Web accessibility is the practice of designing and developing websites, tools, and digital technologies so that individuals with disabilities can use them without barriers. This includes people with visual, auditory, motor, and cognitive impairments. Accessible design benefits not only those with permanent disabilities but also users with temporary limitations (such as an injured hand) and situational challenges (such as trying to read a screen in bright sunlight). By following accessibility guidelines, websites can provide a better user experience and comply with regulations like the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG) and the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA).

Examples of Web Accessibility in Existing Websites

Some websites are strong examples of accessibility, while others highlight common issues.

Good Example: Microsoft (https://www.microsoft.com/)

- Microsoft offers extensive accessibility features, including a built-in screen reader and highcontrast mode.
- The website allows users to navigate with a keyboard and customize display settings for better readability.
- Clear and simple language ensures that content is understandable to a wide audience.
- Videos include captions and transcripts, making content accessible to those with hearing impairments.

Good Example: WebAIM (https://webaim.org/)

- WebAIM provides an excellent example of accessibility by using high-contrast color schemes and resizable fonts.
- The website follows proper semantic HTML structure, ensuring compatibility with screen readers.
- Keyboard navigation is fully supported, making the website user-friendly for individuals with motor impairments.
- The site serves as an educational resource, offering accessibility testing tools and guidelines.

Good Example: Amazon (https://www.amazon.com/)

- Amazon ensures accessibility by using descriptive alt text for product images, helping visually impaired users.
- The website supports keyboard-only navigation, making it easier for those with motor impairments.
- High-contrast design improves visibility for users with vision impairments.
- Voice search and screen reader compatibility enhance accessibility for users with various disabilities.

Poor Example: A Music Streaming Website with Inaccessible Controls

- Some music streaming services lack proper keyboard navigation, making it difficult for users with mobility impairments to control playback.
- Volume sliders and other controls are often inaccessible to screen readers.
- Low-contrast text can make it hard for users with visual impairments to read song titles and descriptions.
- Missing alternative text for album artwork prevents visually impaired users from understanding visual content.

Poor Example: A Small Retail Business Website

- Many small business websites fail to implement proper keyboard navigation, restricting access for users with mobility impairments.
- Low-contrast color schemes make text difficult to read, affecting users with visual impairments.
- Videos lack captions, excluding users with hearing disabilities.
- Product descriptions are often embedded in images without alternative text, making them inaccessible to screen readers.

Web Accessibility Features for My Own Project

In my web development project, I aim to incorporate the following accessibility features:

- 1. Alternative Text for Images: Ensuring screen reader users can understand image content.
- 2. Adequate Color Contrast: Using high-contrast text and background combinations for readability.
- 3. **Clear, Simple Language:** Ensuring content is easily understandable, especially for individuals with cognitive disabilities.
- 4. **Responsive Design:** Optimizing the website for different screen sizes and assistive technologies.
- 5. **Well-Structured Headings and Links:** Using meaningful link descriptions and properly ordered headings to improve navigation.