Ukraine

Commitment to Human Capital - Scorecard

This scorecard presents a snapshot of the country's commitment to the human capital agenda and presents information on how the World Bank Group is supporting the government in the social sectors.

In Ukraine the productivity as a future worker of a child born today is **65 percent** as much as it could be. The HCI has three components: survival to age 5, health, and education. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/humancapitalproject

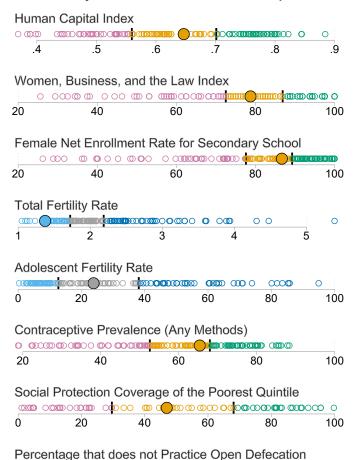
KEY OUTCOME AND OUTPUT INDICATORS TO MONITOR

- Women, Business and the Law Index. This index measures gender equality in the law (how the economic decisions women make are affected by the law), with a larger value showing higher gender equality. In Ukraine, the value is 79 out of 100. This is lower than the average for its region (90) but higher than the average for its income group (69).
- Net Enrolment Rate in Secondary School. In Ukraine, 87 percent of girls of secondary-school age are enrolled in secondary school. This is lower than the average for its region (91) but higher than the average for its income group (58).
- **Total Fertility Rate.** In Ukraine, the total fertility rate is **1.4** births per woman. This is lower than both the average for its region (1.8) and the average for its income group (3.1).
- Adolescent Fertility Rate. In Ukraine, there are 24 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is higher than the average for its region (16) but lower than the average for its income group (55).
- Contraceptive Prevalence. In Ukraine, 65 percent of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is higher than both the average for its region (64) and the average for its income group (49).
- Social Protection Coverage. In Ukraine, 72 percent of the poorest quintile is covered by social safety nets. This is higher than both the average for its region (67) and the average for its income group (35).
- **Open Defecation.** In Ukraine, **0 percent** of the population practices open defecation. This is lower than both the average for its region (0) and the average for its income group (13).

DOMESTIC RESOURCE USE AND MOBILIZATION

- **Health Spending.** Ukraine spends **7 percent** of its government budget on health. This is lower than both the regional average (12.5) and the average for its income group (7.7).
- Education Spending. Ukraine spends 12.4 percent of its government budget on education. This is higher than the average for its region (12.2) but lower than the average for its income group (15.7).
- Social Protection Spending. Ukraine spends 23.4 percent of its government budget on social protection. This is higher than both the regional average (12.9) and the average for its income group (9.3).

1. Key Indicators on Human Capital



- Large circle=Ukraine ; small circles=other countries.
- Vertical lines separate terciles of the distribution.

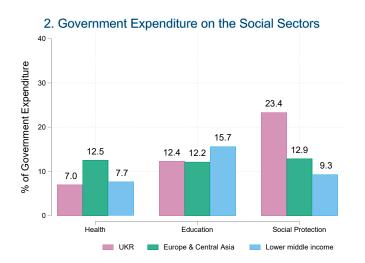
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60

- Pink/light blue='1st tercile; orange/gray=2nd tercile; green/blue=3rd tercile

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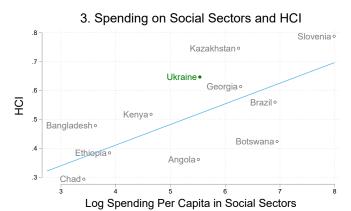
80



100

90

 Efficiency of Spending. The HCI in Ukraine is higher than what would be predicted for its level of per capita government spending on the social sectors.



- A selection out of 101 countries in the regression are displayed
- **Domestic Resource Mobilization.** The tax revenue in Ukraine is **20** percent of GDP. This is higher than both the regional average (19.6) and the average for its income group (15.6).



OTHER RELEVANT INDICATORS

- Human Capital Project. Ukraine is part of a network of countries committed to the Human Capital agenda.
- Building Human Capital. In Ukraine, data on the Country Policy
 and Institutional Assessment rating for building human resources
 do not exist. The average for the country's region is 3.8 percent and
 for its income group is 3.6 percent. This indicator assesses the national policies and public and private sector service delivery that
 affect access to and quality of health and education services.
- **Identification.** In Ukraine, **2.9 percent** of the population does not have proof of identity. This is lower than both the regional average (8) and the average for its income group (20.3).
- Statistical Data on Human Capital. In Ukraine, the latest available data point on stunting rate is from 2002. Similarly, the latest available data point on Harmonized Learning Outcomes is from 2011.

HOW IS THE WORLD BANK SUPPORTING THE EFFORT?

The following table summarizes the World Bank's investments in Human Development for Ukraine, including measures of volume, performance, and other relevant indicators.

World Bank Investments in HD				
Indicator	HD	Edu	HNP	SPJ
HD Portfolio				
USD (million)	515	0	215	300
% of total	22	0	9	13
Diff. from regional average %	+9	-4	+3	+10
Diff. from income group avg %	+5	-5	+3	+7
HD FY 20 Lending Program				
USD (million)	400	200	100	100
% of total	93	46	23	23
Diff. from regional average %	+68	+35	+19	+14
Diff. from income group avg %	+69	+30	+20	+19
HD Performance				
Average Development Outcome	4		5	4
Diff. from regional average %	+0.31		+0.93	-0.43
Diff. from income group avg %	+0.04		+0.55	-0.55
% Satisfactory DO	100	•	100	100
Average Implementation Progress	4		4	4
Diff. from regional average %	-0.11		-0.25	-0.21
Diff. from income group avg %	-0.27		-0.32	-0.41
% Satisfactory IP	100	•	100	100
Disbursement ratio	3		6	0
Diff. from regional average %	+0	•	+0	-2
Diff. from income group avg %	-1	•	+2	-5
Other indicators				
Average project size (USD mill.)	257	0	215	300
Diff. from regional average %	+174	-45	+136	+266
Diff. from income group avg %	+118	-91	+101	+172
% of portfolio that is co-TTL'd	0		0	0
Diff. from regional average %	-15		-7	-12
Diff. from income group avg %	-24	•	-21	-26

Note: a) Pink indicates that the value is within the first tercile of the distribution for all the countries. Orange indicates that the value is within the second tercile. Green indicates that it is within the third tercile. b) FY20 lending program includes only projects rated A and B. c) DO and IP are on a scale of 1 to 6 where 1 is Highly Unsatisfactory and 6 is Highly

Satisfactory. d) Data as of September 5, 2019.

This scorecard is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and the state of the World Bank's support in the social sectors. The choice of indicators is, to a large extent, driven by what is most relevant for the two regions with the lowest HCI scores (Sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia). As such, not all the indicators included here are relevant for each country. The scorecard should be complemented with other more context specific indicators.

The sources of data for the different indicators include: the Human Capital Project, the World Development Indicators, and the World Bank's internal system to monitor investments.

For more information, please contact the Human Capital Project team: HCP_Team@worldbank.org