

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

Edexcel Certificate

Centre Number

Candidate Number

**Edexcel
International GCSE**

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Mathematics A

Paper 3H



Higher Tier

Friday 11 May 2012 – Afternoon

Time: 2 hours

Paper Reference

4MA0/3H

KMA0/3H

Total Marks

You must have:

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need.*
- **Calculators may be used.**
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page.
Anything you write on the formulae page will gain **NO** credit.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.*

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶

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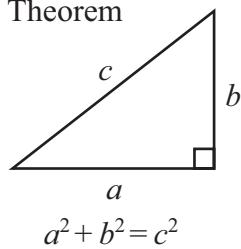
6/6/6/4/4/3



PEARSON

FORMULAE SHEET – HIGHER TIER

Pythagoras' Theorem

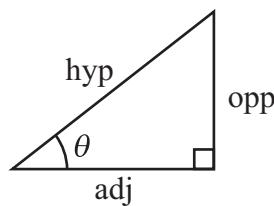
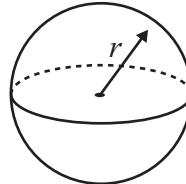
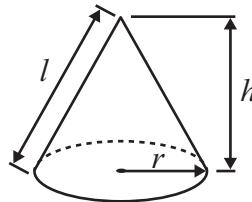


$$\text{Volume of cone} = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Volume of sphere} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$\text{Curved surface area of cone} = \pi r l$$

$$\text{Surface area of sphere} = 4\pi r^2$$



$$\text{adj} = \text{hyp} \times \cos \theta$$

$$\text{opp} = \text{hyp} \times \sin \theta$$

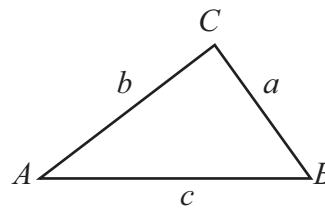
$$\text{opp} = \text{adj} \times \tan \theta$$

$$\text{or } \sin \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adj}}{\text{hyp}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{\text{opp}}{\text{adj}}$$

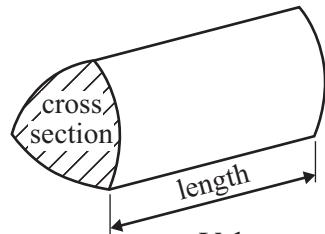
In any triangle ABC



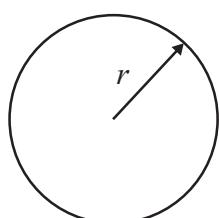
$$\text{Sine rule: } \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\text{Cosine rule: } a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$



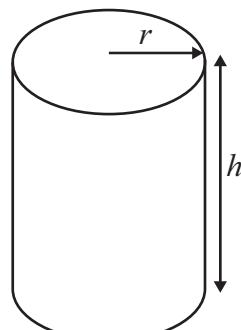
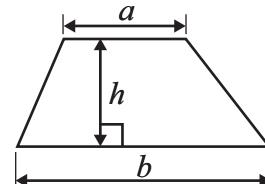
$$\text{Volume of prism} = \text{area of cross section} \times \text{length}$$



$$\text{Circumference of circle} = 2\pi r$$

$$\text{Area of circle} = \pi r^2$$

$$\text{Area of a trapezium} = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$$



$$\text{Volume of cylinder} = \pi r^2 h$$

$$\text{Curved surface area of cylinder} = 2\pi r h$$

The Quadratic Equation
The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, where $a \neq 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$



Answer ALL TWENTY ONE questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

- 1 (a) The length of an Airbus A300 aeroplane is 54 m.
The ratio of the length of this aeroplane to its wingspan is 6 : 5

Work out the wingspan of the aeroplane.

..... m
(2)

- (b) A model is made of the Airbus A300 aeroplane.
The length of the model is 36 cm.
The length of the real aeroplane is 54 m.

Find the ratio of the length of the model to the length of the real aeroplane.
Give your ratio in the form $1:n$

1 :
(3)

(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)

Do NOT write in this space.



2

$$A = 2x^2 + kx$$

- (a) $x = -3$
 $k = 4$

Work out the value of A .

$$A = \dots$$

(2)

- (b) $A = 38$
 $x = 4$

Work out the value of k .

$$k = \dots$$

(3)

(Total for Question 2 is 5 marks)

Do NOT write in this space.



