monitor = 'val_loss',
                                     mode="min",
                                     min_delta = 0,
                                     patience = 2,
                                     verbose = 1,
                                     restore_best_weights = True)
        reduce_lr_1 = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor = 'val_loss', factor = 0.2, patience =
        1, verbose = 1, min_delta = 0.0001)
        tensorboard_1 = TensorBoard(log_dir='graph_1', histogram_freq=0, batch_size=51
        2, write_graph=True, write_grads=False, write_images=False, embeddings_freq=0,
        embeddings_layer_names=None, embeddings_metadata=None, embeddings_data=None, u
        pdate freq='epoch')
        callbacks_1 = [checkpoint_1,earlystop_1,tensorboard_1,reduce_lr_1]
```

```
In [0]: # Defining Custom ROC-AUC Metrics
        from sklearn.metrics import roc_auc_score
        def auc1(y_true, y_pred):
            if len(np.unique(y_true[:,1])) == 1:
                return 0.5
            else:
                return roc_auc_score(y_true, y_pred)
        def auroc(y_true, y_pred):
            return tf.py func(auc1, (y true, y pred), tf.double)
```

```
In [0]: | adam = Adam(lr=0.001, beta_1=0.9, beta_2=0.999, epsilon=None, decay=0.0, amsgr
        ad=False)
```

```
In [94]: model 1.compile(optimizer=adam, loss='categorical crossentropy', metrics=[auro
         c])
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/optimize rs.py:793: The name tf.train.Optimizer is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v 1.train.Optimizer instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From <ipython-input-92-a7e6cba44e56>:10: py_func (from ten sorflow.python.ops.script ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

0

- tf.py_func is deprecated in TF V2. Instead, there are two options available in V2.
 - tf.py_function takes a python function which manipulates tf eager tensors instead of numpy arrays. It's easy to convert a tf eager tensor t
 - an ndarray (just call tensor.numpy()) but having access to eager tensors means `tf.py_function`s can use accelerators such as GPUs as well as being differentiable using a gradient tape.
 - tf.numpy_function maintains the semantics of the deprecated tf.py_func (it is not differentiable, and manipulates numpy arrays). It drops the stateful argument making all functions stateful.

```
WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/ops/math_grad.py:1250: add_dispatch_support.<locals>.wrapper (from tensor flow.python.ops.array_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.
```

Instructions for updating:

Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where Train on 73196 samples, validate on 36052 samples

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/callback s.py:1122: The name tf.summary.merge_all is deprecated. Please use tf.compat. v1.summary.merge_all instead.

WARNING:tensorflow:From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/callback s.py:1125: The name tf.summary.FileWriter is deprecated. Please use tf.compa t.v1.summary.FileWriter instead.

```
Epoch 1/20
auroc: 0.5209 - val_loss: 0.9704 - val_auroc: 0.6374
Epoch 00001: val_loss improved from inf to 0.97041, saving model to model_1.h
Epoch 2/20
auroc: 0.6546 - val_loss: 0.7230 - val_auroc: 0.7188
Epoch 00002: val_loss improved from 0.97041 to 0.72301, saving model to model
1.h5
Epoch 3/20
auroc: 0.7148 - val_loss: 0.5958 - val_auroc: 0.7400
Epoch 00003: val_loss improved from 0.72301 to 0.59585, saving model to model
1.h5
Epoch 4/20
73196/73196 [============== ] - 307s 4ms/step - loss: 0.5477 -
auroc: 0.7338 - val_loss: 0.5348 - val_auroc: 0.7468
Epoch 00004: val_loss improved from 0.59585 to 0.53484, saving model to model
1.h5
Epoch 5/20
auroc: 0.7397 - val_loss: 0.4841 - val_auroc: 0.7482
Epoch 00005: val_loss improved from 0.53484 to 0.48410, saving model to model
1.h5
Epoch 6/20
auroc: 0.7465 - val_loss: 0.4550 - val_auroc: 0.7512
Epoch 00006: val_loss improved from 0.48410 to 0.45502, saving model to model
1.h5
Epoch 7/20
auroc: 0.7497 - val_loss: 0.4410 - val_auroc: 0.7508
Epoch 00007: val_loss improved from 0.45502 to 0.44101, saving model to model
```

_1.h5

```
Epoch 8/20
73196/73196 [============== ] - 305s 4ms/step - loss: 0.4304 -
auroc: 0.7486 - val_loss: 0.4317 - val_auroc: 0.7484
Epoch 00008: val_loss improved from 0.44101 to 0.43174, saving model to model
1.h5
Epoch 9/20
auroc: 0.7507 - val_loss: 0.4155 - val_auroc: 0.7521
Epoch 00009: val_loss improved from 0.43174 to 0.41553, saving model to model
1.h5
Epoch 10/20
auroc: 0.7540 - val_loss: 0.4182 - val_auroc: 0.7510
Epoch 00010: val_loss did not improve from 0.41553
Epoch 00010: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.000200000009499490
26.
Epoch 11/20
auroc: 0.7656 - val_loss: 0.4018 - val_auroc: 0.7538
Epoch 00011: val_loss improved from 0.41553 to 0.40177, saving model to model
1.h5
Epoch 12/20
auroc: 0.7720 - val_loss: 0.4001 - val_auroc: 0.7539
Epoch 00012: val_loss improved from 0.40177 to 0.40010, saving model to model
1.h5
Epoch 13/20
auroc: 0.7751 - val_loss: 0.4014 - val_auroc: 0.7520
Epoch 00013: val_loss did not improve from 0.40010
Epoch 00013: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 4.0000001899898055e-
05.
Epoch 14/20
auroc: 0.7859 - val_loss: 0.4003 - val_auroc: 0.7516
Epoch 00014: val_loss did not improve from 0.40010
Restoring model weights from the end of the best epoch
Epoch 00014: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 8.000000525498762e-0
Epoch 00014: early stopping
```

