

Benin

Illustrative Human Capital Indicators

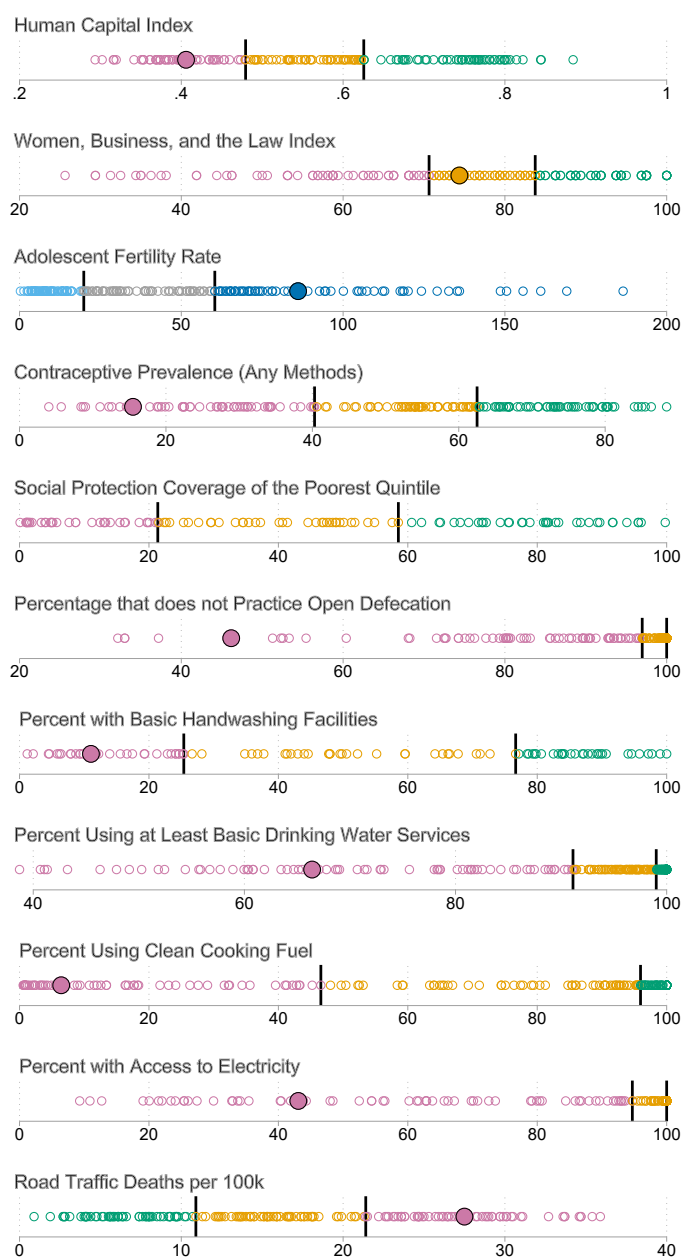
This country profile presents a snapshot of illustrative indicators to guide discussions during the Annual Meetings while the set of more strategic indicators are under development. It is intended to be a conversation starter on where a country is on various aspects of human capital development and, as such, it includes indicators from various sectors. It is to be noted that not all the indicators included here are relevant for each country. Information contained here should be complemented with other more context-specific indicators.

In Benin the productivity as a future worker of a child born today is **41 percent** as much as it could be. The country ranks **127 out of 157** in the global HCI. For more information on human capital outcomes and the HCI, please see the country two-pager on www.worldbank.org/en/publication/human-capital.

ILLUSTRATIVE OUTCOME AND OUTPUT INDICATORS

- **Women, Business and the Law Index.** This index measures gender equality in the law (how the economic decisions women make are affected by the law), with a larger value showing higher gender equality. In Benin, the value is **74** out of 100. This is higher than both the average for its region (70) and the average for its income group (68).
- **Adolescent Fertility Rate.** In Benin, there are **86 births** per 1,000 women ages 15-19. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (83).
- **Contraceptive Prevalence.** In Benin, **16 percent** of women ages 15-49 uses some form of contraceptive method. This is lower than both the average for its region (32) and the average for its income group (29).
- **Social Protection Coverage.** In Benin, data on the percentage of the population that is covered by social safety nets do not exist. The Africa Human Capital target for 2023 is 30 percent.
- **Open Defecation.** In Benin, **54 percent** of the population practices open defecation. This is higher than the Africa Human Capital Target for 2023 (15).
- **Hygiene.** In Benin, **11 percent** of the population has basic hygiene services (soap and water). This is lower than both the average for its region (22) and the average for its income group (19).
- **Source of Drinking Water.** In Benin, **66 percent** of the population has at least basic source of drinking water. This is similar to the average for its region (66) but higher than the average for its income group (62).
- **Cooking Fuel.** In Benin, **6 percent** of the population primarily uses clean cooking fuels. This is lower than both the average for its region (22) and the average for its income group (7).
- **Access to Electricity.** In Benin, **43 percent** of the population has access to electricity. This is lower than the average for its region (48) but higher than the average for its income group (38).
- **Road Traffic Deaths.** In Benin, for every 100,000 people **28 people** die due to road traffic injury. This is higher than the average for its region (27) but is similar to the average for its income group (28).

