# Eritrea

## Commitment to Human Capital - Scorecard

This scorecard presents a snapshot of the country's commitment to the human capital agenda and the World Bank Group's support for the social sectors.

#### INDICATORS ON THE AFRICA HUMAN CAPITAL PLAN

- Human Capital Index. In Eritrea there are no enough data to calculate the productivity as a future worker of a child born today. The HCI has three components: survival to age 5, health, and education. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/humancapitalproject
- Adolescent Fertility Rate. In Eritrea, there are 52 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is lower than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (83).
- Social Protection Coverage. In Eritrea, data on the percentage of the population that is covered by social safety nets do not exist. The average for the country's region is 23 percent and for its income group is 23 percent.
- Open Defecation. In Eritrea, 76 percent of the population practices open defecation. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (15).

#### INDICATORS ON WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT

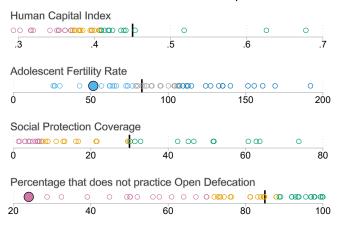
- **Total Fertility Rate.** In Eritrea, the total fertility rate is **4.1**. This is lower than both the average for its region (4.5) and the average for its income group (4.7).
- Contraceptive Prevalence. In Eritrea, 8 percent of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is lower than both the average for its region (31) and the average for its income group (28).
- Women, Business and the Law Index. This index measures gender inequality in the law and identifies barriers to women's economic participation, and a larger value shows higher gender equity. In Eritrea, the value is 72 out of 100. This is higher than both the average for its region (70) and the average for its income group (68).
- Net Enrolment Rate in Secondary School. In Eritrea, 25 percent of girls of secondary-school age are enrolled in secondary school. This is lower than both the average for its region (35) and the average for its income group (29).

#### DOMESTIC RESOURCE USE AND MOBILIZATION

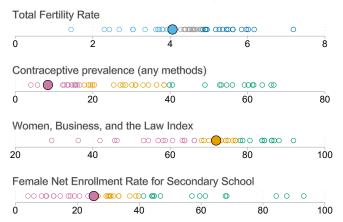
- **Health Spending.** Eritrea spends **2.9 percent** of its government budget on health. This is lower than both the regional average (7.6) and the average for its income group (6.8).
- Education Spending. Eritrea spends 5.2 percent of its government budget on education. This is lower than both the regional average (15.3) and the average for its income group (15.5).
- **Social Protection Spending.** In Eritrea, data on social protection spending do not exist. The average for the country's region is 9.9 percent and for its income group is 10.8 percent.

# **Human Capital Context**

## Indicators in the Africa Human Capital Plan



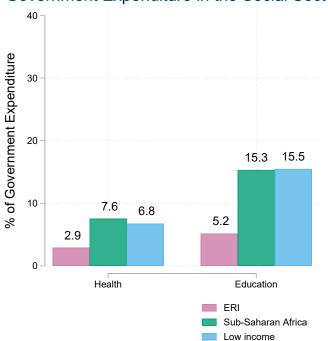
### Indicators on Women's Empowerment



- Large circle=Eritrea; small circles=other countries.
- Vertical lines refer to regional targets.
- Pink/light blue=1st tercile; orange/gray=2nd tercile; green/blue=3rd tercile



# Government Expenditure in the Social Sector



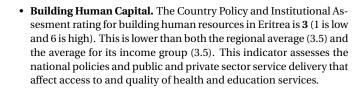
## Domestic Resource Mobilization and GDP



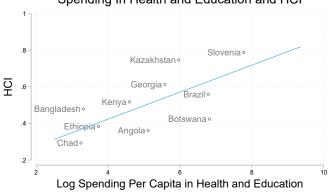
- A selection of countries are displayed.
- Countries with DRM greater than 25% of GDP are excluded.

#### **OTHER RELEVANT INDICATORS**

- Human Capital Participation. Eritrea is not part of a network of countries committed to the Human Capital agenda.
- Efficiency of Spending. Given the lack of data, it is not possible to predict if the HCI in Eritrea is higher or lower than what would be predicted for its level of per capita spending.



## Spending In Health and Education and HCI



- **Identification** In Eritrea, **70.2 percent** of the population does not have proof of identity. This is higher than both the regional average (33.8) and the average for its income group (34.6).
- Statistical Data on Human Capital In Eritrea, data on stunting rate and Harmonized Learning Outcomes are unavailable after year 2000.
- **Domestic Resource Mobilization.** In Eritrea, data on domestic resource mobilization do not exist. The average for the country's re-

gion is 16.1 percent and for its income group is 14.3 percent.

- A selection of 146 countries in the regression are displayed.

# HOW IS THE WORLD BANK SUPPORTING THE EFFORT?

The following table summarizes the World Bank's investments in Human Development for Ethiopia, including measures of volume, performance, and other relevant indicators.



#### World Bank Investments in HD

Indicator	HD	Edu	HNP	SPJ
HD Portfolio				
USD (million)				
Percentage of total				
Diff. with perc. for regional average				
Diff. with perc. for income group avg				
HD FY 20 Lending Program				
USD (million)		•	•	•
Percentage of total				
Diff. with perc. for regional average				
Diff. with perc. for income group avg				•
HD Performance				
Average Development Outcome (DO)				
Difference with DO for region				
Difference with DO for income group				
Perc. Satisfactory DO				
Average Implementation Progress (IP)				
Difference with IP for region				
Difference with IP for income group				
Perc. Satisfactory IP			•	
Disbursement ratio (DR)				
Difference with DR for region				
Difference with DR for income group				•
Other indicators				
Average project size (PS) (USD mill.)				
Difference with PS for region				
Difference with PS for income group				
Perc. of portfolio that is co-TTL'd (CTT)				
Diff. with CTT for region (perc. points)				
Diff. with CTT income group (perc. points)				•
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Note: a) Pink indicates that the value is within the first tercile of the distribution for all the countries. Orange indicates that the value is is within the second tercile. Green indicates that it is within the third tercile. b) FY20 lending program includes only projects rated A, B and unrated. c) DO and IP are on a scale of 1 to 5 where 1 is Unsatisfactory and 5 is Highly Satisfactory. d) Data as of July 15, 2019.

- Human Capital Policy Operations. Currently, the pipeline for Eritrea does not include any Development Policy Operation with a Human Capital-related component or prior action.
- Women's Empowerment Project. Currently, the pipeline for Eritrea does not have an active project focused on women empowerment or on sexual and reproductive health.

This scorecard is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and the state of the World Bank's support in the social sectors. The list of indicators presented here is not exhaustive and should be complemented with more specific variables. Most of the indicators are related to the Africa Human Capital Plan.

The sources of data for the different indicators include: the Human Capital Project, the World Development Indicators, and the World Bank's internal system to monitor investments.

For more information, please contact the Africa Human Capital Project team: AFR\_HCP\_Team@worldbankgroup.org

