Cabo Verde

Commitment to Human Capital - Scorecard

This scorecard presents a snapshot of the country's commitment to the human capital agenda and the World Bank Group's support for the social sectors.

INDICATORS IN THE AFRICA HUMAN CAPITAL PLAN

- Human Capital Index. In Cabo Verde there are no enough data to calculate the productivity as a future worker of a child born today. The HCI has three components: survival to age 5, health, and education. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/humancapitalproject
- Adolescent Fertility Rate. In Cabo Verde, there are 74 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is lower than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (83).
- Social Protection Coverage. In Cabo Verde, 30 percent of the poorest quintile is covered by social safety nets. This is roughly equal to the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (30).
- Open Defecation. In Cabo Verde, 28 percent of the population practices open defecation. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (15).

INDICATORS ON WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT

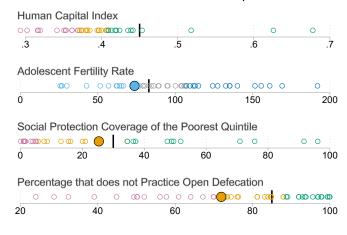
- Total Fertility Rate. In Cabo Verde, the total fertility rate is 2.3 births per woman. This is lower than both the average for its region (4.5) and the average for its income group (3.1).
- Contraceptive Prevalence. In Cabo Verde, 61 percent of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is higher than both the average for its region (31) and the average for its income group (49).
- · Women, Business and the Law Index. This index measures gender equality in the law (how the economic decisions women make are affected by the law), with a larger value showing higher gender equality. In Cabo Verde, the value is 86 out of 100. This is higher than both the average for its region (70) and the average for its income group (69).
- Net Enrolment Rate in Secondary School. In Cabo Verde, 68 percent of girls of secondary-school age are enrolled in secondary school. This is higher than both the average for its region (35) and the average for its income group (58).

DOMESTIC RESOURCE USE AND MOBILIZATION

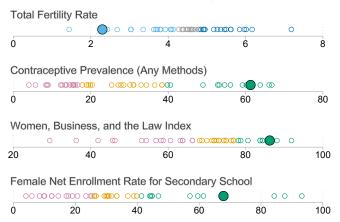
- Health Spending. Cabo Verde spends 9.9 percent of its government budget on health. This is higher than both the regional average (7.6) and the average for its income group (7.7).
- Education Spending. Cabo Verde spends 17.8 percent of its government budget on education. This is higher than both the regional average (15.3) and the average for its income group (15.7).
- Social Protection Spending. Cabo Verde spends 13.6 percent of its government budget on social protection. This is higher than both the regional average (9.9) and the average for its income group (9.3).

1. Human Capital Context

Indicators in the Africa Human Capital Plan

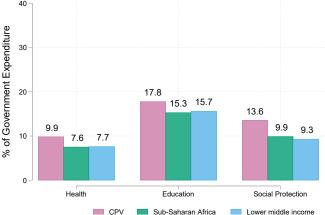


Indicators on Women's Empowerment



- Large circle=Cabo Verde ; small circles=other countries.
- Vertical lines refer to regional targets.
- Pink/light blue=1st tercile; orange/gray=2nd tercile; green/blue=3rd tercile

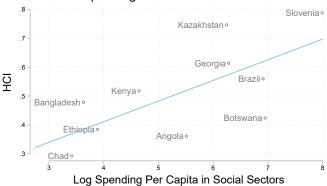
2. Government Expenditure on the Social Sectors 40





• Efficiency of Spending. Given the lack of data, it is not possible to predict if the HCI in Cabo Verde is higher or lower than what would be predicted for its level of per capita government spending.

3. Spending on Social Sectors and HCI



- A selection out of 101 countries in the regression are displayed.
- Domestic Resource Mobilization. The tax revenue in Cabo Verde is 18.4 percent of GDP. This is higher than both the regional average (16.1) and the average for its income group (15.6).

4. Domestic Resource Mobilization



- A selection of countries are displayed. Countries with DRM greater than 25% of GDP are excluded

OTHER RELEVANT INDICATORS

- Human Capital Project. Cabo Verde is part of a network of countries committed to the Human Capital agenda.
- Building Human Capital. The Country Policy and Institutional Assesment rating for building human resources in Cabo Verde is 4.5 (1 is low and 6 is high). This is higher than both the regional average (3.5) and the average for its income group (3.6). This indicator assesses the national policies and public and private sector service delivery that affect access to and quality of health and education services.
- Identification. In Cabo Verde, 4.5 percent of the population does not have proof of identity. This is lower than both the regional average (33.8) and the average for its income group (20.3).
- Statistical Data on Human Capital. In Cabo Verde, data on stunting rate and Harmonized Learning Outcomes are unavailable after year 2000.

HOW IS THE WORLD BANK SUPPORTING THE EFFORT?

The following table summarizes the World Bank's investments in Human Development for Cabo Verde, including measures of volume, performance, and other relevant indicators.

World	Rank	Investme	ante ii	a HD

Indicator	HD	Edu	HNP	SPJ
HD Portfolio				
USD (million)	20	10	0	10
% of total	13	6	0	6
Diff. from regional average %	-12	-1	-9	-2
Diff. from income group avg %	-4	+1	-6	+0
HD FY 20 Lending Program				
USD (million)				
% of total				
Diff. from regional average %		•		•
Diff. from income group avg %				
HD Performance				
Average Development Outcome	5	5		5
Diff. from regional average %	+0.48	+0.70		+0.34
Diff. from income group avg %	+0.54	+0.67		+0.45
% Satisfactory DO	100	100		100
Average Implementation Progress	4	4		5
Diff. from regional average %	+0.17	-0.21		+0.47
Diff. from income group avg %	+0.23	+0.01		+0.59
% Satisfactory IP	100	100		100
Disbursement ratio	0	0		0
Diff. from regional average %	-6	-5		-8
Diff. from income group avg %	-4	-4		-5
Other indicators				
Average project size (USD mill.)	10	10	0	10
Diff. from regional average %	-80	-60	-70	-93
Diff. from income group avg %	-129	-81	-113	-118
% of portfolio that is co-TTL'd	0	0		0
Diff. from regional average %	-28	-19		-32
Diff. from income group avg %	-24	-17	•	-26

Note: a) Pink indicates that the value is within the first tercile of the distribution for all the countries. Orange indicates that the value is within the second tercile. Green indicates that it is within the third tercile. b) FY20 lending program includes only projects rated A and B. c) DO and IP are on a scale of 1 to 6 where 1 is Highly Unsatisfactory and 6 is Highly Satisfactory. d) Data as of September 5, 2019.

- Human Capital Policy Operations. Currently, the pipeline for Cabo Verde does not include any Development Policy Operation with a Human Capital-related component or prior action.
- Women's Empowerment Project. Currently, the pipeline for Cabo Verde does not have an active project focused on women empowerment or on sexual and reproductive health.

This scorecard is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and the state of the World Bank's support in the social sectors. The list of indicators presented here is not exhaustive and should be complemented with more context specific variables. Most of the indicators are related to the Africa Human Capital Plan.

The sources of data for the different indicators include: the Human Capital Project, the World Development Indicators, and the World Bank's internal system to monitor investments.

For more information, please contact the Africa Human Capital Project team: AFR_HCP_Team@worldbankgroup.org

