Tuvalu

Illustrative Human Capital Indicators

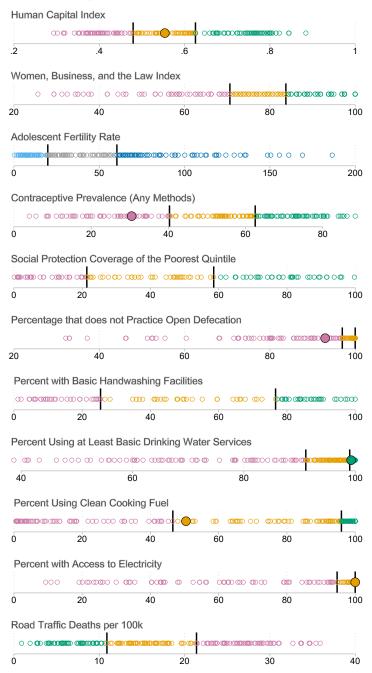
This country profile presents a snapshot of illustrative indicators to guide discussions during the Annual Meetings while the set of more strategic indicators are under development. It is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and, as such, it includes indicators from various sectors. It is to be noted that not all the indicators included here are relevant for each country. Information contained here should be complemented with other more context-specific indicators.

In Tuvalu the productivity as a future worker of a child born today is **55 percent** as much as it could be. The country ranks **83 out of 157** in the global HCI. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/en/publication/human-capital.

ILLUSTRATIVE OUTCOME AND OUTPUT INDICATORS

- Women, Business and the Law Index. In Tuvalu, data on the women, business and the law index do not exist. The average for the country's region is 72 and the average for its income group is 72.
- Adolescent Fertility Rate. In Tuvalu, data on the adolescent fertility
 rate do not exist. The average for the country's region is 27 births per
 1,000 women ages 15-19 and for its income group is 27.
- Contraceptive Prevalence. In Tuvalu, 31 percent of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is lower than both the average for its region (51) and the average for its income group (56).
- Social Protection Coverage. In Tuvalu, data on the percentage of the population that is covered by social safety nets do not exist. The average for the country's region is 46 percent and for its income group is 46 percent.
- **Open Defectation.** In Tuvalu, **7 percent** of the population practices open defectation. This is higher than both the average for its region (7) and the average for its income group (2).
- Hygiene. In Tuvalu, data on the percentage of the population that has basic hygiene services (soap and water) do not exist. The average for the country's region is 63 percent and for its income group is 78 percent.
- Source of Drinking Water. In Tuvalu, 99 percent of the population has at least basic source of drinking water. This is higher than both the average for its region (92) and the average for its income group (95).
- Cooking Fuel. In Tuvalu, 50 percent of the population primarily uses clean cooking fuels. This is lower than both the average for its region (52) and the average for its income group (81).
- Access to Electricity. In Tuvalu, 100 percent of the population has access to electricity. This is higher than both the average for its region (92) and the average for its income group (96).
- Road Traffic Deaths. In Tuvalu, data on mortality due to road traffic injury do not exist. The average number of road traffic deaths for the country's region is 13 people per 100,000 and for its income group is 17 people per 100,000.

1. Key Indicators on Human Capital



- Large circle=Tuvalu ; small circles=other countries.
- Vertical lines separate terciles of the distribution.
- Colors indicate the terciles of the distribution across countries.