Somalia

Illustrative Human Capital Indicators

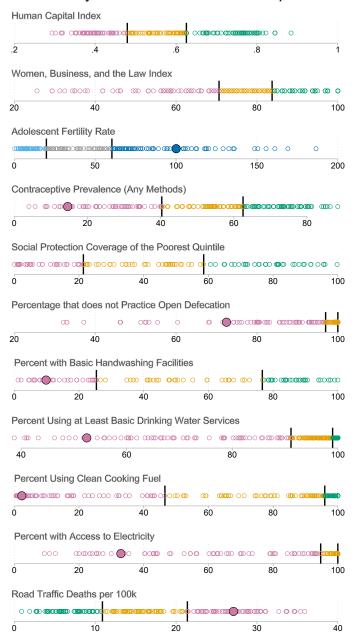
This country profile presents a snapshot of illustrative indicators to guide discussions during the Annual Meetings while the set of more strategic indicators are under development. It is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and, as such, it includes indicators from various sectors. It is to be noted that not all the indicators included here are relevant for each country. Information contained here should be complemented with other more context-specific indicators.

In Somalia there are no enough data to calculate the productivity as a future worker of a child born today. The HCI has three components: survival to age 5, health, and education. For more information on the HCI, please visit www.worldbank.org/humancapitalproject.

ILLUSTRATIVE OUTCOME AND OUTPUT INDICATORS

- · Women, Business and the Law Index. In Somalia, data on the women, business and the law index do not exist. The average for the country's region is 70 and the average for its income group is 70.
- Adolescent Fertility Rate. In Somalia, there are 100 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (83).
- Contraceptive Prevalence. In Somalia, 15 percent of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is lower than both the average for its region (32) and the average for its income group (29).
- Social Protection Coverage. In Somalia, data on the percentage of the population that is covered by social safety nets do not exist. The Africa Human Capital target for 2023 is 30 percent.
- Open Defecation. In Somalia, 28 percent of the population practices open defecation. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (15).
- Hygiene. In Somalia, 10 percent of the population has basic hygiene services (soap and water). This is lower than both the average for its region (22) and the average for its income group (19).
- Source of Drinking Water. In Somalia, 52 percent of the population has at least basic source of drinking water. This is lower than both the average for its region (66) and the average for its income group (62).
- Cooking Fuel. In Somalia, 2 percent of the population primarily uses clean cooking fuels. This is lower than both the average for its region (22) and the average for its income group (7).
- Access to Electricity. In Somalia, 33 percent of the population has access to electricity. This is lower than both the average for its region (48) and the average for its income group (38).
- Road Traffic Deaths. In Somalia, for every 100,000 people 27 people die due to road traffic injury. This is similar to the average for its region (27) but lower than the average for its income group (28).

1. Key Indicators on Human Capital



- Large circle=Somalia; small circles=other countries.
- Vertical lines separate terciles of the distribution.
 Colors indicate the terciles of the distribution across countries.

