Mozambique

Commitment to Human Capital - Scorecard

This scorecard presents a snapshot of the country's commitment to the human capital agenda and the World Bank Group's support for the social sectors.

INDICATORS IN THE AFRICA HUMAN CAPITAL PLAN

- Human Capital Index. In Mozambique the productivity as a future worker of a child born today is 36 percent as much as it could be. The HCI has three components: survival to age 5, health, and education. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/humancapitalproject
- Adolescent Fertility Rate. In Mozambique, there are 135 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (83).
- Social Protection Coverage. In Mozambique, 7 percent of the poorest quintile is covered by social safety nets. This is lower than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (30).
- **Open Defecation.** In Mozambique, **36 percent** of the population practices open defecation. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (15).

INDICATORS ON WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT

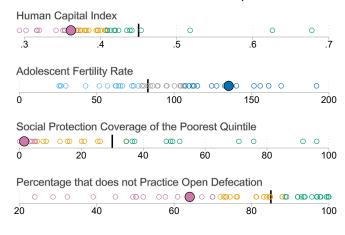
- **Total Fertility Rate.** In Mozambique, the total fertility rate is **5.2** births per woman. This is higher than both the average for its region (4.5) and the average for its income group (4.7).
- Contraceptive Prevalence. In Mozambique, 27 percent of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is lower than both the average for its region (31) and the average for its income group (28).
- Women, Business and the Law Index. This index measures gender equality in the law (how the economic decisions women make are affected by the law), with a larger value showing higher gender equality. In Mozambique, the value is 77 out of 100. This is higher than both the average for its region (70) and the average for its income group (68).
- Net Enrolment Rate in Secondary School. In Mozambique, 19 percent of girls of secondary-school age are enrolled in secondary school. This is lower than both the average for its region (35) and the average for its income group (29).

DOMESTIC RESOURCE USE AND MOBILIZATION

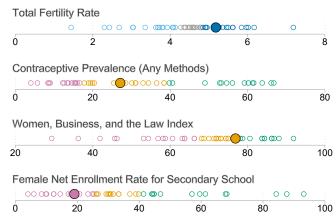
- **Health Spending.** Mozambique spends **8.3 percent** of its government budget on health. This is higher than both the regional average (7.6) and the average for its income group (6.8).
- Education Spending. Mozambique spends 19 percent of its government budget on education. This is higher than both the regional average (15.3) and the average for its income group (15.5).
- Social Protection Spending. Mozambique spends 6.8 percent of its government budget on social protection. This is lower than both the regional average (9.9) and the average for its income group (10.8).

1. Human Capital Context

Indicators in the Africa Human Capital Plan



Indicators on Women's Empowerment



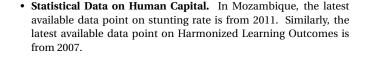
- Large circle=Mozambique ; small circles=other countries.
- Vertical lines refer to regional targets.
- Pink/light blue=1st tercile; orange/gray=2nd tercile; green/blue=3rd tercile

2. Government Expenditure on the Social Sectors 19.0 19.0 15.3 15.5 9.9 10.8 Health Education Social Protection

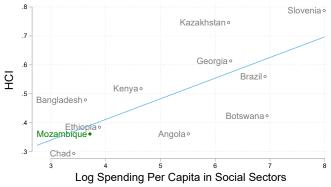
Sub-Saharan Africa



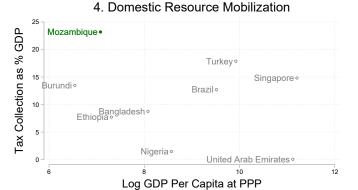
• Efficiency of Spending. The HCI in Mozambique is lower than what would be predicted for its level of per capita government spending on the social sectors.







- A selection out of 101 countries in the regression are displayed
- **Domestic Resource Mobilization.** The tax revenue in Mozambique is **23.2** percent of GDP. This is higher than both the regional average (16.1) and the average for its income group (14.3).



- A selection of countries are displayed
- Countries with DRM greater than 25% of GDP are excluded

OTHER RELEVANT INDICATORS

- Human Capital Project. Mozambique is not part of a network of countries committed to the Human Capital agenda.
- Building Human Capital. The Country Policy and Institutional Assessment rating for building human resources in Mozambique is 4

 (1 is low and 6 is high). This is higher than both the regional average (3.5) and the average for its income group (3.5). This indicator assesses the national policies and public and private sector service delivery that affect access to and quality of health and education services.
- **Identification.** In Mozambique, **39.5 percent** of the population does not have proof of identity. This is higher than both the regional average (33.8) and the average for its income group (34.6).

HOW IS THE WORLD BANK SUPPORTING THE EFFORT?

World Bank Investments in HD

Diff. from regional average %

Diff. from income group avg %

% of portfolio that is co-TTL'd

Diff. from income group avg %

Diff. from regional average %

The following table summarizes the World Bank's investments in Human Development for Mozambique, including measures of volume, performance, and other relevant indicators.

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Indicator	HD	Edu	HNP	SPJ
HD Portfolio				
USD (million)	360	220	80	60
% of total	16	10	4	3
Diff. from regional average %	-9	+3	-5	-6
Diff. from income group avg %	-14	+1	-9	-7
HD FY 20 Lending Program				
USD (million)	110	0	0	110
% of total	20	0	0	20
Diff. from regional average %	-18	-11	-12	+5
Diff. from income group avg %	-17	-3	-15	+1
HD Performance				
Average Development Outcome	4	4	5	4
Diff. from regional average %	-0.19	-0.30	+0.46	-0.66
Diff. from income group avg %	-0.20	-0.33	+0.44	-0.59
% Satisfactory DO	100	100	100	100
Average Implementation Progress	4	4	5	4
Diff. from regional average %	+0.01	-0.21	+0.65	-0.53
Diff. from income group avg %	+0.02	-0.22	+0.62	-0.39
% Satisfactory IP	100	100	100	100
Disbursement ratio	29	35		23
Diff. from regional average %	+23	+31		+16
Diff. from income group avg %	+23	+31		+16
Other indicators				
Average project size (USD mill.)	120	220	80	60

Note: a) Pink indicates that the value is within the first tercile of the distribution for all the countries. Orange indicates that the value is within the second tercile. Green indicates that it is within the third tercile. b) FY20 lending program includes only projects rated A and B. c) DO and IP are on a scale of 1 to 6 where 1 is Highly Unsatisfactory and 6 is Highly Satisfactory. d) Data as of September 5, 2019.

+30

+31

-6

-8

+150

+154

-19

-26

+10

+6

+72

+67

-43

-37

0

-32

-35

- Human Capital Policy Operations. Currently, the pipeline for Mozambique does not include any Development Policy Operation with a Human Capital-related component or prior action.
- Women's Empowerment Project. Currently, the pipeline for Mozambique does not have an active project focused on women empowerment or on sexual and reproductive health.

This scorecard is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and the state of the World Bank's support in the social sectors. The list of indicators presented here is not exhaustive and should be complemented with more



context specific variables. Most of the indicators are related to the Africa Human Capital Plan.

The sources of data for the different indicators include: the Human Capital Project, the World Development Indicators, and the World Bank's internal system to monitor investments.

For more information, please contact the Africa Human Capital Project team: AFR_HCP_Team@worldbankgroup.org

