1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53					
Sunday is:					
(a) 53/366	(b) 1/7	(c) 2/7	(d) 53/365		
2. A bag contain	s 3 red and 2 b	olue marbles. <i>I</i>	A marble is drawn at		
random. The pro	bability of draw	wing a black ba	all is :		
(a) 3/5	(b) 2/5	(c) $0/5$	(d) 1/5		
3. The probabilit	ty that it will ra	in tomorrow is	0.85. What is the		
probability that it					
			(d) none of these		
_	_		cted from the numbers		
(1, 2, 3,,15	•				
, ,	(b) 4/5	, ,	• •		
5. What are the					
* *	(b) 5		* *		
	-	number selec	ted at random from the		
numbers (1,2,3, .					
, ,	, ,	• •	5 (d) none of these		
7. The sum of th	_				
	(b) 1 (c)	, ,			
	-	are given; cho	ose the correct answer		
for that which is		( ) = .=	(1)		
			(d) none of these.		
		nultaneously, t	han the probability of		
getting at least two heads, is:  (a) $1/4$ (b) $3/8$ (c) $\frac{1}{2}$ (d) $1/8$					
10. A letter is cl					
*ASSASSINATI	UN. Ine pro		e letter chosen has: (d) none of these.		
(a) 6/13	(D) // 13	(C) I	(a) none of these.		
11 A dia a ia Hawa	Final Man	uahahilitu af as	-44:		
	=		etting an even number.		
(A) 2/3	(B) I	(C) 5/6	(D) 1/2		
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of					
getting both head		(D) 0			
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4	(C) 1/2	(D) 0			
13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a					

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sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9	(D) 4/9			
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.						
(A) 3/4	(B) 27/50	(C) 1/4	(D) 2	9/100		
15. A bag contains 5 red balls and some blue balls .If the probability of drawing a blue ball is double that of a red ball, then the number of blue balls in a bag is:						
(A) 5	(B) 10 (	C) 15	(D) 20			
taken out at non-defecti		this box. Then	the probabilit			
(A) 143/150	(B) 147/	(C) 1	1/25 (	D) 1/50		
17. Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box randomly, then the probability that the number on card is a perfect square.  (A) 9/100  (B) 1/10  (C) 3/10  (D) 19/100						
<b>18.</b> What is the probability of getting <b>53</b> Mondays in a leap year?  (A) 1/7  (B) 53/366  (C) 2/7  (D) 7/366						
19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit.  (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13						
20. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest pointing to one of the number 1,2,312 ,then the probability that it will point to an odd number is:  (A) 1/6 (B) 1/12 (C) 7/12 (D) 5/12						
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game.  (A) 3/4  (B) 1/2  (C) 1  (D) 1/4						

22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same birthday is the same birthday is:						
(A) 364/365	5 (B) 31/36	(C) 1/365	(D) 1/133225			
2. Then the	per x is chosen at probability that x (C) 3/	< <sup>2</sup> < 2 is?	e numbers -2, -1, 0 , 1,			
a marble is red is 2/3, t	drawn at random	from the jar, the of white marbles i	and others are white. If probability that it is in the jar is:			
Then the pr		s a m <mark>ultiple of 3</mark> a	t 50 natural numbers. and 4 is:			
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?						
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	d) $\frac{4}{21}$			
		n in 5 one day ma viation is	tches are 50, 70, 82,			
		c) 25.29	d) 25.69			
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.						
a) 13, 15	b) 13, 18	c) 18, 15	d) 13, 16			
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is						
a) $\frac{1}{2}$	b) $^{1}/_{3}$	c) $^{1}/_{4}$	_			
<b>30. X is a va</b> a) 8		and 3. The value c) 27	of E(X <sup>2</sup> ) is			
a) u	5) /	0) 21	u) s			
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?						

32.Out of t	_	alues, which	one is not poss	ible in		
a) $P(x) = 1$	p) Σ x	(P(x) = 3)				
c) $P(x) = 0$ .	b) ∑ x 5 d) P(	(x) = -0.5				
	= 2 and E(z) =	•	•			
a) 2	b) 6	c) 0	d) Ins	ufficient data		
34.The cov	ariance of two	o independent	random variab	le is		
a) 1	b) 0	c) - 1	d) Un	defined		
	) = <b>k</b> <sup>2</sup> – <b>8 then</b> b) 1			sufficient data		
, ,	<b>0.5 and x = 4</b> b) 0.5		d) 2			
37.In a discrete probability distribution, the sum of all probabilities is always?						
a) 0	b) Infinite	c) 1	d) Und	defined		
38.If the probability of hitting the target is 0.4, find mean and variance.						
	b) 0.6,	, 0.24	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 0.6, 0.16		
-	% and if 10 bo		ped, find mean	e will strike the and variance? d) 4, 1.6		
40. Find the mean of tossing 8 coins.						
a) 2	b) 4	c) 8	d) 1			
•		,	,	al distribution?		

c) 5

d) 7

a) 3

b) 4

•		and varia and varia		•				
		e of a rand b) E(X					d) (E(X))2	
	<b>43.Mean of a random variable X is given by</b> a) E(X) b) E(X2) c) E(X2) - (E(X))2 d) (E(X))2							
	44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0							
		of a cons b) a		c) a/2	• !	d) 1		
46.Find the mean and variance of X?								
	Х	0	1	2	3	4		
	f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9		
a) 2,	4/3	b) 3	3, 4/3	(	c) 2, 2/3		d) 3, 2/3	

47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?

	х	0	1	2	3	
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6	
a) (	0.5		b) 1.5		c) 2.5	d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

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b) npg

c) np2q

d) npq2

49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.** 

- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx

50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?** 

- a)  $\sqrt{np}$  b)  $\sqrt{pq}$  c) (np)2 d)  $\sqrt{npq}$