

Bosnia and Herzegovina

Illustrative Human Capital Indicators

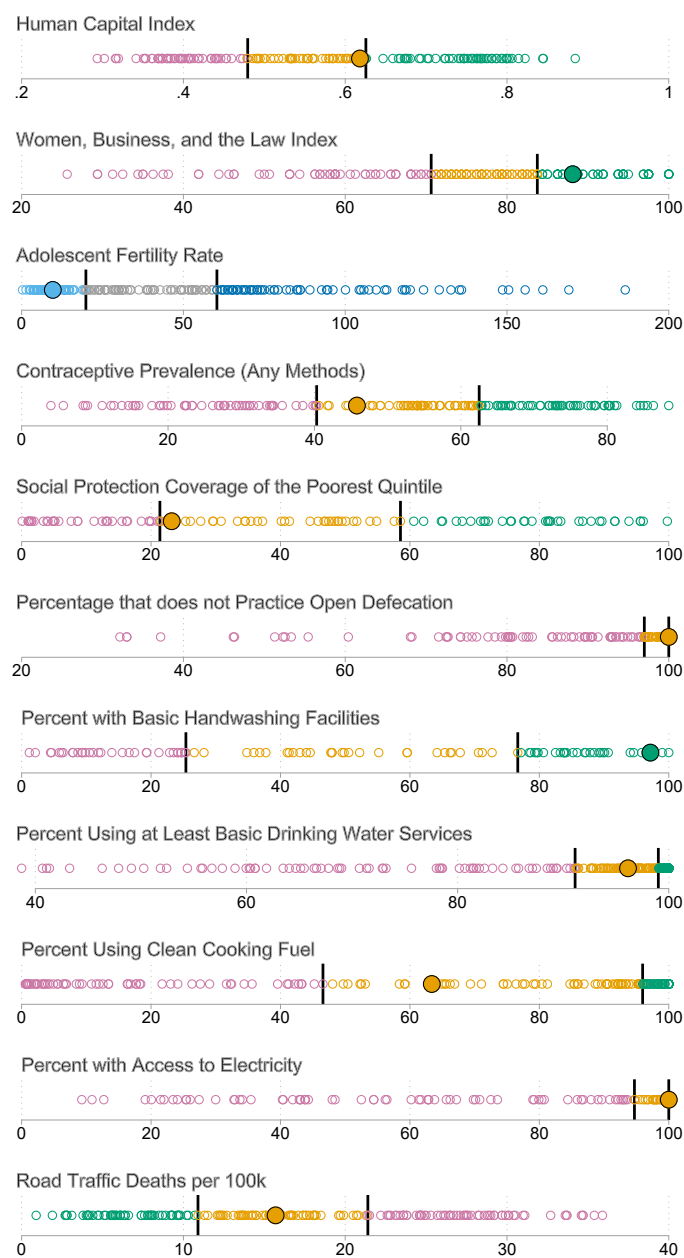
This country profile presents a snapshot of illustrative indicators to guide discussions during the Annual Meetings while the set of more strategic indicators are under development. It is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and, as such, it includes indicators from various sectors. It is to be noted that not all the indicators included here are relevant for each country. Information contained here should be complemented with other more context-specific indicators.

In Bosnia and Herzegovina the productivity as a future worker of a child born today is **62 percent** as much as it could be. The country ranks **58 out of 157** in the global HCI. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/en/publication/human-capital.

ILLUSTRATIVE OUTCOME AND OUTPUT INDICATORS

- **Women, Business and the Law Index.** This index measures gender equality in the law (how the economic decisions women make are affected by the law), with a larger value showing higher gender equality. In Bosnia and Herzegovina, the value is **88** out of 100. This is lower than the average for its region (90) but higher than the average for its income group (76).
- **Adolescent Fertility Rate.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, there are **10 births** per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is lower than both the average for its region (16) and the average for its income group (45).
- **Contraceptive Prevalence.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, **46 percent** of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is lower than both the average for its region (63) and the average for its income group (56).
- **Social Protection Coverage.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, **23 percent** of the poorest quintile is covered by social safety nets. This is lower than both the average for its region (50) and the average for its income group (56).
- **Open Defecation.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, **0 percent** of the population practices open defecation. This is lower than both the average for its region (0) and the average for its income group (2).
- **Hygiene.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, **97 percent** of the population has basic hygiene services (soap and water). This is higher than both the average for its region (91) and the average for its income group (78).
- **Source of Drinking Water.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, **96 percent** of the population has at least basic source of drinking water. This is lower than the average for its region (98) but higher than the average for its income group (95).
- **Cooking Fuel.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, **63 percent** of the population primarily uses clean cooking fuels. This is lower than both the average for its region (94) and the average for its income group (81).
- **Access to Electricity.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, **100 percent** of the population has access to electricity. This is similar to the average for its region (100) but higher than the average for its income group (96).
- **Road Traffic Deaths.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, for every 100,000 people **16 people** die due to road traffic injury. This is higher than the average for its region (8) but lower than the average for its income group (17).

