Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname   Other names

**Pearson Edexcel
International GCSE**

Centre Number   Candidate Number

Thursday 7 January 2021

Morning (Time: 2 hours)   Paper Reference **4MA1/1F**

Mathematics A

**Paper 1F
Foundation Tier**

You must have:
Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

Total Marks

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  – *there may be more space than you need*.
- **Calculators may be used.**
- You must **NOT** write anything on the formulae page.
  Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  – *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question*.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶
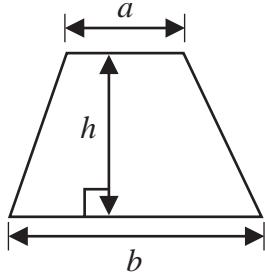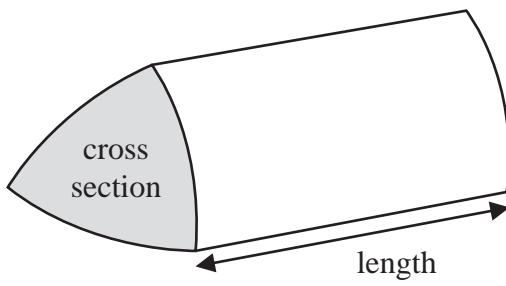
Pearson

International GCSE Mathematics

Formulae sheet – Foundation Tier

Area of trapezium $= \dfrac{1}{2}(a + b)h$
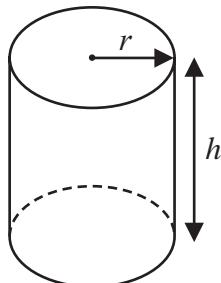
Volume of prism = area of cross section × length

Volume of cylinder $= \pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cylinder $= 2\pi r h$

Answer ALL TWENTY SIX questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 The table shows the height, in metres, of each of seven volcanoes.

Volcano	Height (metres)
Acamarachi	6046
Bazman	3490
Dona Juana	4150
Kamen	4585
Mount Ararat	5137
Ojos del Salado	6893
Semeru	3676

(a) Which of these volcanoes has the greatest height?

.... Ojos del Salado ①

(1)

(b) Write down the value of the 8 in the number 4585

tens

80 ①

(1)

(c) Write the number 6046 in words.

① six thousand and forty six

....

(1)

(d) Write the number 5137 correct to the nearest hundred.

3 < 5, so we round down

① 5100

....

(1)

(e) Work out the difference in the height of the Acamarachi volcano and the height of the Semeru volcano.

6046 − 3676 = 2370

① 2370 .... metres

(1)

(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)
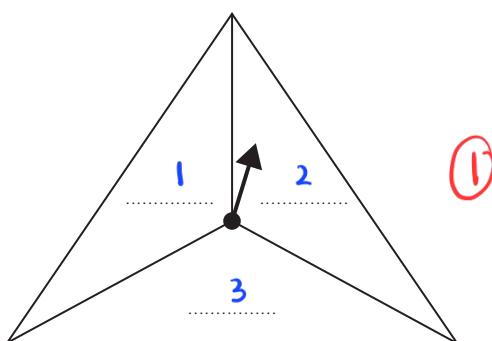
2 Sandeep is designing some 3-sided spinners.
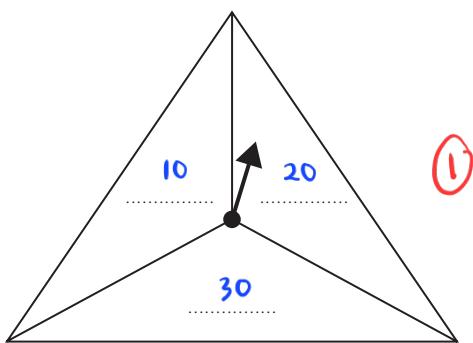
He is going to spin each spinner once.