3 (a) Write $2^3 \times 2^6$ as a single power of 2

.....
(1)

(b) Write $\frac{3^9}{3^4}$ as a single power of 3

.....
(1)

(c) $\frac{5^n}{5^4 \times 5^6} = 5^3$

Find the value of n .

$n =$
(2)

(Total for Question 3 is 4 marks)

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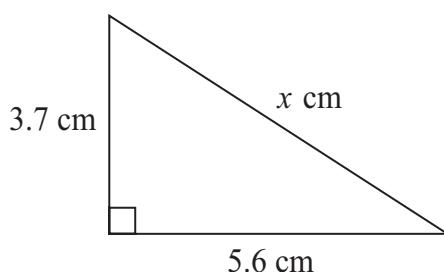
4

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

Work out the value of x .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$x = \dots$$

(Total for Question 4 is 3 marks)

- 5** Three positive whole numbers have a mean of 4 and a range of 7

Find the three positive whole numbers.

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)



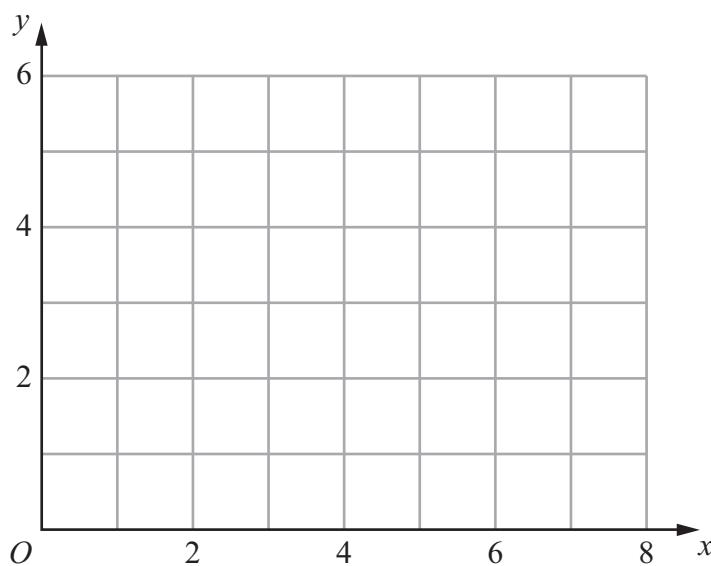
- 6 Show, by shading on the grid, the region defined by all three of the inequalities

$$x \leqslant 5$$

$$y \geqslant 3$$

$$y \leqslant x$$

Label your region **R**.



(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)

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7

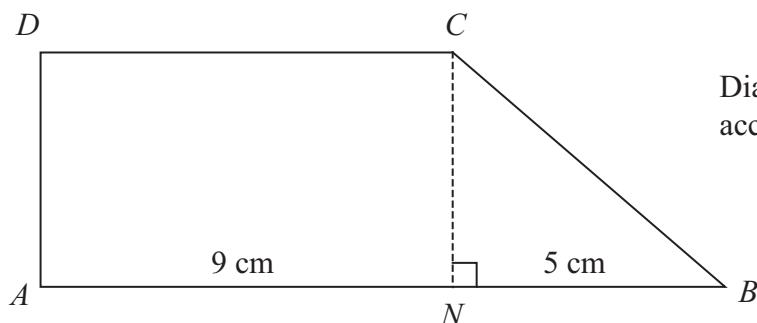


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

The shape $ABCD$ is made from a rectangle $ANCD$ and the right-angled triangle NBC .

ANB is a straight line.

$AN = 9 \text{ cm}$.

$NB = 5 \text{ cm}$.

The area of rectangle $ANCD$ is 36 cm^2

Work out the area of shape $ABCD$.

..... cm^2

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

Do NOT write in this space.



- 8 On 9th May, 2009, there were 3440 people in the world with swine flu. Of these people, 1639 were in the USA.

- (a) Express 1639 as a percentage of 3440
Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

.....%
(2)

The 3440 people who had swine flu on 9th May was an increase of 37.6% on the number of people who had swine flu on 8th May.