1. Key Indicators on Human Capital



- Large circle=Benin ; small circles=other countries.
 - Vertical lines separate terciles of the distribution.
 - Colors indicate the terciles of the distribution across countries.

DOMESTIC RESOURCE USE AND MOBILIZATION

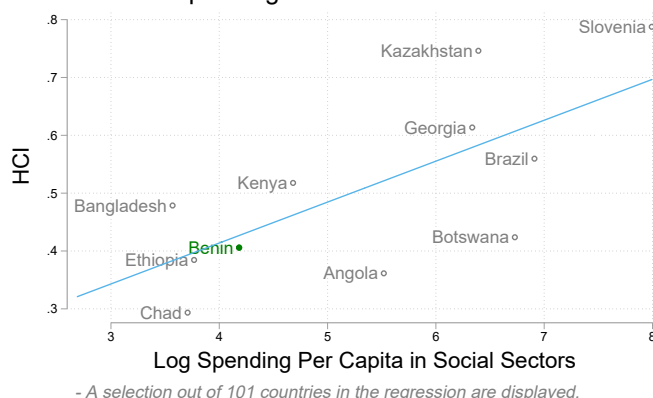
- **Health Spending.** Benin spends **.8 percent** of its GDP on health. This is lower than both the regional average (2) and the average for its income group (1.6).
- **Education Spending.** Benin spends **4 percent** of its GDP on education. This is lower than the average for its region (4.2) but higher than the average for its income group (3.8).
- **Social Assistance Spending.** Benin spends **3 percent** of its GDP on social assistance. This is higher than both the regional average (1.6) and the average for its income group (1.5).

2. Government Expenditure on the Social Sectors



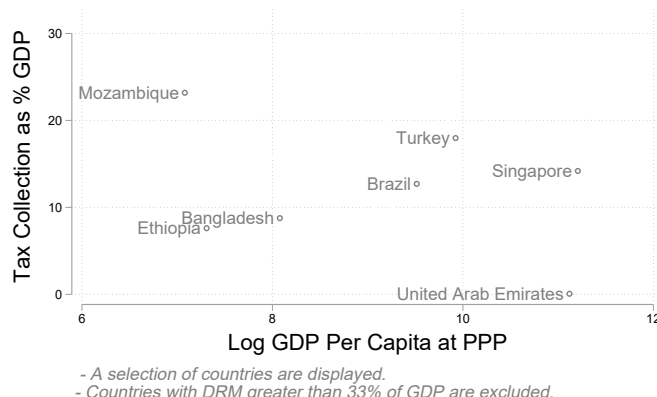
- **Efficiency of Spending.** The HCI in Benin is **lower** than what would be predicted for its level of per capita government spending on the social sectors.

3. Spending on Social Sectors and HCI



- **Domestic Resource Mobilization.** In Benin, data on domestic resource mobilization do not exist. The average for the country's region is 15.7 percent and for its income group is 13.5 percent.

4. Domestic Resource Mobilization



OTHER RELEVANT INDICATORS

- **Human Capital Project.** Benin has signed up to be a member of the Human Capital Project.
- **Building Human Capital.** The Country Policy and Institutional Assessment rating for building human resources in Benin is **4** (1 is low and 6 is high). This is higher than both the regional average (3.5) and the average for its income group (3.5). This indicator assesses the national policies and public and private sector service delivery that affect access to and quality of health and education services.
- **Identification.** In Benin, **17.1 percent** of the population is not registered. This is lower than both the regional average (33.8) and the average for its income group (34.6).

This country profile is based on most recent data available under the Human Capital Project, the World Development Indicators, Atlas of Social Protection - Indicators of Resilience and Equity (ASPIRE) and Identification for Development (ID4D).

For more information on data sources, please contact the Human Capital Project team: humancapital@worldbank.org.