(a) (i) Write a different number on each dotted line so that when the spinner is spun it is **impossible** that the spinner will land on a number greater than 9

1   2

3

(1)
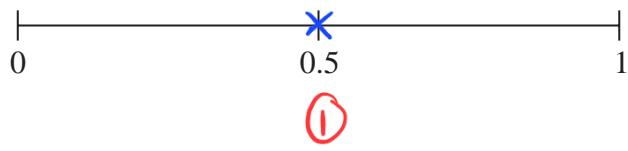
(ii) Write a different number on each dotted line so that when the spinner is spun it is **certain** that the spinner will land on a multiple of 10

10   20

30

(1)

The likelihood of an outcome is **evens**.

(b) On the probability scale, mark with a cross (✕) the probability of this outcome.

0   0.5   1

(1)
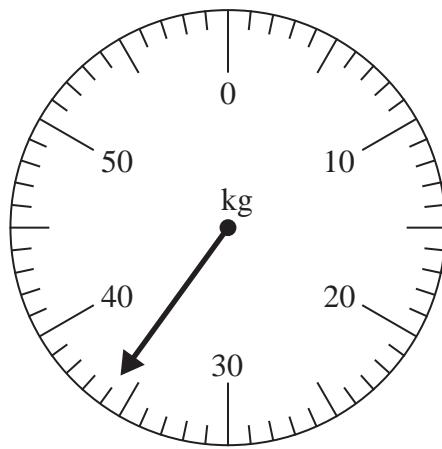
(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)

3   Amir is going on holiday.

He weighs his suitcase on the weighing scales at the airport.
The reading on the scale gives the weight of Amir's suitcase.

An excess luggage charge has to be paid when the weight of a suitcase is greater than 25 kg.
This charge is 7.45 euros for each kilogram over the 25 kg limit.

Work out the excess luggage charge that Amir has to pay.

Amir's luggage weight = 36 kg

36 − 25 = 11 kg

11 × 7·45 euros = 81·95

②

81.95 ① .... euros

(Total for Question 3 is 3 marks)

4   (a) Write 0.57 as a fraction.

$$\frac{57}{100}$$

$$\frac{57}{100}$$ ①

....

(1)

(b) Write 0.02 as a percentage.

$$0.02 \times 100\% = 2\%$$

2 ①

.... %

(1)

(c) Write $\frac{72}{84}$ as a fraction in its simplest form.

$$\frac{72 \div 12}{84 \div 12} = \frac{6}{7}$$

$$\frac{6}{7}$$ ①

....

(1)

(d) Write $\frac{22}{5}$ as a mixed number.

$$5\overline{)22} \quad \begin{array}{c} 4 \\ \underline{20} \\ 2 \end{array} \qquad 4\frac{2}{5}$$

$$4\frac{2}{5}$$ ①

....

(1)

(e) Work out $\frac{1}{8}$ of 624

$$\frac{1}{8} \times 624 = 78$$

78 ①

....

(1)

(Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)
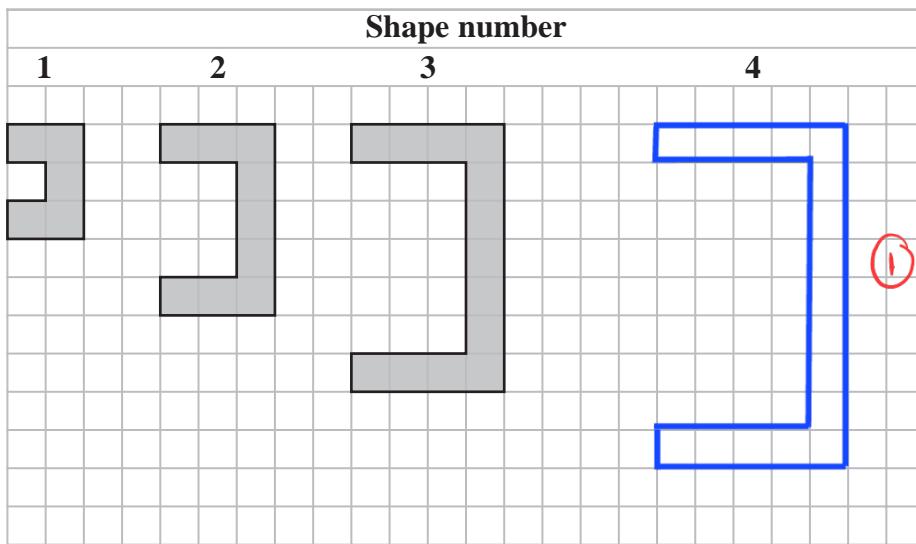
5 A sequence of shapes is made by shading squares on a square grid.

