4-1)

a. 
$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n^4 = \theta(n^4)$$
, master theorem case a < b<sup>k</sup>, 2 < 2<sup>4</sup>

b. 
$$T(n) = T(7n/10) + n = \theta(n)$$
, master theorem case a < b<sup>k</sup>, 1 < 10/7

c. 
$$T(n) = 16T(n/4) + n^2 = \theta(n^2 \log(n))$$
, master theorem case a = b<sup>k</sup>, 4<sup>2</sup>=16

d. 
$$T(n) = 7T(n/3) + n^2 = \theta(n^2)$$
, master theorem case a < b<sup>k</sup>, 7 < 3<sup>2</sup>

e. 
$$T(n) = 7T(n/2) + n^2 = \theta(n^{\log_2(7)})$$
, master theorem case a > b<sup>k</sup>, 7 > 2<sup>2</sup>

f. 
$$T(n) = 2T(n/4) + \sqrt{n} = \theta(\sqrt{n}\log(n))$$
, master theorem case a=b<sup>k</sup>, 2 =  $\sqrt{4}$ 

g. Using iteration : 
$$T(n) = n^2 + T(n-2) + = n^2 + (n-1)^2 + T(n-3) = n^2 + (n-1)^2 + \dots + 1 + T(1) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} i^2 + T(1) = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} + T(1) = \theta(n^3)$$