In [55]: print(model_1.summary())

Model: "model_1"

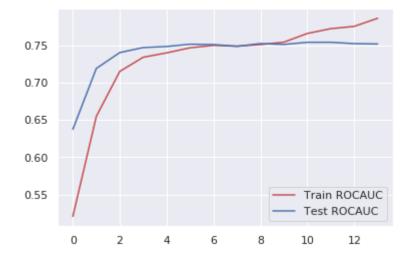
Layer (type)	•	Shape =======		
=======	(None,		0	
embedding_1 (Embedding) [0][0]	(None,	800, 300)	1500000	input_text
teacher_prefix (InputLayer)	(None,	1)	0	
school_prefix (InputLayer)	(None,	1)	0	
grade_cat (InputLayer)	(None,	1)	0	
sub_cat (InputLayer)	(None,	1)	0	
sub_cat_1 (InputLayer)	(None,	1)	0	
lstm_1 (LSTM) [0][0]	(None,	800, 128)	219648	embedding_1
emb_pre (Embedding) ix[0][0]	(None,	1, 3)	15	teacher_pref
emb_state (Embedding) x[0][0]	(None,	1, 26)	1326	school_prefi
emb_grade (Embedding) [0]	(None,	1, 2)	8	grade_cat[0]
emb_subcat (Embedding) [0]	(None,	1, 26)	1326	sub_cat[0]
emb_subcat_1 (Embedding) [0]	(None,	1, 50)	19550	sub_cat_1[0]
numerical_features (InputLayer)	(None,	3)	0	
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None,	102400)	0	lstm_1[0][0]

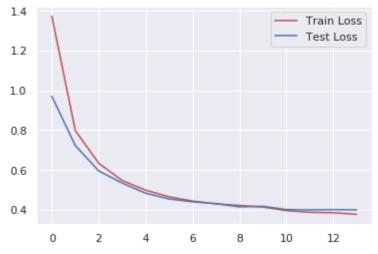
flatten_2 (Flatten) [0]	(None, 3)	0	emb_pre[0]
flatten_3 (Flatten) [0]	(None, 26)	0	emb_state[0]
flatten_4 (Flatten) [0]	(None, 2)	0	emb_grade[0]
flatten_5 (Flatten) [0][0]	(None, 26)	0	emb_subcat
flatten_6 (Flatten) [0][0]	(None, 50)	0	emb_subcat_1
dense_1 (Dense) atures[0][0]	(None, 100)	400	numerical_fe
<pre>concatenate_1 (Concatenate) [0]</pre>	(None, 102607)	0	flatten_1[0]
[0]			flatten_2[0]
[0]			flatten_3[0]
[0]			flatten_4[0]
[0]			flatten_5[0]
[0]			flatten_6[0]
[0]			dense_1[0]
dense_2 (Dense) 1[0][0]	(None, 128)	13133824	concatenate_
dropout_1 (Dropout) [0]	(None, 128)	0	dense_2[0]
dense_3 (Dense) [0]	(None, 256)	33024	dropout_1[0]
dropout_2 (Dropout) [0]	(None, 256)	0	dense_3[0]

```
dense 4 (Dense)
                                          (None, 64)
                                                                16448
                                                                            dropout 2[0]
         [0]
         batch normalization 1 (BatchNor (None, 64)
                                                                256
                                                                            dense 4[0]
         [0]
         output (Dense)
                                          (None, 2)
                                                                130
                                                                            batch normal
         ization 1[0][0]
         Total params: 14,925,955
         Trainable params: 13,425,827
         Non-trainable params: 1,500,128
         None
In [0]:
         my_model = load_model("model_1.h5", custom_objects={"auroc":auroc})
         project_status = {0:"Rejected",1:"Approved"}
In [0]:
         Y_pred = my_model.predict(test_data_1,batch_size=512)
In [0]:
In [0]:
         # took the function from https://nbviewer.jupyter.org/github/pranaya-mathur/Hu
         man-Activity-Recognition/blob/master/Human_Activity_Recognition.ipynb
         def confusion_matrix(Y_true, Y_pred):
             Y_true = pd.Series([project_status[y] for y in np.argmax(Y_test, axis=1)])
             Y_pred = pd.Series([project_status[y] for y in np.argmax(Y_pred, axis=1)])
             return pd.crosstab(Y_true, Y_pred, rownames=['True'], colnames=['Pred'])
In [60]:
         results = confusion_matrix(Y_test,Y_pred)
         results
Out[60]:
              Pred Approved Rejected
```

rieu	Approved	Rejecteu	
True			
Approved	30162	431	
Rejected	4825	634	

```
In [61]: plt.plot(history_1.history['auroc'], 'r')
         plt.plot(history_1.history['val_auroc'], 'b')
         plt.legend({'Train ROCAUC': 'r', 'Test ROCAUC':'b'})
         plt.show()
         plt.plot(history_1.history['loss'], 'r')
         plt.plot(history_1.history['val_loss'], 'b')
         plt.legend({'Train Loss': 'r', 'Test Loss':'b'})
         plt.show()
```





Model is overfitting because at end, train AUC(0.786) hs higher than test AUC(0.76)

```
In [0]:
```