Shape number			
1	2	3	4

(a) On the grid, draw Shape number 4

(1)

(b) Complete the table.

Shape number	1	2	3	4	5
Number of shaded squares	5	9	13	17	21

(1)

(c) Find the number of shaded squares in Shape number 8

$8^{th} \text{ term} = a + (n-1)d$

$= 5 + (7)4$

$= 33$

33

(1)

(d) Explain why no shape in the sequence is made by shading exactly 50 squares.

The numbers of shaded squares are odd numbers

(1)

(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)

6 Nav makes bracelets using cord.

Nav has a 6 metre length of cord.
Each bracelet needs 17.5 cm of cord.

Work out the greatest number of bracelets that Nav can make.

$$1m = 100\ cm$$

$$6m = 600\ cm \quad ①$$

$$600 \div 17.5 = 34.285\ldots \quad ①$$

round to the nearest integer

$$= 34 \quad ①$$

34

(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)

7 (a) Simplify $10x + 4y + 3x - 6y$

$$= 10x + 4y + 3x - 6y$$

$$= 10x + 3x + 4y - 6y$$

$$= 13x - 2y \quad ②$$

13x − 2y

(2)

(b) Solve $2n + 5 = 16$

$$2n + 5 = 16$$

$$2n = 16 - 5 \quad ①$$

$$= 11$$

$$n = \frac{11}{2}$$

$$n = 5.5 \quad ①$$

$n =$ 5.5

(2)

(Total for Question 7 is 4 marks)

8 The two-way table shows some information about the 60 noodle meals eaten in a noodle bar by each of 60 people last Friday.

Type of noodle

	Ramen	**Soba**	**Udon**	**Total**
Boiled	18	5	8	31
Fried	10	12	7	29
Total	28	17	15	60

(a) Complete the two-way table.

(3)

One of the 60 people is selected at random.

(b) Write down the probability that this person ate Fried Udon noodles.

$\frac{7}{60}$

.... $\frac{7}{60}$

(1)
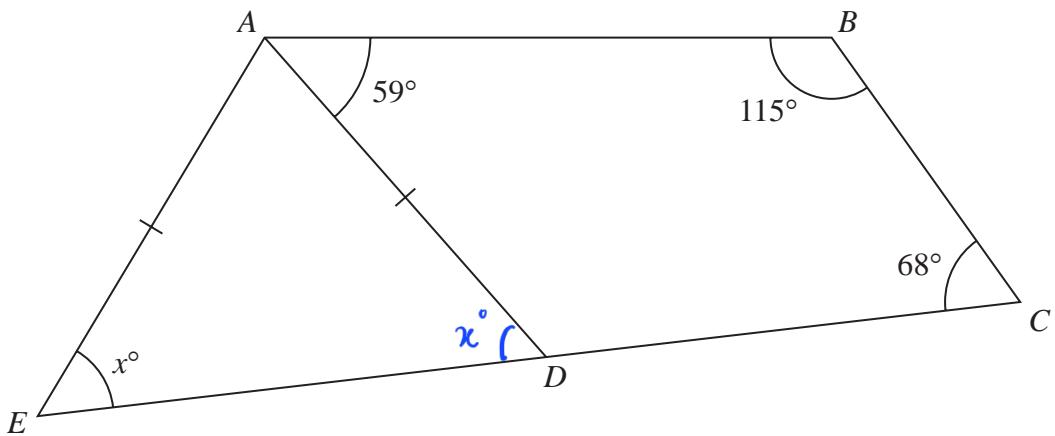
(Total for Question 8 is 4 marks)

Turn over ▶

9 The diagram shows quadrilateral *ABCD* and isosceles triangle *ADE*, where *AE* = *AD*.

EDC is a straight line.

