Nigeria

Commitment to Human Capital - Scorecard

This scorecard presents a snapshot of the country's commitment to the human capital agenda and the World Bank Group's support for the social sectors.

INDICATORS IN THE AFRICA HUMAN CAPITAL PLAN

- Human Capital Index. In Nigeria the productivity as a future worker of a child born today is **34 percent** as much as it could be. The HCI has three components: survival to age 5, health, and education. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/humancapitalproject
- Adolescent Fertility Rate. In Nigeria, there are 107 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (83).
- Social Protection Coverage. In Nigeria, 6 percent of the poorest quintile is covered by social safety nets. This is lower than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (30).
- Open Defecation. In Nigeria, 26 percent of the population practices open defecation. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (15).

INDICATORS ON WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT

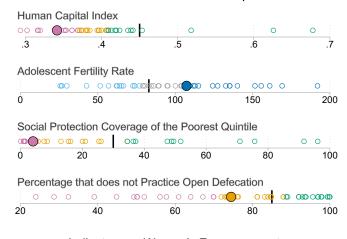
- **Total Fertility Rate.** In Nigeria, the total fertility rate is **5.5** births per woman. This is higher than both the average for its region (4.5) and the average for its income group (3.1).
- Contraceptive Prevalence. In Nigeria, 13 percent of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is lower than both the average for its region (31) and the average for its income group (49).
- Women, Business and the Law Index. This index measures gender equality in the law (how the economic decisions women make are affected by the law), with a larger value showing higher gender equality. In Nigeria, the value is 69 out of 100. This is lower than both the average for its region (70) and the average for its income group (69).
- Net Enrolment Rate in Secondary School. In Nigeria, data on secondary net enrolment rates for girls do not exist. In its region 35 percent of girls of secondary-school age are enrolled in secondary school. The corresponding value for its income group is 35 percent.

DOMESTIC RESOURCE USE AND MOBILIZATION

- **Health Spending.** Nigeria spends **5 percent** of its government budget on health. This is lower than both the regional average (7.6) and the average for its income group (7.7).
- Education Spending. In Nigeria, data on education spending do not exist. The average for the country's region is 15.3 percent and for its income group is 15.7 percent.
- Social Protection Spending. Nigeria spends 4.3 percent of its government budget on social protection. This is lower than both the regional average (9.9) and the average for its income group (9.3).

1. Human Capital Context

Indicators in the Africa Human Capital Plan

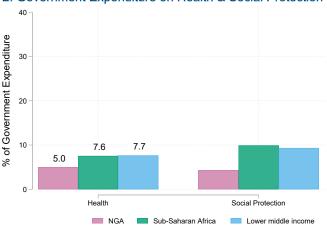


Indicators on Women's Empowerment



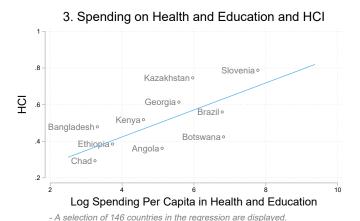
- Large circle=Nigeria ; small circles=other countries.
- Vertical lines refer to regional targets.
- Pink/light blue=1st tercile; orange/gray=2nd tercile; green/blue=3rd tercile

2. Government Expenditure on Health & Social Protection

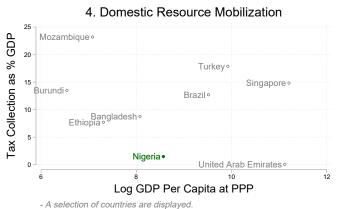




• Efficiency of Spending. Given the lack of data, it is not possible to predict if the HCI in Nigeria is higher or lower than what would be predicted for its level of per capita government spending.



• **Domestic Resource Mobilization.** The tax revenue in Nigeria is **1.5** percent of GDP. This is lower than both the regional average (16.1) and the average for its income group (15.6).



- Countries with DRM greater than 25% of GDP are excluded

OTHER RELEVANT INDICATORS

- Human Capital Project. Nigeria is part of a network of countries committed to the Human Capital agenda.
- Building Human Capital. The Country Policy and Institutional Assesment rating for building human resources in Nigeria is 3.5 (1 is low and 6 is high). This is lower than both the regional average (3.5) and the average for its income group (3.6). This indicator assesses the national policies and public and private sector service delivery that affect access to and quality of health and education services.
- Identification. In Nigeria, 71.7 percent of the population does not have proof of identity. This is higher than both the regional average (33.8) and the average for its income group (20.3).
- Statistical Data on Human Capital. In Nigeria, the latest available data point on stunting rate is from 2016. Similarly, the latest available data point on Harmonized Learning Outcomes is from 2010.

HOW IS THE WORLD BANK SUPPORTING THE EFFORT?

The following table summarizes the World Bank's investments in Human Development for Nigeria, including measures of volume, performance, and other relevant indicators.

Indicator
USD (million) 3,666 961 1,590 1,115 % of total 38 10 16 12 Diff. from regional average % +13 +3 +8 +3 Diff. from income group avg % +21 +5 +10 +6 HD FY 20 Lending Program USD (million) 200 200 0 0 % of total 16 16 0 0 Diff. from regional average % -21 +5 -12 -15 Diff. from income group avg % -8 -1 -4 -4 HD Performance 5 5 5 4 Diff. from regional average % +0.11 +0.36 +0.26 -0.33 Diff. from income group avg % +0.18 +0.34 +0.35 -0.22 % Satisfactory DO 100 100 100 100
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% Satisfactory DO 100 100 100 100
Average Implementation Progress 5 5 5 4
Diff. from regional average % +0.22 +0.45 +0.25 -0.20
Diff. from income group avg % +0.28 +0.68 +0.28 -0.08
% Satisfactory IP 91 100 80 100
Disbursement ratio 4 5 1 8
Diff. from regional average $\%$ -2 +0 -6 +0
Diff. from income group avg $\%$ +0 +0 -3 +3
Other indicators
Average project size (USD mill.) 333 320 318 372
Diff. from regional average % +243 +250 +248 +269
Diff. from income group avg % +194 +230 +205 +244
% of portfolio that is co-TTL'd 36 64 14 45
Diff. from regional average % +9 +45 -14 +13
Diff. from income group avg % +12 +47 -7 +19

Note: a) Pink indicates that the value is within the first tercile of the distribution for all the countries. Orange indicates that the value is within the second tercile. Green indicates that it is within the third tercile. b) FY20 lending program includes only projects rated A and B. c) DO and IP are on a scale of 1 to 6 where 1 is Highly Unsatisfactory and 6 is Highly Satisfactory. d) Data as of September 5, 2019.

- Human Capital Policy Operations. Currently, the pipeline for Nigeria does not include any Development Policy Operation with a Human Capital-related component or prior action.
- Women's Empowerment Project. Currently, Nigeria has at least one active project focused on women empowerment or on sexual and reproductive health.

This scorecard is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and the state of the World Bank's support in the social sectors. The list of indicators presented here is not exhaustive and should be complemented with more context specific variables. Most of the indicators are related to the Africa Human Capital Plan.

The sources of data for the different indicators include: the Human Capital Project, the World Development Indicators, and the World Bank's internal system to monitor investments.

For more information, please contact the Africa Human Capital Project team: AFR_HCP_Team@worldbankgroup.org

