Burundi

Commitment to Human Capital - Scorecard

This scorecard presents a snapshot of the country's commitment to the human capital agenda and the World Bank Group's support for the social sectors.

INDICATORS ON THE AFRICA HUMAN CAPITAL PLAN

- Human Capital Index. In Burundi the productivity as a future worker of a child born today is 38 percent as much as it could be. The HCI has three components: survival to age 5, health, and education. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/humancapitalproject
- Adolescent Fertility Rate. In Burundi, there are 27 births per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is lower than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (83).
- Social Protection Coverage. In Burundi, data on the percentage of the population that is covered by social safety nets do not exist. The average for the country's region is 23 percent and for its income group is 23 percent.
- Open Defecation. In Burundi, 3 percent of the population practices open defecation. This is lower than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (15).

INDICATORS ON WOMEN'S EMPOWERMENT

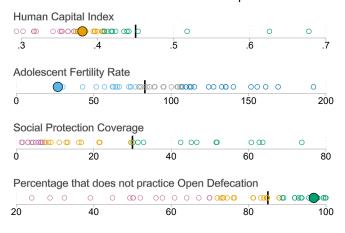
- **Total Fertility Rate.** In Burundi, the total fertility rate is **5.6**. This is higher than both the average for its region (4.5) and the average for its income group (4.7).
- Contraceptive Prevalence. In Burundi, 29 percent of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is lower than the average for its region (31) but higher than the average for its income group (28).
- Women, Business and the Law Index. This index measures gender inequality in the law and identifies barriers to women's economic participation, and a larger value shows higher gender equity. In Burundi, the value is 73 out of 100. This is higher than both the average for its region (70) and the average for its income group (68).
- Net Enrolment Rate in Secondary School. In Burundi, 32 percent
 of girls of secondary-school age are enrolled in secondary school.
 This is lower than the average for its region (35) but higher than the
 average for its income group (29).

DOMESTIC RESOURCE USE AND MOBILIZATION

- **Health Spending.** Burundi spends **8.5 percent** of its government budget on health. This is higher than both the regional average (7.6) and the average for its income group (6.8).
- Education Spending. Burundi spends 20.9 percent of its government budget on education. This is higher than both the regional average (15.3) and the average for its income group (15.5).
- **Social Protection Spending.** Burundi spends **10.2 percent** of its government budget on social protection. This is higher than the average for its region (9.9) but lower than the average for its income group (10.8).

Human Capital Context

Indicators in the Africa Human Capital Plan

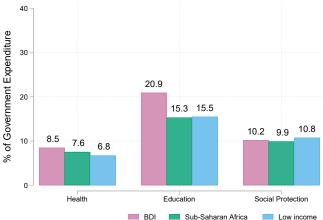


Indicators on Women's Empowerment



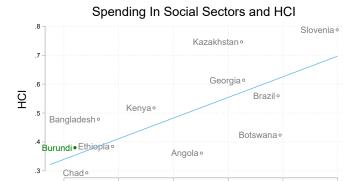
- Large circle=Burundi ; small circles=other countries.
- Vertical lines refer to regional targets.
- Pink/light blue=1st tercile; orange/gray=2nd tercile; green/blue=3rd tercile

Government Expenditure in the Social Sectors



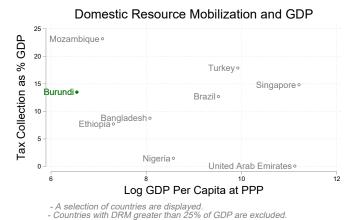


• Efficiency of Spending. The HCI in Burundi is higher than what would be predicted for its level of per capita spending on the social sectors.



- A selection of 101 countries in the regression are displayed.
- Domestic Resource Mobilization. The tax revenue in Burundi is 13.5 percent of GDP. This is lower than both the regional average (16.1) and the average for its income group (14.3).

Log Spending Per Capita in Social Sectors



OTHER RELEVANT INDICATORS

- Human Capital Participation. Burundi is part of a network of countries committed to the Human Capital agenda.
- Building Human Capital. The Country Policy and Institutional Assesment rating for building human resources in Burundi is 4 (1 is low and 6 is high). This is higher than both the regional average (3.5) and the average for its income group (3.5). This indicator assesses the national policies and public and private sector service delivery that affect access to and quality of health and education services.
- Identification In Burundi, 27.2 percent of the population does not have proof of identity. This is lower than both the regional average (33.8) and the average for its income group (34.6).
- Statistical Data on Human Capital In Burundi, the latest available data on stunting rates is from 2016. Similarly, the last available data point on Harmonized Learning Outcomes is from 2014.

HOW IS THE WORLD BANK SUPPORTING THE EFFORT?

The following table summarizes the World Bank's investments in Human Development for Ethiopia, including measures of volume, performance, and other relevant indicators.

World Rank	k Investments	in HD

Indicator	HD	Edu	HNP	SPJ	
HD Portfolio					
USD (million)	130	40	50	40	
Percentage of total	29	9	11	9	
Diff. with perc. for regional average	+5	+2	+3	+0	
Diff. with perc. for income group avg	+1	+1	+0	-0	
HD FY 20 Lending Program					
USD (million)	30	0	30	0	
Percentage of total	100	0	100	0	
Diff. with perc. for regional average	+69	-9	+91	-12	
Diff. with perc. for income group avg	+64	-8	+89	-16	
HD Performance					
Average Development Outcome (DO)	3	3	3	4	
Difference with DO for region	-0.21	-0.31	-0.57	+0.35	
Difference with DO for income group	-0.21	-0.34	-0.58	+0.43	
Perc. Satisfactory DO	100	100	100	100	
Average Implementation Progress (IP)	4	3	4	4	
Difference with IP for region	+0.34	-0.22	+0.65	+0.48	
Difference with IP for income group	+0.36	-0.23	+0.60	+0.64	
Perc. Satisfactory IP	100	100	100	100	
Disbursement ratio (DR)	25	11	39	23	
Difference with DR for region	-15	-18	+7	-29	
Difference with DR for income group	-19	-19	-0	-36	
Other indicators					
Average project size (PS) (USD mill.)	43	40	50	40	
Difference with PS for region	-34	-18	-10	-48	
Difference with PS for income group	-42	-18	-22	-54	
Perc. of portfolio that is co-TTL'd (CTT)	38	0	100	0	
Diff. with CTT for region (perc. points)	+12	-15	+69	-31	
Diff. with CTT income group (perc. points)	+8	-21	+65	-36	

Note: a) Pink indicates that the value is within the first tercile of the distribution for all the countries. Orange indicates that the value is is within the second tercile. Green indicates that it is within the third tercile. b) FY20 lending program includes only projects rated A, B and unrated. c) DO and IP are on a scale of 1 to 5 where 1 is Unsatisfactory and 5 is Highly Satisfactory. d) Data as of July 15, 2019.

- Human Capital Policy Operations. Currently, the pipeline for Burundi does not include any Development Policy Operation with a Human Capital-related component or prior action.
- · Women's Empowerment Project. Currently, Burundi has at least one active project focused on women empowerment or on sexual and reproductive health.

This scorecard is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and the state of the World Bank's support in the social sectors. The list of indicators presented here is not exhaustive and should be complemented with more specific variables. Most of the indicators are related to the Africa Human Capital Plan.

The sources of data for the different indicators include: the Human Capital Project, the World Development Indicators, and the World Bank's internal system to monitor investments.

For more information, please contact the Africa Human Capital Project team: AFR_HCP_Team@worldbankgroup.org