Work out the value of *x*.
Give a reason for each stage of your working.

$$\angle ADE = x^\circ$$

(the base angles of an isosceles angle are equal)

$$\angle ADC = 360^\circ - 115^\circ - 68^\circ - 59^\circ$$

$$= 118^\circ \quad ①$$

(angles in a quadrilateral sums up to 360°) ②

$$\angle ADE = 180^\circ - 118^\circ$$

$$= 62^\circ \quad ①$$

(angles on a straight line sums up to 180°)

x = ... 62°

(Total for Question 9 is 4 marks)

10 In Koko's shop

5 chocolate bars cost $5.75

2 chocolate bars and 3 packets of sweets cost $7.85

Work out the cost of one packet of sweets.

Cost of one chocolate bar $= 5.75 \div 5$

$= \$ 1.15$ ①

1 packet of sweets $= x$

$2(1.15) + 3(x) = 7.85$

$2.30 + 3x = 7.85$

$3x = 7.85 - 2.30$

$= 5.55$

$x = \dfrac{5.55}{3}$ ①

$x = 1.85$ ①

$ \$ \underline{ 1.85 }$

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

11 Akiko travelled from London to Tokyo by plane.

The plane left London at 18 40 on Friday.
The plane arrived in Tokyo the next day, at 06 25 London time.

How long did the flight take?
Give your answer in hours and minutes.

1 hour = 60 minutes

```
hrs  mins
23   60
24   00
-
18   40
─────────
 5   20
```

5 hours 20 minutes + 6 hours 25 minutes = 11 hours 45 minutes ②

duration from departure till midnight

From midnight till 6:25 am the following day

$\underline{ 11 }$ hours $\underline{ 45 }$ minutes

(Total for Question 11 is 2 marks)

12 (a) Expand $x(4 - x)$

$4x - x^2$ ①

....
$4x - x^2$

(1)

$t = ab - c$

$a = 1.5$ $b = 2.4$ $c = -5.6$

(b) Work out the value of t.

$t = ab - c$

    $= (1.5)(2.4) - (-5.6)$ ①

    $= 3.6 - (-5.6)$

    $= 3.6 + 5.6$

    $= 9.2$ ①

$t = $ ....
9.2

(2)

(c) Make d the subject of $y = dx - e$

$y = dx - e$

$y + e = dx$ ①

$d = \dfrac{y + e}{x}$ ①

$d = \dfrac{y + e}{x}$

....

(2)

(Total for Question 12 is 5 marks)

13 (a) Express 180 as a percentage of 750

$$\frac{180}{750} = 0.24$$

$$0.24 \times 100 = 24\%$$ ①

24 ① ....%

(2)

Zaina has booked a singer for a show.
The singer will get 94% of the total money from the ticket sales.

The cost of each ticket for the show is 32.50 dirhams.
Zaina sells 180 tickets.

(b) Work out the amount of money the singer will get.