- (b) Calculate the number of people who had swine flu on 8th May.

.....
(3)

(Total for Question 8 is 5 marks)

Do NOT write in this space.



- 9** (a) Solve $3(2x - 1) = 6$
Show clear algebraic working.

$$x = \dots \quad (3)$$

(b) Solve $\frac{2y+1}{3} = \frac{y-2}{4}$

Show clear algebraic working.

$$y = \dots \quad (4)$$

(Total for Question 9 is 7 marks)

- 10** The table shows information about the number of peas in each of 25 pods.

Number of peas	1	2	3	4	5	6
Number of pods	3	6	5	8	2	1



- (a) Work out the mean number of peas in the 25 pods.

$$\dots \quad (3)$$



- (b) Tariq puts the 25 pods in a bag.
He takes at random one of the pods.

Find the probability that he takes a pod with 3 peas or a pod with 4 peas.

.....
(2)

- (c) Laila puts the 25 pods in a bag.
She takes at random two pods without replacement.

Calculate the probability that

- (i) there are 3 peas in each of the two pods she takes,

- (ii) there is a total of 4 peas in the two pods she takes.

.....
(5)

(Total for Question 10 is 10 marks)



11

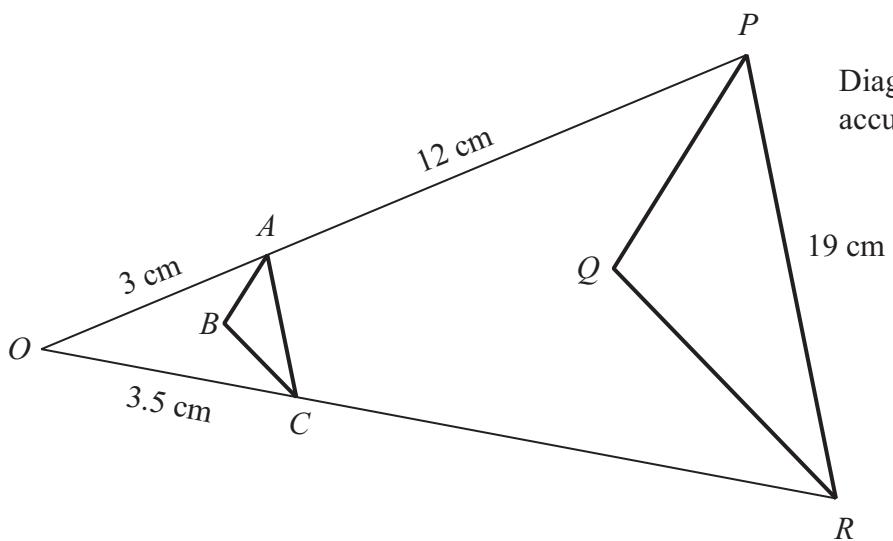


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

Triangle PQR is an enlargement, centre O , of triangle ABC .

OAP and OCR are straight lines.

$$OA = 3 \text{ cm}.$$

$$AP = 12 \text{ cm}.$$

$$OC = 3.5 \text{ cm}.$$

$$PR = 19 \text{ cm}.$$

- (a) Work out the length of CR .

..... cm

(2)

- (b) Work out the length of AC .

..... cm

(3)

The area of triangle ABC is 2 cm^2

- (c) Work out the area of triangle PQR .

..... cm^2

(2)

