Introduction

7 questions

1 point

1.

In the equation $\frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}$, what does the f stands for:

- Distance between lens and object
- Force
- Distance between image plane and lens
- Focal Length

1 point

2.

If an object is originally in focus and then you start moving the image plane, what do you expect to happen:

- f = a + b
- Image starts blurring
- Image gets sharper
- $\frac{1}{f} \neq \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}$

| point |
|--|
| 3. The size of the projection of an object increases as the object distance from the lens increases. |
| True |
| False |
| 1 point |
| 4. Parallel lines in the world remain always parallel after projection. |
| True |
| - False |
| 1 point |
| 5. Parallel lines in the world remain parallel in the image plane when |
| the lines are perpendicular to the image plane |
| the lines are parallel to the image plane |
| 1 point 6. |
| A vanishing point in an image is the intersection of projections of parallel |
| lines in the world. There is at most one vanishing point in an image |

False

| 1 point | | |
|---|---|--|
| 7. The two parameters that we can directly control using the biperspectograph construction are: | | |
| F | ocal Length | |
| A | ingle between image plane and world plane | |
| | Pistance from the objects | |
| H | leight of the camera | |
| | | |
| 5 questions unanswered | | |
| Submit Quiz | | |