$$32.50 \times 180 = 5850 \text{ dirhams}$$ ①

$$\frac{94}{100} \times 5850 = 5499 \text{ dirhams}$$ ①

①
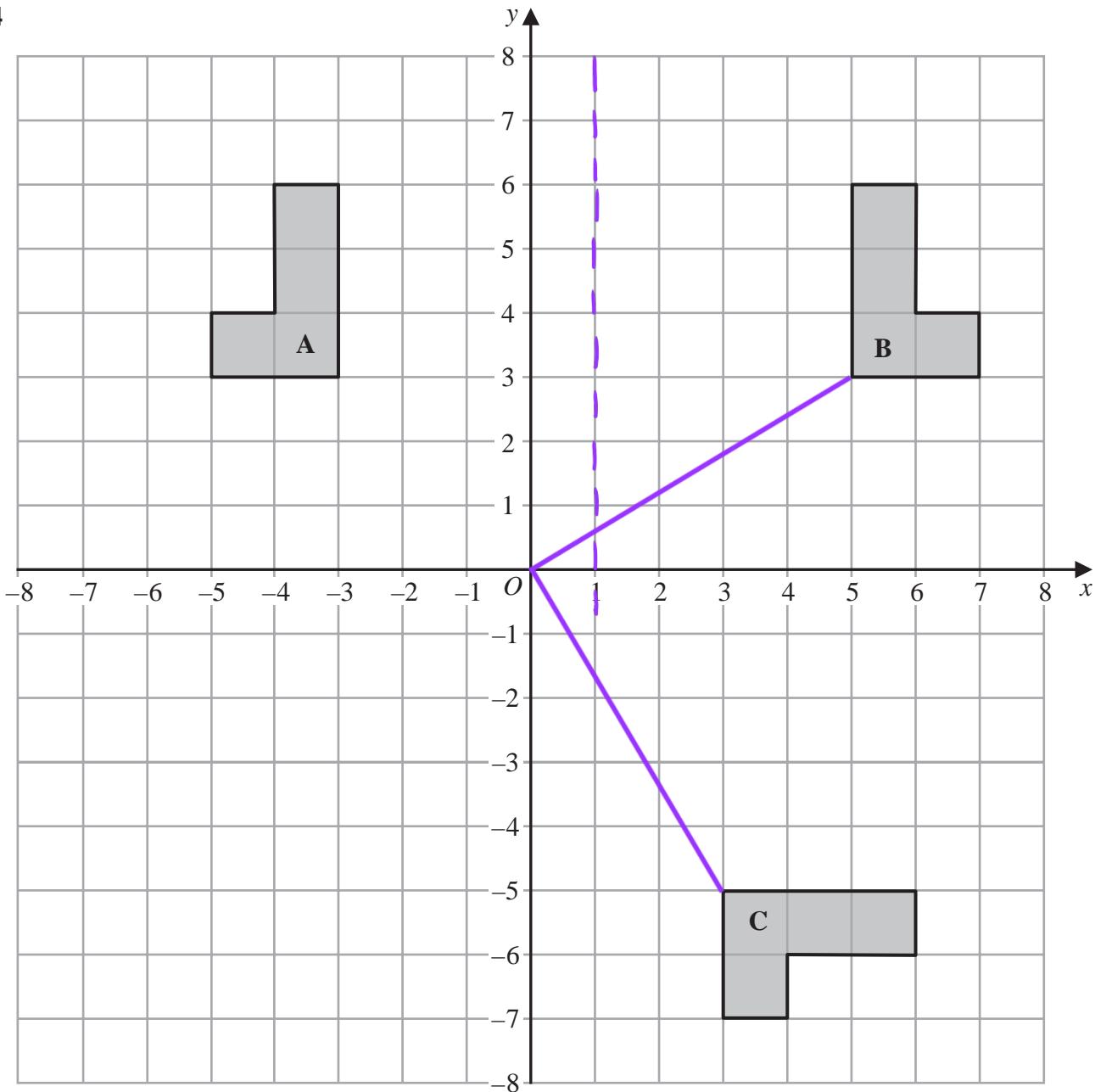
5499
.... dirhams

(3)

(Total for Question 13 is 5 marks)

14

(a) Describe fully the single transformation that maps shape **A** onto shape **B**.

Reflection at $x = 1$ ②

(2)

(b) Describe fully the single transformation that maps shape **B** onto shape **C**.

Rotation at $(0, 0)$, $90°$ clockwise ③

(3)

(Total for Question 14 is 5 marks)

15 A bag contains 30 coloured counters.
The table gives the number of counters of each colour.

Colour	Red	Green	Yellow	Blue
Number of counters	7	13	4	6

One of the counters is taken at random from the bag.

(a) Write down the probability that this counter is green.