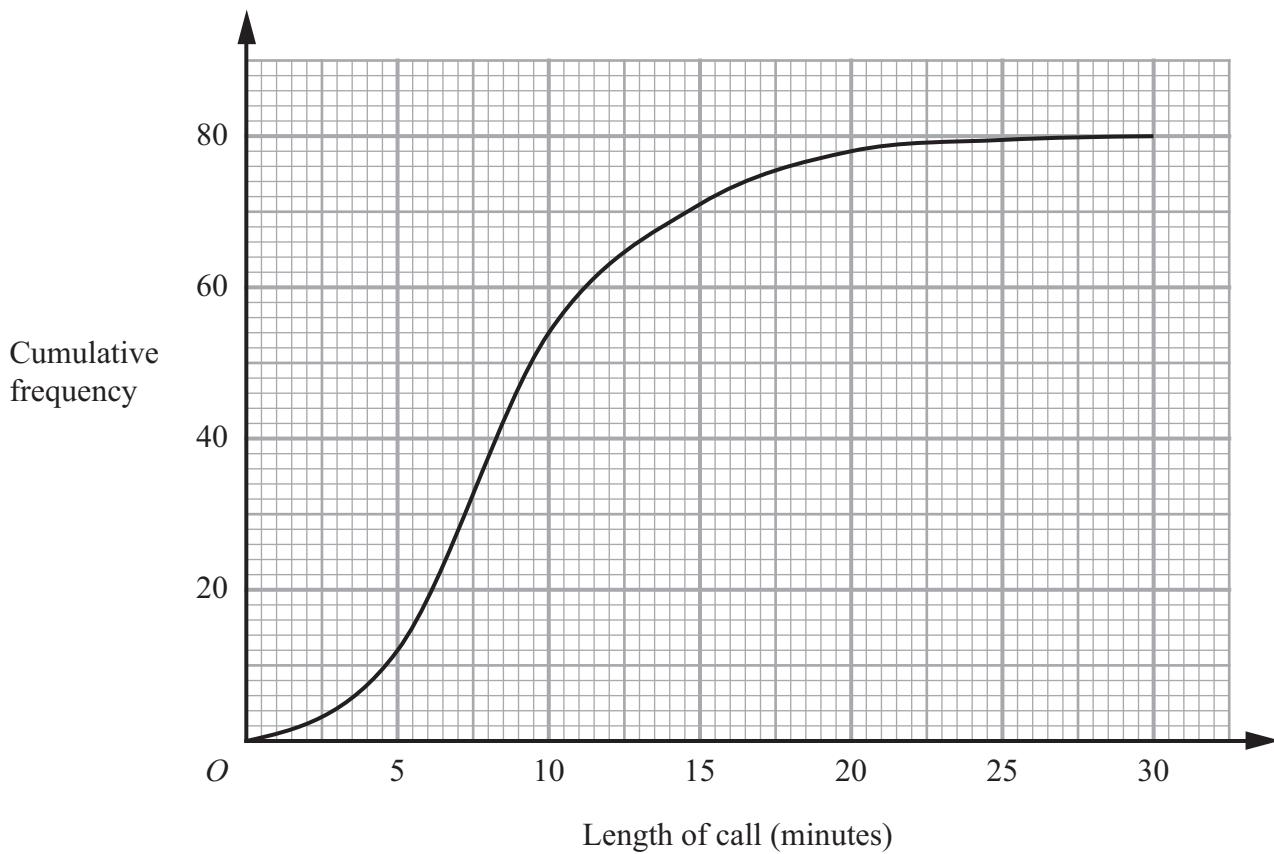
(Total for Question 11 is 7 marks)

12



P 4 0 6 6 0 A 0 1 2 2 4

- 12 The cumulative frequency graph gives information about the lengths, in minutes, of 80 telephone calls.



- (a) Find an estimate for the number of calls which were longer than 15 minutes.

..... (2)

- (b) Find an estimate for the interquartile range of the lengths of the 80 calls.

..... minutes

(2)

(Total for Question 12 is 4 marks)

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13

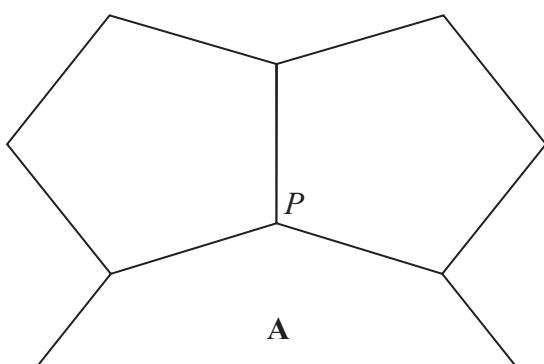


Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

The diagram shows two congruent regular pentagons and part of a regular n -sided polygon A.

Two sides of each of the regular pentagons and two sides of A meet at the point P.

Calculate the value of n .

Show your working clearly.

$n = \dots$

(Total for Question 13 is 5 marks)

14



- 14 (a) The equation of a line \mathbf{L} is $2x - 3y = 6$
Find the gradient of \mathbf{L} .

