

Aug 4

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Corollary 3 FFA gives \rightarrow max flow

Pr 10 given max flow f it's possible to compute a min cut in $O(m)$ time

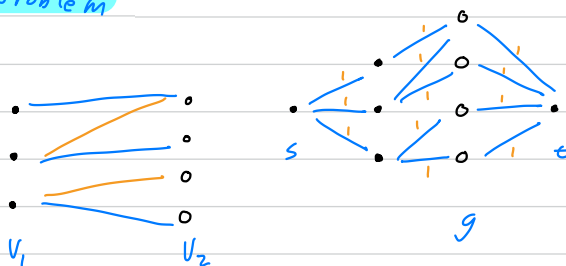
Proof

- 1) Find g_f $O(m)$
- 2) find conn comp of s in g_f $O(m)$

Max-Flow Min-Cut Theory \forall flow netw g , max value of an $s-t$ flow is equal to \sum of an $s-t$ cut minimum \sum ?

Biparte matching problem

$g = (V, E)$
 $V = V_1 \cup V_2$
 $V_1 \cap V_2 = \emptyset$
 $\forall e = (u, v) \in E$
 $u \in V_1, v \in V_2$



$g_0 = (V_0, E_0)$
 $V_0 = V \cup \{s, t\}$
 $\forall e = (u, v) \in E_0, c(e) = 1$

matchings $H = (u, D)$
if $H \subseteq g, u \subseteq V$ & $D \subseteq E$
 $\forall (u, v), (v, l) \in H \Rightarrow u \neq l$ & $v \neq l$

$E_0 = E \cup \{(s, u) : u \in V\} \cup \{(v, t) : v \in V_2\}$

Pr 1 If $f(e) = 1$ for $\forall e \in D$, then f is a flow in g_0 .

suppose \exists flow f w/ $V(f) = k$

$\forall e \in (E, u)$ & $\forall e \in (v, t)$ $f(e) = 1$
 $u \in V_1 \cap V, v \in V_2 \cap V$ $f(h) = 0$

Pr 2 If $\forall e \in E$ are whole #s
then \exists max flow f with $v(f)$ whole #

Cor 1 If flow f in G , $f(e) = \begin{cases} 0 \end{cases}$

Cor 2 If $M \subseteq E$ & $M = \{e \in E \text{ s.t. } f(e) = 1\}$,
then $|M| = k$

Pr 3 a) $\forall v \in U \cap V_1$, \exists only 1 edge (v, u) with $u \in U \cap V_2$
b) If $f(e) = 1$ & $e = (s, v)$, then \exists only 1 (v, u) with $u \in V_2$
 $f(v, u) = 1$
Follows from the consist condition

Pr 4 a) $\forall u \in U \cap V_2$ \exists only 1 (v, u) with $v \in U \cap V_1$,
b) If $f(e)$ & $e = (u, t)$, then \exists only 1 (v, u) s.t.
 $v \in V_1$ & $f(v, u) = 1$

Th 1 The size of max matchings in G is to the value of max flow.

$G \rightarrow G_0 \xrightarrow{\text{FFA}} f_{\max} \rightarrow \text{max matchings}$

$$|V_1| = |V_2| = n$$

If max matchings $|D| = n$

(u, D)

$$A \subseteq V_1, \quad \Gamma(A) = \{v \in V_2 \text{ s.t. } \exists u \in A (u, v) \in E\}$$

Th 2 If $|V_1| = |V_2|$, then either \exists a perfect match or

$$\exists A \subseteq V_1 \text{ s.t. } |\Gamma(A)| < |A|$$

Circulation with demands

$g = (V, E)$ demands $d: V \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$
integers

$$S = \{v \in V \text{ s.t. } d(v) < 0\}$$

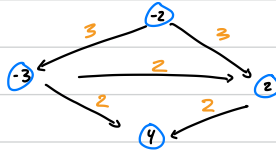
supply

$$T = \{v \in V \text{ s.t. } d(v) > 0\}$$

demand

sources $v \quad d(v) < 0$

sinks $v \quad d(v) > 0$



capacity $c: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$

circulation $f: E \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^+$

Feasible Circulation

1) capacity cond $0 \leq f(e) \leq c(e) \quad \forall e \in E$

2) demand cond $\forall v \in V \quad f^{\text{in}}(v) - f^{\text{out}}(v) = d(v)$

Pr1 If \exists feas circ f with dem d , then $\sum_{v \in V} d(v) = 0$

Proof $\sum_v d(v) = \sum_{v \in V} (f^{\text{in}}(v) - f^{\text{out}}(v))$

$$f(e) \quad u \xrightarrow{e} v$$

Color 1 $\sum_{d(v) > 0} d(v) = \sum_{d(v) < 0} (-d(v)) = D$