Total number of counters = 7 + 13 + 4 + 6 = 30

$P(\text{Green}) = \dfrac{13}{30}$ ①

$\dfrac{13}{30}$

....

(1)

(b) Write down the probability that this counter is **not** red.

$1 - \dfrac{7}{30} = \dfrac{23}{30}$ ①

$\dfrac{23}{30}$ ①

....

(2)

(Total for Question 15 is 3 marks)

16 Show that $\dfrac{5}{6} - \dfrac{3}{8} = \dfrac{11}{24}$

$= \dfrac{5}{6} - \dfrac{3}{8}$

$= \dfrac{5 \times 8}{6 \times 8} - \dfrac{3 \times 6}{6 \times 8}$

$= \dfrac{40}{48} - \dfrac{18}{48}$ ①

$= \dfrac{22 \div 2}{48 \div 2}$

$= \dfrac{11}{24}$ ①

(Total for Question 16 is 2 marks)

P 6 6 2 9 5 A 0 1 5 2 4

17 Pieter owns a currency conversion shop.

Last Monday, Pieter changed a total of 20 160 rand into a number of different currencies.

He changed $\frac{3}{10}$ of the 20 160 rand into euros.

He changed the rest of the rands into dollars, rupees and francs in the ratios $9:5:2$

Pieter changed more rands into dollars than he changed into francs.

Work out how many more.

$9 + 5 + 2 = 16$

$\frac{7}{10} \times 20160 = 14\,112$ rands ①

$14\,112 \div 16 = 882$ ①

$9 - 2 = 7$ (Difference between dollars and francs)

$7 \times 882 = 6174$ rands ①

①

.......6174....................... rand

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

18 The table gives information about the speeds, in kilometres per hour, of 80 motorbikes as each pass under a bridge.

Speed (s kilometres per hour)	Frequency
$40 < s \leqslant 50$	10
$50 < s \leqslant 60$	16
$60 < s \leqslant 70$	19
$70 < s \leqslant 80$	23
$80 < s \leqslant 90$	12

(a) Write down the modal class.

$$70 < s \leqslant 80 \quad ①$$

.... $70 < s \leqslant 80$

(1)

(b) Work out an estimate for the mean speed of the motorbikes as they pass under the bridge. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$= \frac{10(45) + 16(55) + 19(65) + 23(75) + 12(85)}{10 + 16 + 19 + 23 + 12} \quad ②$$

$$= \frac{5310}{80} \quad ①$$

$$= 66.375$$
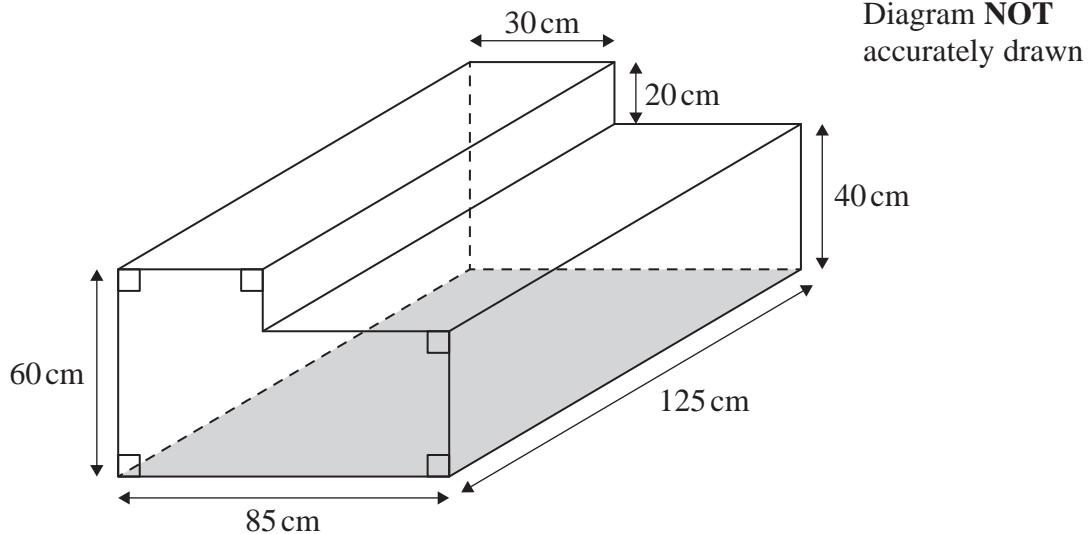
$$= 66.4 \ (3sf) \quad ①$$

.... 66.4 kilometres per hour

(4)