.....
(3)

- (b) Find the equation of the line which is parallel to \mathbf{L} and passes through
the point $(6, 9)$.

.....
(2)

(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)

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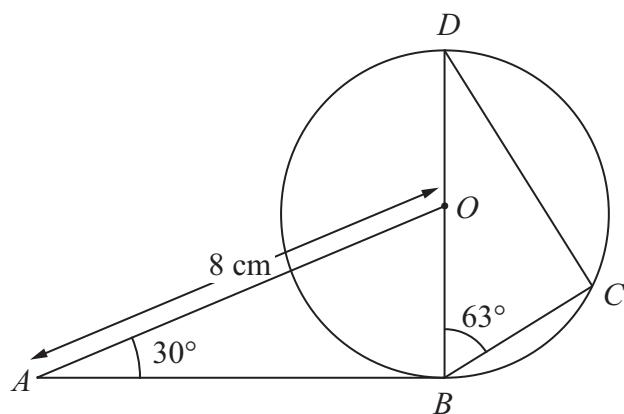
15

Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

B, C and D are points on a circle, centre O .

BOD is a diameter of the circle.

AB is the tangent to the circle at B .

$AO = 8 \text{ cm}$. Angle $BAO = 30^\circ$ Angle $CBD = 63^\circ$

Calculate the length of BC .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

16

P 4 0 6 6 0 A 0 1 6 2 4

- 16 The population of India increased by 20% between 1989 and 1999.
The population of India increased by a further 17% between 1999 and 2009.

Calculate the percentage by which the population of India increased between 1989 and 2009.

.....%

(Total for Question 16 is 3 marks)

- 17 (a) Simplify $(3a^2b)^4$

.....(2)

- (b) Simplify $(9c^8)^{\frac{1}{2}}$

.....(2)

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)



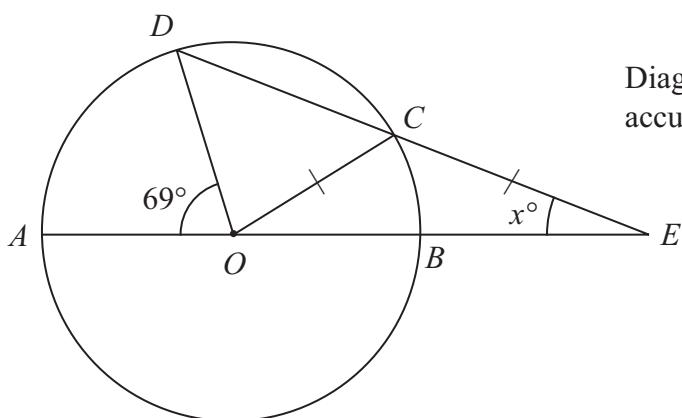
18

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

A, B, C and D are points on a circle, centre O .

$AOBE$ and DCE are straight lines.

$CO = CE$.

Angle $AOD = 69^\circ$

Angle $CEO = x^\circ$

Calculate the value of x .

Show your working clearly.

$$x = \dots$$

(Total for Question 18 is 6 marks)



19

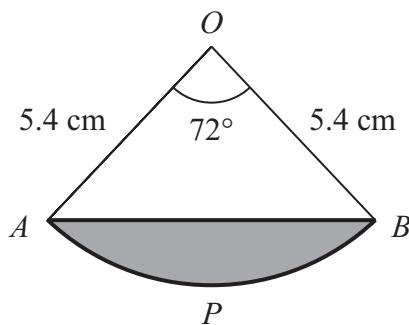


Diagram NOT
accurately drawn

The diagram shows a sector $OAPB$ of a circle, centre O .

AB is a chord of the circle.

$OA = OB = 5.4$ cm.

Angle $AOB = 72^\circ$

Calculate the area of the shaded segment APB .

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm^2

(Total for Question 19 is 5 marks)



P 4 0 6 6 0 A 0 1 9 2 4

20 Correct to 2 decimal places, the volume of a solid cube is 42.88 cm^3

Calculate the lower bound for the surface area of the cube.

..... cm^2

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

Do NOT write in this space.



21 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y = 2x^2$$

$$y = 20 - 3x$$

Show clear algebraic working.

(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)

(TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS)

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