The Seychelles

Illustrative Human Capital Indicators

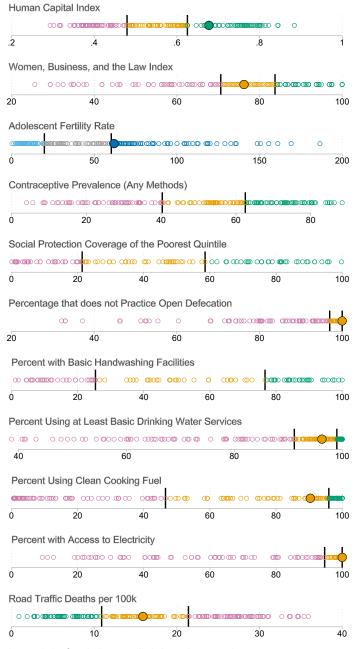
This country profile presents a snapshot of illustrative indicators to guide discussions during the Annual Meetings while the set of more strategic indicators are under development. It is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and, as such, it includes indicators from various sectors. It is to be noted that not all the indicators included here are relevant for each country. Information contained here should be complemented with other more context-specific indicators.

In the Seychelles the productivity as a future worker of a child born today is 68 percent as much as it could be. The country ranks 43 out of 157 in the global HCI. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/en/publication/humancapital.

ILLUSTRATIVE OUTCOME AND OUTPUT INDICATORS

- · Women, Business and the Law Index. This index measures gender equality in the law (how the economic decisions women make are affected by the law), with a larger value showing higher gender equality. In the Seychelles, the value is 76 out of 100. This is higher than the average for its region70but lower than the average for its income group 83.
- · Adolescent Fertility Rate. In the Seychelles, there are 62 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is lower than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (83).
- · Contraceptive Prevalence. In the Seychelles, data on contraceptive methods do not exist. In the country's region, 32 percent of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method, and in the country's income group, **32 percent uses it.
- Social Protection Coverage. In the Seychelles, data on the percentage of the population that is covered by social safety nets do not exist. The Africa Human Capital target for 2023 is 30 percent.
- **Open Defecation.** In the Seychelles, **0 percent** of the population practices open defecation. This is lower than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (15).
- Hygiene. In the Seychelles, data on the percentage of the population that has basic hygiene services (soap and water) do not exist. The average for the country's region is 22 percent and for its income group is 89 percent.
- Source of Drinking Water. In the Seychelles, 96 percent of the population has at least basic source of drinking water. This is higher than the average for its region (66) but lower than the average for its income group (99).
- Cooking Fuel. In the Sevchelles, 90 percent of the population primarily uses clean cooking fuels. This is higher than the average for its region (22) but lower than the average for its income group (99).
- Access to Electricity. In the Seychelles, 100 percent of the population has access to electricity. This is higher than the average for its region (48) but is similar to the average for its income group (100).
- Road Traffic Deaths. In the Seychelles, for every 100,000 people 16 **people** die due to road traffic injury. This is lower than the average for its region (27) but higher than the average for its income group

1. Key Indicators on Human Capital

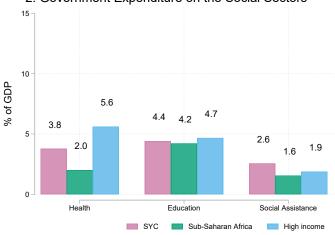


- Large circle=Seychelles; small circles=other countries.
- Vertical lines separate terciles of the distribution.
 Colors indicate the terciles of the distribution across countries.

DOMESTIC RESOURCE USE AND MOBILIZATION

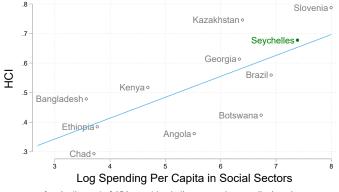
- Health Spending. the Seychelles spends 3.8 percent of its GDP on health. This is higher than the average for its region (2) but lower than the average for its income group (5.6).
- Education Spending. the Seychelles spends 4.4 percent of its GDP on education. This is higher than the average for its region (4.2) but lower than the average for its income group (4.7).
- Social Assistance Spending. the Seychelles spends 2.6 percent of its GDP on social assistance. This is higher than both the regional average (1.6) and the average for its income group (1.9).

2. Government Expenditure on the Social Sectors



Efficiency of Spending. The HCI in the Seychelles is **higher** than what would be predicted for its level of per capita government spending on the social sectors.

3. Spending on Social Sectors and HCI



- A selection out of 101 countries in the regression are displayed.

• Domestic Resource Mobilization. The tax revenue in the Sevchelles is 31.7 percent of GDP. This is higher than both the regional average (15.7) and the average for its income group (19.8).

4. Domestic Resource Mobilization



- A selection of countries are displayed. Countries with DRM greater than 33% of GDP are excluded.

OTHER RELEVANT INDICATORS

- Human Capital Project. the Seychelles has not yet signed up to be a member of the Human Capital Project.
- Building Human Capital. In the Seychelles, data on the Country Policy and Institutional Assesment rating for building human resources do not exist. The average for the country's region is 3.5 percent and for its income group is . percent. This indicator assesses the national policies and public and private sector service delivery that affect access to and quality of health and education services.
- **Identification.** In the Sevchelles, **0 percent** of the population is not registered. This is lower than both the regional average (33.8) and the average for its income group (12.4).

This country profile is based on most recent data available under the Human Capital Project, the World Development Indicators, Atlas of Social Protection - Indicators of Resilience and Equity (ASPIRE) and Identification for Development (ID4D).

For more information on data sources, please contact the Human Capital Project team: humancapital@worldbank.org.