(Total for Question 18 is 5 marks)

19 The diagram shows a container for water in the shape of a prism.

30 cm

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

20 cm

40 cm

60 cm

125 cm

85 cm

The rectangular base of the prism, shown shaded in the diagram, is horizontal.
The container is completely full of water.

Tuah is going to use a pump to empty the water from the container so that the volume of water in the container decreases at a constant rate.

The pump starts to empty water from the container at 1030 and at 1200 the water level in the container has dropped by 20 cm.

Find the time at which all the water has been pumped out of the container.

$$85 \times 125 \times 40 = 425\,000 \text{ cm}^3 \quad \text{(water left in container)}$$

① $30 \times 20 \times 125 = 75\,000 \text{ cm}^3 \quad \text{(water that has been pumped out)}$

$$\frac{75\,000 \text{ cm}^3}{425\,000 \text{ cm}^3} = \frac{1.5 \text{ hour}}{x}$$

$$x = \frac{425\,000 \times 1.5}{75\,000} \quad ②$$

$$= 8.5 \text{ hours}$$

$$1200 + 8.5 \text{ hours} = 2030 \quad ①$$

2030 ....

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)

20 $\mathcal{E} = \{20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29\}$

$A = \{\text{odd numbers}\}$
$B = \{\text{multiples of 3}\}$

List the members of the set

(i) $A \cap B$ — an odd number and a multiple of 3

$\{21, 27\}$

$\{21, 27\}$ ①

(1)

(ii) $A \cup B$ — an odd number or a multiple of 3

$\{21, 23, 24, 25, 27, 29\}$

①

$\{21, 23, 24, 25, 27, 29\}$

(1)

(Total for Question 20 is 2 marks)

21 (a) Factorise fully $15y^4 + 20uy^3$

$$15y^4 + 20uy^3$$
$$5y^3(3y + 4u) \quad ②$$

....

$5y^3(3y + 4u)$

(2)

(b) Solve $4 - 3x = \dfrac{5 - 8x}{4}$

Show clear algebraic working.

$$4 - 3x = \frac{5 - 8x}{4}$$
$$4(4 - 3x) = 5 - 8x \quad ①$$
$$16 - 12x = 5 - 8x$$
$$16 - 5 = 12x - 8x$$
$$11 = 4x \quad ①$$
$$x = \frac{11}{4}$$
$$= 2.75 \quad ①$$

$x = $ 2.75

(3)

(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)

22 (a) Write $2\,840\,000\,000$ in standard form.

$$2.84 \times 10^9 \quad ①$$

....

2.84×10^9

(1)

(b) Write 2.5×10^{-4} as an ordinary number.

$$2.5 \times 10^{-4} = 0.00025$$

....

0.00025

①

(1)

(Total for Question 22 is 2 marks)

23 Chen invests 40 000 yuan in a fixed-term bond for 3 years.

The fixed-term bond pays compound interest at a rate of 3.5% each year.

(a) Work out the value of Chen's investment at the end of 3 years.
Give your answer to the nearest yuan.

$$100\% + 3.5\% = 103.5\%$$

$$103.5\% \div 100 = 1.035 \text{ (convert to decimal)}$$

$$40000 \times 1.035^3 = 44348.715$$

②

$$\approx 44349 \text{ yuan}$$

①

.... 44349 .... yuan

(3)

Wang invested *P* yuan.
The value of his investment decreased by 6.5% each year.