1. Key Indicators on Human Capital



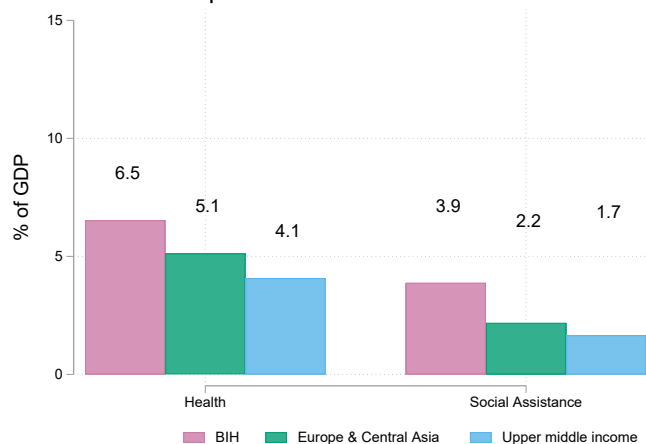
- Large circle=Bosnia and Herzegovina ; small circles=other countries.
 - Vertical lines separate terciles of the distribution.
 - Colors indicate the terciles of the distribution across countries.

DOMESTIC RESOURCE USE AND MOBILIZATION

- **Health Spending.** Bosnia and Herzegovina spends **6.5 percent** of its GDP on health. This is higher than both the regional average (5.1) and the average for its income group (4.1).
- **Education Spending.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, data on education spending do not exist. The average for the country's region is 4.7 percent and for its income group is 4.8 percent.
- **Social Assistance Spending.** Bosnia and Herzegovina spends **3.9 percent** of its GDP on social assistance. This is higher than both

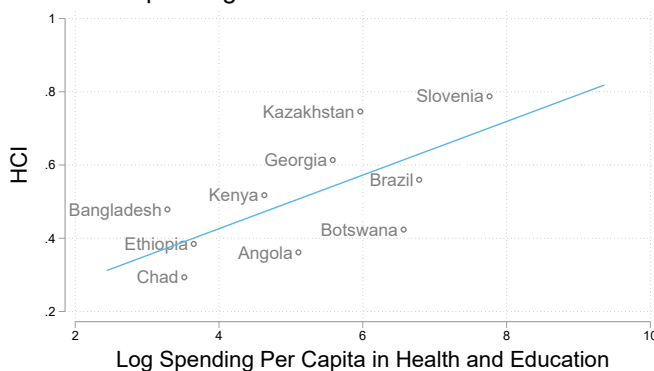
the regional average (2.2) and the average for its income group (1.7).

2. Government Expenditure on Health & Social Assistance



- **Efficiency of Spending.** Given the lack of data, it is not possible to predict if the HCI in Bosnia and Herzegovina is higher or lower than what would be predicted for its level of per capita government spending.

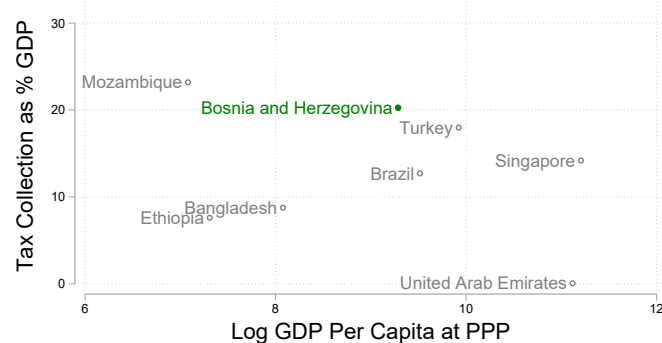
3. Spending on Health and Education and HCI



- A selection of 146 countries in the regression are displayed.

- **Domestic Resource Mobilization.** The tax revenue in Bosnia and Herzegovina is **20.3 percent** of GDP. This is higher than both the regional average (19.6) and the average for its income group (16.8).

4. Domestic Resource Mobilization



- A selection of countries are displayed.
 - Countries with DRM greater than 33% of GDP are excluded.

OTHER RELEVANT INDICATORS

- **Human Capital Project.** Bosnia and Herzegovina has not yet signed up to be a member of the Human Capital Project.

- **Building Human Capital.** The Country Policy and Institutional Assessment rating for building human resources in Bosnia and Herzegovina is **3.5** (1 is low and 6 is high). This is lower than both the regional average (3.8) and the average for its income group (3.8). This indicator assesses the national policies and public and private sector service delivery that affect access to and quality of health and education services.

- **Identification.** In Bosnia and Herzegovina, **.1 percent** of the population is not registered. This is lower than both the regional average (8) and the average for its income group (8.9).

This country profile is based on most recent data available under the Human Capital Project, the World Development Indicators, Atlas of Social Protection - Indicators of Resilience and Equity (ASPIRE) and Identification for Development (ID4D).

For more information on data sources, please contact the Human Capital Project team: humancapital@worldbank.org.