At the end of the first year, the value of Wang's investment was 30 481 yuan.

(b) Work out the value of *P*.

$$100\% - 6.5\% = 93.5\%$$

$$93.5\% \div 100 = 0.935 \text{ (convert to decimal)}$$

$$P \times 0.935 = 30481$$

$$P = \frac{30481}{0.935}$$ ②

$$P = 32600$$ ①

$$P = \text{.. } 32600$$

(3)

(Total for Question 23 is 6 marks)

**24** The region, shown shaded in the diagram, is a path.

2 m

Diagram **NOT**
accurately drawn

O

7 m
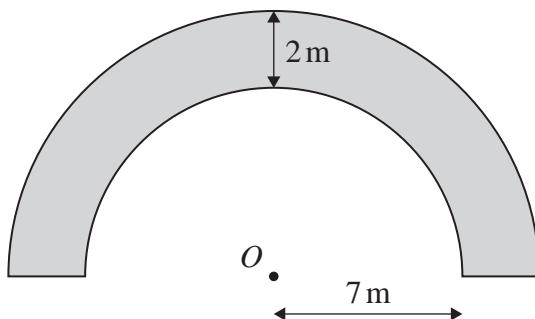
The boundary of the path is formed by two semicircles, with the same centre *O*, and two straight lines.

The inner semicircle has a radius of 7 metres.
The path has a width of 2 metres.

Work out the perimeter of the path.
Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

Inner semicircle $= \frac{1}{2} \times 2\pi r$

$= \pi(7)$

$= 7\pi$ ①

Outer semicircle $= \frac{1}{2} \times 2\pi r$

$= \pi(9)$

$= 9\pi$

Perimeter $= 9\pi + 7\pi + 2(2)$ ①

$= 16\pi + 4$

$= 54.3$ (1dp)

54.3 ① m

(Total for Question 24 is 3 marks)

25 (a) Simplify $(2x^3y^5)^4$

$= (2x^3y^5)^4$

$= 2^4 \times x^{3 \times 4} \times y^{5 \times 4}$

$= 16 \times x^{12} \times y^{20}$

$= 16x^{12}y^{20}$ ②

$16x^{12}y^{20}$

(2)

(b) (i) Factorise $x^2 + 5x - 36$

$x^2 + 5x - 36$

$(x+9)(x-4)$ ②

$(x+9)(x-4)$

(2)

(ii) Hence, solve $x^2 + 5x - 36 = 0$

$(x+9)(x-4) = 0$

$x+9 = 0$ or $x-4 = 0$

$x = -9$ $\qquad$ $x = 4$

$4, -9$ ①

(1)

(Total for Question 25 is 5 marks)

26 Here is isosceles triangle *ABC*.
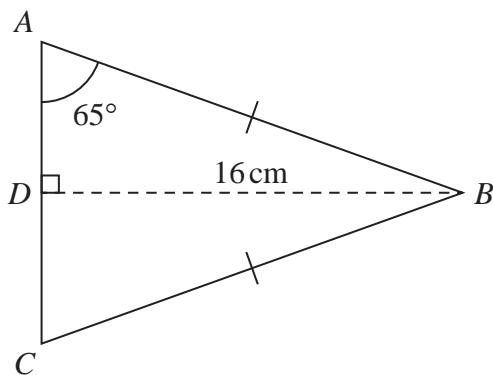
Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

A

65°

D 16 cm *B*

C

D is the midpoint of *AC* and *DB* = 16 cm.

Angle *DAB* = 65°

Work out the perimeter of triangle *ABC*.
Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

$$AD = \frac{16}{\tan 65°} \quad ①$$

$$= 7.4609... \text{ cm}$$

$$AB = \frac{16}{\sin 65°}$$

$$= 17.654... \text{ cm} \quad ①$$

$$\text{Perimeter} = 2(17.654..) + 2(7.4609...) \quad ①$$

$$= 50.2 \text{ cm} \ (1dp) \quad ①$$

50.2 .... cm

(Total for Question 26 is 4 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS